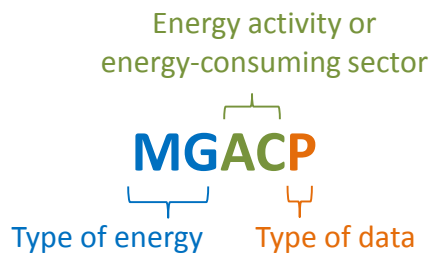


Section 1. Documentation Guide

This section describes the data identification codes in the State Energy Data System (SEDS). Sections 2 through 7, one for each energy source and total energy, provide: descriptions of all the data series that are entered into SEDS; the formulas applied in SEDS for creating additional data series; and notes on special circumstances for any series.

Appendix A is an alphabetical listing of the variable names and formulas used in consumption estimation; Appendix B lists the conversion factors used to convert physical units into British thermal units and cites the sources for those factors; Appendix C provides the state-level resident population data used in per capita calculations; Appendix D presents the real gross domestic product by state used to calculate total energy per real dollar of economic output; Appendix E provides metric and other physical conversion factors for measures used in energy analyses; and Appendix F summarizes changes made since the last complete release of SEDS estimates.

There are about 1,000 variables in SEDS. All of the variables are identified by five-character mnemonic series names, or MSN. In the following example, MGACP is the identifying code for data on motor gasoline consumption in the transportation sector in physical units:



The energy sources and products in SEDS, which are represented by the first two letters of the variable name, are:

- AB = aviation gasoline blending components
- AI = aluminum ingot
- AR = asphalt and road oil
- AS = asphalt
- AV = aviation gasoline

- BM = biomass
- BQ = normal butane
- BY = butylene
- CC = coal coke
- CG = corrugated and solid fiber boxes
- CL = coal
- CO = crude oil, including lease condensate
- CT = catalytic cracking
- DF = distillate fuel oil
- DK = distillate fuel oil, including kerosene-type jet fuel
- EL = electricity
- EM = fuel ethanol, excluding denaturant
- EN = fuel ethanol, including denaturant
- EQ = ethane
- ES = electricity sales
- EY = ethylene
- FF = fossil fuels
- FN = petrochemical feedstocks, naphtha less than 401°F
- FO = petrochemical feedstocks, other oils equal to or greater than 401°F
- FS = petrochemical feedstocks, still gas
- GE = geothermal energy
- HL = hydrocarbon gas liquids
- HV = conventional hydroelectric power
- HY = hydroelectric power
- IQ = isobutane
- IY = isobutylene
- JF = jet fuel
- JK = jet fuel, kerosene-type
- JN = jet fuel, naphtha-type
- KS = kerosene
- LO = electrical system energy losses
- LU = lubricants
- MB = motor gasoline blending components

MG	=	motor gasoline
MM	=	motor gasoline excluding fuel ethanol
MS	=	miscellaneous petroleum products
NA	=	natural gasoline (including isopentane) (before 1984)
NG	=	natural gas, including supplemental gaseous fuels
NN	=	natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels
NU	=	nuclear electric power
OC	=	organic chemicals
OP	=	other petroleum products
PI	=	asphalt and road oil, aviation gasoline, kerosene, lubricants, petroleum coke, and other petroleum products
PA	=	all petroleum products
PC	=	petroleum coke
PI	=	paints and allied products
PL	=	plant condensate
PM	=	all petroleum products excluding ethanol blended into motor gasoline
PP	=	natural gasoline (previously pentanes plus)
PQ	=	propane
PY	=	propylene
RD	=	road oil
RE	=	renewable energy
RF	=	residual fuel oil
SF	=	supplemental gaseous fuels
SG	=	still gas
SN	=	special naphtha
SO	=	photovoltaic and solar thermal energy
TE	=	total energy
TN	=	total net energy (net of electrical system energy losses)
UO	=	unfinished oils
US	=	unfractionated streams
WD	=	wood
WS	=	waste
WW	=	wood and waste
WX	=	waxes
WY	=	wind

The energy-consuming sectors, identified by characters three and four of each variable name, are:

AC	=	transportation sector consumption
CC	=	commercial sector consumption
EG	=	electric power sector generation (also consumption)
EI	=	electric power sector consumption
IC	=	industrial sector consumption
RC	=	residential sector consumption
TC	=	total consumption of all energy-consuming sectors
TX	=	total end-use consumption

Per capita consumption is represented by “TP” in the third and fourth positions of the variable name.

