APPENDIX C

EIA - Technology Forecast Updates -Residential and Commercial Building Technologies - Reference Case

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Table of Contents

	Page		Page
<u>Objective</u>	4	Commercial Refrigeration	87
Methodology	5	Compressor Rack Systems	88
<u>Definitions</u>	6	<u>Condensers</u>	90
Calculations	7	Supermarket Display Cases	92
Market Transformation	8	Reach-In Refrigerators	95
		Reach-In Freezers	98
Residential Lighting	9	Walk-In Refrigerators	101
General Service Lamps	10	Walk-In Freezers	105
Reflector Lamps	19	<u>Ice Machines</u>	109
4-foot Linear 2-lamp Lighting Systems	27	Beverage Merchandisers	113
Outdoor Lamps	34	Refrigerated Vending Machines	116
Commercial Lighting	45	Commercial Ventilation	119
General Service Lamps	46	Constant Air Volume	120
Reflector Lamps	52	<u>Variable Air Volume</u>	122
4-Foot Linear 2 Lamp Lighting Systems	57	Fan Coil Units	124
8-Foot Linear 2 Lamp Lighting Systems	67		
ow Bay Lighting Systems	74	Appendix A: Data Sources	A-1
High Bay Lighting Systems	80		
		Appendix B: References	B-1

Objective

The objective of this study is to develop baseline and projected performance and cost characteristics for residential and commercial end-use equipment.

- Examine 2012 and 2018 (commercial) and 2015 and 2020 (residential) baselines, as well as this year's baseline (2022).
 - Review literature, standards, installed base, contractor, and manufacturer information.
 - Provide a relative comparison and characterization of the cost and efficiency of a generic product.
- Forecast technology improvements that are projected to be available through 2050.
 - Review trends in standards, product enhancements, and research and development (R&D).
 - Project impact of product improvements and technology enhancement.

The performance and cost characterization of end-use equipment developed in this study will assist EIA in projecting national primary energy consumption.

Methodology

Input from industry stakeholders, including government, R&D organizations, and manufacturers, was used to project product enhancements concerning equipment performance and cost attributes.

- Technology forecasting involves many uncertainties.
- Technology developments affect performance and cost forecasts.
- Varied sources ensure a balanced view of technology progress and the probable timing of commercial availability.

Definitions

The following tables represent the current and projected efficiencies for residential and commercial building equipment ranging from the installed base in 2012 and 2018 (for commercial products) and 2015 and 2020 (for residential) to the highest efficiency equipment that is expected to be commercially available by 2050, assuming incremental adoption. Below are definitions for the terms used in characterizing the status of each technology.

- Installed Stock Average: the installed and in use equipment for that year. Represents the installed stock of equipment, but does not represent sales.
- Current Standard: the minimum efficiency (or maximum energy use) required (allowed) by current U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) standards, when applicable. For lighting, if no product exists at the standard efficiency level, a hypothetical wattage and lumen output is given for the standard's efficiency level.
- ENERGY STAR®: the minimum efficiency required (or maximum energy use allowed) to meet the ENERGY STAR® criteria, when applicable. Presented performance data represents certified products just meeting current ENERGY STAR specifications. For lighting, if no products exist at the ENERGY STAR efficiency level, a hypothetical wattage and lumen output is given for the ENERGY STAR efficiency level.
- Low: The minimum efficiency product or product mix available on the market. This rating typically reflects minimal compliance with DOE standards.
- **Typical**: the average, or typical, product being sold in the particular timeframe.
- High: the product with the highest efficiency available in the particular timeframe.
- Lumens (lm): the unit for luminous flux used in the SI unit system. This unit is used to indicate a light source's light output. All reported lumens are initial lumens. 1 kilolumen (klm) = 1,000 lumens.
- Correlated Color Temperature (CCT): a specification of the color appearance of the light emitted by a lamp. Note: CCT is not a performance metric.
- Color Rendering Index (CRI): a scale from 0 to 100 percent indicating how accurate a given light source is at rendering color when compared to a reference light source. The higher the CRI, the better the color rendering ability.
- British thermal unit (Btu): a measure of the heat content of fuels or energy sources. It is the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of one pound of liquid water by 1°F at the temperature that water has its greatest density (approximately 39 °F). 1 kBtu = 1,000 Btu.
- Cubic Feet per Minute (CFM): a measure of airflow volume equal to the number of cubic feet of air flowing through a two-dimensional plane in one minute.
- Not Available (N/A): data is not available where indicated.

Calculations

The following metrics are commonly referred to throughout the tables to follow. Below are the calculations for each metric

Lighting

- System Wattage = (Lamp Wattage * Ballast Factor) / Ballast Efficiency
- System Lumens = Lamp Lumens * Ballast Factor
- Lamp Efficacy = Lamp Lumens / Lamp Wattage
- System Efficacy = System Lumens / System Wattage
- Lamp Cost (\$/klm) = Lamp Cost / (Lamp Lumens / 1,000)
- Total Equipment Cost = Lamp Cost + Fixture (including ballast) Cost
- System Cost (\$/klm) = Total Equipment Cost/(System Lumens / 1,000). 1/b/f denotes that the cost includes the luminaire, the ballast, and the fixture.
- Total Installed Cost = Total Equipment Cost + Labor Installation Cost
- Ballast Luminous Efficiency (BLE) = A/(1+B*Avg Total Lamp Arc Power^(-C)) where A, B, and C are pre-defined constants by DOE Energy Conservation Standards for Fluorescent Lamp Ballasts.

Commercial Refrigeration

- Nominal Capacity over Average Input (Btu in / Btu out) = (Cooling or Heat Rejection Capacity)*24*365/(Annual Energy Consumption * 3,412)
- Total Installed Cost = Retail Equipment Cost + Labor Installation Cost
- Total Installed Cost (\$/kBtu/hour) = Total Installed Cost*1,000 / (Cooling or Heat Rejection Capacity). h used as an abbreviation for hour throughout
- Annual Maintenance Cost (\$/kBtu/h) = Annual Maintenance Cost* 1,000 / (Cooling or Heat Rejection Capacity)

Ventilation

- **CFM out / Btu in / h** = System Airflow / (System Fan Power * 3,412)
- Total Installed Cost (\$/1,000 CFM) = Total Installed Cost* 1,000 / System Airflow
- Annual Maintenance Cost (\$/1,000 CFM) = Annual Maintenance Cost*1,000/System Fan Power

Market Transformation

The market for the reviewed products has changed since this analysis was performed in 2015. These changes are noted and reflected in the efficiency and cost characteristics.

- DOE issued federal minimum efficiency standards that have gone into effect for General Service Fluorescent Lamps (2012), Incandescent Reflector Lamps (2012), and Fluorescent Lamp Ballasts (2019).
- In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lumens per watt (lm/W) backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (10 CFR 430, 87 FR 27439). This action also amended the definition of general service lamps to include previously exempted product classes, such as reflector lamps. The rule will go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023.
- DOE published a Final Rule updating energy conservation standards for Refrigerated Beverage Vending Machines at the end of 2015, effective in 2018. DOE also issued federal minimum efficiency standards that have or will soon go into effect for Refrigerated Beverage Vending Machines (2012), Automatic Commercial Ice Makers (2018), Walk-In Coolers and Freezers (2017), and Commercial Refrigeration Equipment (2017).

Residential Lighting

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential General Service Lamps

The residential general service lamps characterized in this report are a 60-watt and a 75-watt medium screw-based (E26) A-type incandescent lamp and their halogen, CFL, and LED equivalents. A standard 60-watt incandescent lamp produces approximately 800 – 850 lumens. A standard 75-watt incandescent lamp produces approximately 1,100 lumens.

Performance:

- A majority of residential lamps have a nominal CCT rating of 2,700K and give off a warm, yellowish white color, but products with CCTs of 3,000K, 3,500K, 4,100K (neutral white), 5,000K (daylight), and 6,500K (blueish white) are also available. Traditional incandescent light bulbs have a nominal CCT of about 2,700K. When replacing a light bulb, it is advised to chose a product with a similar CCT value in order to achieve the same look.
- Incandescent and halogen lamps have perfect color rendering with a CRI value of 100. However, CFL and LEDs products commonly fall between 70 and 90 CRI, with an average around 80. CRI values of 80 are considered suitable for general illumination. High CRI products are preferable for retail and display applications where improved color quality is of real value. Higher CRI is not expected to be a focus for future LED products except for these specific retail and display applications.

Cost:

- Many factors influence the price of LED lamps including CRI, lifetime, dimming capabilities, and efficacy. Therefore, typical lamp prices in 2022 reflecting a mix of lamp characteristics and features were used as the basis for projections for both typical and high efficacy products in the future.
- Fixture prices and installation costs are not included for the residential sector. Labor costs are assumed to be negligible because homeowners likely replaces lamps themselves as they burn out. Therefore, total installed cost is the price of a lamp, and annual maintenance costs are the cost of replacing the lamps, which is a function of lamp life, lamp price, and the annual operating hours.
- Disposal costs are not characterized for residential lighting in this analysis. In residential cases, disposal is done by the occupant. Lamp and product burnout are assumed to result in no "added" cost aside from the work performed to install the replacement.

Legislation:

- The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA 2007) established standards for 60-watt general service lamps, effective in 2014, and 75-watt lamps, effective in 2013. These standards cannot be achieved by incandescent bulbs, but can be by halogen, CFL, and LED technologies.
- In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. This action also amended the definition of general service lamps to include previously exempted product classes, such as reflector lamps. These standards can not be achieved by traditional incandescent or halogen technologies currently on the market, and given current and projected trends in industry, they will likely not be met. It is currently assumed that industry will increase its investment in LED technology at the expense of incandescent, halogen, and CFL technologies. The rule will go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023.

ENERGY STAR:

• For ENERGY STAR qualification, general service omnidirectional lamps must have a minimum lamp efficacy of 70 lm/W for products with CRI ≥ 90 and 80 lm/W for lamps with CRI < 90. Additionally, the lamps must have a CRI ≥ 80, nominal CCT of 2,700, 3,000, 3,500, 4,000/4,100, 5,000, or 6,000 K, and rated lifetime ≥ 10,000 hours (ENERGY STAR).

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential General Service Lamps

Future Performance Improvements:

- Projections were provided for both typical and high performing products for 2030, 2040, and 2050. We assume manufacturers will focus on improving efficacy, lifetime, and price for products at constant CRI and CCT values.
- Due to continued R&D investment, competition from LED lighting products, and general market demand for cost-effective lighting, the performance and cost characteristics of conventional lighting technologies are expected to improve over the analysis period. However, the ability of these conventional technologies to react rapidly (in terms of performance improvement) to the emergence of a new light source such as LED lighting is relatively small because these are mature technologies (particularly incandescent, halogen, and fluorescent) and established market competitors (Navigant, 2019).
- For LED technology, efficacy, lifetime, and price improvements were based on the model described in the Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019). For traditional technologies, the following future improvements were assumed to occur year over year through 2050:

Technology	Efficacy	Lifetime	Price	Potential for Improvements
Incandescent	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements.
Halogen	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements as of 2022.
CFL	+0.5%	0%	-0.5%	Improvements in efficacy can be made by using more rare-earth phosphors in compact fluorescent lamps.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential General Service Incandescent Lamps (60 W)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30 ²	204	0^2	205	60^2
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	60.0	60.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	18.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	850	850	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	850	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	14.2	14.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	511	511	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$0.30	\$0.30	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.34	\$0.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$0.30	\$0.30	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.15	\$0.15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.35	\$0.35	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.18	\$0.18	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA 2007) prescribes standards for 60 wattincandescent lamps as of January 1, 2014. Despite the phase out of incandescent lamps, these products remain in the installed stock.
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. These standards cannot be met with incandescent technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential General Service Incandescent Lamps (75 W)

	2015 ¹				2023 ²	2030 ²		2040 ²		2050 ²			
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	75.0	75.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	26.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1,170	1,170	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,170	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	15.6	15.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	0.8	0.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	511	511	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$0.44	\$0.44	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.38	\$0.38	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$0.44	\$0.44	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.30	\$0.30	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.38	\$0.38	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.26	\$0.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA 2007) prescribes standards for 75 wattincandescent lamps as of January 1, 2013. Despite the phase out of incandescent lamps, these products remain in the installed stock.
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. These standards cannot be met with incandescent technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential General Service Halogen Lamps (60 W Incandescent Equivalent)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30 ²	204	:0 ²	205	50 ²
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	43.1	43.1	N/A	43.0	N/A	N/A	16.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	750	750	N/A	750	N/A	N/A	750	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	17.4	17.4	N/A	17.4	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,850	2,850	N/A	2,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	1.0	1.0	N/A	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	621	621	N/A	621	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$2.36	\$4.90	N/A	\$5.92	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$3.15	\$6.54	N/A	\$7.89	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$2.36	\$4.90	N/A	\$5.92	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$1.47	\$3.04	N/A	\$3.68	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$3.15	\$6.54	N/A	\$7.89	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.95	\$4.06	N/A	\$4.90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA 2007) prescribes standards for 60 wattincandescent lamps as of January 1, 2014. Starting in 2014, 60 wattincandescent lamps were replaced by halogen lamps.
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. These standards cannot be met with existing halogen lamp technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential General Service Halogen Lamps (75 W Incandescent Equivalent)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30 ²	204	0^2	205	50^2
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	53.0	53.0	N/A	53.0	N/A	N/A	19.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1,050	936	N/A	890	N/A	N/A	890	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	19.8	17.7	N/A	16.8	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,850	2,950	N/A	2,950	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	1.0	1.0	N/A	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	621	621	N/A	621	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$2.37	\$3.58	N/A	\$4.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.26	\$3.82	N/A	\$4.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$2.37	\$3.58	N/A	\$4.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$1.47	\$2.22	N/A	\$2.52	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.26	\$3.82	N/A	\$4.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.40	\$2.37	N/A	\$2.83	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 prescribes standards for current 75 watt incandescent lamps as of January 1,2013. Starting in 2013,75 watt incandescent lamps were replaced by halogen lamps.
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. These standards cannot be met with existing halogen lamp technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential General Service Compact Fluorescent Lamps (60 W Incandescent Equivalent)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30^2	204	10 ²	20	50^2
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ⁴	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	13.0	13.1	14.0	13.0	13.0	13.8	20.0	12.5	12.5	11.9	11.9	11.3	11.3
Lamp Lumens	825	900	900	900	925	800	900	900	925	900	925	900	925
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) ³	63.5	68.5	64.3	69.2	71.2	80.0	45.0	72.0	74.1	75.7	77.8	79.6	81.8
CRI	82	82	82	82	82	80	N/A	82	82	82	82	82	82
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	N/A	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	12.0	10.0	N/A	10.0	12.0	10.0	12.0	10.0	12.0
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	767	767	767	767	767	N/A	N/A	767	767	767	767	767	767
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$2.55	\$5.40	\$1.50	\$5.35	\$4.63	N/A	N/A	\$5.14	\$4.45	\$4.89	\$4.23	\$4.65	\$4.02
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) ³	\$3.10	\$6.00	\$1.67	\$5.94	\$5.01	N/A	N/A	\$5.71	\$4.81	\$5.43	\$4.57	\$5.17	\$4.35
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$2.55	\$5.40	\$1.50	\$5.35	\$4.63	N/A	N/A	\$5.14	\$4.45	\$4.89	\$4.23	\$4.65	\$4.02
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.20	\$0.41	\$0.12	\$0.41	\$0.30	N/A	N/A	\$0.39	\$0.28	\$0.37	\$0.27	\$0.36	\$0.26
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$3.09	\$6.00	\$1.67	\$5.94	\$5.01	N/A	N/A	\$5.71	\$4.81	\$5.43	\$4.57	\$5.17	\$4.35
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.24	\$0.46	\$0.13	\$0.46	\$0.32	N/A	N/A	\$0.44	\$0.31	\$0.42	\$0.29	\$0.40	\$0.28

- 1. 2020 data back calculated based on 2022 data and the following assumptions: Efficacy +0.5%/y, Cost -0.5%/y (NCI, 2019)
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. These standards can be met with existing CFL products.
- 3. Year-to-year price and performance assumptions for incumbent technologies from 2022 to 2050: Efficacy +0.5%/y, Cost -0.5%/y (NCI, 2019)
- 4. Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential General Service LED Lamps (60 W Incandescent Equivalent)

	2015	2020 2022 2023 ²		2023 ²	3 ² 2030		2040		2050				
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ¹	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	8.7	9.2	10.0	8.9	8.0	10.0	17.8	7.3	6.6	5.8	5.2	5.0	4.5
Lamp Lumens	656	803	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	75.5	87.1	80.0	90.0	100.0	80.0	45.0	108.9	120.9	138.6	154.0	160.7	178.6
CRI	81	85	80	81	90	80	N/A	81	90	81	90	81	90
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	N/A	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	25	21	15	14	18	15.0	N/A	14	18	14	18	14	18
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	657	657	657	657	657	657	N/A	657	657	657	657	657	657
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$13.53	\$4.56	\$6.20	\$3.92	\$5.32	\$6.20	N/A	\$3.23	\$4.39	\$2.84	\$3.86	\$2.46	\$3.33
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$20.63	\$5.68	\$7.75	\$4.90	\$6.65	\$7.75	N/A	\$4.04	\$5.49	\$3.56	\$4.83	\$3.07	\$4.17
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$13.53	\$4.56	\$6.20	\$3.92	\$5.32	\$6.20	N/A	\$3.23	\$4.39	\$2.84	\$3.86	\$2.46	\$3.33
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.35	\$0.15	\$0.27	\$0.18	\$0.19	\$0.27	N/A	\$0.15	\$0.16	\$0.13	\$0.14	\$0.11	\$0.12
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$20.63	\$5.68	\$7.75	\$4.90	\$6.65	\$7.75	N/A	\$4.04	\$5.49	\$3.56	\$4.83	\$3.07	\$4.17
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.54	\$0.18	\$0.34	\$0.22	\$0.24	\$0.34	N/A	\$0.18	\$0.20	\$0.16	\$0.17	\$0.14	\$0.15

^{1.} Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)

^{2.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. All LED lighting products exceed the new minimum efficacy standards.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential General Service Filament-LED Lamps (60 W Incandescent Equivalent)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023 ²	203	30	204	4 0	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ¹	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	9.7	7.1	5.5	6.9	8.0	13.8	17.8	7.0	6.6	5.5	5.2	4.7	4.5
Lamp Lumens	457	650	450	650	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	47.1	91.7	81.8	94.8	100.0	80.0	45.0	114.6	120.9	146.0	154.0	169.3	178.6
CRI	82	84	90	84	80	80	N/A	81	90	81	90	81	90
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	N/A	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	23	21	15	15	15	15	N/A	15	15	15	15	15	15
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	657	657	657	657	657	N/A	N/A	657	657	657	657	657	657
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$15.17	\$6.88	\$6.25	\$5.91	\$7.75	N/A	N/A	\$4.87	\$6.39	\$4.29	\$5.62	\$3.70	\$4.86
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$33.20	\$10.58	\$13.89	\$9.09	\$9.69	N/A	N/A	\$6.09	\$7.99	\$5.36	\$7.03	\$4.63	\$6.07
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$15.17	\$6.88	\$6.25	\$5.91	\$7.75	N/A	N/A	\$4.87	\$6.39	\$4.29	\$5.62	\$3.70	\$4.86
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.43	\$0.21	\$0.27	\$0.26	\$0.34	N/A	N/A	\$0.21	\$0.28	\$0.19	\$0.25	\$0.16	\$0.21
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$33.20	\$10.58	\$13.89	\$9.09	\$9.69	N/A	N/A	\$6.09	\$7.99	\$5.36	\$7.03	\$4.63	\$6.07
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.93	\$0.33	\$0.61	\$0.40	\$0.42	N/A	N/A	\$0.27	\$0.35	\$0.23	\$0.31	\$0.20	\$0.27

^{1.} Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)

^{2.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. All LED lighting products exceed the new minimum efficacy standards.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Reflector Lamps

The residential reflector lamps characterized in this report are directional lamps that emit approximately 550 – 850 lumens (except for LED PAR38s which have outputs up to 1,700 lumens). Multiple baseline reflector lamps were analyzed, including 65W Incandescent BR30, Halogen PAR30, Halogen Infrared Reflector (HIR) PAR30, CFL BR30, LED BR30, and LED PAR38.

Performance:

- A majority of residential lamps have a nominal CCT rating of 2,700K and give off a warm, yellowish white color, but products with CCTs of 3,000K, 3,500K, 4,100K (neutral white), 5,000K (daylight), and 6,500K (blueish white) are also available. Traditional incandescent light bulbs have a nominal CCT of about 2,700K. When replacing a light bulb, it is advised to chose a product with a similar CCT value in order to achieve the same look.
- Incandescent and halogen lamps have perfect color rendering with a CRI value of 100, but for CFL and LEDs products commonly fall between 70 and 90 CRI, with an average around 80. CRI values of 80 are considered suitable for general illumination, with high CRI products being preferable for retail and display applications where improved color quality is of real value. Higher CRI is not expected to be a focus for future LED products except for these very specific retail and display applications.

Cost:

- Many factors influence the price of LED lamps including CRI, lifetime, dimming capabilities, and efficacy.
- Fixture prices and installation costs are not included for the residential sector. Labor costs are assumed to be negligible because homeowners likely replaces lamps themselves as they burn out. Therefore, total installed cost is the price of a lamp, and annual maintenance costs are the cost of replacing the lamps, which is a function of lamp life, lamp price, and the annual operating hours.
- Disposal costs are not characterized for residential lighting in this analysis. In residential cases, disposal is done by the occupant. Lamp and product burnout are assumed to result in no "added" cost aside from the work performed to install the replacement.

Legislation:

- EPAct92 established minimum performance standards for some reflector lamps and provided exemptions for certain specialty applications (e.g., ER/BR, vibration service, more than 5% neodymium oxide, impact resistant, infrared heat, colored). EPAct92 effectively phased-out R-shaped tungsten filament incandescent reflector lamps at certain wattages and bulb diameters, replacing them with more efficient and cost effective tungsten-halogen parabolic aluminized reflector (PAR) lamps. EISA 2007 took away certain exemptions from EPACT 1992, requiring certain previously exempted lamps to meet EPAct92 minimum performance standards by January 1, 2008. The 65W BR30, a large majority of the incandescent reflector lamp market, was still exempted until 2022.
- In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. This action also amended the definition of general service lamps to include previously exempted product classes, such as reflector lamps. These standards can not be achieved by traditional incandescent or halogen technologies currently on the market, and given current and projected trends in industry, they will likely not be met. It is currently assumed that industry will increase its investment in LED technology at the expense of incandescent, halogen, and CFL technologies. The rule will go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Reflector Lamps

ENERGY STAR:

• For ENERGY STAR qualification, general service, reflector lamps must have a minimum lamp efficacy of 61 lm/W for products with CRI ≥ 90 and 70 lm/W for lamps with CRI < 90, respectively. Additionally, the lamps must have a CRI ≥ 80, nominal CCT of 2,700, 3,000, 3,500, 4,000/4,100, 5,000, or 6,000 K, and rated lifetime ≥ 10,000 hours (ENERGY STAR).

Future Performance Improvements:

- Projections were provided for both typical and high performing products for 2030, 2040, and 2050. We assume manufacturers will focus on improving efficacy, lifetime, and price for products at constant CRI and CCT values.
- Due to continued R&D investment, competition from LED lighting products, and general market demand for cost-effective lighting, the performance and cost characteristics of conventional lighting technologies are expected to improve over the analysis period. However, the ability of these conventional technologies to react rapidly (in terms of performance improvement) to the emergence of a new light source such as LED lighting is relatively small because these are mature technologies (particularly incandescent and fluorescent) and established market competitors (Navigant, 2019).
- For LED technology, efficacy, lifetime, and price improvements were based on the model described in the Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019). For traditional technologies, the following future improvements were assumed to occur year over year through 2050.

Technology	Efficacy	Lifetime	Price	Potential for Improvements
Incandescent	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements.
Halogen	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements as of 2022.
CFL	+0.5%	0%	-0.5%	In addition to higher efficiency reflector coatings, improvements in efficacy can be made by using more rare-earth phosphors in compact fluorescent lamps. Lifetime improvements can be made by improving the compact fluorescent lamp electrodes.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Reflector Lamps (65W BR30 Incandescent)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30 ²	204	40 ²	205	50 ²
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	65.0	65.0	N/A	65.0	N/A	N/A	13.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	637	637	N/A	602	N/A	N/A	600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	9.8	9.8	N/A	9.3	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	N/A	2,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2.0	2.0	N/A	2.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	621	621	N/A	621	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$4.00	\$4.00	N/A	\$3.70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$6.28	\$6.28	N/A	\$6.15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LaborCost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$4.00	\$4.00	N/A	\$3.70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$1.24	\$1.24	N/A	\$1.15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$6.28	\$6.28	N/A	\$6.15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.95	\$1.95	N/A	\$1.91	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{1.} Incandescent BR30 lamps were previously exempted from DOE Incandescent Reflector Lamp standards and the EISA 2007 general service lamp definition until DOE's new final rule in 2022. The new definitions go into effect in 2023.

^{2.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. These standards cannot be met with incandescent technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Reflector Lamps (PAR30 Halogen)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		20	22 ²		2023 ²	2030 ²		2040 ²		2050 ²	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	47.1	38.8	N/A	38.8	N/A	N/A	12.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	660	576	N/A	542	N/A	N/A	542	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	14.0	14.0	N/A	14.0	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,850	2,850	N/A	2,850	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	1.5	1.5	N/A	1.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	876	876	N/A	876	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$6.77	\$8.13	N/A	\$8.67	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$10.26	\$14.12	N/A	\$16.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$6.77	\$8.13	N/A	\$8.67	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$3.96	\$4.75	N/A	\$5.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$10.26	\$14.12	N/A	\$16.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$5.99	\$8.25	N/A	\$9.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. Halogen PAR30 lamps were previously exempted from the EISA 2007 GSL definition until DOE's new final rule in 2022. The new definitions go into effect in 2023. Note: product offerings are very limited in 2022.
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. These standards cannot be met with halogen technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Reflector Lamps (PAR30 Halogen Infrared Reflector (HIR))

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30 ²	204	10 ²	205	50 ²
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	38.9	45.5	N/A	48.0	N/A	N/A	18.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	650	786	N/A	840	N/A	N/A	840	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	16.7	17.3	N/A	17.5	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,850	2,850	N/A	2,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	4.0	4.0	N/A	4.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	876	876	N/A	876	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$14.69	\$25.62	N/A	\$29.99	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$22.59	\$32.60	N/A	\$35.70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$14.69	\$25.62	N/A	\$29.99	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$3.22	\$5.61	N/A	\$6.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$22.59	\$32.60	N/A	\$35.70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$4.95	\$7.14	N/A	\$7.45	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{1.} Halogen PAR30 lamps were previously exempted from the EISA 2007 GSL definition until DOE's new final rule in 2022. The new definitions go into effect in 2023. Note: product offerings are very limited in 2022.

