

**Table 36. Coal Consumption at Commercial and Institutional Users by Census Division and State**

(thousand short tons)

Census Division and State	October - December 2016	July - September 2016	October - December 2015	Year to Date		Percent Change
				2016	2015	
<b>Middle Atlantic</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>-47.2</b>
Pennsylvania	10	2	17	39	75	-47.2
<b>East North Central</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>-18.6</b>
Illinois	26	21	20	104	97	7.1
Indiana	13	16	11	67	62	8.0
Michigan	-	-	4	14	47	-70.2
Ohio	7	2	13	45	82	-45.4
Wisconsin	5	-	2	21	20	6.0
<b>West North Central</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>-20.8</b>
Iowa	29	31	38	130	173	-25.0
Minnesota	4	s	2	10	8	20.6
Missouri	26	9	22	55	67	-17.0
North Dakota	21	5	18	58	72	-19.1
<b>South Atlantic</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>-23.3</b>
District of Columbia	s	-	s	1	2	-23.8
Georgia	-	-	-	-	2	-
Maryland	-	-	-	-	1	-
North Carolina	31	26	32	119	145	-18.3
Virginia	11	1	12	34	50	-33.3
<b>East South Central</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>-33.0</b>
Kentucky	3	-	3	14	15	-7.1
Tennessee	-	-	-	-	6	-
<b>West South Central</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-</b>
Texas	-	-	1	-	6	-
<b>Mountain</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>-25.6</b>
Colorado	1	-	s	2	3	-46.4
Montana	1	-	2	2	2	-38.1
Wyoming	3	-	1	7	8	-13.5
<b>Pacific</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>559</b>	<b>-17.7</b>
Alaska	134	89	156	460	559	-17.7
<b>U.S. Total</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>1,503</b>	<b>-21.4</b>

- = No data reported.

s = Absolute percentage less than 0.05 or value is less than 0.5 of the table metric.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-3, 'Quarterly Survey of Non-Electric Sector Coal Data.'