Many other characters occur in the third and fourth positions of the variable names for the sales, deliveries, and distribution data series used in the intermediate calculations in SEDS to derive the end-use consumption estimates. Examples of these codes are:

BK	=	sales for use in vessel bunkering
CA	=	capacity
KC	=	consumption at coke plants
LP	=	lease and plant fuel
IN	=	deliveries to the industrial sector
OD	=	distribution to other industrial users
VA	=	value of shipments or value-added in manufacture

Combining the first two components (the first four letters) produces variable names, such as:

The fifth character of the variable names in SEDS identifies the type of data by using one of the following letters:

B	=	data in British thermal units (Btu)
K	=	factor for converting data from physical units to Btu
M	=	data in alternative physical units
P	=	data in standardized physical units
S	=	share or ratio expressed as a fraction
V	=	value in million dollars

In general, data entered into SEDS are in physical units, represented by a “P” in the fifth character; for example, coal data are in thousand short tons, petroleum data are in thousand barrels, and natural gas data are in million cubic feet. In a few cases, data are obtained from the source documents in different units,

such as thousand gallons instead of thousand barrels, and are represented by an “M” until converted in SEDS to the unit that is consistent with other variables. Conversion factors, represented by a “K” in the fifth character, are applied to the physical unit data to convert the data to British thermal units, a common unit for all forms of energy. The derived data series in thousand British thermal units are represented by “B” in the fifth character. In a few cases, consumption estimates are derived by calculating shares of aggregated consumption data. The fractions used to calculate the consumption shares are identified by an “S” in the fifth character. The consumption estimates for some petroleum products are based on the value added in the manufacturing process by related industries in each state. The data series for those industrial activities are in million dollars, and the variable names contain “V” in the fifth character.

There are a few variables that do not follow the convention:

- TPOPP = resident population
- GDPRX = real gross domestic product
- TETGR = total energy consumption per real dollar of GDP

Associated with, and sometimes attached to, each variable name is the geographic identification. Geographic areas used in SEDS are the 50 states and the District of Columbia (represented by the U.S. Postal Service state abbreviations) and the United States as a whole. Some estimates of electricity sales and losses are derived by using only the contiguous 48 states and the District of Columbia, and the variables used in those calculations are identified by “48.” The geographic area codes used in SEDS are shown in Table TN1.1.

Throughout this report, the term “state” includes the District of Columbia. Throughout this documentation, “ZZ” is used as a geographic identifier to represent the different state abbreviations that would be interchanged in that position of the variable name.

Table TN1.1. Geographic area codes used in the State Energy Data System

Code	State	Code	State
AK	Alaska	NC	North Carolina
AL	Alabama	ND	North Dakota
AR	Arkansas	NE	Nebraska
AZ	Arizona	NH	New Hampshire
CA	California	NJ	New Jersey
CO	Colorado	NM	New Mexico
CT	Connecticut	NV	Nevada
DC	District of Columbia	NY	New York
DE	Delaware	OH	Ohio
FL	Florida	OK	Oklahoma
GA	Georgia	OR	Oregon
HI	Hawaii	PA	Pennsylvania
IA	Iowa	RI	Rhode Island
ID	Idaho	SC	South Carolina
IL	Illinois	SD	South Dakota
IN	Indiana	TN	Tennessee
KS	Kansas	TX	Texas
KY	Kentucky	UT	Utah
LA	Louisiana	VA	Virginia
MA	Massachusetts	VT	Vermont
MD	Maryland	WA	Washington
ME	Maine	WI	Wisconsin
MI	Michigan	WV	West Virginia
MN	Minnesota	WY	Wyoming
MO	Missouri	US	United States
MS	Mississippi	48	The contiguous 48 states and the District of Columbia
MT	Montana		