

State summaries

Table 26. Percentage distribution of natural gas supply and disposition by state, 2022

State or district	Dry production	Total consumption
Alabama	0.3	1.5
Alaska	1.0	2.1
Arizona	<	0.6
Arkansas	1.1	1.0
California	0.4	7.0
Colorado	4.5	1.9
Connecticut	--	0.7
Delaware	--	0.3
District of Columbia	--	0.1
Florida	<	1.1
Georgia	--	1.8
Gulf of Mexico	1.9	0.4
Hawaii	--	<
Idaho	<	0.5
Illinois	<	4.8
Indiana	<	3.2
Iowa	--	1.9
Kansas	0.4	1.4
Kentucky	0.2	1.2
Louisiana	11.1	7.9
Maine	--	0.2
Maryland	<	1.0
Massachusetts	--	1.5
Michigan	0.2	3.5
Minnesota	--	2.2
Mississippi	0.1	1.1
Missouri	--	1.2
Montana	0.1	0.4
Nebraska	<	0.9
Nevada	<	0.5
New Hampshire	--	0.1
New Jersey	--	2.4
New Mexico	6.8	1.0
New York	<	4.4
North Carolina	--	1.3
North Dakota	2.2	0.9
Ohio	6.0	4.3
Oklahoma	6.9	2.3
Oregon	<	0.7
Pennsylvania	20.4	4.9
Rhode Island	--	0.2
South Carolina	--	0.8
South Dakota	<	0.4
Tennessee	<	1.5
Texas	25.4	15.3
Utah	0.7	1.0
Vermont	--	0.1
Virginia	0.2	1.4
Washington	--	1.3
West Virginia	7.4	1.2
Wisconsin	--	2.1
Wyoming	2.7	0.8
Total	100.0	100.0

-- Not applicable.

< Percentage is less than 0.05%.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, *Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition*; Form EIA-914, *Monthly Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, and Natural Gas Production Report*; Form EIA-923, *Power Plant Operations Report*; the Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement (BSEE); state and federal agencies; state-sponsored public record databases; Form EIA-23, *Annual Survey of Domestic Oil and Gas Reserves*; Form EIA-64A, *Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production*; PointLogic Energy; Enverus; and EIA estimates based on historical data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.