^{2.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. These standards cannot be met with halogen technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Reflector Lamps (BR30 CFL)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ³	203	30 ³	204	10 ³	205	50 ³
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ⁴	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	15.5	15.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	16.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	750	750	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	750	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	48.3	49.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	82	82	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	8.2	8.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	913	913	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$6.76	\$6.59	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$9.01	\$8.79	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$6.76	\$6.59	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.75	\$0.71	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$9.01	\$8.79	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.00	\$0.95	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. 2015 and 2020 data calculated based on 2009 installed stock data and the following assumptions: Efficacy +0.5%/y, Cost -0.5%/y (NCI, 2019)
- 2. Virtually all manufacturers have discontinued manufacturing of CFL reflector lamps in favor of LEDs. Distributor offerings for CFL reflectors have been eliminated.
- 3. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. Although these standards can be met with CFL technology, manufacturers have discontinued manufacturing CFL reflector lamps in favor of LEDs.
- 4. Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Reflector LED BR30

	2015	2020		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30 ²	204	10 ²	205	50 ²
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ¹	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	14.2	10.9	11.0	8.8	7.2	10.7	14.4	7.1	6.2	6.2	5.4	5.5	4.8
Lamp Lumens	706	781	800	683	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	49.8	71.5	72.7	78.6	90.3	61.0	45.0	91.7	105.4	104.9	120.5	118.0	135.6
CRI	82	85	92	87	90	80	N/A	87	90	87	90	87	90
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	N/A	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	25	25	25	19	18	15	N/A	19	18	19	18	19	18
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	730	730	730	730	730	N/A	N/A	730	730	730	730	730	730
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$21.40	\$15.36	\$4.09	\$5.01	\$5.96	N/A	N/A	\$4.11	\$4.89	\$3.62	\$4.31	\$3.14	\$3.74
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$30.31	\$19.66	\$5.11	\$7.33	\$9.17	N/A	N/A	\$6.32	\$7.53	\$5.57	\$6.64	\$4.83	\$5.75
LaborCost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$21.40	\$15.36	\$4.09	\$5.01	\$5.96	N/A	N/A	\$4.11	\$4.89	\$3.62	\$4.31	\$3.14	\$3.74
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.63	\$0.45	\$0.12	\$0.20	\$0.24	N/A	N/A	\$0.16	\$0.19	\$0.14	\$0.17	\$0.12	\$0.15
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$30.31	\$19.66	\$5.11	\$7.33	\$9.17	N/A	N/A	\$6.32	\$7.53	\$5.57	\$6.64	\$4.83	\$5.75
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.89	\$0.57	\$0.15	\$0.29	\$0.37	N/A	N/A	\$0.25	\$0.30	\$0.22	\$0.26	\$0.19	\$0.23

- 1. Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. All LED lighting products exceed the new minimum efficacy standards.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Reflector LED PAR38

	2015	2020		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30 ²	204	10 ²	205	50 ²
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ¹	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	19.2	15.5	17.0	16.4	17.0	22.0	29.9	14.0	14.6	12.3	12.7	10.9	11.3
Lamp Lumens	1,202	1,211	1,200	1,344	1,700	1,344	1,344	1,344	1,700	1,344	1,700	1,344	1,700
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	62.7	77.9	70.6	82.0	100.0	61.0	45.0	95.7	116.7	109.5	133.5	123.2	150.2
CRI	83	86	82	86	82	80	N/A	86	86	86	86	86	86
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	3,000	3,000	2,700	3,000	3,000	3,000	N/A	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	27	25	27	25	15	N/A	27	25	27	25	27	25
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	730	730	730	730	730	N/A	N/A	730	730	730	730	730	730
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$35.23	\$22.44	\$23.71	\$23.09	\$15.69	N/A	N/A	\$19.40	\$13.18	\$17.36	\$11.79	\$15.37	\$10.45
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$29.31	\$18.54	\$19.76	\$17.18	\$9.23	N/A	N/A	\$14.43	\$7.75	\$12.91	\$6.94	\$11.44	\$6.14
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$35.23	\$22.44	\$23.71	\$23.09	\$15.69	N/A	N/A	\$19.40	\$13.18	\$17.36	\$11.79	\$15.37	\$10.45
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$1.07	\$0.60	\$0.69	\$0.62	\$0.46	N/A	N/A	\$0.52	\$0.38	\$0.46	\$0.34	\$0.41	\$0.31
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$29.31	\$18.54	\$19.76	\$17.18	\$9.23	N/A	N/A	\$14.43	\$7.75	\$12.91	\$6.94	\$11.44	\$6.14
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.89	\$0.49	\$0.58	\$0.46	\$0.27	N/A	N/A	\$0.39	\$0.23	\$0.35	\$0.20	\$0.31	\$0.18

- 1. Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. All LED lighting products exceed the new minimum efficacy standards.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential 4-foot Linear 2-Lamp Lighting Systems

This section characterizes commercial linear fixtures that house two 4ft long linear lamps and their integrated luminaire equivalents. The technologies available for this system are linear fluorescent and LED.

- T5 lamps are approximately 40% narrower than T8 lamps and almost 60% narrower than T12 lamps. This narrowness allows T5 lamps to be coated with higher quality, more efficient phosphor blends than larger diameter lamps, resulting in a more efficacious lamp. The compact size of T5 lamps also permits greater flexibility in lighting design and construction.
- LED options for linear fixtures include replacement lamps that can fit directly into an existing fixture and fully integrated luminaires that can be used to replace existing fixtures. LED replacement lamps are also known as TLEDs. Type A TLEDs can be installed with existing ballasts and Type B and C TLEDs require the ballast to be disconnected. Replacement lamps are only sold to go into existing fixtures. If a new fixture is to be installed, a fully integrated LED luminaire is a more cost effective and efficient option. Because LED luminaires are fully integrated, they do not have lamp or fixture efficiency losses associated with ballasts and fixture optics.

Performance:

- Residential linear lamps often have a nominal CCT rating of 3,500K, but products with CCTs of 3,000K, 4,000K, and 4,100K (neutral white) are also common. 5,000K (daylight) lamps are available as well. When replacing a light bulb, it is important to choose a product with a similar CCT value to achieve the same look.
- Incandescent and halogen lamps have perfect color rendering with a CRI value of 100, but for CFL and LEDs products commonly fall between 70 and 90 CRI, with an average around 80. CRI values of 80 are considered suitable for general illumination, with high CRI products being preferable for retail and display applications where improved color quality is of real value. Higher CRI is not expected to be a focus for future LED products except for these very specific retail and display applications.

Cost:

- Many factors influence the price of LED lamps including CRI, lifetime, dimming capabilities, and efficacy. Therefore, typical lamp prices in 2022 reflecting a mix of lamp characteristics and features were used as the basis for projections for both typical and high efficacy products in the future.
- The total installed cost is the price of a lamp, ballast (if applicable), and fixture plus the cost for labor associated with the installation, except for in the case of LED replacement lamps, which are sold only as a replacement for use in an existing fixture. The LED luminaire is more efficient and cost effective for new installations or fixture retrofits.
- Labor costs for lamp changes are assumed to be negligible because homeowners likely replace lamps themselves as they burn out. Therefore, annual maintenance costs are the cost of the replacement lamp itself. The frequency at which lamps are replaced is a function of lamp life and the annual operating hours for residential linear systems.
- Disposal costs are not characterized for residential lighting in this analysis. In residential cases, disposal is done by the occupant. Lamp and product burnout are assumed to result in no "added" cost aside from the work performed to install the replacement.

Legislation:

- Beginning July 14, 2012 (or July 14, 2014, for T8 700-series phosphor lamps), DOE fluorescent lamp standards required a minimum efficacy of 89 lm/W. Although the amended performance-based standards do not explicitly prohibit T12 lamps, no T12 lamps met the standard at the time of its announcement. Since then, however, T12 lamps meeting the standard have entered the market.
- Beginning November 14, 2014, DOE standards required that the characterized residential ballasts have a minimum BLE = 0.993 / (1 + 0.41 * Avg Total Lamp Arc power ^ (- 0.25)). Residential ballasts also must have a minimum power factor of 0.5.
- California's Title 24 mandates the use of electronic ballasts with high efficacy luminaires (including fluorescent) of 13 W or higher (CEC, 2005).

ENERGY STAR:

• ENERGY STAR does not cover linear lamps. (ENERGY STAR, 2020)

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential 4-foot Linear 2-Lamp Lighting Systems

Future Performance Improvements:

- Projections were provided for both typical and high performing products for 2030, 2040, and 2050. We assume manufacturers will focus on improving efficacy, lifetime, and price for products at constant CRI and CCT values.
- Due to continued R&D investment, competition from LED lighting products, and general market demand for cost-effective lighting, the performance and cost characteristics of conventional lighting technologies are expected to improve over the analysis period. However, the ability of these conventional technologies to react rapidly (in terms of performance improvement) to the emergence of a new light source such as LED lighting is relatively small because these are mature technologies (particularly incandescent and fluorescent) and established market competitors (Navigant, 2019).
- For LED technology, efficacy, lifetime, and price improvements were based on the model described in the Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019). For traditional technologies, the following future improvements were assumed to occur year over year through 2050:

Technology	Efficacy	Lifetime	Price	Potential for Improvements
T12	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.
Т8	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.
T5	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Linear Fluorescent Lamp T12

	2015	2020		2022		2	030	2040		2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	40.0	40.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	2,860	2,860	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	72	72	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	70.0	82.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Lumens	3,890	5,148	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Efficacy (lm/W)	56	62	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	78%	87%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	70	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	4,100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	15	15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	694	694	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$1.10	\$1.10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$13.31	\$13.31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$34.67	\$34.67	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.38	\$0.38	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (lamp, ballast, and fixture (l/b/f)) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$12.90	\$12.90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$39.71	\$39.71	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$1.84	\$1.84	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$10.21	\$10.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.47	\$0.47	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: Assume no labor is associated with lamp replacement in the residential sector because residents likely replace the lamps themselves. Assume real cost has not changed since 2009 because this product has been phased out.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Linear Fluorescent Lamp T8

	2015	2020		2022		2	030	2040		2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	30.8	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0
Lamp Lumens	2,770	2,855	2,450	2,855	3,100	2,855	3,100	2,855	3,100	2,855	3,100
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) ¹	90	89	77	89	97	89	97	89	97	89	97
System Wattage	62.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1
System Lumens	4,875	5,082	4,361	5,082	5,518	5,082	5,518	5,082	5,518	5,082	5,518
System Efficacy (lm/W)	78	81	69	81	87	81	87	81	87	81	87
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	87%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
CRI	85	87	90	87	85	87	85	87	85	87	85
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	4,100	5,000	4,100	3,500	4,100	3,500	4,100	3,500	4,100	3,500
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	21	31	23	31	40	31	40	31	40	31	40
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	767	767	767	767	767	767	767	767	767	767	767
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$6.54	\$4.12	\$3.36	\$4.08	\$4.32	\$3.92	\$4.15	\$3.73	\$3.95	\$3.55	\$3.75
Ballast Price (2022\$) ²	\$19.10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$29.23	\$76.29	\$75.53	\$75.53	\$75.53	\$72.56	\$72.56	\$69.01	\$69.01	\$65.64	\$65.64
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.36	\$1.44	\$1.37	\$1.43	\$1.39	\$1.37	\$1.34	\$1.31	\$1.27	\$1.24	\$1.21
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$12.59	\$29.61	\$33.57	\$29.31	\$27.15	\$27.19	\$25.18	\$25.86	\$23.95	\$24.60	\$22.78
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$100.01	\$189.07	\$179.41	\$181.97	\$182.82	\$171.18	\$171.97	\$164.42	\$165.18	\$158.00	\$158.71
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.48	\$0.21	\$0.22	\$0.20	\$0.17	\$0.19	\$0.16	\$0.18	\$0.15	\$0.18	\$0.14
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$20.51	\$37.20	\$41.14	\$35.81	\$33.13	\$33.68	\$31.17	\$32.35	\$29.93	\$31.09	\$28.76
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.10	\$0.04	\$0.05	\$0.04	\$0.03	\$0.04	\$0.03	\$0.04	\$0.03	\$0.03	\$0.03

^{1.} Data and assumptions taken from the 2018 SSL Forecast. The report states that efficacy improvements for T8 lamps are not expected in the future, and that the cost for all commercial fixtures is expected to decrease between 0.1%-0.6% per year. We use 0.5% per year here.

Note: Assume no labor is associated with lamp replacement in the residential sector because residents likely replace lamps themselves.

^{2.} From 2020 to 2050, fixture (and fixture price) includes ballast.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Linear Fluorescent Lamp T5

	2015	2020		2022		2	030	2040		2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	27.0	27.5	28.0	27.5	26.0	27.5	26.0	27.5	26.0	27.5	26.0
Lamp Lumens	2,697	2,732	2,530	2,732	2,900	2,732	2,900	2,732	2,900	2,732	2,900
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) ¹	100	99	90	99	112	99	112	99	112	99	112
System Wattage	51.5	61.7	62.9	61.7	58.4	61.7	58.4	61.7	58.4	61.7	58.4
System Lumens	4,747	5,464	5,060	5,464	5,800	5,464	5,800	5,464	5,800	5,464	5,800
System Efficacy (lm/W)	92	89	81	89	99	89	99	89	99	89	99
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	92%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%
CRI	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	4,100	5,000	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	30	29	36	29	30	29	30	29	30	29	30
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	949	949	949	949	949	949	949	949	949	949	949
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$7.05	\$9.54	\$13.76	\$9.45	\$21.28	\$9.08	\$20.44	\$8.63	\$19.44	\$8.21	\$18.49
Ballast Price (2022\$) ²	\$31.17	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$109.93	\$170.87	\$170.87	\$170.87	\$170.87	\$164.15	\$164.15	\$156.13	\$156.13	\$148.50	\$148.50
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.61	\$3.49	\$5.44	\$3.46	\$7.34	\$3.32	\$7.05	\$3.16	\$6.70	\$3.01	\$6.38
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$32.69	\$34.77	\$39.21	\$34.73	\$36.80	\$33.37	\$35.35	\$31.73	\$33.62	\$30.18	\$31.98
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$193.80	\$228.57	\$231.39	\$222.77	\$246.43	\$215.31	\$238.04	\$206.40	\$228.02	\$197.92	\$218.48
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.45	\$0.62	\$0.73	\$0.62	\$1.35	\$0.59	\$1.29	\$0.57	\$1.23	\$0.54	\$1.17
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$40.83	\$41.83	\$45.73	\$40.77	\$42.49	\$39.41	\$41.04	\$37.77	\$39.31	\$36.22	\$37.67
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.09	\$0.11	\$0.14	\$0.11	\$0.23	\$0.11	\$0.22	\$0.10	\$0.21	\$0.10	\$0.20

^{1.} Year-to-year price and performance assumptions for incumbent technologies 2030–2050: Efficacy +0.5%/yr, Life +0.5%/yr, Cost -0.5%/yr (SSL Forecast 2018). 2020 data back calculated using the 2022 data and these assumptions

Note: Assume no labor is associated with lamp replacement in the residential sector because residents likely replace lamps themselves.

^{2.} From 2020 to 2050, fixture (and fixture price) includes ballast.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Linear LED Replacement Lamp 2-Lamp System

	2015	2020		2022		2	030	204	10	2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	18.5	16.3	16.0	13.7	11.0	11.6	9.3	10.0	8.0	8.8	7.2
Lamp Lumens	2,013	2,130	1,800	1,920	1,800	1,920	1,800	1,920	1,800	1,920	1,800
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	111.0	130.7	112.5	140.1	163.6	166.2	194.1	192.2	224.4	218.0	250.0
System Wattage	36.9	32.6	32.0	27.4	22.0	23.1	18.6	20.0	16.0	17.6	14.4
System Lumens	3,583	4,004	3,384	3,686	3,456	3,686	3,456	3,686	3,456	3,686	3,456
System Efficacy (lm/W)	97.0	122.8	105.8	134.5	157.1	159.6	186.3	184.5	215.4	209.3	240.0
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	83	82	82	81	80	81	80	81	80	81	80
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	3,500	4,100	4,100	5,000	4,100	5,000	4,100	5,000	4,100	5,000
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	55	50	50	54	50	54	50	54	50	54	50
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$27.00	\$12.89	\$14.63	\$11.11	\$4.28	\$9.97	\$3.84	\$9.87	\$3.80	\$9.77	\$3.77
Ballast Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$13.41	\$6.05	\$8.13	\$5.79	\$2.38	\$5.19	\$2.13	\$5.14	\$2.11	\$5.09	\$2.09
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	N/A	\$6.44	\$8.65	\$6.03	\$2.48	\$5.41	\$2.22	\$5.35	\$2.20	\$5.30	\$2.18
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$54.00	\$25.78	\$29.26	\$22.22	\$8.56	\$19.95	\$7.68	\$19.74	\$7.60	\$19.55	\$7.53
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.72	\$0.38	\$0.43	\$0.30	\$0.12	\$0.27	\$0.11	\$0.27	\$0.11	\$0.26	\$0.11
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$15.07	\$6.44	\$8.65	\$6.03	\$2.48	\$5.41	\$2.22	\$5.35	\$2.20	\$5.30	\$2.18
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.20	\$0.09	\$0.13	\$0.08	\$0.04	\$0.07	\$0.03	\$0.07	\$0.03	\$0.07	\$0.03

 $^{1. \}quad N/A \ because \ a \ fixture \ and \ an \ LED \ replacement \ lamp \ would \ not \ be \ purchased \ separately for \ a \ new \ installation \ or \ retrofit \ when there \ are integrated \ LED \ luminaires \ that \ are \ more \ efficient \ and \ cost \ effective. \ These \ lamps \ are \ sold \ only \ as \ replacements \ to \ go \ into \ existing \ fixtures.$

Note: Assume no labor is associated with lamp replacement in the residential sector because residents likely replace lamps themselves.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Linear LED Luminaire

	2015	2020		2022		2	.030	20	40	2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	50.0	43.1	49.0	44.0	35.0	35.6	28.3	29.9	23.8	25.8	20.5
System Lumens	4,615	4,945	5,024	5,302	4,800	5,302	4,800	5,302	4,800	5,302	4,800
System Efficacy (lm/W)	92.3	114.7	102.5	120.5	137.1	148.8	169.3	177.2	201.7	205.5	233.9
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	83	82	80	79	80	79	80	79	80	79	80
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	3,838	3,000	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	56	58	54	53	50	53	50	53	50	53	50
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	584	584	584	584	584	584	584	584	584	584	584
Lamp or Luminaire Price (2022\$)	\$181.60	\$158.60	\$144.85	\$152.54	\$207.80	\$121.11	\$164.98	\$105.34	\$143.50	\$90.11	\$122.76
Ballast Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$78.70	\$64.15	\$57.66	\$57.54	\$86.58	\$45.68	\$68.74	\$39.74	\$59.79	\$33.99	\$51.15
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$401.81	\$355.81	\$322.70	\$338.08	\$448.60	\$275.22	\$362.97	\$243.68	\$320.01	\$213.23	\$278.52
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$2.30	\$1.97	\$1.92	\$2.04	\$2.81	\$1.70	\$2.31	\$1.52	\$2.06	\$1.36	\$1.82
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$87.07	\$71.95	\$64.23	\$63.76	\$93.46	\$51.91	\$75.62	\$45.96	\$66.67	\$40.22	\$58.03
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.50	\$0.40	\$0.38	\$0.39	\$0.59	\$0.32	\$0.48	\$0.29	\$0.43	\$0.26	\$0.38

 $^{1. \}quad N/A \ because the lamp \ and \ fixture \ are both \ included \ in \ the \ luminaire.$

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps

• The residential outdoor lamps characterized in this report include reflector and general service lamps used for security and/or porch lighting that can be switched on from inside the home (i.e. parking lot/garage and outdoor common area lighting at multifamily buildings are excluded) with lumen outputs of approximately 1,000 – 1,400 lumens. Multiple baseline lamps were analyzed according to estimates of installed base average lumens by lamp type, including:

Security (Reflector Lamps)	Porch (General Service Lamps)
Incandescent BR30	Incandescent A-Type
Halogen PAR38	Halogen A-Type
Halogen Infrared Reflector (HIR) PAR38	CFL Bare Spiral
CFL PAR38	LED A-Type Lamp
LED PAR38	

Performance:

- 65W BR30 is the only viable incandescent reflector lamp due to exemption from EISA 2007. The lumen output of this lamp type is well below other reflector lamp technologies characterized for residential outdoor spaces, thus its use is limited for this application. This product is, as of 2022, expected to be eliminated by DOE's 45 lm/W backstop requirement.
- A majority of residential lamps have a nominal CCT rating of 2,700K and give off a warm, yellowish white color, but products with CCTs of 3,000K, 3,500K, 4,100K (neutral white), 5,000K (daylight), and 6,500K (blueish white) are also available. Traditional incandescent light bulbs have a nominal CCT of about 2,700K. When replacing a light bulb, it is advised to chose a product with a similar CCT value in order to achieve the same look.
- Incandescent and halogen lamps have perfect color rendering with a CRI value of 100. However, CFL and LEDs products commonly fall between 70 and 90 CRI, with an average around 80. CRI values of 80 are considered suitable for general illumination. High CRI products are preferable for retail and display applications where improved color quality is of real value. Higher CRI is not expected to be a focus for future LED products except for these specific retail and display applications.

Cost:

- Many factors influence the price of LED lamps including CRI, lifetime, dimming capabilities, and efficacy. Therefore, typical lamp prices in 2015 reflecting a mix of lamp characteristics and features were used as the basis for projections for both typical and high efficacy products in the future.
- Fixture prices and installation costs are not included for the residential sector. Labor costs are assumed to be negligible because homeowners likely replaces lamps themselves as they burn out. Therefore, total installed cost is the price of a lamp, and annual maintenance costs are the cost of replacing the lamps, which is a function of lamp life, lamp price, and the annual operating hours for residential reflector lamps.
- Disposal costs are not characterized for residential lighting in this analysis. In residential cases, disposal is done by the occupant. Lamp and product burnout are assumed to result in no "added" cost aside from the work performed to install the replacement.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps

Legislation:

• In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. This action also amended the definition of general service lamps to include previously exempted product classes, such as reflector lamps. These standards can not be achieved by traditional incandescent or halogen technologies currently on the market, and given current and projected trends in industry, they will likely not be met. It is currently assumed that industry will increase its investment in LED technology at the expense of incandescent, halogen, and CFL technologies. The rule will go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023.

ENERGY STAR:

- For ENERGY STAR qualification, general service omnidirectional lamps must have a minimum lamp efficacy of 70 lm/W for products with CRI ≥ 90 and 80 lm/W for lamps with CRI < 90.
- For ENERGY STAR qualification, general service reflector lamps must have a minimum lamp efficacy of 61 lm/W for products with CRI ≥ 90 and 70 lm/W for lamps with CRI < 90.
- Additionally, the lamps must have a CRI \geq 80, nominal CCT of 2,700, 3,000, 3,500, 4,000/4,100, 5,000, or 6,000 K, and rated lifetime \geq 10,000 hours (ENERGY STAR).

Future Performance Improvements:

- Projections were provided for both typical and high performing products for 2030, 2040, and 2050. We assume manufacturers will focus on improving efficacy, lifetime, and price for products at constant CRI and CCT values.
- Due to continued R&D investment, competition from LED lighting products, and general market demand for cost-effective lighting, the performance and cost characteristics of conventional lighting technologies are expected to improve over the analysis period. However, the ability of these conventional technologies to react rapidly (in terms of performance improvement) to the emergence of a new light source such as LED lighting is relatively small because these are mature technologies (particularly incandescent and fluorescent) and established market competitors (Navigant, 2019).
- For LED technology, efficacy, lifetime, and price improvements were based on the model described in the Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019). For traditional technologies, the following future improvements were assumed to occur year over year through 2050.

Technology	Efficacy	Lifetime	Price	Potential for Improvements
Incandescent Omnidirectional	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements.
Incandescent Directional	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements.
Halogen	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements.
CFL	+0.5%	0%	-0.5%	In addition to benefiting from higher efficiency reflector coatings, improvements in efficacy can be made by using more rare- earth phosphors in compact fluorescent lamps. Lifetime improvements can be made by improving the compact fluorescent lamp electrodes.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Security: Incandescent BR30)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30 ²	204	10 ²	205	50^2
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	65.0	65.0	N/A	65.0	N/A	N/A	13.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	637	637	N/A	602	N/A	N/A	600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	9.8	9.8	N/A	9.3	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	N/A	2,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2.0	2.0	N/A	2.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	621	621	N/A	621	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$4.00	\$4.00	N/A	\$3.70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$6.28	\$6.28	N/A	\$6.15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$4.00	\$4.00	N/A	\$3.70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$1.24	\$1.24	N/A	\$1.15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$6.28	\$6.28	N/A	\$6.15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.95	\$1.95	N/A	\$1.91	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{1.} Incandescent BR30 lamps were previously exempted from DOE Incandescent Reflector Lamp standards and the EISA 2007 general service lamp definition until DOE's new final rule in 2022. The new definitions go into effect in 2023.

^{2.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. These standards cannot be met with incandescent technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Security: Halogen PAR38)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023 ¹	203	80^1	204	:0 ¹	205	60^{1}
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	88.7	78.7	N/A	70.0	N/A	N/A	29.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1,323	1,316	N/A	1,308	N/A	N/A	1,308	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	14.9	16.9	N/A	18.7	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,900	2,900	N/A	2,900	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2.4	2.4	N/A	1.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	876	876	N/A	876	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$6.24	\$9.15	N/A	\$10.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$4.71	\$6.96	N/A	\$7.89	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$6.24	\$9.15	N/A	\$10.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$2.28	\$3.34	N/A	\$6.62	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$4.71	\$6.96	N/A	\$7.89	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.72	\$2.54	N/A	\$5.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{1.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. These standards cannot be met with halogen technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Security: HIR PAR38)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023 ¹	203	30^1	204	10 ¹	205	50 ¹
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	70.0	70.0	N/A	70.0	N/A	N/A	28.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1,407	1,334	N/A	1,260	N/A	N/A	1,260	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	20.1	19.1	N/A	18.0	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,850	2,850	N/A	2,900	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	3.6	3.6	N/A	3.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	876	876	N/A	876	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$21.85	\$27.31	N/A	\$29.49	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$15.53	\$20.48	N/A	\$23.40	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$21.85	\$27.31	N/A	\$29.49	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$5.32	\$6.64	N/A	\$8.61	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$15.53	\$20.48	N/A	\$23.40	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$3.78	\$4.98	N/A	\$6.83	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{1.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. These standards cannot be met with halogen technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Security: CFL PAR38)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		20)22 ²		2023 ³	203	30 ³	204	10 ³	205	0^3
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	23.0	22.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	28.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1,300	1,300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	56.5	57.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	82	82	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	10.0	10.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	913	913	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$8.52	\$8.31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$6.55	\$6.39	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$8.52	\$8.31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.78	\$0.74	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$6.55	\$6.39	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.60	\$0.57	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. 2015 and 2020 data calculated based on 2009 installed stock data and the following assumptions: Efficacy +0.5%/y, Cost -0.5%/y (NCI, 2019)
- 2. Virtually all manufacturers have discontinued manufacturing of CFL reflector lamps in favor of LEDs. Distributor offerings for CFL reflectors have been eliminated.
- 3. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. Although these standards can be met with CFL technology, manufacturers have discontinued manufacturing CFL reflector lamps in favor of LEDs.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Security: LED PAR38)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023 ¹	203	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ²	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	19.2	15.5	17.0	16.4	17.0	22.0	29.9	14.0	14.6	12.3	12.7	10.9	11.3
Lamp Lumens	1,202	1,211	1,200	1,344	1,700	1,344	1,344	1,344	1,700	1,344	1,700	1,344	1,700
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	62.7	77.9	70.6	82.0	100.0	61.0	45.0	95.7	116.7	109.5	133.5	123.2	150.2
CRI	83	86	82	86	82	80	N/A	86	86	86	86	86	86
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	3,000	3,000	2,700	3,000	3,000	3,000	N/A	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	27	25	27	25	15	N/A	27	25	27	25	27	25
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	730	730	730	730	730	N/A	N/A	730	730	730	730	730	730
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$35.23	\$22.44	\$23.71	\$23.09	\$15.69	N/A	N/A	\$19.40	\$13.18	\$17.36	\$11.79	\$15.37	\$10.45
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$29.31	\$18.54	\$19.76	\$17.18	\$9.23	N/A	N/A	\$14.43	\$7.75	\$12.91	\$6.94	\$11.44	\$6.14
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$35.23	\$22.44	\$23.71	\$23.09	\$15.69	N/A	N/A	\$19.40	\$13.18	\$17.36	\$11.79	\$15.37	\$10.45
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$1.07	\$0.60	\$0.69	\$0.62	\$0.46	N/A	N/A	\$0.52	\$0.38	\$0.46	\$0.34	\$0.41	\$0.31
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$29.31	\$18.54	\$19.76	\$17.18	\$9.23	N/A	N/A	\$14.43	\$7.75	\$12.91	\$6.94	\$11.44	\$6.14
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.89	\$0.49	\$0.58	\$0.46	\$0.27	N/A	N/A	\$0.39	\$0.23	\$0.35	\$0.20	\$0.31	\$0.18

^{1.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. All LED lighting products exceed the new minimum efficacy standards.

