

Table E11. Commercial Sector Energy Expenditure Estimates, 2018
(Million Dollars)

State	Primary Energy										Electricity Retail Sales	Total Energy ^f
	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum						Biomass	Total ^f		
			Distillate Fuel Oil	HGL ^b	Kerosene	Motor Gasoline ^c	Residual Fuel Oil	Total ^d				
Alabama	—	317	82	36	(s)	115	1	233	1	551	2,639	3,190
Alaska	54	145	152	13	(s)	16	—	180	5	384	492	876
Arizona	—	276	84	43	(s)	229	—	357	3	636	3,158	3,795
Arkansas	—	441	58	20	(s)	56	—	134	4	579	951	1,530
California	—	2,125	392	229	1	1,473	—	2,095	23	4,244	18,924	23,168
Colorado	—	382	71	42	(s)	167	—	279	9	670	2,106	2,776
Connecticut	—	537	168	51	(s)	108	2	330	4	871	2,075	2,946
Delaware	—	164	22	18	(s)	28	—	68	(s)	231	419	651
Dist. of Col.	(s)	173	9	(s)	(s)	9	—	19	1	193	986	1,179
Florida	—	715	257	141	(s)	591	—	989	(s)	1,704	8,845	10,549
Georgia	—	462	137	70	1	252	—	459	2	923	4,633	5,556
Hawaii	—	81	25	50	—	50	—	126	3	209	907	1,116
Idaho	—	115	39	25	(s)	40	—	103	11	229	511	740
Illinois	6	1,752	104	51	1	286	—	442	3	2,202	4,631	6,834
Indiana	8	635	76	47	1	154	1	279	8	931	2,576	3,507
Iowa	6	389	101	52	(s)	61	—	215	3	613	1,203	1,816
Kansas	—	347	38	13	(s)	64	—	114	2	463	1,723	2,186
Kentucky	1	324	73	28	1	87	—	190	5	519	1,946	2,465
Louisiana	—	303	57	19	(s)	85	—	160	(s)	464	2,185	2,649
Maine	—	125	168	126	3	38	3	338	14	477	556	1,033
Maryland	—	740	128	48	1	204	1	382	5	1,127	3,083	4,209
Massachusetts	—	1,525	178	62	1	164	1	407	6	1,938	4,457	6,394
Michigan	—	1,246	106	65	1	223	1	395	19	1,660	4,339	5,999
Minnesota	(s)	792	85	92	(s)	112	(s)	290	17	1,099	2,429	3,528
Mississippi	—	179	66	24	(s)	49	—	139	1	319	1,516	1,834
Missouri	1	550	77	73	(s)	141	—	292	12	855	2,931	3,786
Montana	(s)	187	9	35	—	18	—	63	11	261	497	758
Nebraska	—	222	39	13	(s)	40	(s)	92	1	315	843	1,159
Nevada	—	208	56	22	(s)	112	—	191	2	401	939	1,339
New Hampshire	—	129	91	97	1	37	12	238	9	375	703	1,078
New Jersey	—	1,508	151	25	1	244	(s)	421	4	1,933	4,737	6,670
New Mexico	—	145	12	27	(s)	42	—	81	8	234	905	1,140
New York	—	2,430	798	146	5	344	10	1,304	26	3,761	11,128	14,889
North Carolina	11	492	126	135	1	264	(s)	525	6	1,033	4,229	5,262
North Dakota	1	85	31	20	(s)	12	—	62	(s)	149	622	771
Ohio	—	1,059	209	63	1	340	—	614	9	1,682	4,769	6,451
Oklahoma	—	333	54	33	(s)	92	—	179	2	514	1,713	2,227
Oregon	—	246	47	60	(s)	127	—	235	18	499	1,468	1,967
Pennsylvania	1	1,547	344	154	5	342	(s)	845	24	2,418	3,864	6,282
Rhode Island	—	165	43	14	(s)	24	—	81	1	247	613	860
South Carolina	—	237	60	46	(s)	135	2	242	1	480	2,248	2,727
South Dakota	—	74	11	13	(s)	15	1	40	1	115	472	587
Tennessee	—	493	94	35	1	148	—	277	4	774	3,882	4,655
Texas	—	1,403	194	162	1	524	—	881	2	2,285	11,715	14,000
Utah	—	312	43	26	(s)	53	—	121	3	437	994	1,431
Vermont	—	50	61	63	(s)	16	1	142	11	202	305	508
Virginia	3	600	176	131	2	246	(s)	554	10	1,168	4,347	5,515
Washington	—	450	144	90	(s)	214	—	448	21	919	2,562	3,482
West Virginia	—	203	43	14	(s)	43	—	100	5	308	719	1,027
Wisconsin	3	644	60	80	(s)	133	—	274	13	934	2,572	3,506
Wyoming	1	91	18	15	(s)	11	—	43	3	138	360	498
United States	97	28,152	5,663	2,956	33	8,379	36	17,068	355	45,673	147,426	193,099

^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels that are commingled with natural gas.

^b Hydrocarbon gas liquids, assumed to be propane only.

^c Includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

^d Includes small amounts of petroleum coke not shown separately.

^e Wood, wood-derived fuels, and biomass waste.

^f There are no direct fuel costs for hydroelectric, geothermal, solar, or wind energy.

— = No consumption.

Where shown, (s) = Value less than 0.5 million dollars.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. · The commercial sector includes commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

Web Page: All data are available at <https://www.eia.gov/state/seds/seds-data-complete.php>.

Sources: Data sources, estimation procedures, and assumptions are described in the Technical Notes.