

Table 8.3b Useful Thermal Output at Combined-Heat-and-Power Plants: Electric Power Sector, 1989-2011
(Subset of Table 8.3a; Trillion Btu)

Year	Fossil Fuels					Renewable Energy			Other ⁷	Total
	Coal ¹	Petroleum ²	Natural Gas ³	Other Gases ⁴	Total	Biomass		Total		
						Wood ⁵	Waste ⁶			
1989	13	8	67	2	90	19	5	24	1	114
1990	21	9	80	4	114	18	6	25	(s)	138
1991	21	6	82	4	113	17	9	26	1	140
1992	28	6	102	5	140	17	8	25	2	167
1993	30	8	107	3	147	16	8	24	1	173
1994	37	9	119	5	170	15	10	24	1	195
1995	40	13	118	4	176	15	12	27	(s)	203
1996	43	12	121	4	180	16	16	33	(s)	213
1997	39	12	132	8	191	16	14	30	(s)	221
1998	43	6	142	5	196	10	16	26	(s)	222
1999	52	7	146	4	208	10	20	30	(s)	238
2000	53	7	158	5	223	6	19	26	(s)	249
2001	52	6	164	5	226	8	4	13	3	243
2002	40	4	214	6	264	8	5	13	5	281
2003	38	7	200	9	255	9	11	20	3	278
2004	39	8	239	18	305	9	9	17	4	326
2005	40	8	239	37	323	10	8	18	4	346
2006	38	7	207	23	275	10	7	17	4	297
2007	38	7	213	20	279	11	8	19	4	302
2008	37	7	204	22	270	9	8	17	5	292
2009	38	7	191	20	256	9	8	18	5	278
2010	^R 38	6	^R 187	^R 20	^R 251	^R 10	8	^R 18	5	^R 273
2011 ^P	37	6	197	22	262	9	7	16	6	283

¹ Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

² Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil.

³ Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

⁴ Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

⁵ Wood and wood-derived fuels.

⁶ Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

⁷ Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

R=Revised. P=Preliminary. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are for combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity and heat to the public. Data do not include electric utility CHP plants.

• See Table 8.3c for commercial and industrial CHP data. • See Note 1, "Coverage of Electricity Statistics," and Note 2, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • See "Useful Thermal Output" in Glossary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Web Page: For related information, see <http://www.eia.gov/electricity/>.

Sources: • 1989-1997—U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • 1998-2000—EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility." • 2001-2003—EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • 2004-2007—EIA, Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report." • 2008 forward—EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."