^{2.} Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Porch: Incandescent A19)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30 ²	204	10 ²	205	50 ²
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	75.0	75.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	26.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1,170	1,170	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,170	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	15.6	15.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	0.8	0.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	511	511	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$0.44	\$0.44	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.38	\$0.38	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$0.44	\$0.44	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.30	\$0.30	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.38	\$0.38	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.26	\$0.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{1.} The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA 2007) prescribes standards for 75 wattincandescent lamps as of January 1, 2013. Despite the phase out of incandescent lamps, these products remain in the installed stock.

^{2.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. These standards cannot be met with incandescent technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Porch: Halogen A19)

	2015 ¹	2020 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30 ²	204	10 ²	205	50 ²
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	53.0	53.0	N/A	53.0	N/A	N/A	19.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1050	936	N/A	890	N/A	N/A	890	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	19.8	17.7	N/A	16.8	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,850	2,950	N/A	2,950	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	1.0	1.0	N/A	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	621	621	N/A	621	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$2.37	\$3.58	N/A	\$4.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.26	\$3.82	N/A	\$4.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Installation (hours)	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$2.37	\$3.58	N/A	\$4.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$1.47	\$2.22	N/A	\$2.52	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.26	\$3.82	N/A	\$4.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.40	\$2.37	N/A	\$2.83	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{1.} The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 prescribes standards for current 75 watt incandescent lamps as of January 1, 2013. Starting in 2013, 75 watt incandescent lamps were replaced by halogen lamps.

^{2.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. These standards cannot be met with existing halogen lamp technologies.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Porch: CFL Bare Spiral)

	2015	2020 ¹		202	22		2023 ³	203	60^4	204	10^{4}	205	50^4
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ²	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	18.6	14.6	20.0	18.8	18.0	13.8	26.0	13.9	12.8	13.2	12.2	12.5	11.6
Lamp Lumens	1,216	900	1,100	1,171	1,250	800	1,171	900	925	900	925	900	925
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	65.4	61.8	55.0	62.4	69.4	80.0	45.0	65.0	72.3	68.3	76.0	71.8	79.9
CRI	82	82	85	83	82	80	N/A	83	82	83	82	83	82
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	5,000	2,700	2,700	2,700	N/A	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	10.0	10.0	12.0	10.4	10.0	10.0	N/A	10.4	10.0	10.4	10.0	10.4	10.0
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	767	767	767	767	767	N/A	N/A	767	767	767	767	767	767
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$3.82	\$5.33	\$9.00	\$5.28	\$5.91	N/A	N/A	\$5.07	\$5.67	\$4.82	\$5.40	\$4.59	\$5.13
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$3.14	\$5.92	\$8.18	\$4.51	\$4.72	N/A	N/A	\$5.63	\$6.13	\$5.36	\$5.83	\$5.10	\$5.55
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$3.82	\$5.33	\$9.00	\$5.28	\$5.91	N/A	N/A	\$5.07	\$5.67	\$4.82	\$5.40	\$4.59	\$5.13
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.29	\$0.41	\$0.58	\$0.39	\$0.45	N/A	N/A	\$0.37	\$0.44	\$0.36	\$0.41	\$0.34	\$0.39
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$3.14	\$5.92	\$8.18	\$4.51	\$4.72	N/A	N/A	\$5.63	\$6.13	\$5.36	\$5.83	\$5.10	\$5.55
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.24	\$0.45	\$0.52	\$0.33	\$0.36	N/A	N/A	\$0.42	\$0.47	\$0.40	\$0.45	\$0.38	\$0.43

- 1. 2020 data back calculated based on 2022 data and the following assumptions: Efficacy +0.5%/y, Cost -0.5%/y (NCI, 2019)
- 2. Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)
- 3. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. CFL products exceed the new minimum efficacy standards.
- 4. The market for 75W equivalent bare spiral CFLs is very limited because almost all product lines are discontinued. This trend is expected to continue until no products are offered at this level by 2030.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Porch: LED A-Type)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023 ¹	203	30	204	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ²	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	12.9	11.8	13.5	11.9	11.0	13.6	24.4	9.9	9.1	7.7	7.1	6.7	6.2
Lamp Lumens	1,073	1,102	1,100	1,089	1,100	1,089	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	83.1	93.5	81.5	92.2	100.0	80	45.0	111.5	120.9	142.0	154.0	164.6	178.6
CRI	81	85	80	86	80	80	N/A	86	80	86	80	86	80
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	3,000	2,700	2,700	2,700	N/A	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	25	21	25	18	25	15	N/A	18	25	18	25	18	25
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	657	657	657	657	657	N/A	N/A	657	657	657	657	657	657
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$18.13	\$8.48	\$4.39	\$3.92	\$5.29	N/A	N/A	\$3.23	\$4.36	\$2.84	\$3.84	\$2.46	\$3.31
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$16.90	\$7.70	\$3.99	\$3.60	\$4.81	N/A	N/A	\$7.02	\$7.02	\$3.57	\$3.57	\$2.38	\$2.38
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$18.13	\$8.48	\$4.39	\$3.92	\$5.29	N/A	N/A	\$3.23	\$4.36	\$2.84	\$3.84	\$2.46	\$3.31
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$0.49	\$0.27	\$0.12	\$0.14	\$0.14	N/A	N/A	\$0.12	\$0.11	\$0.10	\$0.10	\$0.09	\$0.09
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$16.90	\$7.70	\$3.99	\$3.60	\$4.81	N/A	N/A	\$2.94	\$3.97	\$2.59	\$3.49	\$2.23	\$3.01
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.45	\$0.24	\$0.10	\$0.13	\$0.13	N/A	N/A	\$0.11	\$0.10	\$0.09	\$0.09	\$0.08	\$0.08

^{1.} In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. All LED lighting products exceed the new minimum efficacy standards.

^{2.} Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)

Commercial Lighting

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial General Service Lamps in Recessed Can Fixtures

This section characterizes commercial omnidirectional incandescent, halogen, CFL, and LED screw-based general service lamps emitting approximately 1,600 lumens (equivalent to a 100W incandescent lamp) used in recessed can fixtures. A recessed can is a directional fixture set into the ceiling, in which all of the light is directed downwards from the opening. Therefore, an omnidirectional lamp is not well suited for use in such fixtures because light that emits upwards and out of the sides must be reflected downwards and out of the fixture and some light is absorbed in the process. A fixture efficiency of 61% is used to characterize these lumen losses for all omnidirectional lamps. For all lamp technologies, an annual fixture renovation rate of 10% (i.e., 10-year fixture service life) is used to reflect the proportion of equipment that retires each year.

Performance:

- A majority of general service lamps have a nominal CCT rating of 2,700K and give off a warm, yellowish white color, but products with CCTs of 3,000K, 3,500K, 4,100K (neutral white), 5,000K (day light), and 6,500K (blueish white) are also available. Traditional incandescent light bulbs have a nominal CCT of about 2,700K. When replacing a light bulb, it is advised to chose a product with a similar CCT value in order to achieve the same look.
- Incandescent and halogen lamps have perfect color rendering with a CRI value of 100. However, CFL and LEDs products commonly fall between 70 and 90 CRI, with an average around 80. CRI values of 80 are considered suitable for general illumination. High CRI products are preferable for retail and display applications where improved color quality is of real value. Higher CRI is not expected to be a focus for future LED products except for these specific retail and display applications.

Cost:

- The total installed cost is the price of a lamp, ballast (if applicable), and fixture plus the cost for labor associated with the installation, except for in the case of LED replacement lamps which are sold only as a replacement for use in an existing fixture. There are integrated LED luminaires that are more efficient and cost effective for new installations or fixture retrofits. Many factors influence the price of LED lamps including CRI, lifetime, dimming capabilities, and efficacy. Therefore typical lamp prices in 2015 reflecting a mix of lamp characteristics and features were used as the basis for projections for both typical and high efficacy products in the future.
- Annual maintenance costs are the cost of labor for replacing the lamps and the cost of the replacement lamp itself. The frequency at which lamps are replaced is a function of lamp life and the annual operating hours for commercial general service lamps (DOESSL Program, 2012a).
- Commercial lighting disposal costs are estimated to be \$0.12 per linear foot of fluorescent lamps, \$1.50 per lamp for high intensity discharge (HID) lamps, and \$0.50 for CFLs (EPA, 2022).

Legislation:

- The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA 2007) established standards for 100W lamps effective in 2012. These standards cannot be achieved by incandescent bulbs, but they can be met by halogen, CFL, and LED technologies from 2012 to 2023.
- In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. This action also amended the definition of general service lamps to include previously exempted product classes, such as reflector lamps. These standards can not be achieved by traditional incandescent or halogen technologies currently on the market, and given current and projected trends in industry, they will likely not be met. It is currently assumed that industry will increase its investment in LED technology at the expense of incandescent, halogen, and CFL technologies. The rule will go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023.

ENERGY STAR:

• For ENERGY STAR qualification, general service omnidirectional lamps must have a minimum lamp efficacy of 70 lm/W for products with CRI ≥ 90 and 80 lm/W for lamps with CRI < 90. Additionally, the lamps must have a CRI ≥ 80 , nominal CCT of 2,700,3,000,3,500,4,000/4,100,5,000, or 6,000 K, and rated lifetime $\geq 10,000 \text{ hours}$ (ENERGY STAR).

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial General Service Lamps in Recessed Can Fixtures

Future Performance Improvements:

- Projections were provided for both typical and high performing products for 2030, 2040, and 2050. We assume manufacturers will focus would be on improving efficacy, lifetime, and price for products at constant CRI and CCT values.
- Due to continued R&D investment, competition from LED lighting products, and general market demand for cost-effective lighting, the performance and cost characteristics of conventional lighting technologies are expected to improve over the analysis period. However, the ability of these conventional technologies to react rapidly (in terms of performance improvement) to the emergence of a new light source such as LED lighting is relatively small because these are mature technologies (particularly incandescent and fluorescent) and established market competitors (Navigant, 2019).
- For LED technology, efficacy, lifetime, and price improvements were based on the model described in the Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019). For traditional technologies, the following future improvements were assumed to occur year over year through 2050.

Technology	Efficacy	Lifetime	Price	Potential for Improvements
Incandescent	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements.
Halogen	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements as of 2022
CFL	+0.5%	0%	-0.5%	Improvements in efficacy can be made by using more rare-earth phosphors in compact fluorescent lamps. Lifetime improvements can be made by improving the compact fluorescent lamp electrodes.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial General Service 100W Incandescent Lamp in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012 ¹	2018 ¹		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30^{2}	204	10 ²	205	50 ²
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	100.0	100.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	36.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1,620	1,620	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,620	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	16.2	16.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	100.0	100.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	36.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Lumens ³	988	988	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	988	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Efficacy (lm/W)	9.9	9.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	27.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,700	2,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	0.8	0.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,015	4,015	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$0.67	\$0.67	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$23.72	\$23.72	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.41	\$0.41	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$24.68	\$24.68	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.05	0.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$101.61	\$101.61	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$24.25	\$24.25	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$102.83	\$102.83	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$24.54	\$24.54	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA 2007) prescribes standards for 100 watt incandescent lamps as of January 1, 2012. Despite the phase out of incandescent lamps, these products remain in the installed stock.
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. These standards cannot be met with incandescent technologies. The rule will go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. Note: the 45 lm/W backstop applies to the lamp, not the calculated fixture efficacy.
- 3. Based on a fixture efficiency of 61% for an omnidirectional lamp installed in a recessed can fixture.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial General Service Halogen Lamp (100W Incandescent Equivalent) in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012 ¹	2018^{1}		202	22 ²		2023 ²	203	30^{2}	204	10 ²	205	50^{2}
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	72.0	72.0	N/A	72.0	N/A	N/A	33.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1,490	1,490	N/A	1,490	N/A	N/A	1,490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	20.7	20.7	N/A	20.7	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	72.0	72.0	N/A	72.0	N/A	N/A	33.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Lumens ³	909	909	N/A	909	N/A	N/A	909	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Efficacy (lm/W)	12.6	12.6	N/A	12.6	N/A	N/A	27.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,850	3,000	N/A	3,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	1.0	1.0	N/A	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,015	4,015	N/A	4,015	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$2.33	\$5.16	N/A	\$4.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$23.72	\$26.38	N/A	\$22.07	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.57	\$3.46	N/A	\$2.70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$28.67	\$34.71	N/A	\$28.71	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	N/A	\$66.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.0	1.0	N/A	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.05	0.05	N/A	0.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$103.28	\$108.77	N/A	\$92.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$24.87	\$36.23	N/A	\$29.39	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$113.63	\$119.67	N/A	\$101.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$27.36	\$39.86	N/A	\$32.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA 2007) prescribes standards for 100 watt incandescent lamps as of January 1, 2012. Starting in 2012, 100 watt incandescent lamps were replaced by halogen lamps.
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. These standards cannot be met with existing commercialized halogen lamp technologies. The rule will go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. Note: the 45 lm/W backstop applies to the lamp, not the calculated fixture efficacy.
- 3. Based on a fixture efficiency of 61% for an omnidirectional lamp installed in a recessed can fixture.

Additional note: No products are currently marketed specifically as 100W equivalent HIR general service lamps and no available data from manufacturers. It is assumed this market is the same as 100W equivalent halogen lamps.

49

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial General Service 100W Equivalent CFL Bare Spiral in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012	2018		202	2		2023 ²	203	30^{2}	204	10 ²	205	50^{2}
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ¹	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	24.7	24.6	25.0	24.6	26.0	26.0	37.6	23.6	25.0	22.5	23.8	21.4	22.6
Lamp Lumens	1,680	1,680	1,600	1,694	1,835	1,600	1,694	1,694	1,835	1,694	1,835	1,694	1,835
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	68.1	68.2	64.0	68.9	70.6	80.0	45.0	71.7	73.4	75.3	77.2	79.2	81.2
System Wattage	24.7	24.6	25.0	24.6	26.0	26.0	37.6	23.6	25.0	22.5	23.8	21.4	22.6
System Lumens ³	1,025	1,025	976	1,033	1,119	976	1,033	1,033	1,119	1,033	1,119	1,033	1,119
System Efficacy (lm/W)	41.6	41.6	39.0	42.0	43.1	37.5	27.5	43.7	44.8	46.0	47.1	48.3	49.5
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	82	82	82	82	82	82	N/A	82	82	82	82	82	82
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	3,000	3,000	2,700	3,000	5,000	3,000	N/A	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	N/A	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,745	4,745	4,745	4,745	4,745	N/A	N/A	4,745	4,745	4,745	4,745	4,745	4,745
Lamp Price (2022\$) ⁴	\$3.08	\$6.40	\$9.90	\$8.62	\$9.35	N/A	N/A	\$8.28	\$8.98	\$7.87	\$8.54	\$7.49	\$8.13
Ballast Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ⁴	\$23.72	\$26.38	\$22.07	\$22.07	\$22.07	N/A	N/A	\$21.20	\$21.20	\$20.17	\$20.17	\$19.18	\$19.18
Disposal Cost (2022\$)	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	N/A	N/A	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.84	\$3.81	\$6.19	\$5.09	\$5.10	N/A	N/A	\$4.89	\$4.90	\$4.65	\$4.66	\$4.42	\$4.43
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$26.15	\$31.98	\$32.76	\$29.70	\$28.07	N/A	N/A	\$28.53	\$26.97	\$27.13	\$25.65	\$25.81	\$24.39
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	N/A	N/A	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	N/A	N/A	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$104.03	\$110.01	\$97.97	\$96.69	\$97.42	N/A	N/A	\$95.48	\$96.18	\$94.04	\$94.71	\$92.67	\$93.31
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$3.53	\$5.11	\$6.50	\$5.89	\$6.24	N/A	N/A	\$5.73	\$6.07	\$5.54	\$5.86	\$5.36	\$5.66
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$101.48	\$107.32	\$100.38	\$93.57	\$87.03	N/A	N/A	\$92.40	\$85.93	\$91.00	\$84.61	\$89.68	\$83.36
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$3.45	\$4.98	\$6.66	\$5.70	\$5.57	N/A	N/A	\$5.55	\$5.42	\$5.36	\$5.23	\$5.18	\$5.06

- 1. Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. These standards can be met with existing CFL products. Note: the 45 lm/W backstop applies to the lamp, not the calculated fixture efficacy.
- 3. Based on a fixture efficiency of 61% for an omnidirectional lamp installed in a recessed can fixture.
- 4. Year-to-year price and performance assumptions 2022 2050: Efficacy +0.5%, Equipment Cost -0.5%

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial General Service 100W Equivalent LED Replacement Lamp in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012	2018	talled				2023 ²	20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ¹	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	26.7	14.5	16.0	14.8	13.0	20.0	34.8	12.2	10.8	9.6	8.4	8.3	7.3
Lamp Lumens	1,600	1,528	1,600	1,567	1,600	1,600	1,567	1,567	1,600	1,567	1,600	1,567	1,600
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	60.0	105.1	100.0	106.0	123.1	80.0	45.0	128.2	148.8	163.3	189.5	189.3	219.8
System Wattage	26.7	14.5	16.0	14.8	13.0	20.0	34.8	12.2	10.8	9.6	8.4	8.3	7.3
System Lumens ³	976	932	976	956	976	976	956	956	976	956	976	956	976
System Efficacy (lm/W)	36.6	64.1	61.0	64.7	75.1	48.8	27.5	78.2	90.8	99.6	115.6	115.5	134.1
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	80	80	90	84.8	84	80	N/A	84.8	84.8	84.8	84.8	84.8	84.8
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	3,000	3,000	2,700	2,700	5,000	N/A	N/A	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	22.0	17.9	25.0	16.9	25.0	15.0	N/A	16.9	25.0	16.9	25.0	16.9	25.0
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,928	4,928	4,928	4,928	4,928	N/A	N/A	4,928	4,928	4,928	4,928	4,928	4,928
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$47.45	\$11.28	\$5.62	\$7.04	\$3.39	N/A	N/A	\$5.81	\$2.80	\$5.11	\$2.46	\$4.41	\$2.12
Ballast Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$23.72	\$26.38	\$22.07	\$22.07	\$22.07	N/A	N/A	\$21.20	\$21.20	\$20.17	\$20.17	\$19.18	\$19.18
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$25.00	\$7.38	\$3.51	\$4.49	\$2.12	N/A	N/A	\$3.71	\$1.75	\$3.26	\$1.54	\$2.82	\$1.33
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$72.92	\$40.40	\$28.37	\$30.46	\$26.09	N/A	N/A	\$28.26	\$24.59	\$26.45	\$23.18	\$24.68	\$21.83
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	N/A	N/A	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	N/A	N/A	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$148.39	\$114.88	\$93.69	\$95.11	\$91.46	N/A	N/A	\$93.01	\$90.00	\$91.27	\$88.63	\$89.59	\$87.30
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$11.49	\$4.16	\$1.76	\$3.02	\$1.32	N/A	N/A	\$2.66	\$1.20	\$2.45	\$1.14	\$2.25	\$1.07
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$152.04	\$123.25	\$95.99	\$99.52	\$93.71	N/A	N/A	\$97.32	\$92.21	\$95.51	\$90.81	\$93.75	\$89.45
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$11.77	\$4.46	\$1.80	\$3.16	\$1.35	N/A	N/A	\$2.78	\$1.23	\$2.57	\$1.16	\$2.35	\$1.10

- 1. Criteria outlined in ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. All LED lighting products exceed the new minimum efficacy standards. Note: the 45 lm/W backstop applies to the lamp, not the calculated fixture efficacy.
- 3. Based on a fixture efficiency of 61% for an omnidirectional lamp installed in a recessed can fixture.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Reflector Lamps in Recessed Can Fixtures

This section characterizes commercial halogen, halogen infrared reflector (HIR), and LED screw-based reflector lamps emitting approximately 1400 lumens used in recessed can fixtures.

- HIR lamps contain a tungsten halogen capsule with a film coating on the inside of the capsule. The coating reflects infrared radiation back into the lamp filament, which forces the filament to burn at a higher temperature. This design increases the efficacy of the lamp, without reducing operating life.
- A recessed can is a directional fixture set into the ceiling, in which all of the light is directed downwards from the opening. Therefore, a reflector lamp, which employs reflective coating to direct light out in only one direction, is well suited for use in such fixtures. However, some light is not able to escape the fixture, and a fixture efficiency of 93% is used to characterize these minimal lumen losses. For all lamp technologies, an annual fixture renovation rate of 10% (i.e., 10-year fixture service life) is used to reflect the proportion of equipment that retires each year.

Performance:

- A majority of reflector lamps have a nominal CCT rating of 2,700K and give off a warm, yellowish white color, but products with CCTs of 3,000K, 3,500K, 4,100K (neutral white), 5,000K (daylight), and 6,500K (blueish white) are also available. Traditional incandescent light bulbs have a nominal CCT of about 2,700K. When replacing a light bulb, it is advised to chose a product with a similar CCT value in order to achieve the same look.
- Incandescent and halogen lamps have perfect color rendering with a CRI value of 100. However, CFL and LEDs products commonly fall between 70 and 90 CRI, with an average around 80. CRI values of 80 are considered suitable for general illumination. High CRI products are preferable for retail and display applications where improved color quality is of real value. Higher CRI is not expected to be a focus for future LED products except for these specific retail and display applications.

Cost:

- The total installed cost is the price of a lamp, ballast (if applicable), and fixture plus the cost for labor associated with the installation, except for in the case of LED replacement lamps which are sold only as a replacement for use in an existing fixture. Many factors influence the price of LED lamps including CRI, lifetime, dimming capabilities, and efficacy.
- Annual maintenance costs are the cost of labor for replacing the lamps and the cost of the replacement lamp itself. The frequency at which lamps are replaced is a function of lamp life and the annual operating hours for commercial reflector lamps (DOE SSL Program, 2012a).
- Commercial lighting disposal costs are estimated to be \$0.12 per linear foot of fluorescent lamps, \$1.50 per lamp for HID lamps, and \$0.50 for CFLs (EPA, 2022).

Legislation:

- EPAct92 established minimum performance standards for some reflector lamps and provided exemptions for certain specialty applications (e.g., ER/BR, vibration service, more than 5% neodymium oxide, impact resistant, infrared heat, colored). EPAct92 effectively phased-out R-shaped tungsten filament incandescent reflector lamps at certain wattages and bulb diameters, replacing them with more efficient and cost effective tungsten-halogen parabolic aluminized reflector (PAR) lamps. EISA2007 took away certain exemptions from EPACT 1992, requiring certain previously exempted lamps to meet EPAct92 minimum performance standards by January 1, 2008. In 2015, DOE issued a final rule that determined that amending the standards for incandescent reflector lamps could not be economically justified.
- In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. This action also amended the definition of general service lamps to include previously exempted product classes, such as reflector lamps. These standards can not be achieved by traditional incandescent or halogen technologies currently on the market, and given current and projected trends in industry, they will likely not be met. It is currently assumed that industry will increase its investment in LED technology at the expense of incandescent, halogen, and CFL technologies. The rule will go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Reflector Lamps in Recessed Can Fixtures

ENERGY STAR:

• For ENERGY STAR qualification, general service reflector lamps must have a minimum lamp efficacy of 61 lm/W for products with CRI ≥ 90 and 70 lm/W for lamps with CRI < 90. Additionally, the lamps must have a CRI ≥ 80, nominal CCT of 2,700, 3,000, 3,500, 4,000/4,100, 5,000, or 6,000 K, and rated lifetime ≥ 10,000 hours (ENERGY STAR).

Future Performance Improvements:

- Projections were provided for both typical and high performing products for 2030, 2040, and 2050. We assume manufacturers will focus would be on improving efficacy, lifetime, and price for products at constant CRI and CCT values.
- Due to continued R&D investment, competition from LED lighting products, and general market demand for cost-effective lighting, the performance and cost characteristics of conventional lighting technologies are expected to improve over the analysis period. However, the ability of these conventional technologies to react rapidly (in terms of performance improvement) to the emergence of a new light source such as LED lighting is relatively small because these are mature technologies (particularly incandescent and fluorescent) and established market competitors (Navigant, 2019).
- For LED technology, efficacy, lifetime, and price improvements were based on the model described in the Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019). For traditional technologies, the following future improvements were assumed to occur year over year through 2050.

