

Table 14. Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines by State, 2022 and 2021

(million short tons)

Coal-Producing State	2022	2021	Percent Change Recoverable Coal Reserves
	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Recoverable Coal Reserves	
Alabama	186	172	7.9
Alaska	45	46	-2.2
Colorado	281	284	-1.1
Illinois	1,846	1,873	-1.4
Indiana	285	302	-5.6
Kentucky Total	350	354	-1.1
Kentucky (East)	157	131	19.8
Kentucky (West)	193	223	-13.4
Louisiana	12	13	-2.4
Maryland	9	6	43.5
Mississippi	102	105	-3.2
Missouri	s	s	NM
Montana	401	559	-28.3
New Mexico	36	44	-19.5
North Dakota	599	621	-3.7
Ohio	35	49	-28.3
Pennsylvania Total	1,016	1,370	-25.9
Pennsylvania (Anthracite)	121	118	2.2
Pennsylvania (Bituminous)	895	1,252	-28.5
Texas	275	292	-5.9
Utah	140	169	-17.3
Virginia	150	149	0.8
West Virginia Total	1,809	1,470	23.1
West Virginia (Northern)	1,234	1,013	21.7
West Virginia (Southern)	576	457	26.1
Wyoming	4,161	4,403	-5.5
U.S. Total	11,737	12,282	-4.4

- = No data reported.

s = Absolute percentage less than 0.05 or value is less than 0.5 of the table metric.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e. mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Excludes refuse recovery and mines producing less than 25,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration Form EIA-7A, 'Annual Survey of Coal Production and Preparation,' and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration Form 7000-2, 'Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report.'