

Table F11: Hydrocarbon Gas Liquids Consumption Estimates, 2019

State	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Total	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Total
	Thousand Barrels					Trillion Btu				
Alabama	1,571	550	517	23	2,661	6.0	2.1	2.0	0.1	10.2
Alaska	104	205	35	2	346	0.4	0.8	0.1	(s)	1.3
Arizona	1,444	900	406	56	2,805	5.5	3.5	1.6	0.2	10.8
Arkansas	1,066	284	955	3	2,308	4.1	1.1	3.7	(s)	8.9
California	6,755	3,458	5,675	138	16,026	25.9	13.3	21.8	0.5	61.5
Colorado	3,433	933	723	35	5,124	13.2	3.6	2.8	0.1	19.7
Connecticut	2,190	751	179	21	3,142	8.4	2.9	0.7	0.1	12.1
Delaware	679	273	265	34	1,251	2.6	1.0	1.0	0.1	4.8
Dist. of Col.	2	1	2	(s)	5	(s)	(s)	(s)	(s)	(s)
Florida	1,653	2,133	1,155	125	5,067	6.3	8.2	4.4	0.5	19.5
Georgia	2,278	954	1,702	60	4,994	8.7	3.7	6.5	0.2	19.2
Hawaii	129	803	27	(s)	959	0.5	3.1	0.1	(s)	3.7
Idaho	1,384	392	142	1	1,919	5.3	1.5	0.5	(s)	7.4
Illinois	7,239	1,116	17,102	155	25,612	27.8	4.3	54.0	0.6	86.6
Indiana	3,744	1,004	1,393	25	6,166	14.4	3.9	5.4	0.1	23.7
Iowa	6,551	1,103	15,915	119	23,688	25.2	4.2	51.6	0.5	81.4
Kansas	2,441	346	554	21	3,362	9.4	1.3	2.1	0.1	12.9
Kentucky	2,133	716	9,335	8	12,192	8.2	2.8	28.2	(s)	39.1
Louisiana	503	365	157,157	33	158,058	1.9	1.4	498.2	0.1	501.6
Maine	2,115	1,736	93	1	3,945	8.1	6.7	0.4	(s)	15.2
Maryland	1,901	903	467	29	3,300	7.3	3.5	1.8	0.1	12.7
Massachusetts	2,694	792	177	6	3,670	10.3	3.0	0.7	(s)	14.1
Michigan	11,281	1,135	1,474	79	13,968	43.3	4.4	5.7	0.3	53.7
Minnesota	8,051	1,440	3,772	47	13,310	30.9	5.5	14.5	0.2	51.1
Mississippi	1,530	429	766	8	2,733	5.9	1.6	2.9	(s)	10.5
Missouri	5,131	1,122	1,085	26	7,365	19.7	4.3	4.2	0.1	28.3
Montana	2,483	434	152	5	3,074	9.5	1.7	0.6	(s)	11.8
Nebraska	2,035	257	634	25	2,951	7.8	1.0	2.4	0.1	11.3
Nevada	522	380	355	5	1,262	2.0	1.5	1.4	(s)	4.8
New Hampshire	2,789	1,442	103	1	4,335	10.7	5.5	0.4	(s)	16.7
New Jersey	1,252	288	4,603	22	6,165	4.8	1.1	17.7	0.1	23.7
New Mexico	1,251	486	126	2	1,864	4.8	1.9	0.5	(s)	7.2
New York	7,361	2,200	678	37	10,276	28.3	8.4	2.6	0.1	39.5
North Carolina	4,593	1,793	2,265	19	8,671	17.6	6.9	8.7	0.1	33.3
North Dakota	2,139	565	1,205	5	3,915	8.2	2.2	4.6	(s)	15.0
Ohio	5,603	1,239	3,288	90	10,220	21.5	4.8	12.6	0.3	39.2
Oklahoma	2,180	617	661	63	3,521	8.4	2.4	2.5	0.2	13.5
Oregon	858	987	450	33	2,329	3.3	3.8	1.7	0.1	8.9
Pennsylvania	6,184	2,088	5,413	53	13,737	23.8	8.0	20.8	0.2	52.7
Rhode Island	422	233	31	5	691	1.6	0.9	0.1	(s)	2.7
South Carolina	1,020	674	558	28	2,280	3.9	2.6	2.1	0.1	8.8
South Dakota	1,528	215	575	17	2,335	5.9	0.8	2.2	0.1	9.0
Tennessee	1,902	568	540	9	3,019	7.3	2.2	2.1	(s)	11.6
Texas	5,624	2,526	700,993	133	709,277	21.6	9.7	2,323.1	0.5	2,355.0
Utah	795	425	282	7	1,508	3.1	1.6	1.1	(s)	5.8
Vermont	1,839	796	43	2	2,679	7.1	3.1	0.2	(s)	10.3
Virginia	3,313	1,829	673	23	5,839	12.7	7.0	2.6	0.1	22.4
Washington	2,836	1,236	658	67	4,798	10.9	4.7	2.5	0.3	18.4
West Virginia	753	409	2,635	11	3,809	2.9	1.6	10.1	(s)	14.6
Wisconsin	8,479	1,366	1,709	65	11,619	32.6	5.2	6.6	0.3	44.6
Wyoming	915	493	141	4	1,553	3.5	1.9	0.5	(s)	6.0
United States	146,682	47,391	949,843	1,790	1,145,706	563.4	182.0	3,144.4	6.9	3,896.7

Where shown, (s) = Physical unit value less than 0.5 or Btu value less than 0.05.

Notes: Hydrocarbon gas liquids include natural gas liquids (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and natural gasoline) and refinery olefins (ethylene, propylene, butylene, and isobutylene). Propane is consumed by all sectors; all other products are assumed to be

consumed by the industrial sector. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Data sources, estimation procedures, and assumptions are described in the Technical Notes.