Technology	Efficacy	Lifetime	Price	Potential for Improvements
Incandescent	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements.
Halogen	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature and the technology cannot meet legislative requirements as of 2022
CFL	+0.5%	0%	-0.5%	In addition to higher efficiency reflector coatings, improvements in efficacy can be made by using more rare-earth phosphors in compact fluorescent lamps. Lifetime improvements can be made by improving the compact fluorescent lamp electrodes.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Halogen Reflector Lamp (PAR38) in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012	2018		202	22		2023 ²	20 3	30 ²	204	10^{2}	205	50 ²
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	90.0	87.3	N/A	70.0	N/A	N/A	29.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1,323	1,323	N/A	1,308	N/A	N/A	1,308	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	14.7	15.1	N/A	18.7	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	90.0	87.3	N/A	70.0	N/A	N/A	29.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Lumens ¹	1,230	1,230	N/A	1,217	N/A	N/A	1,217	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Efficacy (lm/W)	13.7	14.1	N/A	17.4	N/A	N/A	41.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,850	2,850	N/A	2,850	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2.4	2.4	N/A	1.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,052	4,052	N/A	4,052	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$4.49	\$7.99	N/A	\$10.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$23.72	\$26.38	N/A	\$22.07	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$3.39	\$6.04	N/A	\$7.89	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$22.93	\$27.93	N/A	\$26.62	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	N/A	\$66.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.0	1.0	N/A	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.05	0.05	N/A	0.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$105.43	\$111.59	N/A	\$98.39	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$14.09	\$20.00	N/A	\$40.40	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$85.69	\$90.70	N/A	\$80.86	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$11.46	\$16.26	N/A	\$33.20	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. Based on a fixture efficiency of 93% for an directional reflector lamp installed in a recessed can fixture.
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. These standards cannot be met with existing commercialized halogen lamp technologies. The rule will go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Halogen Infrared Reflector Lamp (PAR38) in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012	2018		202	22		2023 ²	20 3	30^{2}	204	10^{2}	205	50^{2}
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	70.0	70.0	N/A	70.0	N/A	N/A	28.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	1,407	1,407	N/A	1,260	N/A	N/A	1,260	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	20.1	20.1	N/A	18.0	N/A	N/A	45.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	70.0	70.0	N/A	70.0	N/A	N/A	28.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Lumens ¹	1,309	1,309	N/A	1,172	N/A	N/A	1,172	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Efficacy (lm/W)	18.7	18.7	N/A	16.7	N/A	N/A	41.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	100	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,850	2,850	N/A	2,850	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	3.6	3.6	N/A	3.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,052	4,052	N/A	4,052	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$18.58	\$25.12	N/A	\$29.49	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$23.72	\$26.38	N/A	\$22.07	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$13.20	\$17.86	N/A	\$23.40	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$32.33	\$39.36	N/A	\$44.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	N/A	\$66.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.0	1.0	N/A	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.05	0.05	N/A	0.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$119.52	\$128.73	N/A	\$117.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$25.25	\$32.62	N/A	\$44.28	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$91.34	\$98.38	N/A	\$100.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$19.30	\$24.93	N/A	\$37.79	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1. Based on a fixture efficiency of 93% for an directional reflector lamp installed in a recessed can fixture.
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. These standards cannot be met with existing commercialized halogen lamp technologies. The rule will go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial LED Reflector Lighting (PAR38)

	2012	2018		20	22		2023 ²	20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ³	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	17.2	16.6	17.0	16.4	17.0	22.0	29.9	14.0	14.6	12.3	12.7	10.9	11.3
Lamp Lumens	1,045	1,210	1,200	1,344	1,700	1,344	1,344	1,344	1,700	1,344	1,700	1,344	1,700
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	60.9	73.0	70.6	82.0	100.0	61.0	45.0	95.7	116.7	109.5	133.5	123.2	150.2
System Wattage	17.2	16.6	17.0	16.4	17.0	22.0	29.9	14.0	14.6	12.3	12.7	10.9	11.3
System Lumens ¹	972	1,125	1,116	1,250	1,581	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,581	1,250	1,581	1,250	1,581
System Efficacy (lm/W)	56.6	67.9	65.6	76.1	93.0	56.7	41.9	89.0	108.6	101.9	124.2	114.6	139.7
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	83	83	82	86	82	80	N/A	86	82	86	82	86	82
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	3,000	3,000	2,700	3,000	3,000	3,000	N/A	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	22	15	25	28	25	25	N/A	28	25	28	25	28	25
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,928	4,928	4,928	4,928	4,928	N/A	N/A	4,928	4,928	4,928	4,928	4,928	4,928
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$61.98	\$28.10	\$23.71	\$23.09	\$15.69	N/A	N/A	\$19.40	\$13.18	\$17.36	\$11.79	\$15.37	\$10.45
Ballast Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$23.72	\$26.38	\$22.07	\$22.07	\$22.07	N/A	N/A	\$21.20	\$21.20	\$20.17	\$20.17	\$19.18	\$19.18
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$59.31	\$23.23	\$19.76	\$17.18	\$9.23	N/A	N/A	\$14.43	\$7.75	\$12.91	\$6.94	\$11.44	\$6.14
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$88.18	\$48.42	\$41.02	\$36.13	\$23.88	N/A	N/A	\$32.48	\$21.75	\$30.02	\$20.22	\$27.64	\$18.74
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	N/A	N/A	\$91.40	\$91.40	\$91.40	\$91.40	\$91.40	\$91.40
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	N/A	N/A	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$162.93	\$131.71	\$111.78	\$111.16	\$103.76	N/A	N/A	\$132.00	\$125.78	\$128.92	\$123.36	\$125.95	\$121.02
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$14.75	\$10.50	\$5.32	\$4.64	\$3.74	N/A	N/A	\$4.22	\$3.50	\$3.86	\$3.23	\$3.51	\$2.96
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$167.64	\$117.04	\$100.16	\$88.92	\$65.63	N/A	N/A	\$105.59	\$79.56	\$103.13	\$78.02	\$100.75	\$76.55
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$15.17	\$9.33	\$4.77	\$3.72	\$2.37	N/A	N/A	\$3.37	\$2.21	\$3.09	\$2.04	\$2.81	\$1.87

- 1. Based on a fixture efficiency of 93% for an omnidirectional lamp installed in a recessed can fixture.
- 2. In April 2022, DOE codified into the Code of Federal Regulations the 45 lm/W backstop requirement for general service lamps that Congress prescribed in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. The new minimum efficacy requirements go into effect for manufacture and import in January 2023 and for retail and distribution in July 2023. This Final Rule also amended the definition of GSLs to include previously exempted product classes, including reflector lamps. All LED lighting products exceed the new minimum efficacy standards.
- 3. Criteria outlined in ÉNERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs): Eligibility Criteria Version 2.1 (Published June, 2017, Revised June 2020)

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 4-foot Linear 2-Lamp Lighting Systems

This section characterizes commercial linear fixtures that house two 4ft long linear lamps and their integrated luminaire equivalents. The technologies available for this system are linear fluorescent and LED.

- Linear fluorescent options are T5, T8, and T12 lamps. T5 lamps are approximately 40% narrower than T8 lamps and almost 60% narrower than T12 lamps. This narrowness allows T5 lamps to be coated with higher quality, more efficient phosphor blends than larger diameter lamps, resulting in a more efficacious lamp. The compact size of T5 lamps also permits greater flexibility in lighting design and construction.
- LED options for linear fixtures include replacement lamps that can fit directly into an existing fixture and fully integrated luminaires that can be used to replace existing fixtures. LED replacement lamps are also known as TLEDs. Type A TLEDs can be installed with existing ballasts and Type B and C TLEDs require the ballast to be disconnected. Replacement lamps are only sold to go into existing fixtures. If a new fixture is to be installed, a fully integrated LED luminaire is a more cost effective and efficient option. Because LED luminaires are fully integrated, they do not have lamp or fixture efficiency losses associated with ballasts and fixture optics. For all lamp technologies, an annual fixture renovation rate of 10% (i.e., 10-year fixture service life) is used to reflect the proportion of equipment that retires each year.

Performance:

- Linear lamps often have a nominal CCT rating of 3,500K, but products with CCTs of 3,000K, 4,000K, and 4,100K (neutral white) are also common. 5,000K (daylight) lamps are available as well. When replacing a light bulb, it is important to choose a product with a similar CCT value to achieve the same look.
- Incandescent and halogen lamps have perfect color rendering with a CRI value of 100, but for CFL and LEDs products commonly fall between 70 and 90 CRI, with an average around 80. CRI values of 80 are considered suitable for general illumination, with high CRI products being preferable for retail and display applications where improved color quality is of real value. Higher CRI is not expected to be a focus for future LED products except for these very specific retail and display applications.

Cost:

- The total installed cost is the price of 2 lamps, ballast (if applicable), and fixture plus the cost for labor associated with the installation, except for in the case of LED replacement lamps, which are sold only as a replacement for use in an existing fixture. There are integrated LED luminaires that are more efficient and cost effective for new installations or fixture retrofits. Many factors influence the price of LED lamps including CRI, lifetime, dimming capabilities, and efficacy. Therefore typical lamp prices in 2022 reflecting a mix of lamp characteristics and features were used as the basis for projections for both typical and high efficacy products in the future.
- Annual maintenance costs are the cost of labor for replacing the lamps and the cost of the replacement lamp itself. The frequency at which lamps are replaced is a function of lamp life and the annual operating hours of 4055 hours/year for commercial 4ft linear systems (DOE SSL Program, 2012a).
- Commercial lighting disposal costs are estimated to be \$0.12 per linear foot of fluorescent lamps, \$1.50 per lamp for HID lamps, and \$0.50 for CFLs (EPA, 2022).

Legislation:

- Beginning July 14, 2012 (or July 14, 2014, for T8 700-series phosphor lamps), DOE fluorescent lamp standards required a minimum efficacy of 89 lm/W. Although the amended performance-based standards do not explicitly prohibit T12 lamps, no T12 lamps meet the standard at the time of its announcement. Since then, however, T12 lamps meeting the standard have entered the market.
- California's Title 24 mandates the use of electronic ballasts with high efficacy luminaires (including fluorescent) of 13 W or higher (CEC, 2005).

ENERGY STAR:

• ENERGY STAR does not cover commercial linear luminaires (ENERGY STAR, 2020).

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 4-foot Linear 2-Lamp Lighting Systems

Future Performance Improvements:

- Projections were provided for both typical and high performing products for 2030, 2040, and 2050. We assume manufacturers will focus on improving efficacy, lifetime, and price for products at constant CRI and CCT values.
- Due to continued R&D investment, competition from LED lighting products, and general market demand for cost-effective lighting, the performance and cost characteristics of conventional lighting technologies are expected to improve over the analysis period. However, the ability of these conventional technologies to react rapidly (in terms of performance improvement) to the emergence of a new light source such as LED lighting is relatively small because these are mature technologies (particularly incandescent and fluorescent) and established market competitors (Navigant, 2019).
- For LED technology, efficacy, lifetime, and price improvements were based on the model described in the Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019). For traditional technologies, the following future improvements were assumed to occur year over year through 2050.

Technology	Efficacy	Lifetime	Price	Potential for Improvements
T8 F32 Commodity	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.
T8 F32 High Efficiency/High Output	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.
T5 F28	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 4-ft T8 F32 Commodity in 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average ¹	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0
Lamp Lumens	2,725	2,855	2,450	2,855	3,100	2,855	3,100	2,855	3,100	2,855	3,100
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	85.2	89.0	76.6	89.2	96.9	89.2	96.9	89.2	96.9	89.2	96.9
System Wattage	61.8	62.5	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1
System Lumens	4,796	5,082	4,361	5,082	5,518	5,082	5,518	5,082	5,518	5,082	5,518
System Efficacy (lm/W)	77.7	81.4	69.1	80.6	87.5	80.6	87.5	80.6	87.5	80.6	87.5
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	91%	91%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
CRI	83	87	90	87	85	87	85	87	85	87	85
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	4,100	5,000	4,100	3,500	4,100	3,500	4,100	3,500	4,100	3,500
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	31	23	31	40	31	40	31	40	31	40
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,055	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$7.81	\$5.02	\$3.36	\$4.08	\$4.32	\$3.92	\$4.15	\$3.73	\$3.95	\$3.55	\$3.75
Ballast Price (2022\$) ²	\$19.56	\$19.40	N/A								
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$29.67	\$77.61	\$75.53	\$75.53	\$75.53	\$72.56	\$72.56	\$69.01	\$69.01	\$65.64	\$65.64
Disposal Costs (2022\$)	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.86	\$1.76	\$1.37	\$1.43	\$1.39	\$1.37	\$1.34	\$1.31	\$1.27	\$1.24	\$1.21
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$13.52	\$21.07	\$33.57	\$29.31	\$27.15	\$15.91	\$14.65	\$15.05	\$13.94	\$14.31	\$13.26
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$103.45	\$145.67	\$179.41	\$181.97	\$182.82	\$113.86	\$113.86	\$109.47	\$109.91	\$105.73	\$106.15
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$7.89	\$3.88	\$4.24	\$3.28	\$2.58	\$3.25	\$2.55	\$3.21	\$2.52	\$3.18	\$2.49
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$21.57	\$28.66	\$41.14	\$35.81	\$33.13	\$22.41	\$20.63	\$21.54	\$19.92	\$20.81	\$19.24
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.65	\$0.76	\$0.97	\$0.65	\$0.47	\$0.64	\$0.46	\$0.63	\$0.46	\$0.63	\$0.45

^{1.} Data and assumptions taken from the 2018 SSL Forecast. The report states that efficacy improvements for T8 lamps are not expected in the future and that cost for all commercial fixtures is expected to decrease between 0.1%-0.6% per year. We use 0.5% per year here.

^{2.} From 2020 to 2050, fixture (and fixture price) includes ballast.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 4-ft T8 F28 High-efficiency and High-output in 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average ²	Typical	Typical	Ty pical	Typical
Lamp Wattage	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
Lamp Lumens	2,560	2,682	2,682	2,682	2,682	2,682
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	91	96	96	96	96	96
System Wattage	55.4	55.4	55.4	55.4	55.4	55.4
System Lumens	4,557	4,774	4,774	4,774	4,774	4,774
System Efficacy (lm/W)	82	86	86	86	86	86
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
CRI	85	84	84	84	84	84
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	48	48	48	48	48
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,055	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$11.17	\$5.40	\$5.29	\$5.08	\$4.84	\$4.60
Ballast Price (2022\$) ³	\$19.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$35.20	\$77.05	\$75.53	\$72.56	\$69.01	\$65.64
Disposal Costs (2022\$)	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$4.36	\$2.01	\$1.97	\$1.90	\$1.80	\$1.71
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$30.12	\$32.75	\$32.11	\$30.85	\$29.34	\$27.90
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$104.54	\$121.06	\$113.82	\$110.64	\$106.85	\$103.24
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$9.03	\$2.54	\$2.26	\$2.23	\$2.20	\$2.17
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$22.94	\$25.36	\$23.84	\$23.18	\$22.38	\$21.63
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.98	\$0.53	\$0.47	\$0.47	\$0.46	\$0.46

- 1. Only a typical dataset because provided as these lamps all have similar efficacies.
- 2. Data and assumptions taken from the 2018 SSL Forecast. The report states that efficacy improvements for T8 lamps are not expected in the future and that cost for all commercial fixtures is expected to decrease between 0.1%-0.6% per year. We use 0.5% per year here.
- 3. From 2018 to 2050, fixture (and fixture price) includes ballast.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 4-ft T5 F28 in 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	28.0	27.7	28.0	27.5	26.0	27.5	26.0	27.5	26.0	27.5	26.0
Lamp Lumens	2,697	2,732	2,530	2,732	2,900	2,732	2,900	2,732	2,900	2,732	2,900
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	96.3	98.5	90.4	99.3	111.5	99.3	111.5	99.3	111.5	99.3	111.5
System Wattage	62.9	62.3	62.9	61.7	58.4	61.7	58.4	61.7	58.4	61.7	58.4
System Lumens	5,394	5,464	5,060	5,464	5,800	5,464	5,800	5,464	5,800	5,464	5,800
System Efficacy (lm/W)	85.8	87.8	80.5	88.5	99.4	88.5	99.4	88.5	99.4	88.5	99.4
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%
CRI	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	3,500	5,000	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	30	29	36	29	30	29	30	29	30	29	30
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,055	3,176	3,176	3,176	3,176	3,176	3,176	3,176	3,176	3,176	3,176
Lamp Price (2022\$) ¹	\$6.54	\$6.96	\$13.76	\$9.45	\$21.28	\$9.08	\$20.44	\$8.63	\$19.44	\$8.21	\$18.49
Ballast Price (2022\$) ²	\$31.94	\$22.83	N/A								
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$111.59	\$83.32	\$170.87	\$170.87	\$170.87	\$164.15	\$164.15	\$156.13	\$156.13	\$148.50	\$148.50
Disposal Costs (2022\$)	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.42	\$2.55	\$5.44	\$3.46	\$7.34	\$3.32	\$7.05	\$3.16	\$6.70	\$3.01	\$6.38
System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$29.03	\$21.97	\$39.21	\$34.73	\$36.80	\$37.53	\$35.35	\$31.73	\$33.62	\$30.18	\$31.98
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$195.22	\$158.68	\$231.39	\$222.77	\$246.43	\$238.04	\$238.04	\$206.40	\$228.02	\$197.92	\$218.48
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$5.97	\$4.93	\$4.78	\$4.99	\$7.33	\$4.91	\$7.15	\$4.81	\$6.94	\$4.72	\$6.74
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$36.19	\$29.04	\$45.73	\$40.77	\$42.49	\$43.57	\$41.04	\$37.77	\$39.31	\$36.22	\$37.67
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.11	\$0.90	\$0.94	\$0.91	\$1.26	\$0.90	\$1.23	\$0.88	\$1.20	\$0.86	\$1.16

- Year-to-year price and performance assumptions for incumbent technologies 2030–2050: Efficacy +0 %/y, Life +0 %/y, Cost -0.5 %/y (SSL Forecast 2018).
 From 2020 to 2050, fixture (and fixture price) includes ballast.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 4-ft Linear LED Replacement Lamp in 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		20	30	204	40	205	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	20.8	17.0	16.0	13.7	11.0	11.6	9.3	10.0	8.0	8.8	7.2
Lamp Lumens	2,091	2,003	1,800	1,920	1,800	1,920	1,800	1,920	1,800	1,920	1,800
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	100.5	117.8	112.5	140.1	163.6	166.2	194.1	192.2	224.4	218.0	250.0
System Wattage	41.6	34.0	32.0	27.4	22.0	23.1	18.6	20.0	16.0	17.6	14.4
System Lumens	3,555	3,565	3,456	3,686	3,456	3,686	3,456	3,686	3,456	3,686	3,456
System Efficacy (lm/W)	85.4	104.9	108.0	134.5	157.1	159.6	186.3	184.5	215.4	209.3	240.0
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	86	81	82	81	80	81	80	81	80	81	80
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	4,020	4,100	4,100	5,000	4,100	5,000	4,100	5,000	4,100	5,000
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	50	54	50	54	50	54	50	54	50	54	50
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,055	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$278.36	\$35.06	\$14.63	\$11.11	\$4.28	\$9.88	\$3.81	\$9.66	\$3.72	\$9.44	\$3.64
Ballast Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$133.10	\$17.50	\$8.13	\$5.79	\$2.38	\$5.15	\$2.11	\$5.03	\$2.07	\$4.92	\$2.02
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$587.35	\$70.12	\$29.26	\$22.22	\$8.56	\$19.76	\$7.61	\$19.31	\$7.44	\$18.89	\$7.28
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$47.64	\$6.61	\$3.93	\$3.17	\$2.46	\$3.01	\$2.39	\$2.98	\$2.38	\$2.95	\$2.37
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$165.20	\$19.67	\$8.47	\$6.03	\$2.48	\$5.36	\$2.20	\$5.24	\$2.15	\$5.12	\$2.11
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$13.40	\$1.85	\$1.14	\$0.86	\$0.71	\$0.82	\$0.69	\$0.81	\$0.69	\$0.80	\$0.69

^{1.} N/A because a fixture and an LED replacement lamp would not be purchased separately for a new installation or retrofit when there are integrated LED luminaires that are more efficient and cost effective. These lamps are sold only as replacements to go into existing fixtures.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 4-ft Linear LED Luminaire to Replace 2-Lamp Systems

	2012	2018		2022		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	51.5	50.0	49.0	44.0	35.0	35.6	28.3	29.9	23.8	25.8	20.5
System Lumens	4,818	4,673	5,024	5,302	4,800	5,302	4,800	5,302	4,800	5,302	4,800
System Efficacy (lm/W)	93.6	93.5	102.5	120.5	137.1	148.8	169.3	177.2	201.7	205.5	233.9
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	84	79	80	79	80	79	80	79	80	79	80
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	3,500	3,650	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500
Average Lifetime (thousand hours)	67	53	54	53	50	53	50	53	50	53	50
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,055	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431
Lamp or Luminaire Price (2022\$)	\$723.96	\$188.00	\$144.85	\$152.54	\$207.80	\$127.58	\$173.80	\$118.37	\$161.25	\$109.57	\$149.27
Ballast Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$150.25	\$40.23	\$57.66	\$57.54	\$86.58	\$24.06	\$36.21	\$22.33	\$33.59	\$20.67	\$31.10
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$762.57	\$226.61	\$322.70	\$338.08	\$448.60	\$160.58	\$206.80	\$151.37	\$194.25	\$142.57	\$182.27
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$46.16	\$14.67	\$11.30	\$12.01	\$16.52	\$10.40	\$14.19	\$9.80	\$13.33	\$9.23	\$12.51
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$158.27	\$48.49	\$64.23	\$63.76	\$93.46	\$30.29	\$43.08	\$28.55	\$40.47	\$26.89	\$37.97
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$9.58	\$3.14	\$2.25	\$2.27	\$3.44	\$1.96	\$2.96	\$1.85	\$2.78	\$1.74	\$2.61

 $^{1.\,}N/A\,\,because\,the\,lamp\,and\,fix ture\,are\,both\,included\,in\,\,the\,luminaire.$

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 4-ft T8 F28 High-efficiency and High-output in 2-Lamp System with Occupancy Sensor

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average ²	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical
Lamp Wattage	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
Lamp Lumens	2,560	2,682	2,682	2,682	2,682	2,682
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	91	96	96	96	96	96
System Wattage	50.3	55.4	55.4	55.4	55.4	55.4
System Lumens	4,506	4,774	4,774	4,774	4,774	4,774
System Efficacy (lm/W)	90	86	86	86	86	86
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
CRI	85	84	84	84	84	84
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	48	48	48	48	48
Annual Operating Hours (h/y) ³	4,055	2,920	1,869	1,869	1,869	1,869
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$11.17	\$5.40	\$5.29	\$5.08	\$4.84	\$4.60
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$19.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$35.20	\$77.05	\$75.53	\$72.56	\$69.01	\$65.64
Occupancy Sensor Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	\$161.34	\$161.34	\$161.34	\$161.34
Disposal Costs (2022\$)	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$4.36	\$2.01	\$1.97	\$1.90	\$1.80	\$1.71
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$30.12	\$32.75	\$92.26	\$91.00	\$89.49	\$88.06
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$104.54	\$121.06	\$275.16	\$271.98	\$268.19	\$264.58
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$9.03	\$2.54	\$1.44	\$1.43	\$1.41	\$1.39
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$23.20	\$25.36	\$57.64	\$56.97	\$56.18	\$55.42
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.00	\$0.53	\$0.30	\$0.30	\$0.30	\$0.29

- 1. Only a typical dataset is provided because these lamps all have similar efficacies.
- 2. Data and assumptions taken from the 2018 SSL Forecast. The report states that efficacy improvements for T8 lamps are not expected in the future and that cost for all commercial fixtures is expected to decrease between 0.1%-0.6% per year. We use 0.5% per year here.
- 3. Assumes occupancy sensor reduces hours of use by 36% (NCI, 2019)

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 4-ft T8 F28 High-efficiency and High-output in 2-Lamp System with Specular Reflector

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average ²	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical
Lamp Wattage	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
Lamp Lumens	2,560	2,682	2,682	2,682	2,682	2,682
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	91.4	95.8	95.8	95.8	95.8	95.8
System Wattage	55.4	55.4	55.4	55.4	55.4	55.4
System Lumens ³	4,506	4,774	5,347	5,347	5,347	5,347
System Efficacy (lm/W)	81	86	97	97	97	97
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
CRI	85	84	84	84	84	84
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	48	48	48	48	48
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	2,920	4,055	4,055	4,055	4,055	4,055
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$11.17	\$5.40	\$5.29	\$5.08	\$4.84	\$4.60
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$19.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$35.20	\$77.05	\$75.53	\$72.56	\$69.01	\$65.64
Reflector Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	\$44.53	\$44.53	\$44.53	\$44.53
Disposal Costs (2022\$)	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$4.36	\$2.01	\$1.97	\$1.90	\$1.80	\$1.71
System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$30.12	\$32.75	\$48.71	\$47.45	\$45.94	\$44.51
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$104.54	\$121.06	\$158.35	\$155.17	\$151.38	\$147.77
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$6.50	\$3.53	\$3.13	\$3.10	\$3.06	\$3.02
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$23.20	\$25.36	\$29.62	\$29.02	\$28.31	\$27.64
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.44	\$0.74	\$0.59	\$0.58	\$0.57	\$0.56

- 1. Only a typical dataset is provided because these lamps all have similar efficacies.
- 2. Data and assumptions taken from the 2018 SSL Forecast. The report states that efficacy improvements for T8 lamps are not expected in the future and that cost for all commercial fixtures is expected to decrease between 0.1%-0.6% per year. We use 0.5% per year here.
- 3. Specular reflector is expected to add 12% luminaire efficiency (LRC, 1992).

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 4-ft T8 F28 High-efficiency and High-output in 2-Lamp System with Occupancy Sensor and Specular Reflector

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average ²	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical
Lamp Wattage	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
Lamp Lumens	2,560	2,682	2,682	2,682	2,682	2,682
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	91.4	95.8	95.8	95.8	95.8	95.8
System Wattage	50.3	55.4	55.4	55.4	55.4	55.4
System Lumens ³	4,506	4,774	5,347	5,347	5,347	5,347
System Efficacy (lm/W)	89.6	86.2	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
CRI	85	84	84	84	84	84
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	48	48	48	48	48
Annual Operating Hours (h/y) ³	4,055	2,920	1,869	1,869	1,869	1,869
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$11.17	\$5.40	\$5.29	\$5.08	\$4.84	\$4.60
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$19.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$35.20	\$77.05	\$75.53	\$72.56	\$69.01	\$65.64
Reflector Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	\$44.53	\$44.53	\$44.53	\$44.53
Occupancy Sensor Price (2022\$)	N/A	N/A	\$161.34	\$161.34	\$161.34	\$161.34
Disposal Costs (2022\$)	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$4.36	\$2.01	\$1.97	\$1.90	\$1.80	\$1.71
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$30.12	\$32.75	\$108.87	\$107.61	\$106.10	\$104.66
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$104.54	\$121.06	\$319.69	\$316.51	\$312.72	\$309.11
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$9.03	\$2.54	\$1.44	\$1.43	\$1.41	\$1.39
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$23.20	\$25.36	\$59.79	\$59.20	\$58.49	\$57.81
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.00	\$0.53	\$0.27	\$0.27	\$0.26	\$0.26

- 1. Only a typical dataset is provided because these lamps all have similar efficacies.
- 2. Data and assumptions taken from the 2018 SSL Forecast. The report states that efficacy improvements for T8 lamps are not expected in the future and that cost for all commercial fixtures is expected to decrease between 0.1%-0.6% per year. We use 0.5% per year here.
- 3. Assumes occupancy sensor reduces hours of use by 36% (NCI, 2019). Specular reflector is expected to add 12% luminaire efficiency (LRC, 1992).

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 8-foot Linear 2-Lamp Lighting Systems

This section characterizes commercial linear fixtures that house two 8ft long linear lamps and their integrated luminaire equivalents. The technologies available for this system are linear fluorescent and LED.

- Linear fluorescent options are T5, T8, and T12 lamps. T5 lamps are approximately 40% narrower than T8 lamps and almost 60% narrower than T12 lamps. This narrowness allows T5 lamps to be coated with higher quality, more efficient phosphor blends than larger diameter lamps, resulting in a more efficacious lamp. The compact size of T5 lamps also permits greater flexibility in lighting design and construction.
- LED options for linear fixtures include replacement lamps that can fit directly into an existing fixture and fully integrated luminaires that can be used to replace existing fixtures. LED replacement lamps are also known as TLEDs. Type A TLEDs can be installed with existing ballasts and Type B and C TLEDs require the ballast to be disconnected. Replacement lamps are only sold to go into existing fixtures. If a new fixture is to be installed, a fully integrated LED luminaire is a more cost effective and efficient option. Because LED luminaires are fully integrated, they do not have lamp or fixture efficiency losses associated with ballasts and fixture optics. For all lamp technologies, an annual fixture renovation rate of 10% (i.e., 10-year fixture service life) is used to reflect the proportion of equipment that retires each year.

Performance:

- Linear lamps often have a nominal CCT rating of 3,500K, but products with CCTs of 3,000K, 4,000K, and 4,100K (neutral white) are also common. 5,000K (daylight) lamps are available as well. When replacing a light bulb, it is important to choose a product with a similar CCT value to achieve the same look.
- Incandescent and halogen lamps have perfect color rendering with a CRI value of 100, but for CFL and LEDs products commonly fall between 70 and 90 CRI, with an average around 80. CRI values of 80 are considered suitable for general illumination, with high CRI products being preferable for retail and display applications where improved color quality is of real value. Higher CRI is not expected to be a focus for future LED products except for these very specific retail and display applications.

Cost:

- The total installed cost is the price of 2 lamps, ballast (if applicable), and fixture plus the cost for labor associated with the installation, except for in the case of LED replacement lamps which are sold only as a replacement for use in an existing fixture. There are integrated LED luminaires that are more efficient and cost effective for new installations or fixture retrofits. Many factors influence the price of LED lamps including CRI, lifetime, dimming capabilities, and efficacy. Therefore typical lamp prices in 2022 reflecting a mix of lamp characteristics and features were used as the basis for projections for both typical and high efficacy products in the future.
- Annual maintenance costs are the cost of labor for replacing the lamps and the cost of the replacement lamp itself. The frequency at which lamps are replaced is a function of lamp life and the annual operating hours of 4147 hours/year for commercial 8ft linear systems (DOE SSL Program, 2012a).
- Commercial lighting disposal costs are estimated to be \$0.12 per linear foot of fluorescent lamps, \$1.50 per lamp for HID lamps, and \$0.50 for CFLs (EPA, 2022).

Legislation:

- Beginning July 14, 2012 (or July 14, 2014, for T8 700-series phosphor lamps), DOE fluorescent lamp standards required a minimum efficacy of 89 lm/W. Although the amended performance-based standards do not explicitly prohibit T12 lamps, no T12 lamps meet the standard at the time of its announcement. Since then, however, T12 lamps meeting the standard have entered the market.
- California's Title 24 mandates the use of electronic ballasts with high efficacy luminaires (including fluorescent) of 13 W or higher (CEC, 2005).

