Figure 1. Natural gas flow in the United States, 2021 trillion cubic feet

Nonhydrocarbon gases removed 0.33 repurposing 3.72 vented and flared 0.29 NGPL\(^2\) production 2.81 exports 6.65 additions to storage 3.72 balancing item 0.37 residential 4.72 commercial 3.30 industrial\(^b\) 10.20 consumption 30.66 transportation 1.18 electric power 11.27 imports 2.81 supplemental gaseous fuels 0.07 withdrawals from storage 3.80

NGPL refers to natural gas plant liquids.
Industrial includes lease and plant fuel.
Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition; Form EIA-914, Monthly Natural Gas Production Report; Form EIA-857, Monthly Report of Natural Gas Imports and Exports; the Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement and predecessor agencies; state and federal agencies; IHS Markit; Enverus; and EIA estimates based on historical data.
Note: The balancing item is expressed in this flow diagram as an outflow and is therefore a positive number. In the Natural Gas Annual tables, it is expressed as -0.37 trillion cubic feet because U.S. total supply is greater than disposition for 2021. Transportation includes vehicle fuel and pipeline and distribution use.