State summaries

Table 26. Percentage distribution of natural gas supply and disposition by state, 2023

State or district	Dry production	Total consumption
Alabama	0.2	1.6
Alaska	0.9	2.1
Arizona	<	0.6
Arkansas	1.0	1.0
California	0.3	7.4
Camorna	0.5	
Colorado	4.3	1.9
Connecticut		0.7
Delaware		0.3
District of Columbia		0.1
Florida	<	1.2
Georgia		1.7
Gulf of Mexico	1.7	0.4
Hawaii		<
Idaho	<	0.5
Illinois	······································	4.4
r de		
Indiana Iowa		3.1 1.9
Kansas	0.3	1.3
Kentucky	0.3	
		1.2
Louisiana	11.4	8.2
Maine		0.2
Maryland	<	0.9
Massachusetts		1.4
Michigan	0.2	3.2
Minnesota		2.1
N dissipation:	0.1	1 1
Mississippi	0.1 	1.1 1.1
Missouri		
Montana	0.1	0.4
Nebraska	<	0.9
Nevada	<	0.6
New Hampshire		0.1
New Jersey		2.3
New Mexico	7.6	1.1
New York	<	4.2
North Carolina		1.2
North Dakota	2.4	0.9
Ohio	5.7	4.1
Oklahoma	6.7	2.4
Oregon	<	0.7
Pennsylvania	19.8	4.7
Rhode Island		0.2
South Carolina		0.8
South Dakota	<	0.4
Tennessee		1.4
Texas	25.8	16.1
TEXAS	25.6	10.1
Utah	0.7	1.0
Vermont		0.1
Virginia	0.2	1.3
Washington		1.2
West Virginia	7.7	1.3
Wissonsin		2.0
Wisconsin Wyoming	2.4	0.8
	4. 1	0.0
Total	100.0	100.0

⁻ Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition; Form EIA-914, Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report; Form EIA-923, Power Plant Operations Report; the Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement (BSEE); state and federal agencies; state-sponsored public record databases; Form EIA-23, Annual Survey of Domestic Oil and Gas Reserves; Form EIA-64A, Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production; PointLogic Energy; Enverus; and EIA estimates based on historical data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

< Percentage is less than 0.05%.