ENERGY STAR:

• ENERGY STAR does not cover commercial linear luminaires (ENERGY STAR, 2020).

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 8-foot Linear 2-Lamp Lighting Systems

Future Performance Improvements:

- Projections were provided for both typical and high performing products for 2030, 2040, and 2050. We assume the manufacturers will focus on improving efficacy, lifetime, and price for products at constant CRI and CCT values.
- Due to continued R&D investment, competition from LED lighting products, and general market demand for cost-effective lighting, the performance and cost characteristics of conventional lighting technologies are expected to improve over the analysis period. However, the ability of these conventional technologies to react rapidly (in terms of performance improvement) to the emergence of a new light source such as LED lighting is relatively small because these are mature technologies (particularly incandescent and fluorescent) and established market competitors (Navigant, 2019).
- For LED technology, efficacy, lifetime, and price improvements were based on the model described in the Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019). For traditional technologies, the following future improvements were assumed to occur year over year through 2050:

Technology	Efficacy	Lifetime	Price	Potential for Improvements
T8 F59 Typical Efficiency	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.
T8 F59 High Efficiency	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.
T8 F96 High Output	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 8-ft T8 F59 Typical Efficiency in a 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		2030		2040		2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0
Lamp Lumens	5,430	5,788	5,900	5,905	5,950	5,905	5,950	5,905	5,950	5,905	5,950
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	92.0	98.1	100.0	100.1	100.8	100.1	100.8	100.1	100.8	100.1	100.8
System Wattage	106.8	111.6	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9
System Lumens	9,448	10,071	10,384	10,393	10,472	10,393	10,472	10,393	10,472	10,393	10,472
System Efficacy (lm/W)	88.5	90.3	92.0	92.1	92.8	92.1	92.8	92.1	92.8	92.1	92.8
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%
CRI	82	84	85	84	85	84	85	84	85	84	85
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	4,100	3,500	4,100	3,500	4,100	3,500	4,100	3,500	4,100	3,500
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	21	24	21	24	21	24	21	24	21	24
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,147	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$14.70	\$21.80	\$23.58	\$21.37	\$22.84	\$20.53	\$21.94	\$19.53	\$20.87	\$18.57	\$19.85
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$23.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ¹	\$27.20	\$117.38	\$115.06	\$115.06	\$115.06	\$110.54	\$110.54	\$105.13	\$105.13	\$99.99	\$99.99
Disposal Costs (2022\$)	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.28	\$3.77	\$4.00	\$3.62	\$3.84	\$3.48	\$3.69	\$3.31	\$3.51	\$3.15	\$3.34
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$12.40	\$15.99	\$15.62	\$15.18	\$15.35	\$14.59	\$14.75	\$13.87	\$14.03	\$13.20	\$13.34
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$114.60	\$238.20	\$247.36	\$242.94	\$245.88	\$236.74	\$239.56	\$229.33	\$232.01	\$222.28	\$224.83
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$8.98	\$9.66	\$8.51	\$9.08	\$8.32	\$8.83	\$8.09	\$8.54	\$7.82	\$8.26	\$7.55
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$12.13	\$23.65	\$23.82	\$23.38	\$23.48	\$22.78	\$22.88	\$22.07	\$22.16	\$21.39	\$21.47
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.95	\$0.96	\$0.82	\$0.87	\$0.79	\$0.85	\$0.77	\$0.82	\$0.75	\$0.79	\$0.72

^{1.} From 2018 to 2050, fixture (and fixture price) includes ballast.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 8-ft T8 F96 High-Output in a 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		20	30	2040		2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0
Lamp Lumens	7600	8134	7710	8134	8200	8134	8200	8134	8200	8134	8200
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	88.4	94.6	89.7	94.6	95.3	94.6	95.3	94.6	95.3	94.6	95.3
System Wattage	148.4	183.6	183.6	183.6	183.6	183.6	183.6	183.6	183.6	183.6	183.6
System Lumens	12,026	15,455	14,649	15,455	15,580	15,455	15,580	15,455	15,580	15,455	15,580
System Efficacy (lm/W)	81.0	84.2	79.8	84.2	84.9	84.2	84.9	84.2	84.9	84.2	84.9
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	92%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%
CRI	78	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	4,100	3,500	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	18	22	18	22	30	22	30	22	30	22	30
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,147	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066	3,066
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$20.22	\$30.62	\$16.51	\$30.02	\$73.42	\$28.84	\$70.53	\$27.43	\$67.09	\$26.09	\$63.81
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$18.55	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ¹	\$27.20	\$117.38	\$115.06	\$115.06	\$115.06	\$110.54	\$110.54	\$105.13	\$105.13	\$99.99	\$99.99
Disposal Costs (2022\$)	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96	\$0.96
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.24	\$3.77	\$2.14	\$3.69	\$8.95	\$3.55	\$8.60	\$3.37	\$8.18	\$3.21	\$7.78
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$21.99	\$11.56	\$10.11	\$11.33	\$16.81	\$10.88	\$16.15	\$10.35	\$15.36	\$9.85	\$14.61
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$143.19	\$255.85	\$233.22	\$260.24	\$347.04	\$253.36	\$336.75	\$245.13	\$324.44	\$237.31	\$312.74
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$13.48	\$11.68	\$8.94	\$11.08	\$16.99	\$10.75	\$16.40	\$10.35	\$15.70	\$9.98	\$15.03
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$17.89	\$16.55	\$15.92	\$16.84	\$22.27	\$16.39	\$21.61	\$15.86	\$20.82	\$15.36	\$20.07
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.12	\$0.76	\$0.61	\$0.72	\$1.09	\$0.70	\$1.05	\$0.67	\$1.01	\$0.65	\$0.96

^{1.} From 2018 to 2050, fixture (and fixture price) includes ballast.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 8-ft Linear LED Replacement Lamp for a 2 Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		2030		2040		2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	N/A	35.7	34.0	39.0	40.0	32.9	33.7	28.4	29.2	25.1	25.7
Lamp Lumens	N/A	3,975	4,200	4,960	5,500	4,960	5,500	4,960	5,500	4,960	5,500
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	N/A	111.2	123.5	127.2	137.5	150.8	163.1	174.4	188.6	197.9	213.9
System Wattage	N/A	71.5	68.0	78.0	80.0	65.8	67.5	56.9	58.3	50.1	51.4
System Lumens	N/A	7,473	8,064	9,523	10,560	9,523	10,560	9,523	10,560	9,523	10,560
System Efficacy (lm/W)	N/A	104.5	118.6	122.1	132.0	144.8	156.5	167.4	181.0	189.9	205.4
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	N/A	80	82	81	82	81	82	81	82	81	82
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	N/A	5,000	4,000	4,000	5,000	4,000	5,000	4,000	5,000	4,000	5,000
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	N/A	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	N/A	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541	3,541
Lamp Price (2022\$)	N/A	\$89.59	\$33.11	\$37.22	\$41.44	\$32.35	\$36.02	\$31.71	\$35.30	\$31.11	\$34.64
Ballast Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	N/A	\$19.00	\$7.88	\$7.50	\$7.53	\$6.52	\$6.55	\$6.39	\$6.42	\$6.27	\$6.30
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	N/A	\$23.98	\$8.21	\$7.82	\$7.85	\$6.79	\$6.82	\$6.66	\$6.69	\$6.53	\$6.56
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	N/A	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	N/A	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	N/A	\$179.18	\$66.22	\$74.44	\$82.88	\$64.70	\$72.04	\$63.42	\$70.61	\$62.22	\$69.28
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	N/A	\$14.22	\$6.00	\$6.58	\$7.18	\$5.89	\$6.41	\$5.80	\$6.31	\$5.71	\$6.21
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	N/A	\$45.08	\$8.21	\$7.82	\$7.85	\$6.79	\$6.82	\$6.66	\$6.69	\$6.53	\$6.56
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	N/A	\$3.58	\$0.74	\$0.69	\$0.68	\$0.62	\$0.61	\$0.61	\$0.60	\$0.60	\$0.59

^{1.} N/A because a fixture and an LED replacement lamp would not be purchased separately for a new installation or retrofit when there are integrated LED luminaires that are more efficient and cost effective. These lamps are sold only as replacements to go into existing fixtures.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial 8-ft Linear LED Luminaire Replacement for a 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	N/A	73.0	90.0	78.0	72.0	64.6	59.6	55.2	50.9	48.1	44.4
System Lumens	N/A	8,000	8,200	9,465	10,400	9,465	10,400	9,465	10,400	9,465	10,400
System Efficacy (lm/W)	N/A	109.6	91.1	121.3	144.4	146.5	174.4	171.6	204.3	196.6	234.0
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	N/A	90	80	81	80	81	80	81	80	81	80
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	N/A	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Average Lifetime (thousand hours)	N/A	75	50	73	100	73	100	73	100	73	100
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	N/A	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431	3,431
Lamp or Luminaire Price (2022\$)	N/A	\$759.16	\$119.99	\$142.48	\$153.91	\$109.90	\$118.71	\$96.00	\$103.70	\$82.68	\$89.31
Ballast Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	N/A	\$80.00	\$14.63	\$15.05	\$14.80	\$11.61	\$11.41	\$10.14	\$9.97	\$8.73	\$8.59
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	N/A	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	N/A	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
Labor Lamp Change (hours) 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	N/A	\$708.20	\$206.52	\$229.01	\$240.44	\$196.42	\$205.24	\$182.53	\$190.23	\$169.20	\$175.83
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	N/A	\$39.16	\$22.40	\$17.46	\$13.53	\$14.40	\$11.11	\$13.09	\$10.08	\$11.84	\$9.10
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	N/A	\$88.53	\$25.18	\$24.20	\$23.12	\$20.75	\$19.73	\$19.28	\$18.29	\$17.88	\$16.91
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	N/A	\$4.89	\$2.73	\$1.84	\$1.30	\$1.52	\$1.07	\$1.38	\$0.97	\$1.25	\$0.87

^{1.} N/A because the lamp and fixture are both included in the luminaire.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Low-Bay Lighting Systems

The commercial low bay lighting characterized in this report is a one-lamp and one-ballast system in a low/high bay fixture that emits between 6,000 and 10,000 system lumens. Low bay lighting is defined as "interior lighting where the roof trusses or ceiling height is less than 25ft. above the floor" (IESNA, 2000). For all lamp technologies, an annual fixture renovation rate of 10% (i.e., 10-year fixture service life) is used to reflect the proportion of equipment that retires each year.

Performance:

- Low bay conventional lighting technologies, such as metal halide and sodium vapor lamps, provide higher efficacy ranging from 80 lm/W to 100 lm/W. Older, mercury vapor lamps have much lower efficacy at approximately 40 lm/W.
- CCT and CRI values range broadly based on technology type for low bay products.

Cost:

- The total installed cost is the price of a lamp, ballast (if applicable), and fixture plus the cost for labor associated with the installation, except for in the case of LED luminaires, which are sold as one integrated system. Many factors influence the price of LED luminaires, including CRI, lifetime, dimming capabilities, and efficacy. Therefore, typical luminaire prices in 2022 reflecting a mix of lamp characteristics and features were used as the basis for projections for both typical and high efficacy products in the future.
- Annual maintenance costs are the cost of labor for replacing the lamps and the cost of the replacement lamp itself. The frequency at which lamps are replaced is a function of lamp life and the annual operating hours for commercial low-bay systems (DOE SSL Program, 2012a).
- Commercial lighting disposal costs are estimated to be \$0.12 per linear foot of fluorescent lamps, \$1.50 per lamp for HID lamps, and \$0.50 for CFLs (EPA, 2022).

ENERGY STAR:

• ENERGY STAR does not cover low/high bay luminaires (ENERGY STAR, 2012).

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Low-Bay Lighting Systems

Future Performance Improvements:

- Projections were provided for both typical and high performing products for 2030, 2040, and 2050. We assume manufacturers will focus would be on improving efficacy, lifetime, and price for products at constant CRI and CCT values.
- (Navigant, 2019). Due to continued R&D investment, competition from LED lighting products, and general market demand for cost-effective lighting, the performance and cost characteristics of conventional lighting technologies are expected to improve over the analysis period. However, the ability of these conventional technologies to react rapidly (in terms of performance improvement) to the emergence of a new light source such as LED lighting is relatively small because these are mature technologies (particularly incandescent and fluorescent) and established market competitors
- For LED technology, efficacy, lifetime, and price improvements were based on the model described in the Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019). For traditional technologies, the following future improvements were assumed to occur year over year through 2050.

	Efficacy	Lifetime	Price	Potential for Improvements
Mercury Vapor	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.
Metal Halide	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.
Sodium Vapor	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Mercury Vapor Low-Bay

	2012	2018	2022	2030 ²	2040 ²	2050^{2}
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical
Lamp Wattage	175.0	175.0	175.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	7,400	7,400	7,400	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	42.3	42.3	44.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	205.9	205.9	205.9	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Lumens	7,400	7,400	7,400	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Efficacy (lm/W)	35.9	35.9	35.9	N/A	N/A	N/A
BallastEfficiency	85%	85%	85%	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	33	33	33	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	3,700	3,700	3,700	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	24	24	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	3,687	3,687	3,687	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$13.96	\$13.55	\$13.80	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$51.91	\$50.37	\$49.48	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$38.73	\$37.58	\$36.83	N/A	N/A	N/A
Disposal Cost (2022\$)	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.89	\$1.83	\$1.86	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$14.13	\$13.72	\$13.53	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.5	1.5	1.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$220.43	\$217.33	\$199.11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$8.31	\$8.24	\$7.42	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$29.79	\$29.37	\$26.91	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.12	\$1.11	\$1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A

- Only a typical dataset is provided because these lamps all have similar efficacies.
 EPAct 2005 limited the sale and production of mercury vapor ballasts since 2008, and by 2030 there is no expected market for these products.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Metal Halide Low-Bay

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical
Lamp Wattage	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Lamp Lumens	8,084	8,331	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	80.8	83.3	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0
System Wattage	113.6	113.6	113.6	113.6	113.6	113.6
System Lumens	7,400	7,400	7,400	7,400	7,400	7,400
System Efficacy (lm/W)	65.1	65.1	65.1	65.1	65.1	65.1
Ballast Efficiency	88%	88%	88%	88%	88%	88%
CRI	80	80	80	80	80	80
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	15	15	15	15	15	15
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	3,760	3,760	3,760	3,760	3,760	3,760
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$17.97	\$17.44	\$17.10	\$16.43	\$15.62	\$14.86
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$57.97	\$56.26	\$49.48	\$47.54	\$45.21	\$43.00
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$38.73	\$37.58	\$36.83	\$35.39	\$33.66	\$32.01
Disposal Cost (2022\$)	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.22	\$2.09	\$2.01	\$1.93	\$1.84	\$1.75
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$15.50	\$15.04	\$13.97	\$13.43	\$12.77	\$12.14
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$230.51	\$227.11	\$202.41	\$198.35	\$193.49	\$188.87
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$14.56	\$14.43	\$12.93	\$12.76	\$12.56	\$12.37
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$31.15	\$30.69	\$27.35	\$26.80	\$26.15	\$25.52
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.97	\$1.95	\$1.75	\$1.72	\$1.70	\$1.67

 $^{1. \}quad \text{Only a typical dataset is provided because these lamps all have similar efficacies}.$

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Sodium Vapor Low-Bay

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical
Lamp Wattage	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Lamp Lumens	8,550	8,550	9,300	9,300	9,300	9,300
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	85.5	85.5	93.0	93.0	93.0	93.0
System Wattage	128.0	128.0	128.0	128.0	128.0	128.0
System Lumens	8,550	8,550	9,300	9,300	9,300	9,300
System Efficacy (lm/W)	66.8	66.8	72.6	72.6	72.6	72.6
Ballast Efficiency	78%	78%	78%	78%	78%	78%
CRI	22	22	22	22	22	22
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	24	24	24	24	24
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	3,614	3,614	3,614	3,614	3,614	3,614
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$54.04	\$52.44	\$13.14	\$12.62	\$12.01	\$11.42
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$56.14	\$54.48	\$43.26	\$41.56	\$39.53	\$37.60
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$128.14	\$124.35	\$121.88	\$117.09	\$111.36	\$105.92
Disposal Cost (2022\$)	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$6.32	\$6.13	\$1.41	\$1.36	\$1.29	\$1.23
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$27.87	\$27.05	\$19.17	\$18.42	\$17.52	\$16.66
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$354.16	\$347.10	\$277.28	\$270.27	\$261.90	\$253.93
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$14.18	\$13.93	\$7.17	\$7.10	\$7.00	\$6.91
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$41.42	\$40.60	\$29.81	\$29.06	\$28.16	\$27.30
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.66	\$1.63	\$0.77	\$0.76	\$0.75	\$0.74

 $^{1. \}quad \text{Only a typical dataset is provided because these lamps all have similar efficacies}.$

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial LED Low-Bay Luminaire

	2012	2018		2022		2030)	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	68.1	84.0	40.0	73.0	76.0	61.2	63.7	52.7	54.9	46.3	48.2
System Lumens	4,877	10,000	5,000	10,000	12,000	10,000	12,000	10,000	12,000	10,000	12,000
System Efficacy (lm/W)	71.6	119.0	125.0	137.0	157.9	163.4	188.4	189.7	218.7	216.0	248.9
Ballast Efficiency	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	85	78	84	81	80	81	84	81	84	81	81
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Average Lifetime (thousand hours)	50	74	75	65	60	65	60	65	60	65	60
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042
Lamp or Luminaire Price (2022\$)	\$903.82	\$281.00	\$63.99	\$145.46	\$285.89	\$123.82	\$243.37	\$111.24	\$218.63	\$99.09	\$194.75
Ballast Price (2022\$) 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$185.31	\$28.10	\$12.80	\$14.55	\$23.82	\$12.38	\$20.28	\$11.12	\$18.22	\$9.91	\$16.23
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$865.44	\$396.83	\$162.99	\$244.46	\$384.89	\$222.82	\$342.37	\$210.24	\$317.63	\$198.09	\$293.75
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$69.95	\$37.02	\$12.23	\$24.24	\$45.18	\$21.55	\$39.45	\$19.99	\$36.12	\$18.48	\$32.90
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$177.44	\$39.68	\$32.60	\$24.45	\$32.07	\$22.28	\$28.53	\$21.02	\$26.47	\$19.81	\$24.48
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$14.34	\$3.70	\$2.45	\$2.42	\$3.77	\$2.16	\$3.29	\$2.00	\$3.01	\$1.85	\$2.74

 $^{1. \}quad N/A \ because the lamp \ and \ fixture \ are both \ included \ in \ the \ luminaire.$

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial High-Bay Lighting Systems

The commercial high-bay lighting characterized in this report is a one-lamp and one-ballast system in a low/high bay fixture that emits greater than 10,000 system lumens. High-bay lighting is defined as "interior lighting where the roof trusses or ceiling height is greater than 25ft. above the floor" (IESNA, 2000). For all lamp technologies, an annual fixture renovation rate of 10% (i.e., 10-year fixture service life) is used to reflect the proportion of equipment that retires each year.

Performance:

- High bay conventional lighting technologies, such as metal halide and sodium vapor lamps, provide higher efficacy ranging from 80 lm/W to 100 lm/W. Older, mercury vapor lamps have much lower efficacy at approximately 40 lm/W.
- CCT and CRI values range broadly based on technology type for high bay products.

Cost:

- The total installed cost is the price of a lamp, ballast (if applicable), and fixture plus the cost for labor associated with the installation, except for in the case of LED luminaires, which are sold as one integrated system. Many factors influence the price of LED luminaires including, CRI, lifetime, dimming capabilities, and efficacy. Therefore, typical luminaire prices in 2022 reflecting a mix of lamp characteristics and features were used as the basis for projections for both typical and high efficacy products in the future.
- Annual maintenance costs are the cost of labor for replacing the lamps and the cost of the replacement lamp itself. The frequency at which lamps are replaced is a function of lamp life and the annual operating hours for commercial high bay systems (DOE SSL Program, 2012a).
- Commercial lighting disposal costs are estimated to be \$0.12 per linear foot of fluorescent lamps, \$1.50 per lamp for HID lamps, and \$0.50 for CFLs (EPA, 2022).

ENERGY STAR:

• ENERGY STAR does not cover low/high bay luminaires (ENERGY STAR, 2012).

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial High-Bay Lighting Systems

Future Performance Improvements:

- Projections were provided for both typical and high performing products for 2030, 2040, and 2050. We assume manufacturers will focus would be on improving efficacy, lifetime and price for products at constant CRI and CCT values.
- Due to continued R&D investment, competition from LED lighting products, and general market demand for cost-effective lighting, the performance and cost characteristics of conventional lighting technologies are expected to improve over the analysis period. However, the ability of these conventional technologies to react rapidly (in terms of performance improvement) to the emergence of a new light source such as LED lighting is relatively small because these are mature technologies (particularly incandescent and fluorescent) and established market competitors (Navigant, 2019).
- For LED technology, efficacy, lifetime, and price improvements were based on the model described in the Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019). For traditional technologies, the following future improvements were assumed to occur year over year through 2050.

	Efficacy	Lifetime	Price	Potential for Improvements
Mercury Vapor	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.
Metal Halide	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.
Sodium Vapor	0%	0%	-0.5%	Limited because the technology is mature.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Mercury Vapor High-Bay

	2012	2018	2022	2030 ²	2040 ²	2050^{2}
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical
Lamp Wattage	400.0	400.0	400.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens	15,800	15,800	21,000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	39.5	39.5	52.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	449.4	449.4	449.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Lumens	15,800	15,800	21,000	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Efficacy (lm/W)	35.2	35.2	46.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Efficiency	89%	89%	89%	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	50	50	50	N/A	N/A	N/A
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	3,900	3,900	3,900	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	24	24	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	3,687	3,687	3,687	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$23.81	\$23.10	\$28.93	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$55.39	\$53.75	\$64.35	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$106.65	\$103.49	\$101.43	N/A	N/A	N/A
Disposal Cost (2022\$)	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.51	\$1.46	\$1.38	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$11.76	\$11.41	\$9.27	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor System Installation (hours)	2.0	2.0	2.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$340.29	\$334.78	\$326.71	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$9.82	\$9.71	\$9.74	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$21.54	\$21.19	\$15.56	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.62	\$0.61	\$0.46	N/A	N/A	N/A

 $^{1. \}quad \text{Only a typical dataset is provided because these lamps all have similar efficacies}.$

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Metal Halide High-Bay

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical
Lamp Wattage	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0
Lamp Lumens	32,000	32,972	42,000	42,000	42,000	42,000
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	80.0	82.4	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0
System Wattage	444.4	444.4	444.4	444.4	444.4	444.4
System Lumens	32,000	32,972	42,000	42,000	42,000	42,000
System Efficacy (lm/W)	72.0	74.2	94.5	94.5	94.5	94.5
Ballast Efficiency	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
CRI	80	80	80	80	80	80
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	20	20	20	20	20	20
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	3,760	3,760	3,760	3,760	3,760	3,760
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$34.95	\$33.91	\$42.15	\$40.49	\$38.51	\$36.63
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$55.39	\$53.75	\$64.35	\$61.82	\$58.80	\$55.92
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$248.32	\$248.32	\$248.32	\$238.56	\$226.90	\$215.80
Disposal Cost (2022\$)	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.09	\$1.03	\$1.00	\$0.96	\$0.92	\$0.87
System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$10.58	\$10.19	\$8.45	\$8.12	\$7.72	\$7.34
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$493.10	\$490.43	\$486.82	\$472.87	\$456.21	\$440.36
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$14.11	\$13.91	\$14.41	\$14.10	\$13.72	\$13.37
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$15.41	\$14.87	\$11.59	\$11.26	\$10.86	\$10.48
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.44	\$0.42	\$0.34	\$0.34	\$0.33	\$0.32

 $^{1. \}quad Only \ a \ typical \ dataset is \ provided \ because \ these \ lamps \ all \ have \ similar \ efficacies.$

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Sodium Vapor High-Bay

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical
Lamp Wattage	250.0	250.0	250.0	250.0	250.0	250.0
Lamp Lumens	24,300	24,300	28,500	28,500	28,500	28,500
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	97.2	97.2	114.0	114.0	114.0	114.0
System Wattage	297.0	296.6	296.6	296.6	296.6	296.6
System Lumens	24,300	24,300	28,500	28,500	28,500	28,500
System Efficacy (lm/W)	81.8	81.9	96.1	96.1	96.1	96.1
Ballast Efficiency	84%	84%	84%	84%	84%	84%
CRI	22	22	22	22	22	22
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	24	24	24	24	24
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	3,614	3,614	3,614	3,614	3,614	3,614
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$53.71	\$52.12	\$20.37	\$19.57	\$18.61	\$17.70
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$90.16	\$87.49	\$90.09	\$86.55	\$82.32	\$78.29
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$280.71	\$272.39	\$266.98	\$256.49	\$243.95	\$232.02
Disposal Cost (2022\$)	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$2.21	\$2.14	\$0.71	\$0.69	\$0.65	\$0.62
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$17.47	\$16.95	\$13.24	\$12.72	\$12.10	\$11.51
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$579.02	\$566.44	\$509.44	\$494.61	\$476.88	\$460.02
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$14.13	\$13.89	\$8.26	\$8.14	\$8.00	\$7.86
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$23.83	\$23.31	\$17.88	\$17.35	\$16.73	\$16.14
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.58	\$0.57	\$0.29	\$0.29	\$0.28	\$0.28

 $^{1. \}quad \text{Only a typical dataset is provided because these lamps all have similar efficacies}.$

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial T5 4xF54 HO High-Bay

	2012	2018	20:	22	20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA ¹	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0
Lamp Lumens	4,850	4,850	4,273	4,750	4,273	4,750	4,273	4,750	4,273	4,750
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	89.8	89.8	79.1	88.0	79.1	88.0	79.1	88.0	79.1	88.0
System Wattage	233.8	233.8	233.8	233.8	233.8	233.8	233.8	233.8	233.8	233.8
System Lumens	19,400	19,400	17,092	19,000	17,092	19,000	17,092	19,000	17,092	19,000
System Efficacy (lm/W)	83.0	83.0	73.1	81.3	73.1	81.3	73.1	81.3	73.1	81.3
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%
CRI	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	24	24	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042
Lamp Price (2022\$)	\$8.45	\$8.20	\$4.70	\$13.65	\$4.51	\$13.11	\$4.29	\$12.47	\$4.08	\$11.86
Ballast Price (2022\$)	\$33.43	\$32.44	\$32.17	\$32.17	\$30.91	\$30.91	\$29.39	\$29.39	\$27.96	\$27.96
Fixture Price (2022\$)	\$129.23	\$125.40	\$122.91	\$122.91	\$118.08	\$118.08	\$112.31	\$112.31	\$106.82	\$106.82
Disposal Cost (2022\$)	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48	\$0.48
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$1.74	\$1.69	\$1.10	\$2.87	\$1.06	\$2.76	\$1.00	\$2.63	\$0.96	\$2.50
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$10.13	\$9.83	\$10.17	\$11.04	\$9.77	\$10.60	\$9.30	\$10.08	\$8.84	\$9.59
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$325.54	\$320.47	\$291.78	\$300.73	\$285.50	\$294.10	\$277.99	\$286.17	\$270.86	\$278.63
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$12.51	\$12.35	\$8.68	\$14.47	\$8.56	\$14.12	\$8.42	\$13.71	\$8.29	\$13.32
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$16.78	\$16.52	\$17.07	\$15.83	\$16.70	\$15.48	\$16.26	\$15.06	\$15.85	\$14.66
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$0.65	\$0.64	\$0.51	\$0.76	\$0.50	\$0.74	\$0.49	\$0.72	\$0.48	\$0.70

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial LED High-Bay Luminaire

	2012	2018		2022		203	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Lumens ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Wattage	212.2	167.0	150.0	137.8	130.0	115.5	109.0	99.4	93.9	87.4	82.5
System Lumens	18,915	18,797	18,500	18,500	18,900	18,500	18,900	18,500	18,900	18,500	18,900
System Efficacy (lm/W)	89.1	112.6	123.3	134.3	145.4	160.2	173.4	186.0	201.4	211.7	229.2
Ballast Efficiency	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRI	74	78	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Average Lifetime (thousand hours)	70	67	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042	4,042
Lamp or Luminaire Price (2022\$)	\$2,842.05	\$448.43	\$177.54	\$195.81	\$234.20	\$162.12	\$193.90	\$148.87	\$178.06	\$136.20	\$162.90
Ballast Price (2022\$) 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fixture Price (2022\$) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$150.25	\$23.86	\$9.60	\$10.58	\$12.39	\$8.76	\$10.26	\$8.05	\$9.42	\$7.36	\$8.62
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	\$77.22	\$77.22	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00	\$66.00
Labor System Installation (hours)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$2,996.49	\$602.87	\$309.54	\$327.81	\$366.20	\$294.12	\$325.90	\$280.87	\$310.06	\$268.20	\$294.90
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$173.01	\$36.40	\$12.51	\$13.25	\$14.80	\$11.89	\$13.17	\$11.35	\$12.53	\$10.84	\$11.92
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$158.42	\$32.07	\$16.73	\$17.72	\$19.38	\$15.90	\$17.24	\$15.18	\$16.41	\$14.50	\$15.60
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	\$9.15	\$1.94	\$0.68	\$0.72	\$0.78	\$0.64	\$0.70	\$0.61	\$0.66	\$0.59	\$0.63

^{1.} N/A because the lamp and fixture are both included in the luminaire.

