### Table ET4. Commercial Sector Energy Price and Expenditure Estimates, Selected Years, 1970-2020, North Carolina

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Coal</th>
<th>Natural Gas a</th>
<th>Gasoline</th>
<th>Petroleum</th>
<th>Motor Kerosene</th>
<th>Distillate Fuel Oil</th>
<th>HGL b</th>
<th>Residual Fuel Oil</th>
<th>Total c,d</th>
<th>Wood and Waste e,f,g,h</th>
<th>Total Total Retail Energy</th>
<th>Total Energy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1970</td>
<td>0.53</td>
<td>0.94</td>
<td>1.02</td>
<td>1.39</td>
<td>0.77</td>
<td>2.82</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>1.24</td>
<td>0.73</td>
<td>1.02</td>
<td>4.60</td>
<td>2.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1975</td>
<td>1.53</td>
<td>1.71</td>
<td>2.34</td>
<td>2.58</td>
<td>2.37</td>
<td>4.55</td>
<td>1.79</td>
<td>2.64</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>2.02</td>
<td>8.46</td>
<td>5.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>1.90</td>
<td>5.65</td>
<td>6.10</td>
<td>6.91</td>
<td>9.01</td>
<td>4.69</td>
<td>4.46</td>
<td>6.79</td>
<td>4.19</td>
<td>5.95</td>
<td>18.18</td>
<td>12.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>1.80</td>
<td>4.48</td>
<td>5.41</td>
<td>9.15</td>
<td>8.10</td>
<td>9.44</td>
<td>3.16</td>
<td>6.81</td>
<td>3.53</td>
<td>5.28</td>
<td>18.93</td>
<td>13.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>1.71</td>
<td>5.08</td>
<td>4.28</td>
<td>8.95</td>
<td>6.70</td>
<td>8.62</td>
<td>2.81</td>
<td>5.78</td>
<td>2.87</td>
<td>5.04</td>
<td>19.09</td>
<td>13.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>1.58</td>
<td>7.38</td>
<td>7.24</td>
<td>12.16</td>
<td>12.73</td>
<td>18.23</td>
<td>6.69</td>
<td>15.46</td>
<td>6.83</td>
<td>13.05</td>
<td>20.09</td>
<td>17.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>2.49</td>
<td>12.47</td>
<td>13.01</td>
<td>16.92</td>
<td>18.23</td>
<td>6.69</td>
<td>15.46</td>
<td>6.83</td>
<td>13.05</td>
<td>17.58</td>
<td>20.09</td>
<td>17.58</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels that are commingled with natural gas.
- b Hydrocarbon gas liquids, assumed to be propane only.
- c Most of the trend in the petroleum series between 1994 and 1995 is due to a change in the petroleum price series. The petroleum price series prior to 1994 is not comparable with the series after 1995.
- d Wood, wood-derived fuels, and biomass waste. Prior to 2001, includes both biomass waste and waste from the manufacture of wood products.
- e In 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline. There is a discontinuity in the expenditure series between 1994 and 1995 because of changes in consumption estimates from the sources. See Consumption Technical Notes, Section 4.
- f Includes small amounts of petroleum coke not shown separately.
- g Wood, wood-derived fuels, and biomass waste. Prior to 2001, includes both biomass waste and waste from the manufacture of wood products.
- h For 1981 through 1992, includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline that is not included in the motor gasoline column.

**Sources:**
- Data sources, estimation procedures, and assumptions are described in the Technical Notes.

**Technical Notes:**
- a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels that are commingled with natural gas.
- b Hydrocarbon gas liquids, assumed to be propane only.
- c Most of the trend in the petroleum series between 1994 and 1995 is due to a change in the petroleum price series. The petroleum price series prior to 1994 is not comparable with the series after 1995.
- d Wood, wood-derived fuels, and biomass waste. Prior to 2001, includes both biomass waste and waste from the manufacture of wood products.
- e In 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline. There is a discontinuity in the expenditure series between 1994 and 1995 because of changes in consumption estimates from the sources. See Consumption Technical Notes, Section 4.
- f Includes small amounts of petroleum coke not shown separately.
- g Wood, wood-derived fuels, and biomass waste. Prior to 2001, includes both biomass waste and waste from the manufacture of wood products.
- h For 1981 through 1992, includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline that is not included in the motor gasoline column.

**Where shown, R = Revised data and (x) = Value less than 0.05 million dollars. Where shown, — = No consumption, including cases where adjustments were made. See explanation of adjustments in Section 7 of the Technical Notes.**

**Notes:**
- Expenditure totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
- The commercial sector includes commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

**Sources:**
- Data sources, estimation procedures, and assumptions are described in the Technical Notes.