

Table 7.4c Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output: Commercial and Industrial Sectors (Subset of Table 7.4a)

	Commercial Sector ^a				Industrial Sector ^b						
	Coal ^c	Petroleum ^d	Natural Gas ^e	Biomass	Coal ^c	Petroleum ^d	Natural Gas ^e	Other Gases ^g	Biomass		Other ⁱ
				Waste ^f					Wood ^h	Waste ^f	
Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet	Trillion Btu	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet	Trillion Btu				
1990 Total	1,191	2,056	46	28	27,781	36,159	1,055	275	1,125	41	86
1995 Total	1,419	1,245	78	40	29,363	34,448	1,258	290	1,255	38	95
2000 Total	1,547	1,615	85	47	28,031	30,520	1,386	331	1,244	35	108
2005 Total	1,922	1,630	68	34	25,875	27,380	1,084	264	1,166	34	94
2010 Total	1,720	437	86	36	24,638	10,740	1,029	210	1,029	47	91
2011 Total	1,668	333	87	43	22,319	9,610	1,063	232	1,057	43	94
2012 Total	1,450	457	111	45	20,065	12,853	1,149	249	1,082	47	81
2013 Total	1,356	887	118	47	19,761	12,697	1,170	246	1,109	67	69
2014 Total	1,063	758	119	47	19,076	10,112	1,145	260	1,122	70	72
2015 Total	798	622	116	47	16,984	8,600	1,222	246	1,103	70	73
2016 Total	683	404	127	48	14,720	8,273	1,209	251	1,100	54	70
2017 Total	610	516	154	48	12,975	7,209	1,257	253	1,069	47	65
2018 Total	577	681	135	47	12,233	7,294	1,314	306	1,065	45	62
2019 Total	519	707	135	39	10,892	6,393	1,374	234	1,040	35	61
2020 Total	473	527	131	38	9,453	5,609	1,458	229	989	39	55
2021 Total	534	614	117	39	9,700	5,555	1,379	224	999	41	55
2022 January	56	168	11	6	881	540	124	19	83	4	3
February	55	57	10	6	762	515	108	17	75	4	3
March	37	57	10	6	845	599	115	19	78	4	3
April	25	52	9	6	765	603	108	17	78	4	2
May	27	65	9	6	824	632	111	19	80	4	3
June	42	48	10	6	781	608	112	18	79	2	3
July	44	66	12	7	787	630	121	19	83	2	3
August	46	48	12	6	803	581	122	19	81	3	3
September	47	25	10	6	751	562	111	18	74	2	2
October	46	28	9	6	791	630	112	18	74	3	2
November	52	35	10	6	746	642	115	18	77	4	3
December	57	181	11	6	828	900	117	18	78	4	2
Total	535	830	123	75	9,563	7,441	1,375	220	941	40	32
2023 January	46	87	11	6	826	561	123	20	81	4	2
February	40	44	10	5	724	428	110	18	72	4	2
March	37	44	11	6	734	638	120	19	75	4	2
April	36	NM	9	6	704	513	104	18	67	4	2
May	31	28	9	6	720	496	110	18	73	4	2
June	25	30	10	6	699	475	114	18	68	2	2
July	27	32	11	6	711	493	118	19	70	2	2
August	28	32	11	6	663	527	117	20	71	2	2
September	30	34	10	6	680	482	116	24	66	2	2
October	33	33	10	6	695	495	113	23	68	3	2
November	35	54	10	6	712	477	118	17	73	4	3
December	40	137	11	6	738	551	129	18	73	4	3
Total	409	576	123	71	8,608	6,136	1,392	231	857	39	24
2024 January	56	117	12	6	823	695	132	19	74	4	2
February	40	61	11	6	713	450	113	17	66	4	2
2-Month Total	96	178	22	12	1,536	1,145	246	36	140	8	4
2022 2-Month Total	86	131	21	12	1,550	989	234	38	153	8	4
2021 2-Month Total	111	225	21	12	1,643	1,054	232	37	158	8	6

^a Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

^b Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

^c Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

^d Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, waste oil, and, beginning in 2011, propane.

^e Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^f Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^g Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. Through 2010, also includes propane gas.

^h Wood and wood-derived fuels.

ⁱ Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous

technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

NM=Not meaningful.

Notes: • Data are for utility-scale facilities. See Note 1, "Coverage of Electricity Statistics," at end of section. • See Note 2, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity> (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual and monthly data beginning in 1989.

Sources: • **1989–1997:** U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • **1998–2000:** EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility." • **2001–2003:** EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • **2004–2007:** EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report." • **2008 forward:** EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."