Refrigeration

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Compressor Rack Systems

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Total Capacity (kBtu/h) ¹	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,190	930	N/A	1,190	930	1,190	930	1,190	930
Median Store Size (ft²)	46,500	31,997	35,197	35,197	35,197	N/A	35,197	35,197	35,197	35,197	35,197	35,197
Power Input (kW)	162	155	162	160	125	N/A	160	125	160	125	160	125
Annual Energy Use (MMWh/y) ²	1,497	1,497	1,305	1,232	1,160	N/A	1,232	1,160	1,232	1,160	1,232	1,160
Indexed Annual Efficiency ³	1.00	1.00	1.15	1.21	1.29	N/A	1.21	1.29	1.21	1.29	1.21	1.29
Average Life (years)	15	15	15	15	15	N/A	15	15	15	15	15	15
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$630,000	\$630,000	\$488,000	\$625,000	\$630,000	N/A	\$625,000	\$630,000	\$625,000	\$630,000	\$625,000	\$630,000
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$525,000	\$525,000	\$406,667	\$525,210	\$677,419	N/A	\$525,210	\$677,419	\$525,210	\$677,419	\$525,210	\$677,419
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) ⁴	\$3,400	\$3,400	\$3,400	\$3,400	\$3,400	N/A	\$3,400	\$3,400	\$3,400	\$3,400	\$3,400	\$3,400
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$2,833	\$2,833	\$2,833	\$2,857	\$3,656	N/A	\$2,857	\$3,656	\$2,857	\$3,656	\$2,857	\$3,656

- 1. The total capacity represents the nominal compressor capacity required for the entire refrigeration system of a typical supermarket. This refrigeration system usually includes two low temperature racks and two medium temperature racks. For 2018, a 1,200 MBtu/h total cooling capacity is based on a 200-ton estimate for total capacity–80 tons for the medium temperature racks and 20 tons for the low temperature racks.
- 2. Capacity and annual energy consumption for 2022 and beyond are based on market research and Guidehouse estimates.
- 3. Annual efficiency normalized to the efficiency of the 2012 installed base. Indexed Annual Efficiency = (2012 Energy Use) / (Energy Use).
- 4. Maintenance cost includes oil changes, bearing lubrication, filter replacement, and system functionality checks-approximately half a day per rack of labor for technician is assumed.

87

- Commercial compressor rack systems that serve commercial supermarket display cases and walk-ins consist of a number of parallel-connected compressors located in a separate machine room. By modulating compressor capacity, these integrated systems provide higher efficiency and mechanical longevity.
- Rack integrators generally supply a packaged compressor rack for which much of the necessary piping, insulation, components, and controls are pre-assembled.
- A typical supermarket will have 10 to 20 compressors mounted in racks in the 3-horsepower (hp) to 15-hp size range. Usually, each rack has three to five compressors serve a series of loads with nearly identical evaporator temperature.
- The duty cycle for compressors is usually in the range of 60% to 70%.
- Energy use and capacity for the Reference Case are projected to remain static over the coming decades because commercial compressor racks systems are a mature technology. The Reference Case assumes low R&D efforts because it is an established technology.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Condensers

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Total Capacity (kBtu/h) ¹	1,680	1,520	1,440	1,440	1,440	N/A	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440
Median Store Size (ft²)	46,500	31,997	35,197	35,197	35,197	N/A	35,197	35,197	35,197	35,197	35,197	35,197
Power Input (kW)	25	25	18	18	18	N/A	18	18	18	18	18	18
Annual Energy Use (MMWh/y)	120	120	115	106	86	N/A	106	86	106	86	106	86
Indexed Annual Efficiency ²	1.00	1.00	1.04	1.13	1.40	N/A	1.13	1.40	1.13	1.40	1.13	1.40
Average Life (years)	10	10	10	10	10	N/A	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$54,000	\$60,000	\$54,000	\$60,000	\$80,000	N/A	\$60,000	\$80,000	\$60,000	\$80,000	\$60,000	\$80,000
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$32,143	\$39,474	\$37,500	\$41,667	\$55,556	N/A	\$41,667	\$55,556	\$41,667	\$55,556	\$41,667	\$55,556
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) ³	\$954	\$954	\$954	\$954	\$954	N/A	\$954	\$954	\$954	\$954	\$954	\$954
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$0.57	\$0.63	\$0.66	\$0.66	\$0.66	N/A	\$0.66	\$0.66	\$0.66	\$0.66	\$0.66	\$0.66

- 1. Total capacity is the total heat rejected (THR) by condensers comprised of two low temperature condensers (THRL = 240 MBtu/h each, suction temperature= -25°F, condensing temperature=110°F) and two medium temperature condensers (THRM = 520 MBtu/h each, suction temperature = 15°F, condensing temperature = 115°F); ambient temperature = 95°F. (NCI, 2009). For 2022 and beyond, capacity was estimated by Guidehouse.
- 2. Annual efficiency normalized to the efficiency of the 2012 installed base. Indexed Annual Efficiency = (2012 Energy Use) / (Energy Use).
- 3. Maintenance cost includes coil cleaning, leak checking, belt replacement as necessary, and system functionality checks.

- Condensers are designed with multiple methods of cooling: air-cooled, water-cooled, and evaporative. These units can be single-circuit or a multiple circuit.
- Commercial condensers are remotely located, typically installed on the roof of a supermarket.
- For use with parallel compressors in supermarkets, air-cooled units are the most commonly used condensers. This analysis is based on multiple air-cooled condensers connected to a supermarket refrigeration system comprised of two low temperature condensers and two medium temperature condensers.
- Each compressor rack has a dedicated condenser or a separate circuit of a single common condenser. Condenser temperatures of multiple racks are often different.
- The duty cycle for condensers is usually in the range 50%-70%.
- Energy use is projected to remain static over the coming decades because commercial condensers are a mature technology.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Supermarket Display Cases

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	17,623	11,850	11,850	11,850	11,850	N/A	11,850	11,850	11,850	11,850	11,850	11,850
Median Store Size (ft²)	46,500	31,997	35,197	35,197	35,197	N/A	35,197	35,197	35,197	35,197	35,197	35,197
Case Length (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	N/A	12	12	12	12	12	12
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y) ^{1,2}	13,497	10,506	10,506	9,771	9,087	N/A	9,771	9,087	9,771	9,087	9,771	9,087
Annual Energy Use / Case Length (kWh/ft)	1,125	876	876	814	757	N/A	814	757	814	757	814	757
Indexed Annual Efficiency ³	1.00	1.28	1.28	1.38	1.49	N/A	1.38	1.49	1.38	1.49	1.38	1.49
Average Life (years)	10	10	10	10	10	N/A	10	10	10	10	10	10
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	\$8,510	\$10,650	\$7,265	\$9,500	\$10,680	N/A	\$9,500	\$10,680	\$9,500	\$10,680	\$9,500	\$10,680
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$10,811	\$12,650	\$9,265	\$11,500	\$12,680	N/A	\$11,500	\$12,680	\$11,500	\$12,680	\$11,500	\$12,680
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	613	1,068	782	970	1,070	N/A	970	1,070	970	1,070	970	1,070
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) ⁴	\$940	\$940	\$940	\$940	\$940	N/A	\$940	\$940	\$940	\$940	\$940	\$940
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$53.34	\$79.32	\$79.32	\$79.32	\$79.32	N/A	\$79.32	\$79.32	\$79.32	\$79.32	\$79.32	\$79.32

- 1. For 2022 and beyond, energy consumption and cost values were estimated using shipment-weighted averages reported in DOE's 2014 CRE Final Rule Technical Support Document (TSD) for equipment commonly used as display cases. DOE's updated conservation standard went into effect in 2017, so units sold in 2018 are assumed to comply with this standard.
- 2. For consistency with DOE rulemaking practices, Supermarket Display Case Energy Use reported above includes energy use of the compressor racks and condensers. To avoid double counting, do not add Energy Use from the Compressor Rack or Condenser Systems tabs if calculating total energy consumption.
- 3. Annual efficiency normalized to the efficiency of the 2012 installed base. Indexed Annual Efficiency = (2012 Energy Use) / (Energy Use).
- 4. Maintenance cost includes preventative maintenance costs such as cleaning evaporator coils, drain pans, fans, and intake screens as well as lamp replacements and other lighting maintenance activities. After 2012, these values are based on a reported maintenance and repair cost of \$220 per unit for preventative maintenance plus approximately \$60 per linear foot for additional repair and maintenance.

- DOE set federal energy efficiency standards for Commercial Refrigeration Equipment (CRE) in 2009. These standards set maximum daily energy consumption levels, in kilowatt-hours per day, for display cases manufactured sold in the United States on or after January 1, 2012.
- DOE updated its Energy Conservation Standards for Commercial Refrigeration Equipment in 2014 for equipment sold on or after March 27, 2017.
- The table below lists equipment used as supermarket display cases and their corresponding Energy Conservation Standard levels. The maximum allowable daily energy consumption for each equipment class is a linear function of Total Display Area (TDA).

Equipment Description	Standards Equation (2012)	Standards Equation (2017)
Vertical Open Cooler (VOP.RC.M)	0.82xTDA+4.07	0.64xTDA+4.07
Semi-Vertical Open Cooler (SVO.RC.M)	0.83xTDA+3.18	0.66xTDA+3.18
Horizontal Open Cooler (HZO.RC.M)	0.35xTDA+2.88	0.35xTDA+2.88
Transparent-Doored Cooler (VCT.RC.M)	0.22xTDA+1.95	0.15xTDA+1.95
Deli Display Cooler (SOC.RC.M)	0.51xTDA+0.11	0.44xTDA+0.11
Transparent-Doored Freezer (VCT.RC.L)	0.56xTDA+2.61	0.49xTDA+2.61
Horizontal Open Freezer (HZO.RC.L)	0.57xTDA+6.88	0.55xTDA+6.88

- According to CBECS 2018 microdata, the average building size for food sale building type is 31,997.
- Unit energy consumption for 2022 and beyond is estimated using a shipment-weighted average by efficiency level and equipment class, using data in DOE's 2014 CRE Final Rule TSD with updated analysis from Guidehouse in 2016. The equipment classes analyzed are listed in the table on the previous slide.
- Supermarket refrigeration systems consist of refrigerated display cases, condensing units, and centralized compressor racks.
- A typical supermarket display case contains lighting, evaporators, evaporator fans, piping, insulation, valves, and controls.
- The efficiency of supermarket display cases can be increased through the use of improved evaporator coils, larger evaporators, higher efficiency evaporator fan blades, high efficiency doors, LED lighting, and improved insulation.
- Energy use is projected to remain static over the coming decades because supermarket display cases are a mature technology.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Reach-In Refrigerators

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ²	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	2,929	2,400	2,349	2,349	2,349	2,349	2,349	2,349	2,349	2,349	2,349	2,349
Size (ft³)	49	49	46	46	46	47	46	46	46	46	46	46
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y)	2,340	2,222	1,935	1,351	810	810	1,351	810	1,351	810	1,351	810
Annual Energy Use / Volume (kWh/y/ft³)¹	48	45	42	29	18	17	29	18	29	18	29	18
Indexed Annual Efficiency ³	1.00	1.05	1.21	1.73	2.89	2.89	1.73	2.89	1.73	2.89	1.73	2.89
Average Life (years)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	\$2,624	\$2,403	\$2,728	\$2,780	\$3,021	\$3,021	\$2,780	\$3,021	\$2,780	\$3,021	\$2,780	\$3,021
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) ⁴	\$3,454	\$3,282	\$3,591	\$3,643	\$3,884	\$3,884	\$3,643	\$3,884	\$3,643	\$3,884	\$3,643	\$3,884
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$1,179	\$1,368	\$1,529	\$1,551	\$1,654	\$1,654	\$1,551	\$1,654	\$1,551	\$1,654	\$1,551	\$1,654
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) ⁵	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$186	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185	\$185
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$63	\$77	\$79	\$79	\$79	\$79	\$79	\$79	\$79	\$79	\$79	\$79

- 1. EPACT 2005 energy standards went into effect in 2010. 2022 low efficiency cost and energy consumption values are based on minimum compliance with this standard. Unless otherwise noted, all other cases are based on shipment-weighted averages solid- and transparent-doored units reported in the 2014 CRETSD. DOE's updated Energy Conservation standards went into effect in 2017; therefore, compliance with this standard is assumed for 2022 and beyond.
- 2. The ENERGY STAR category is based on a shipment weighted average of solid- and transparent-doored units that are minimally compliant with ENERGY STAR v3, effective October 1, 2014. Units compliant with ENERGY STAR are found to be the most efficient reach-in refrigeration equipment on the market in 2022.
- 3. Annual efficiency normalized to the efficiency of the 2012 installed base. Indexed Annual Efficiency = (2012 Energy Use) / (Energy Use).
- 4. Installation cost for 2012 is based on NCI 2009 report that assumes a cost of \$863. Installation cost for 2022 and beyond is based DOE's 2014 CREFinal Rule and additional analysis by Guidehouse, which assumes an installation cost of \$878 for self-contained equipment.
- 5. Maintenance costs after 2012 are based on DOE's CRE 2014 Final Rule TSD, which reports \$35 annual preventative maintenance, per unit, per year, plus approximately \$40 per linear foot, per year of additional repair and maintenance costs for the units characterized.

- The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPACT 2005) set maximum daily energy consumption levels, in kilowatt-hours per day, for commercial reach-in refrigerators that went into effect on January 1, 2010. The daily energy consumption is based on the volume of the unit (V) in ft³.
- In 2014, DOE updated its energy conservation standards for reach-in refrigerators, effective March 27, 2017. Both standards are reported in the table below.

Equipment Class	EPCA Standard Level (2010)	DOE Standard Level (2017)
Solid Door (VCS.SC.M)	0.10xV+2.04	0.05xV + 1.36
Glass Door (VCT.SC.M)	0.12xV+3.34	0.1xV+0.86

• In 2013, EPA updated its ENERGY STAR specifications for reach-in refrigerators, effective March 27, 2017. These standards are also based on the refrigerated volume of the unit.

Reach-In Refrigerator Size	0 < V < 15	15 ≤ V < 30	30 ≤ V < 50	50 ≤ V
Solid Door (VCS.SC.M)	0.022xV+0.97	0.066xV+0.31	0.04xV+1.09	0.024xV+1.89
Glass Door (VCT.SC.M)	0.095xV+0.445	0.05xV+1.12	0.076xV+0.034	0.105xV-1.111

- Unit energy consumption for 2012 and beyond was estimated based on shipment-weighted averages by efficiency level and equipment class for 49 ft3 VCS.SC.M and VCT.SC.M units reported in DOE's 2014 CRE Final Rule TSD with updated analysis from Guidehouse in 2016. These units were estimated to comprise approximately 85% and 15% of total reach-in refrigerator shipments, respectively.
- The efficiency of commercial reach-in refrigerators can be increased through the use of efficient compressors, efficient evaporator fans, efficient condenser fans, electric defrost, and more efficient lighting.
- For this referenced scenario, energy use is projected to remain static over the coming decades because reach-in refrigerators are a mature technology.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Reach-In Freezers

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ²	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	4,341	4,340	4,340	4,340	4,340	4,340	4,340	4,340	4,340	4,340	4,340	4,340
Size (ft³)	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y) ¹	6,023	5,585	5,585	4,847	4,110	4,110	4,847	4,110	4,847	4,110	4,847	4,110
Annual Energy Use / Volume (kWh/y/ft³)	123	114	114	99	84	84	99	84	99	84	99	84
Indexed Annual Efficiency ³	1.00	1.08	1.08	1.24	1.47	1.47	1.24	1.47	1.24	1.47	1.24	1.47
Average Life (years)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	\$2,886	\$2,886	\$2,886	\$3,175	\$3,493	\$3,493	\$3,175	\$3,493	\$3,175	\$3,493	\$3,175	\$3,493
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) ⁴	\$3,749	\$3,749	\$3,749	\$4,125	\$4,443	\$4,443	\$4,125	\$4,443	\$4,125	\$4,443	\$4,125	\$4,443
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$864	\$864	\$864	\$950	\$1,024	\$1,024	\$950	\$1,024	\$950	\$1,024	\$950	\$1,024
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) ⁵	\$181	\$181	\$181	\$181	\$181	\$181	\$181	\$181	\$181	\$181	\$181	\$181
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$41.70	\$41.71	\$41.71	\$41.71	\$41.71	\$41.71	\$41.71	\$41.71	\$41.71	\$41.71	\$41.71	\$41.71

- 1. A 49 ft³ unit was characterized, because it was the representative size selected for DOE's rulemaking analysis.
- $2. \qquad \text{The ENERGY STAR category was based on a solid-doored unit that is minimally compliant with ENERGY STAR v3, effective October 1, 2014.}$
- 3. Annual efficiency normalized to the efficiency of the 2012 installed base. Indexed Annual Efficiency = (2012 Energy Use) / (Energy Use).
- 4. Installation cost for 2012 and 2018 is based on DOE's on-going CRE rulemaking, which assumes a cost of \$863 for self-contained equipment and \$950 for 2022 and beyond based on analysis from Guidehouse.
- 5. Maintenance costs are calculated based on a \$35 per unit annual preventative maintenance cost, plus an additional \$45 per linear foot repair and maintenance cost estimated based on values reported in the CRETSD.

- EPACT 2005 set maximum daily energy consumption levels, in kilowatt-hours per day, for commercial reach-in freezers that went into effect on January 1, 2010. The daily energy consumption is based on the volume of the unit (V) in ft³.
- In March of 2017, DOE updated its energy conservation standards for commercial refrigeration equipment, including reach-in freezers. Both the EPCA and DOE standards are reported in the table below.

Equipment Class	EPCA (2010)	DOE Standard Level (2017)
Solid Door (VCS.SC.L)	0.4xV+1.38	0.22xV+1.38
Transparent Door (VCT.SC.L)	0.75xV+4.10	0.29xV+2.95

• In 2013, EPA updated its ENERGY STAR specifications for reach-in freezers, effective March 27, 2017. These standards are also based on the refrigerated volume of the unit.

Reach-In Freezer Size	0 < V < 15	15 ≤ V < 30	$30 \le V < 50$	50 ≤ V
Solid Door (VCS.SC.L)	0.21xV+0.9	0.12xV+2.248	0.285xV-2.703	0.142xV+4.445
Glass Door (VCT.SC.L)	0.232xV+2.36	0.232xV+2.36	0.232xV+2.36	0.232xV+2.36

- The commercial reach-in freezer characterized in this report, which is the typical unit according to DOE's 2014 CRE rulemaking, is a 49 cubic ft. solid two-door unit with a nominal compressor size of 4,341 Btu/h.
- The efficiency of commercial reach-in freezers can be increased through the use of efficient compressors, efficient evaporator fans, efficient condenser fans, electric defrost, and more efficient lighting.
- For this referenced scenario, energy use is projected to remain static over the coming decades because reach-in freezers are a mature technology.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Walk-In Refrigerators

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h) ¹	37,820	39,422	41,024	41,024	41,024	N/A	41,024	41,024	41,024	41,024	41,024	41,024
Size (ft²)	305	240	240	240	240	N/A	240	240	240	240	240	240
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y) ²	30,689	20,040	17,600	16,200	14,800	N/A	16,200	14,800	16,200	14,800	16,200	14,800
Annual Energy Use / Area (kWh/ft²/y)	101	84	73	68	62	N/A	68	62	68	62	68	62
Indexed Annual Efficiency ³	1.00	1.53	1.74	1.89	2.07	N/A	1.89	2.07	1.89	2.07	1.89	2.07
Insulated Box Average Life (years)	12	12	12	12	12	N/A	12	12	12	12	12	12
Compressor Average Life (years)	10	10	10	10	10	N/A	10	10	10	10	10	10
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	\$23,598	\$19,847	\$16,050	\$19,847	\$23,644	N/A	\$16,050	\$23,644	\$16,050	\$23,644	\$16,050	\$23,644
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) ⁴	\$27,012	\$23,897	\$20,100	\$23,897	\$27,694	N/A	\$20,100	\$27,694	\$20,100	\$27,694	\$20,100	\$27,694
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$714	\$606	\$490	\$583	\$675	N/A	\$490	\$675	\$490	\$675	\$490	\$675
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) ⁵	\$716	\$740	\$740	\$740	\$740	N/A	\$740	\$740	\$740	\$740	\$740	\$740
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$18.93	\$18.77	\$18.04	\$18.04	\$18.04	N/A	\$18.04	\$18.04	\$18.04	\$18.04	\$18.04	\$18.04

- 1. Assumes medium temperature units are refrigerators.
- 2. Average unit energy consumption was adapted from the DOE CRE 2016 report by assuming electronically commutated motor (ECM) evaporator fan motors are required for Energy Policy & Conservation Act (EPCA) compliance, as well as ECM condenser fan motors.
- 3. Annual efficiency normalized to the efficiency of the 2012 installed base. Indexed Annual Efficiency = (2012 Energy Use) / (Energy Use).
- 4. Installation cost for 2012 and beyond is based on DOE's Walk-In TSD.
- 5. Maintenance cost includes checking and maintaining refrigerant charge levels, checking settings, and cleaning heat exchanger coils.

- For 2012 and beyond, the unit characterized was a walk-in storage cooler, based on DOE's WICF TSD.
- A typical walk-in refrigerator includes:
 - insulated floor and wall panels
 - merchandising doors, shelving, and lighting (not included in cost estimate)
 - semi-hermetic reciprocating compressor
 - refrigerant (R404A)
 - condenser
 - evaporator
- Energy consumption is assumed to scale with the AWEF (Annual Walk-in Energy Factor), defined as the ratio of total
 heat removed from the refrigerated volume per year to the total electrical energy input of refrigeration systems over
 the same time period.
- The installation cost consists of freight and delivery costs in addition to on-site assembly.

The Energy Independence and Security Act (EISA) of 2007 included prescriptive standards for walk-in refrigerators (coolers) that went into effect in 2009. These prescriptive standards, which are included in the analysis for all units for 2012 and beyond, state that all walk-in refrigerators manufactured after January 1, 2009, must:

- For 2012 and beyond
- have automatic door closers
- have strip doors, spring hinged doors, or other method of minimizing infiltration when doors are open
- contain wall, ceiling, and door insulation of at least R–25, except for glazed portions of doors and structural members
- use electronically commutated motors or three-phase motors (for evaporator fan motors of under 1 horsepower and less than 460 volts)
- use electronically commutated motors, permanent split capacitor-type motors, or three-phase motors (for condenser fan motors of under 1 horsepower)
- use light sources with an efficacy of 40 lumens per watt or more, including ballast losses (if any), except that light sources with an efficacy of 40 lumens per watt or less, including ballast losses (if any), may be used in conjunction with a timer or device that turns off the lights within 15 minutes of when the walk-in refrigerator is not occupied by people.

In 2014, DOE updated its energy conservation standards for walk-in coolers and freezers. Minimum AWEF (Annual Walk-In Energy Factor) was set for refrigeration systems, as well as upper limits on energy consumption attributable to passage, freight, and display doors. DOE elected not to set new standards for the R-value of Walk-In Panels.

ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS FOR WALK-IN COOLERS AND WALK-IN FREEZERS Class descriptor Class Standard level Refrigeration Systems Minimum AWEF (Btu/W-h) Dedicated Condensing, Medium Temperature, Indoor System, <9,000 Btu/h Capacity DC.M.I, <9,000 ... 5.61 Dedicated Condensing, Medium Temperature, Indoor System, ≥9,000 Btu/h Capacity DC.M.I, ≥9,000 ... 5.61 Dedicated Condensing, Medium Temperature, Outdoor System, <9,000 Btu/h Capacity DC.M.O, <9,000 ...7.60 Dedicated Condensing, Medium Temperature, Outdoor System, ≥9,000 Btu/h Capacity DC.M.O,≥9,000 ...7.60 Dedicated Condensing, Low Temperature, Outdoor System, <9,000 Btu/h Capacity DC.L.O, <9,000 .. 2.30 · 1044 · Q + 2.73 Dedicated Condensing, Low Temperature, Outdoor System, ≥9,000 Btu/h Capacity DC.L.O, ≥9,000 .. 4.79 Panels Minimum R-v alue (h-ft2-°F/Btu) Non-Display Doors Maximum energy consumption (kWh/day) * Passage Door, Low Temperature PD.L 0.14 · And + 4.8 Display Doors Maximum Energy Consumption (kWh/day) †

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Walk-In Freezers

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	22,114	23,500	23,500	23,500	23,500	N/A	23,500	23,500	23,500	23,500	23,500	23,500
Size (ft²) ¹	172	161	161	161	161	N/A	161	161	161	161	161	161
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y) ²	22,862	22,000	22,000	20,460	19,028	N/A	20,460	19,028	20,460	19,028	20,460	19,028
Annual Energy Use / Area (kWh/ft²/y)	133	124	124	115	107	N/A	115	107	115	107	115	107
Indexed Annual Efficiency ³	1.00	1.04	1.04	1.12	1.20	N/A	1.12	1.20	1.12	1.20	1.12	1.20
Insulated Box Average Life (years)	12	12	12	12	12	N/A	12	12	12	12	12	12
Compressor Average Life (years)	10	10	10	10	10	N/A	10	10	10	10	10	10
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	\$22,008	\$21,950	\$21,950	\$22,850	\$23,750	N/A	\$22,850	\$23,750	\$22,850	\$23,750	\$22,850	\$23,750
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) ⁴	\$24,058	\$23,950	\$23,950	\$24,850	\$25,750	N/A	\$24,850	\$25,750	\$24,850	\$25,750	\$24,850	\$25,750
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$1,088	\$1,019	\$1,019	\$1,057	\$1,096	N/A	\$1,057	\$1,096	\$1,057	\$1,096	\$1,057	\$1,096
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) ⁵	\$741	\$741	\$741	\$741	\$741	N/A	\$741	\$741	\$741	\$741	\$741	\$741
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$33.51	\$31.53	\$31.53	\$31.53	\$31.53	N/A	\$31.53	\$31.53	\$31.53	\$31.53	\$31.53	\$31.53

- 1. Based on DOE's 2014 WICF Final Rule TSD and additional analysis by Guidehouse, the average floor area for a walk-in storage freezer as 161 ft².
- 2. EISA 2007 includes prescriptive standards for walk-in freezers that went into effect in 2009. All units for 2012 and beyond include these prescriptive standards. Units for 2022 and beyond are characterized using data from DOE's 2014 WICF rulemaking. All units for 2022 and beyond are assumed to comply with this standard.
- 3. Annual efficiency normalized to the efficiency of the 2012 installed base. Indexed Annual Efficiency = (2012 Energy Use) / (Energy Use).
- 4. Installation cost for 2012 and beyond is based on DOE's WICF TSD and additional analysis by Guidehouse.
- 5. Maintenance cost includes checking and maintaining refrigerant charge levels, checking settings, and cleaning heat exchanger coils.

- The commercial walk-in freezer characterized in this report is a walk-in storage freezer with an area of 161 ft².
- A typical walk-in freezer includes:
 - insulated floor, door, and wall panels
 - semi-hermetic reciprocating compressor
 - refrigerant (R404A)
 - condenser
 - evaporator
- Energy consumption is assumed to scale with the AWEF (Annual Walk-in Energy Factor), defined as the ratio of total heat removed from the refrigerated volume per year to the total electrical energy input of refrigeration systems over the same time period.
- The installation cost consists of freight and delivery costs in addition to on-site assembly.

EISA 2007 included prescriptive standards for walk-in freezers that went into effect in 2009. These prescriptive standards, which are included in all units for 2011 and beyond, state that all walk-in freezers manufactured after January 1, 2009, must:

- have automatic door closers
- have strip doors, spring hinged doors, or other method of minimizing infiltration when doors are open
- contain wall, ceiling, and door insulation of at least R–32, except for glazed portions of doors and structural members
- contain floor insulation of at least R–28
- use electronically commutated motors or three-phase motors (for evaporator fan motors of under 1 horsepower and less than 460 volts)
- use electronically commutated motors, permanent split capacitor-type motors, or three-phase motors (for condenser fan motors of under 1 horsepower)
- use light sources with an efficacy of 40 lumens per watt or more, including ballast losses (if any), except that light sources with an efficacy of 40 lumens per watt or less, including ballast losses (if any), may be used in conjunction with a timer or device that turns off the lights within 15 minutes of when the walk-in freezer is not occupied by people.

In 2014, DOE updated its energy conservation standards for walk-in coolers and freezers. Minimum AWEF (Annual Walk-in Energy Factor) was set for refrigeration systems, as well as upper limits on energy consumption attributable to passage, freight, and display doors. DOE elected not to set new standards for the R-value of Walk-in Panels.

ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS FOR WALK-IN COOLERS AND WALK-IN FREEZERS Class descriptor Class Standard level

•		
Refrigeration Systems Minimum AWEF (Btu/W-h)		
Dedicated Condensing, Medium Temperature, Indoor System, <9,000 Btu/h Capacity	. DC.M.I, <9,000	. 5.61
Dedicated Condensing, Medium Temperature, Indoor System, ≥9,000 Btu/h Capacity	DC.M.I, ≥9,000.	5.61
Dedicated Condensing, Medium Temperature, Outdoor System, <9,000 Btu/h Capacity	.DC.M.O, <9,000.	7.60
Dedicated Condensing, Medium Temperature, Outdoor System, ≥9,000 Btu/h Capacity	DC.M.O,≥9,000	7.60
Dedicated Condensing, Low Temperature, Indoor System, <9,000 Btu/h Capacity	. DC.L.I, <9,000	5.93 · 10 _{¥5} · Q + 2.33
Dedicated Condensing, Low Temperature, Indoor System, ≥9,000 Btu/h Capacity	DC.L.I, ≥9,000	. 3.10
Dedicated Condensing, Low Temperature, Outdoor System, <9,000 Btu/h Capacity	DC.L.O, <9,000.	. 2.30 · 10 _{¥4} · Q + 2.73
Dedicated Condensing, Low Temperature, Outdoor System, ≥9,000 Btu/h Capacity	DC.L.O, ≥9,000.	4.79
Multiplex Condensing, Medium Temperature	MC.M	10.89
Multiplex Condensing, Low Temperature	MC.L	6.57
Panels Minimum R-v alue (h-ft2-°F/Btu)		
Structural Panel, Medium Temperature	SP.M	25
Structural Panel, Low Temperature		
Floor Panel, Low Temperature		
Non-Display Doors Maximum energy consumption		
(kWh/day) ** Passage Door, Medium Temperature	PD M	0.05.A _{nd} + 1.7
Passage Door, Low Temperature		
Freight Door, Medium Temperature		
Freight Door, Low Temperature		
Tieight Bool, Low Temperature	I D.L	. 0.12 And 1 0.0
Display Doors Maximum Energy Consumption (kWh/day) †		
Display Door, Medium Temperature	DD.M	$0.04 \cdot A_{dd} + 0.41$
Display Door, Low Temperature		

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Ice Machines

	2012	2018		20	22		2030		2040		2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ⁶	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Output (pounds [lbs] per day) 1	300	641	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h) ²	1963	4194	4580	4580	4580	4580	4580	4580	4580	4580	4580	4580
Water Use per Hundred Pounds (gal/hundred lbs) ³	20	25	25	20	15	15	20	15	20	15	20	15
Energy Use per Hundred Pounds (kWh/hundred lbs)	7.7	7.5	7.1	5.8	4.8	4.8	5.8	4.8	5.8	4.8	5.8	4.8
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y) ⁴	3,185	2,502	1,675	1,478	1,190	1,190	1,478	1,190	1,478	1,190	1,478	1,190
Indexed Annual Efficiency ⁵	1.00	1.27	1.90	2.15	2.68	2.68	2.15	2.68	2.15	2.68	2.15	2.68
Average Life (years)	8.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	\$2,146	\$2,616	\$2,946	\$3,020	\$3,368	\$3,368	\$3,020	\$3,368	\$3,020	\$3,368	\$3,020	\$3,368
Total Installed Cost (with Bin)	\$2,441	\$3,626	\$3,276	\$3,350	\$3,737	\$3,737	\$3,350	\$3,737	\$3,350	\$3,737	\$3,350	\$3,737
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$1,244	\$865	\$715	\$732	\$816	\$816	\$732	\$816	\$732	\$816	\$732	\$816
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) ⁷	\$826	\$826	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800	\$800
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$421	\$197	\$175	\$175	\$175	\$175	\$175	\$175	\$175	\$175	\$175	\$175

- 1. Based on the average output from the Compliance Certification Database and values within 2022 Automatic Commercial Ice Maker (ACIM) TSD.
- 2. Defined as the average heat load to remove the latent and sensible heat required to freeze the daily output capacity of ice.
- 3. Water use refers to potable water.
- 4. EPACT 2005 energy standards went into effect in 2010. The 2015 low values are based on this standard. In 2014, DOE set new standards for commercial ice machines, with compliance required by 2018. The unit characterized for 2012 and beyond uses data from this rulemaking. All units for 2020 and beyond are assumed to comply with the updated standard.
- 5. Annual efficiency normalized to the efficiency of the 2012 installed base. Indexed Annual Efficiency = (2012 Energy Use) / (Energy Use).
- 6. The ENERGY STAR category is based on minimum compliance with the ENERGY STAR v3.0 standard, which went into effect on January 28, 2018. According to this analysis, ENERGY STAR certification is typical for the small air-cooled ice-making head (IMH) unit characterized.
- 7. Maintenance cost is based on the average cost of equipment within the 700 lb/day output range and includes cleaning and maintaining refrigerant levels, replacing filters, checking water distribution lines for leaks, cleaning, sanitizing, and descaling the bin and water system. Maintenance cost decreases as the size of the ice machine (i.e. output) decreases.

- Commercial ice machines are typically integrated with an insulated ice storage bin or mounted on top of a separate storage bin. The retail equipment cost includes the ice making head and the integrated storage bin. Commercial ice machine condensers are either air-cooled or water-cooled. Approximately 90% of all units are the air-cooled type.
- Commercial ice machine maintenance includes periodic cleaning (every 2 to 6 weeks) to remove lime and scale and sanitizing to kill bacteria. Some ice machines are self-cleaning/sanitizing.
- ENERGY STAR® updated its maximum energy consumption levels, in kilowatt-hours per 100 pounds of ice, for air-cooled ice machines that went into effect on January 28, 2018. These efficiency levels are based on the harvest rate, in pounds per 24 hours. (H). Water-cooled ice machines are not eligible for ENERGY STAR certification.

ENERGY STAR Requirements for Air-Cooled Batch-Type Ice Makers									
Equipment Type	Applicable Ice Harvest Rate Range (lbs of ice/24 hrs)	Energy Consumption Rate (kWh/100 lbs ice)	Potable Water Use (gal/hundred lbs ice)						
IMH	$200 \le H \le 1600$	≤37.72 * H ^{-0.298}	≤ 20.0						
RCU	400 ≤ H ≤ 1600	≤22.95 * H -0.258 + 1.00	≤ 20.0						
	$1600 \le H \le 4000$	≤-0.00011 * H + 4.60	≤20.0						
SCU	50 ≤ H ≤ 450	≤ 48.66 * H -0.326 + 0.08	≤ 25.0						

ENERGY STAR Requirements for Air-Cooled Continuous-Type Ice Makers									
Equipment Type	Energy Consumption Rate (kWh/hundred lbs ice) Potable Water Use (gal/hundred lbs ice)								
IMH	≤9.18 * H ^{-0.057}	≤15.0							
RCU	≤6.00 * H -0.162 + 3.50	≤15.0							
SCU	≤59.45 * H -0.349 + 0.08	≤15.0							

EPACT 2005 issued standard levels for commercial ice machines with capacities between 50 pounds and 2500 pounds per 24-hour period that are manufactured or sold in the United States on or after January 1, 2010. The energy consumption is based on the harvest rate in pounds per 24 hours (H). In 2015, DOE finalized new standards for ACIMs extending coverage to flake, nugget, and tube-type machines and to capacities up to 4,000 pounds per 24 hours.

Equipment Type	Type of Cooling	Harvest Rate (lbs ice/24 hrs)	Maximum Energy Use (kWh/hundred lbs ice)	Maximum Condenser Water Use (gal/hundred lbs ice)	
		<500	7.80-0.0055 H	200-0.022 H	
	Water	≥500 and <1,436	5.58-0.0011 H	200-0.022 H	
Ice Making Head		≥1,436	4.0	200-0.022 H	
	Air	<450	10.26-0.0086 H	Not Applicable	
	Alr	≥450	6.89-0.0011 H	Not Applicable	
Remote Condensing	Air	<1,000	8.85-0.0038 H	Not Applicable	
(but not remote compressor)	All	≥1,000	5.10	Not Applicable	
Remote Condensing	Air	<934	8.85-0.0038 H	Not Applicable	
and Remote Compressor	All	≥934	5.3	Not Applicable	
	Water	<200	11.40-0.019 H	191-0.0315 H	
Self Contained	vvater	≥200	7.60	191-0.0315 H	
Jen Contained	Air	<175	18.0-0.0469 H	Not Applicable	
	All	≥175	9.80	Not Applicable	

Water use is for the condenser only and does not include potable water used to make ice.

2

2014 DOE Standards

Energy Conservation Standards for Batch-Type Automatic Commercial Ice Makers Effective January 2018

Equipment Type	Type of Cooling	Harvest Rate lb ice/24 hours	Maximum Energy Use kWh/100 lb ice*	Maximum Condenser Water Use gal/100 lb ice**
		<300	6.88 - 0.0055H	200 - 0.022H
		300 and <850	5.80 - 0.00191H	200 - 0.022H
Ice-Making Head	Water	850 and <1,500	4.42 - 0.00028H	200 - 0.022H
		1500 and <2,500	4.0	200 - 0.022H
		2500 and <4,000	4.0	145
		<300	10 - 0.01233H	Not Applicable
I Ml.i II J	Air	300 and <800	7.05 - 0.0025H	Not Applicable
Ice-Making Head		800 and <1500	5.55 - 0.00063H	Not Applicable
		1500 and <4,000	4.61	Not Applicable
Remote Condensing		50 and <1,000	7.97 - 0.00342H	Not Applicable
(but not remote compressor)	Air	1,000 and <4,000	4.55	Not Applicable
Remote Condensing		<942	7.97 - 0.00342H	Not Applicable
and Remote Compressor	Air	942 and <4,000	4.75	Not Applicable
		<200	9.5 - 0.019H	191 - 0.0315H
Self-Contained	Water	200 and <2,500	5.7	191 - 0.0315H
		2500 and <4,000	5.7	112
		<110	14.79 - 0.0469H	Not Applicable
Self-Contained	Air	110 and <200	12.42 - 0.02533H	Not Applicable
		200 and <4,000	7.35	Not Applicable

Energy Conservation Standards for Continuous-Type Automatic Commercial Ice Makers Effective January 2018

Lifective jairdar	y 2010			
Equipment Type	Type of Cooling	Harvest Rate lbice/24 hours	Maximum Energy Use kWh/100 lb ice*	Maximum Condenser Water Use gal/100 lb ice**
		<801	6.48 - 0.00267H	180 - 0.0198H
Ice-Making Head	Mater	801 and <2,500	4.34	180 - 0.0198H
ice-Making Head	water	2,500 and <4,000	4.34	130.5
		<310	9.19 - 0.00629H	Not Applicable
Ice-Making Head	Air	310 and <820	8.23 - 0.0032H	Not Applicable
_		820 and <4,000	5.61	Not Applicable
Remote		<800	9.7 - 0.0058H	Not Applicable
Condensing (but not remote compressor)	Air	800 and <4,000	5.06	Not Applicable
Remote		<800	9.9 - 0.0058H	Not Applicable
Condensing and Remote Compressor	Air	800 and <4,000	5.26	Not Applicable
		<900	7.6 - 0.00302H	153 - 0.0252H
Self-Contained	Water	900 and <2,500	4.88	153 - 0.0252H
		2500 and <4,000	4.88	90
		<200	14.22 - 0.03H	Not Applicable
Self-Contained	Air	200 and <700	9.47 - 0.00624H	Not Applicable
111		700 and <4,000	5.1	Not Applicable

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Beverage Merchandisers

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	2040		2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ²	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	4,689	4,700	4,700	4,700	4,700	4,700	4,700	4,700	4,700	4,700	4,700	4,700
Size (ft³)	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y)	1,829	1,635	1,380	1,141	902	902	1,141	902	1,141	902	1,141	902
Annual Energy Use / Volume (kWh/ft³/y)¹	68	73	55	35	26	26	35	26	35	26	35	26
Indexed Annual Efficiency ³	1.00	1.12	1.33	1.60	2.03	2.03	1.60	2.03	1.60	2.03	1.60	2.03
Average Life (years)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	\$2,382	\$2,051	\$1,710	\$2,762	\$3,332	\$3,332	\$2,762	\$3,332	\$2,762	\$3,332	\$2,762	\$3,332
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) ⁴	\$2,382	\$2,051	\$1,710	\$2,762	\$3,332	\$3,332	\$2,762	\$3,332	\$2,762	\$3,332	\$2,762	\$3,332
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$508	\$436	\$364	\$588	\$709	\$709	\$588	\$709	\$588	\$709	\$588	\$709
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$108	\$108	\$95	\$95	\$95	\$95	\$95	\$95	\$95	\$95	\$95	\$95
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$23.03	\$22.98	\$20.21	\$20.21	\$20.11	\$20.11	\$20.21	\$20.11	\$20.21	\$20.11	\$20.21	\$20.11

- 1. EPACT 2005 energy conservation standards went into effect in 2010. In 2015, DOE updated its energy conservation standards for commercial refrigeration equipment, including transparent-doored refrigerators with pull-down capability. Compliance with this standard is required by 2017. Units characterized for 2018 and beyond use data reported in this rulemaking's TSD. Units sold in 2022 and beyond are assumed to comply with this updated standard.
- 2. The ENERGY STAR category characterizes a unit that is compliant with ENERGY STAR v4, effective March 2017. This standard does not separately define units with pull-down capability.
- 3. Annual efficiency normalized to the efficiency of the 2012 installed base. Indexed Annual Efficiency = (2012 Energy Use) / (Energy Use).
- 4. Beverage merchandisers are shipped ready to be plugged in, so installation costs are assumed to be negligible.

- EPACT 2005 sets maximum daily energy consumption levels, in kilowatt-hours per day, for commercial refrigerators with transparent doors and self-contained condensing unit designed for pull-down temperature applications (i.e., beverage merchandisers) and went into effect on January 1, 2010.
- In 2014, DOE updated its energy consumption standards for commercial refrigeration equipment, including beverage merchandisers, effective March 27, 2015. Both the DOE and EPCA standards are reported below.

Equipment Type	EPCA (2010)	DOE Standards (2017)
Beverage Merchandisers (PD.SC.M)	0.126xV + 3.51	0.11xV+0.81

• In 2013, EPA updated its ENERGY STAR specifications for glass-doored commercial refrigerators, which can be used as beverage merchandisers, effective October 1, 2014. These standards are also based on the volume of the unit (V). Note that ENERGY STAR does not have a separate equipment class for units with pull-down capability.

Beverage Merchandiser Size	0 < V < 15	15 ≤ V < 30	30 ≤ V < 50	50 ≤ V
Glass Door	0.118*V + 1.382	≤0.140*V + 1.050	≤0.088*V + 2.625	≤0.110*V + 1.500

- The beverage merchandiser characterized in this report, which is the typical unit according to DOE's 2014 CRE rulemaking and additional analysis by Guidehouse, is a 27 cubic foot cooler with a single hinged, transparent door, bright lighting, and shelving with a nominal compressor size of 4,700 Btu/h.
- The efficiency of beverage merchandisers can be increased through the use of more efficient compressors, fluorescent lighting with electronic ballasts, LED lighting, and improved insulation.
- For the Reference Case, beverage merchandisers are assumed to be mature technologies with few technology advancements in the coming years that would dramatically improve the efficiency.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Refrigerated Vending Machines

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	2040		2050	
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR ²	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	1,810	1,707	1,810	1,810	1,810	1,810	1,810	1,810	1,810	1,810	1,810	1,810
Can Capacity	470	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
Size (ft³)	26	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y) ¹	1,632	1,550	1,550	1,531	1,443	1,443	1,531	1,443	1,531	1,443	1,531	1,443
Annual Energy Use / Volume (kWh/ft³/y)	63	44	44	44	41	41	44	41	44	41	44	41
Indexed Annual Efficiency ³	1.00	1.05	1.05	1.07	1.13	1.13	1.07	1.13	1.07	1.13	1.07	1.13
Average Life (years)	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	\$3,209	\$2,553	\$3,059	\$3,272	\$3,520	\$3,520	\$3,272	\$3,520	\$3,272	\$3,520	\$3,272	\$3,520
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	\$3,320	\$2,705	\$3,276	\$3,489	\$3,737	\$3,737	\$3,489	\$3,737	\$3,489	\$3,737	\$3,489	\$3,737
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$1,834	\$1,585	\$1,810	\$1,928	\$2,065	\$2,065	\$1,928	\$2,065	\$1,928	\$2,065	\$1,928	\$2,065
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$270	\$270	\$333	\$333	\$333	\$333	\$333	\$333	\$333	\$333	\$333	\$333
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	\$149	\$149	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184

- 1. Energy use for 2018 and beyond is estimated based on DOE's 2020 BVM Final Rule and the 2022 Compliance Certification Database.
- 2. The ENERGY STAR category assumes units are compliant with the ENERGY STAR v4 standard because combination units are currently not separately defined by ENERGY STAR. This standard went into effect on April 29, 2020. Our analysis finds ENERGY STAR certified equipment to be the most efficient currently available on the market.
- $3. \quad Annual \, efficiency \, normalized \, to \, the \, efficiency \, of \, the \, 2012 \, installed \, base. \, Indexed \, Annual \, Efficiency = (2012 \, Energy \, Use) / \, (Energy \, Use).$
- 4. Maintenance cost includes preventative maintenance costs such as checking and maintaining refrigerant charge levels, cleaning heat exchanger coils, and an annualized cost for refurbishments/remanufacturing.

- DOE set federal energy efficiency standards for refrigerated vending machines. These standards set maximum daily energy consumption levels, in kilowatt-hours per day, for commercial refrigerated vending machines manufactured or sold in the United States on or after August 31, 2012. The daily energy consumption is based on the volume of the unit (V).
- In December 2015, DOE updated its energy conservation standards for beverage vending machines and defined two new product classes for combination vending machines. The energy conservation standard remains the same in the updated 2022 technical support document for vending machines. Compliance with these standards was required by 2019. For this analysis, compliance with these updated standards is assumed for equipment sold in 2022 and beyond. The updated standards and DOE equipment definitions are listed in the table below.

Equipment Type	Maximum Daily Energy Consumption
Class A (Transparent-Front)	MDEC= $0.052 \times V + 2.43$
Class B (Solid-Front)	$MDEC = 0.052 \times V + 2.20$
Combination A	$MDEC = 0.086 \times V + 2.66$
Combination B	$MDEC = 0.111 \times V + 2.04$

ENERGY STAR® updated its maximum daily energy consumption efficiency levels, also in kilowatt-hours per day, for refrigerated vending machines that went into effect on April 29, 2020. These efficiency levels are based on refrigerated volume.

Equipment Class	Maximum daily energy consumption (kilowatt-hours per day)
Class A – a refrigerated bottled or canned beverage vending machine that is not a combination vending machine and in which 25% or more of the surface area on the front side of the beverage vending machine is transparent	MDEC = 0.04836 x V + 2.2599
Class B – any refrigerated bottled or canned beverage vending machine that is not considered to be Class A and is not a combination vending machine	MDEC = 0.04576 x V+1.936
Combination A – a combination vending machine where 25% or more of the surface area on the front side of the beverage vending machine is transparent	MDEC = 0.07998 x V + 2.4738
Combination B – a combination vending machine that is not considered to be Combination A	MDEC = 0.09768 x V + 1.7952

Commercial Ventilation

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Constant Air Volume

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average ³	Low ^{4,5}	Typical ^{4,6}	High ^{4,7}	ENERGY STAR	Typical ^{4,6}	High ^{4,7}	Typical ^{4,6}	High ^{4,7}	Typical ^{4,6}	High ^{4,7}
System Airflow (CFM)	15,000	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300	N/A	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300
System Fan Power (kW)	11.56	11.56	11.56	10.98	10.78	N/A	10.98	10.78	10.98	10.78	10.98	10.78
Specific Fan Power (W/CFM)	0.771	0.709	0.709	0.674	0.661	N/A	0.674	0.661	0.674	0.661	0.674	0.661
Annual Fan Energy Use (kWh/y) ¹	43,924	23,038	23,038	21,886	20,792	N/A	21,886	20,792	21,886	20,792	21,886	20,792
Average Life (years)	35	35	35	35	35	N/A	35	35	35	35	35	35
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) ²	\$80,288	\$83,083	\$83,083	\$86,901	\$90,651	N/A	\$86,901	\$90,651	\$86,901	\$90,651	\$86,901	\$90,651
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	N/A	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/thousand cubic feet per minute [CFM])	\$5,353	\$5,097	\$5,097	\$5,331	\$5,561	N/A	\$5,331	\$5,561	\$5,331	\$5,561	\$5,331	\$5,561
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)	\$70	\$65	\$65	\$65	\$65	N/A	\$65	\$65	\$65	\$65	\$65	\$65

- 1. Based on 3800 operating hours per year (ADL, 1999) and typical zone air flow requirement profile (ASHRAES45.11-2012)
- $2. \quad Total \, installed \, cost of \, 16,\!300 \, CFM \, constant \, air \, volume \, (CAV) \, air \, handling \, unit \, (AHU) \, and \, hypothetical \, supply \, ductwork \, layout \, and \, hypothetical \, supply \, ductwork \, layout \,$
- $3. \quad Based \ on \ ASHRAE 90.1-2016 \ and \ 2019 \ fan \ power \ limit \ (Table 6.5.3.1.1-1) \ with \ no \ pressure \ drop \ adjustment. \ Assumed \ 80\% \ motor \ load \ and \ 91\% \ motor \ efficiency \ drop \ adjustment.$
- 4. ASHRAE90.1-2016 and 2019 Section 6.5.3.2 require minimum two-speed fan control (no longer always constant volume).
- 5. Two-speed variable frequency drive (VFD)
- 6. Modulating VFD
- 7. Modulating custom engineered VFD

- Constant air volume (CAV) ventilation systems are common, inexpensive, air-side HVAC systems that operate in response to a single control zone. Historically, these systems provide a constant flow rate of air (typically a mix of recirculated and outside air) and adjust the supply temperature of that air in order to maintain the space temperature setpoint. Beginning with ASHRAE 90.1-2013 and continued in ASHRAE 90.1-2019, new CAV ventilation systems were mandated to have at least two fan speed settings with the requirement of a maximum 40% power at 66% flow. Systems with variable speed fans are increasingly popular, making the term "constant air volume" somewhat of a misnomer for this system type. This analysis examines only the fan energy of the CAV system.
- There is movement in the industry and in energy codes to reduce fan power. ASHRAE 90.1 includes fan power limits for CAV systems. Fan power can be minimized through good design practice (efficient duct layout, low pressure drop ductwork, filters, coils), proper fan selection, and high efficiency type fans. ASHRAE 90.1-2019 now requires a minimum fan efficiency grade (FEG, based on AMCA 205-12: Energy Efficiency Classification for Fans) of 67 and a design operating fan efficiency within 15% of the maximum fan total efficiency. There are exceptions to this requirement, including packaged systems such as the CAV system type considered here. Still the fan power limits are expected to become more stringent, and fan efficiency will become more important throughout the industry.
- The unit characterized in this report is a 16,300 CFM CAV system. The average commercial building is approximately 16,300 square feet (CBECS 2018). Assuming 1 CFM is needed per square foot of floor area results in a 16,300 CFM air handling unit.
- A 16,300 CFM CAV packaged indoor air handling unit with cooling and heating coils can be installed for approximately \$71,829 (RS Means 2022). Ductwork would cost approximately \$9,272 additional (\$81,101 total). A two-speed motor (estimated \$500 incremental cost) and variable frequency drive (estimated \$5,800) add cost. Custom engineered variable frequency drives (estimated \$9,550) and premium efficiency motors (estimated additional \$1,500) add an additional cost to the system.
- Annual maintenance cost assumes 8 hours worth of labor by a technician to perform the necessary tasks (e.g., filter replacement, draining condenser water, etc.)
- ASHRAE Standard 90.1, which is used as a basis for most state energy codes, limits the fan power (brake HP or nameplate HP) for CAV systems. The 2016 version of Standard 90.1 was used to represent the 2018 minimum efficiency level (state energy codes typically refer to older versions of Standard 90.1 due to code revision cycles).
- Fan energy is affected by several factors, including fan type (e.g., centrifugal, axial), fan blade shape (e.g., forward-curved, backward-curved, backward-inclined, airfoil), drive type (belt or direct), configuration (plenum or housed centrifugal), system effects, duct design, filter and coil pressure drops, motor efficiency, and speed and flow control.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Variable Air Volume

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average ³	Low ⁴	Typical⁵	High ⁶	ENERGY STAR	Typical ⁶	High ^{6,7}	Typical ^{6,7}	High ^{6,7}	Typical ^{6,7}	High ^{6,7}
System Airflow (CFM)	15,000	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300	N/A	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300
System Fan Power (kW)	15.99	15.99	15.99	15.99	15.99	N/A	15.99	15.19	15.99	15.19	15.99	15.19
Specific Fan Power (W/CFM)	1.066	1.066	0.981	0.981	0.981	N/A	0.981	0.932	0.981	0.932	0.981	0.932
Annual Fan Energy Use (kWh/y) ¹	24,699	24,082	24,082	22,878	21,734	N/A	22,878	21,734	22,878	21,734	22,878	21,734
Average Life (years)	28	28	28	28	28	N/A	28	28	28	28	28	28
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) ²	\$103,327	\$110,414	\$118,814	\$124,495	\$124,995	N/A	\$124,495	\$124,995	\$124,495	\$124,995	\$124,495	\$124,995
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	N/A	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054	\$1,054
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)	\$6,888	\$6,774	\$7,289	\$7,638	\$7,668	N/A	\$7,638	\$7,668	\$7,638	\$7,668	\$7,638	\$7,668
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)	\$70	\$65	\$65	\$65	\$65	N/A	\$65	\$65	\$65	\$65	\$65	\$65

- 1. Based on 3800 operating hours per year (ADL, 1999) and typical zone air flow requirement profile (ASHRAES45.11-2012)
- 2. Total installed cost of 16,300 CFM VAV AHU, VFD, (10) VAV boxes, (10) VAV controllers with associated space temperature sensor, and hypothetical supply ductwork layout
- $3. \quad Based \ on \ ASHRAE 90.1-2016 \ and \ 2019 \ fan \ power \ limit \ (Table 6.5.3.1.1-1) \ with \ no \ pressure \ drop \ adjustment. \ Assumed \ 80\% \ motor \ load \ and \ 91\% \ motor \ efficiency \ drop \ adjustment.$
- 4. ASHRAE90.1-2016 and 2019 Section 6.5.3.2 minimum power-flow requirement
- 5. ASHRAE 90.1-2019 fan power limit and typical VAV power-flow relationship for 40%-100% flow
- 6. ASHRAE90.1-2019 fan power limit and typical VAV power-flow relationship for 30%-100% flow
- 7. High aerodynamic efficiency fan

- Variable air volume (VAV) ventilation systems are the most common multi-zone system type specified today for conditioning commercial buildings. These systems provide conditioned air to multiple zone terminal units (VAV boxes) that use dampers to modulate the amount of cool air to each zone. An individual zone thermostat controls the VAV box damper to allow more or less cooling. If a zone requires heating, then the VAV box provides the minimum flow rate and typically includes a reheat coil to meet the space temperature setpoint. As VAV box dampers close in the system, a variable frequency drive reduces fan speed and flow continuously to meet current requirements.
- This analysis examines only the fan energy of the VAV system. VAV systems vary fan speed and flow to meet space conditioning requirements; minimum flow settings apply for DX cooling stages and gas furnace heating stages. Most hours of operation are much lower than full speed, and fan power varies with the cube of fan speed according to fan affinity laws. The 2012 ASHRAE Handbook: HVAC Systems and Equipment (p. 45.11) provided the typical flow profile used for this analysis. The unit characterized in this report is a 16,300 CFM VAV system.
- There is movement in the industry and in energy codes to reduce fan power. ASHRAE 90.1 includes fan power limits for VAV systems. Fan power can be minimized through good design practice (efficient duct layout, low pressure drop ductwork, filters, coils), proper fan selection, and high efficiency type fans. ASHRAE 90.1-2019 now requires a minimum fan efficiency grade (FEG, based on AMCA 205-12: Energy Efficiency Classification for Fans) of 67 and a design operating fan efficiency within 15% of the maximum fan total efficiency. There are exceptions to this requirement, including packaged systems such as the VAV system type considered here. Still the fan power limits are expected to become more stringent, and fan efficiency will become more important throughout the industry.
- A 16,300 CFM VAV packaged indoor air handling unit with cooling and heating coils can be installed for approximately \$82,023 (RS Means 2022). Ductwork and (10) VAV boxes with reheat would cost approximately an additional \$28,272. (10) VAV controllers and the associated space temperature sensor would cost approximately \$8,400 (\$118,695 total). A 15 hp variable frequency drive (estimated \$5,800) is an additional cost.
- ASHRAE Standard 90.1, which is used as a basis for most state energy codes, limits the fan power for VAV systems (brake HP or nameplate HP). The 2016 version of Standard 90.1 was used to represent the 2018 minimum efficiency level (state energy codes typically refer to older versions of Standard 90.1 due to code revision cycles).
- Annual maintenance cost assumes 8 hours worth of labor by a technician to perform the necessary tasks (e.g., filter replacement, draining condenser water, etc.)
- Fan energy is affected by several factors, including fan type (e.g., centrifugal, axial), fan blade shape (e.g., forward-curved, backward-curved, backward-inclined, airfoil), drive type (belt or direct), configuration (plenum or housed centrifugal), system effects, duct design, filter and coil pressure drops, and motor VFD efficiency.

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Fan Coil Units

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average ⁵	Low ³	Typical ⁵	High ⁶	ENERGY STAR	Typical ^{4,6}	High ^{4,7}	Typical ^{4,7}	High ^{4,8}	Typical ^{4,8}	High ^{4,8,9}
System Airflow (CFM)	800	800	800	800	800	N/A	800	800	800	800	800	800
System Fan Power (kW)	0.241	0.241	0.241	0.148	0.148	N/A	0.141	0.134	0.134	0.136	0.136	0.129
Specific Fan Power (W/CFM)	0.302	0.302	0.301	0.185	0.185	N/A	0.176	0.167	0.167	0.170	0.170	0.162
Annual Fan Energy Use (kWh/y) ¹	543	542	542	333	333	N/A	316	301	301	306	306	291
Average Life (years)	37	37	37	37	37	N/A	37	37	37	37	37	37
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) ²	\$2,845	\$2,688	\$3,038	\$3,521	\$3,961	N/A	\$3,961	\$4,161	\$3,961	\$4,161	\$3,961	\$4,161
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	\$117	\$117	\$117	\$117	\$117	N/A	\$117	\$117	\$117	\$117	\$117	\$117
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)	\$3 <i>,</i> 557	\$3,360	\$3,798	\$4,401	\$4,951	N/A	\$4,951	\$5,201	\$4,951	\$5,201	\$4,951	\$5,201
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)	\$146	\$146	\$146	\$146	\$146	N/A	\$146	\$146	\$146	\$146	\$146	\$146

- 1. Based on 2250 operating hours per year (ADL, 1999) and typical zone air flow requirement profile (ASHRAES45.11-2012)
- 2. Total installed cost of 2-ton horizontal two-pipe fan coil unit, housing, and controls
- $3. \quad Based \ on \ ASHRAE 90.1-2016 \ and \ 2019 \ fan \ power \ limit \ (Table 6.5.3.1.1-1) \ with \ no \ pressure \ drop \ adjustment. \ Assumed \ 80\% \ motor \ load \ and \ 91\% \ motor \ efficiency \ drop \ adjustment.$
- 4. Based on ASHRAE90.1-2016 and 2019 Section 6.5.3.6 requirement of electronically commutated or 70+% efficient fan motor
- 5. Permanent split capacitor fan motor
- 6. Electronically commutated fan motor (single speed)
- 7. Electronically commutated fan motor (two-speed)
- 8. Electronically commutated fan motor (variable speed)
- 9. High aerodynamic efficiency fan

Performance and Cost Characteristics » Commercial Fan Coil Units

- Commercial fan coil units (FCUs) are self-contained, mass-produced assemblies that provide cooling, heating, or cooling and heating, but they do not include the source of cooling or heating. The unit characterized in this report is a cooling only (two-pipe), horizontal unit with housing and controls. Fan coil units are typically installed in or adjacent to the space being served and have no (or very limited) ductwork.
- According to manufacturer literature, the cooling capacity for a nominal 800 CFM fan coil unit is about 2 tons. This analysis examines only the fan energy of FCUs.
- Fan coil unit fan motors can be shaded pole, a single-phase AC motor with offset start winding and no capacitor; PSC, a single-phase AC motor with offset start winding with capacitor; or ECM, an AC electronically commutated permanent magnet DC motor. PSC motors are currently the most common motor type in FCUs, but manufacturers also offer single speed, two speed, and ECM motors as an option. ASHRAE 90.1-2019 requires an electronically commutated fan motor (or minimum motor efficiency of 70%) for this system.
- There is movement in the industry and in energy codes to reduce fan power. ASHRAE 90.1 includes fan power limits for FCUs. Fan power can be minimized through good design practice and high efficiency type fans. ASHRAE 90.1-2019 now requires a minimum fan efficiency grade (FEG, based on AMCA 205-12: Energy Efficiency Classification for Fans) of 67 and a design operating fan efficiency within 15% of the maximum fan total efficiency. There are exceptions to this requirement, including small systems such as the FCU considered here. Still the fan power limits are expected to become more stringent, and fan efficiency will become more important throughout the industry.
- Fan coil units have higher maintenance costs than central air systems due to the distributed nature of the system. For each unit, the filters must be changed, and drain systems must be flushed periodically.
- ASHRAE Standard 90.1, which is used as a basis for most state energy codes, limits the fan power (brake HP or nameplate HP). The 2016 version of Standard 90.1 was used to represent the 2018 minimum efficiency level (state energy codes typically refer to older versions of Standard 90.1 due to code revision cycles).
- Fan energy is affected by several factors, including fan type configuration, filter and coil pressure drops, motor efficiency, and fan speed control.

Appendix A Data Sources

Guidehouse 1200 19th Street, NW, Suite 700 Washington, D.C. 20036

And

SAIC 8301 Greensboro Drive McLean, VA 22102

Residential Lighting

Final

Data Sources » Residential General Service Incandescent Lamps (60 watt)

	2015	2020		202	22		2023	20	30	2040		20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typica	High	Typical H	igh [Гурісаl	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref. Case												
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	2016 EIA Rei. Case												
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	DOE, 2008												
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case												
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE, 2017												
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Assume Unchanged					N/A						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	2010 EIA Rei. Case												
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	N/A												
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	IN/A												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calculated												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calculated												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential General Service Incandescent Lamps (75 watt)

	2015	2020		202	2		2023	203	30	204	10	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref. Case												
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	2010 EIA Rei. Case												
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	DOE, 2008												
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case												
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE, 2017												
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Assume Unchanged					N/A						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	2010 EPTICI. Case												
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	N/A												
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	14/11												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calculated												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Carcanaca												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential General Service Halogen Lamps (60 watt Incandescent Equivalent)

	2015	2020		2022	2		2023	20	30	204	10	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Assume Unchanged		Distributor Websites or									
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	2010 LIA Rei, Case	Assume Officialized		Product Catalogs									
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	DOE	2008		DOE, 2008									
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Distributor Websites DOE, 2017 DOE, 2017 DOE, 2017 N/A Distributor Websites N/A N/A Distributor N/A											
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE	. 2017		DOE, 2017									
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Calculated	N/A	Distributor Websites				N/A					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calcu	ulated		Calculated									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	N,	/ ^		N/A									
Labor Installation (hours)	1 V	A		N/A									
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calca	ılated		Calculated									
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calc	auc c		Carculated									
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources» Residential General Service Halogen Lamps (75 watt Incandescent Equivalent)

	2015	2020		2022	2		2023	203	30	204	10	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Calculated		Distributor Websites or									
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	2010 LIA Rei. Case	Calculated		Product Catalogs									
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	DOE	, 2008		DOE, 2008									
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs DoE, 2017 DOE, 2017 DOE, 2017 N/A Distributor N/A												
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE	, 2017		DOE, 2017									
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Calculated	N/A	Distributor Websites				N/A					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calcı	ulated		Calculated									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	N	/A		N/A									
Labor Installation (hours)	10	/A		IN/A									
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calar	ulated		Calculated									
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Caici	uiaicu		Calculated									
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential General Service Compact Fluorescent Lamps (60 watt Incandescent Equivalent)

	2015	2020		202	2		2023	203	30	20	40	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage			Distributo	r Websites or	Product								
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Calculated		Catalogs			DOE, 2022						
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	2010 EIA Nei. Case			Calculated		ENERGY				NCI,	2019		
CRI						STAR, 2020				i vei,	2017		
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	Product Catalogs	Assume Unchanged	Distributo	r Websites or Catalogs	Product		N/A						
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case												
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)					DOE, 201	7							
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Calculated	Distributo	r Websites or Catalogs	Product		N/A			NCI,	2019		
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	2010 Ell Trei. Case	Cure tunic ti		Calculated			14/11			1101	2017		
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)		N/A								N/A			
Labor Installation (hours)		14/21				N/A				1 1/11			
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)						14/11							
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)		Calculate	·d				N/A			Calcı	ılated		
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)		Curc anno					- 1/11			Curet			
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential General Service LED Lamps (60 Watt Equivalent)

	2015	2020		202	2		2023	20	30	20	40	20	050
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average		Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage			Distributo	r Websites or	Product					Calcı	ılated		
Lamp Lumens				Catalogs			DOE 2022		A	Assume U	Inchang	ged	
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Model, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General	2020 DOE LED Pricing		Calculated		ENERGY	DOE, 2022	Model R of So	lid-S tate	Scenario Lighting cations (N	in Gen	y Savings eral Illumi nt, 2019)	Forecast nation
CRI	Illumination Applications	Analysis				STAR, 2020				Assume U	Inchano	rod	
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	(Navigant, 2019)		Distributo	r Websites or	Product		NT/A		F	issuite C	ncnang	;eu	
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)				Catalogs			N/A	Model Roof So	lid-S tate	Scenario Lighting cations (N	in Gen	y Savings eral Illumi nt, 2019)	Forecast nation
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)					DOE, 201	7			• • •	·	Ű		
Lamp Price (2022\$)	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	2020 DOE LED Pricing Analysis	Distributo	r Websites or Catalogs	Product	N,	/A		lid-State		in Gen	y Savings eral Illumi nt, 2019)	
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)					Calculated	i							
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)					N/A								
Labor Installation (hours)					IN/A								
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)		Са	lculated				N/A			Calcı	ılated		
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)		Ca	ac ainic d				14/11			Cuict			
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential General Service Filament-LED Lamps (60 Watt Equivalent)

	2015	2020		2022	2		2023	20	30	20	40	20	050
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average		Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage			Distributo	r Websites or	Product					Calcı	ılated		
Lamp Lumens				Catalogs			DOE 2022		A	Assume U	Inchan	ged	
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Model, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General	2020 DOE LED Pricing		Calculated		ENERGY	DOE, 2022	Fore	ecastofS	Solid-Stat	e Light	Inergy Sav ing in Ger Navigant, 2	ne ral
CRI Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	Analysis	Distributo	r Websites or	Product	STAR, 2020			A	Assume U	Inchan	ged	
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)			Distributo	Catalogs	rioduct		N/A	Fore	ecastofS	6 o lid-S tat	e Light	inergy Sav ing in Ger Navigant, 2	ne ral
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)					DOE, 201	7					Ì		
Lamp Price (2022\$)	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	2020 DOE LED Pricing Analysis	Distributo	r Websites or Catalogs	Product	N/	'A	Fore	ecastofS	Solid-Stat	e Light	Energy Sav ting in Ger Navigant, 2	neral
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)					Calculated	d							
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)					N/A								
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)					IN/A								
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)		Cal	lculated				N/A			Calcu	ılated		
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)		Cui	- Cauca				1 1/21			Cuic	Lanc a		
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Reflector Lamps (65W BR30 In candescent)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	20	30	204	10	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typica1	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref.												
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Case			Distributor									
CRI				Websitesor									
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	DOE, 2012(1)			Product Catalogs									
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Assume Unchanged	N/A					N/A					
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE, 2017			DOE, 2017									
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case			Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs									
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)						N/A							
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)						IN/A							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)						Calculated							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)						Curc mane u							
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Reflector Lamps (PAR30 Halogen)

	2015	2020		202	22		2023	20	30	204	10	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage		Assume Unchanged											
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Calculated											
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Case			Distributor									
CRI				Websites or Product									
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	DOE, 2012(1)	Assume Unchanged		Catalogs									
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case		N/A					N/A					
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE,	2017		DOE, 2017									
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Calculated		Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs									
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)						N/A							
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)						IN/A							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)						Calculated							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)						Jule divide d							
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)				125									

Data Sources » Residential Reflector Lamps (PAR30 Halogen Infrared Reflector (HIR)

	2009	2020		201	15		2023	20:	20	203	30	204	40					
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typica1	High	Typical	High					
Lamp Wattage																		
Lamp Lumens	2016 FIA D. 6	Calculated																
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	2016 EIA Ref. Case																	
CRI				Distributor Websites or Product														
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	DOE, 2012(1)	Assume Unchanged		Catalogs														
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case		N/A					N/A										
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE,	2017		DOE, 2017	17													
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Calculated		Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs														
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated														
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)						N/A												
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)						IN/A												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)																		
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)						Calculated												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)																		
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)																		

Data Sources » Residential Reflector Lamps (BR30 CFL)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	20	2030		0 2040		50					
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High					
Lamp Wattage																		
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA I																	
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Calcu	lated																
CRI																		
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	DOE, 2	012(1)																
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA I Calcu																	
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE,	2017																
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA I						N/A											
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calcu	lated																
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	N/	' A																
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	IN/	A																
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)																		
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calcu	ulatod																
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calcu	uateu																
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)																		

Data Sources » Residential Reflector LED BR30

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	20	30	20	40	2050				
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High			
Lamp Wattage	Model		Distributo	or Websites o	r Product			Calculated								
Lamp Lumens	Reference			Catalogs				Assume Unchanged								
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Scenario, Energy Savings			Calculated			DOE, 2022	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Saving Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in Gener Illumination Applications (Navigant, 201								
CRI	Forecastof		ENI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	Lighting in	LED Pricing Analysis			STAR, 2020		Assume Unchanged									
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	J	Distributo	or Websites o Catalogs	r Product		N/A	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savin Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in Gener Illumination Applications (Navigant, 201								
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	, i					DOE, 2017				11	ì	,				
Lamp Price (2022\$)	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	LED Pricing Analysis	Distributo	or Websites o Catalogs	r Product	N/A		Model Reference Scenario, Energy Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in Illumination Applications (Naviga					neral			
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	,					Calculated										
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)						N/A										
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)																
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)																
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)			Calca	ulated			N/A	A Calculated								
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calculated					IN/A	Carculated									

Data Sources » Residential Reflector LED PAR38

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	203	30	2040		205	50				
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High				
Lamp Wattage			Distributor M	Vebsites or Pro	dust Catalogs			Calculated									
Lamp Lumens			Distributor V	veosites of 1 to	duct Catalogs		DOE 2022			Assume U	Inchanged	l					
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Solid-State	gsForecast of Lighting in		Calculated		ENERGY	DOE, 2022	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forec Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applic (Navigant, 2019)									
CRI	General III Applications				STAR, 2020				Assume U	Inchange	ı						
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	201		D: ('1 (IA	7.1.'' D		N/A			713341116 C								
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)			Distributor W	Vebsites or Pro		14/21	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecas Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applica (Navigant, 2019)										
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)						DOE, 2017											
Lamp Price (2022\$)	Model Refere Energy Savin Solid-State General III Applications	gs Forecast of Lighting in lumination s (Navigant,	Distributor W	Vebsites or Pro	duct Catalogs	N/A					ral Illumin	avings For ation App					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)						Calculated											
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)						N/A											
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)						IV/A											
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)																	
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)			Calcı	ılated			N/A			Calcı	ılated						
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Cost (2022\$/klm)			Calculated					Carcanica								
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)																	

Data Sources » Residential Linear Fluorescent Lamp T12

	2015	2020		2022		2	2030		2040		50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	2016 EIA Ref. Case										
Lamp Lumens	2010 EIA Rei. Case										
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)		Assume									
System Wattage	Calculated	Unchanged									
System Lumens	Carculated										
System Efficacy (lm/W)											
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Chapter 5; Table 5.8.16 of GSFL Ballast Final Rule TSD (DOE, 2020)									
CRI											
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2016 EIA Ref. Case										
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)							т / А				
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE, 2017					Γ	N/A				
Lamp Price (2022\$)											
Ballast Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case										
Fixture Price (2022\$)											
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calculated	Assume									
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	Carculatea	Unchanged									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)											
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case										
Labor Lamp Change (hours)											
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)											
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calculated										
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Curcurated										
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)		140									

Data Sources » Residential Linear Fluorescent Lamp T8

	2015	2020		2022		20	030	204	40	20	050		
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	l High		
Lamp Wattage	Calculated	Died	tributor Wel	acitoc									
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref. Case	DIS	illoutor vvei	osnes				Calcula	ated				
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	2015 GSFL TSD, Figure 11.5.4	Calculated											
System Wattage													
System Lumens				Calcula	ted								
System Efficacy (lm/W)													
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	(Chapter 5; Ta	able 5.8.15 of	GSFL B	allast Fin	al Rule TS	D (DOE,	2020)				
CRI							Dis	tributor	Website	95			
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Distributor Websites Distributor Webs											
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)								Calcula	ated				
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)				DOE, 20	017								
Lamp Price (2022\$)		Calculated											
Ballast Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	N/A	Distri	outor Websi	tes			Calcula	ated				
Fixture Price (2022\$)		Calculated											
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calcula	ted								
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)				Carcara	itea								
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)		Assume			2	022 RS M	eans Onlir	ne.					
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	unchanged				0221011	caris Offin	ic					
Labor Lamp Change (hours)		orreriori 900				N	J/A						
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)				Calcula	ted								
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)				Caicula	icu								
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Linear Fluorescent Lamp T5

	2015	2020		2022		20	030	20	40	20)50	
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	
Lamp Wattage	Calculated	Dia	ributor We	haitaa								
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref. Case	e Assume unchanged										
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	2015 GSFL TSD, Figure 11.5.4	Calculated										
System Wattage												
System Lumens				Calcula	ited							
System Efficacy (lm/W)												
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	Chapter 5; Table 5.3.32 of GSFL IRL Final Rule TSD (DOE, 2015)	C	Chapter 5; Ta	able 5.8.6 of	GSFL Ba	allast Fin	al Rule TS	SD (DOE,	2020)			
CRI												
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2016 EIA Ref. Case			Di	stributo	or Websit	es					
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)												
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)				DOE, 2	017							
Lamp Price (2022\$)		Calculated										
Ballast Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	N/A	Distri	butor Webs	ites			Calcula	ated			
Fixture Price (2022\$)		Calculated										
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calcula	ited							
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)				Curcur	iteu							
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)					2	022 RSM	eans Onli	ne				
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA F	Ref. Case			_							
Labor Lamp Change (hours)						N	I/A					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)				Calcula	ited							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)				20120110								
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)												

Data Sources» Residential Linear LED Replacement Lamp 2-Lamp System

	2015	2020		2022		20	030	20	40	20)50	
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typica	l High	
Lamp Wattage								Calcul	ated			
Lamp Lumens	LED Webscrape	DOE Web Scrape					umesam					
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Database	Database	Distri	butor websi	tes	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savin Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in Gener Illumination Applications (Navigant, 201						
System Wattage								••	Ì	Ŭ .	ĺ	
System Lumens				Calcula	ted							
System Efficacy (lm/W)												
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)				N/A								
CRI	2016 EIA Ref. Case	2016 EIA Ref. Case										
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Distributor Websites	Distributor Websites				Distributor Websites					
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	LED Webscrape Database	DOE Web Scrape Database										
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)				DOE, 20)17							
Lamp Price (2022\$)	LED Webscrape	DOE Web Scrape Database	Distri	butor Websi	tes		ıg in Gen	eral Illur	avings Forecast of Solid-Sta ral Illumination Applicatio Javigant, 2019)			
Ballast Price (2022\$)	Database	N/A						N/A	Δ.			
Fixture Price (2022\$)		N/A						11/1	1			
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calcula	ted							
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)				Carcara	ica							
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)				27/1								
Labor System Installation (hours)				N/A								
Labor Lamp Change (hours)												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calcula	ted							
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)												
Aimuai mamienance Cust (20224/Kim)		1.42										

Data Sources » Residential Linear LED Luminaire

	2015	2020		2022		20	030	204	40	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage											
Lamp Lumens				N/A							
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)											
System Wattage								Calcula			
System Lumens	LED Webscrape	DOE Web Scrape	—.				sumesam		, ,	,	_
System Efficacy (lm/W)	Database	Database	Distri	butor Websi	tes		eference S d-State Li Applica		Genera	l Illumin	
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)				N/A							
CRI	LED Webscrape DOE Web Scrape Distributor Websites Distributor Websites										
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	LED Webscrape DOF Web Scrape								es		
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	Butubuse	Dutubuse									
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)				DOE, 20)17						
Lamp or Luminaire Price (2022\$)	LED Webscrape Database	DOE Web Scrape Database	Distri	butor Websi	tes		l, Energy S ing in Gen ()		nination		
Ballast Price (2022\$)											
Fixture Price (2022\$)				N/A							
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				IN/A							
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)											
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)					2	022 RS M	eans Onli	ne			
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA I	Ref. Case			2	0221311	earis Oriii	ite			
Labor Lamp Change (hours)						N	I/A				
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)											
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)				Calcula	ted						
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)				Carcula	ica						
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)											

Data Sources » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Security: BR30 In candescent)

	2009	2020		20	15		2023	20	20	20	30	204	10
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens													
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)													
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)													
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)													
Lamp Price (2022\$)				Sa	me as indoor R	esidential Incan	descent Reflec	tor					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)													
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Security: PAR38 Halogen)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	20	30	20	40	2050	
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typica1	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens													
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)													
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)													
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)													
Lamp Price (2022\$)	Interpolatio Commerc	n Based on ial PAR38				:	Same as Comr	mercial PAR38	8 Halogen				
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)													
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Security: PAR38 HIR)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	20	30	20	40	2050	
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typica1	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens													
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)													
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)													
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)													
Lamp Price (2022\$)	Interpola Commercial	ted from I PAR38 HIR					Same as Co	mmercial PAI	R38 HIR				
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)													
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Security: CFL PAR38)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA I	Ref. Case/											
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Calcı	ılated											
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	DOE, 2	2012(1)											
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)		DOE, 2012(1) 2016 EIA Ref. Case / Calculated											
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE,	, 2017											
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA I						N/A						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calcı	ılated											
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	N	/A											
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)	1N,	/A											
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calar	Calculated											
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calct	nated											
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Security: LED PAR38)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens													
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)													
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)													
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)													
Lamp Price (2022\$)					Same as	Residential LED	PAR38						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)													
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Porch: A19 Incandescent)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens													
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)													
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)													
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)													
Lamp Price (2022\$)				Samea	s Kesidential	General Servi	ce75W Incan	descent					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)													
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Porch: Halogen A-Type)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	20	30	20	40	20	50
DATASOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens													
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)													
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)													
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)													
Lamp Price (2022\$)				Same as R	esidential Ge	neral Service 7	′5W Equivale	nt Haloge	n				
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)													
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Porch: CFL Bare Spiral)

	2015	2020		202	22		2023	20	30	20	40	205	50
DATASOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage			DietributerM	/ebsites or Pro	duct Catalogs								
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref.	Calculated	Distributor W	repsites of 1 10	duct Catalogs		DOE, 2022						
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Case			Calculated									
CRI						ENERGY				NCI,	2019		
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	Product Catalogs	Assume Unchanged	Distributor W	/ebsites or Pro		STAR, 2020	N/A			1 ()			
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case												
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)						DOE, 2017							
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref.	Calculated	Distributor W	/ebsites or Pro	duct Catalogs		N/A			NCI,	2010		
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	Case	Calculated		Calculated			IN/A			IVCI,	2019		
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)			N/A			NT/A				N/A			
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)			IN/A			N/A				11/11			
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)			Calculated				N/A			Calcu	ılated		
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)			Carculated				1 4/2 1			Curce	iiaica		
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Residential Outdoor Lamps (Porch: LED A-Type)

	2015	2020		20	22		2023	20	30	20	40	20.	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage	Model		Diatributar M	/ebsites or Pro	duat Cataloga					Calcı	ılated		
Lamp Lumens	Reference Scenario,		Distributor W	rebsiles of Fro	duct Catalogs				1	Assume U	Inchange	d	
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Energy Savings	2020 DOE		Calculated			DOE, 2022	Model Re Sol	id-State I	Scenario, Lighting i cations (N	n Genera	ıl Illuminat	recast of ion
CRI	Forecast of Solid-State	2020 DOE LED Pricing				ENERGY							
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	Lighting in	Analysis				STAR, 2020			1	Assume U	nchange	a	
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	· ·	Distributor W	/ebsites or Pro	duct Catalogs		N/A		id-State I		n Genera	Savings Fo al Illuminat (2019)	
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)						DOE, 2017							
Lamp Price (2022\$)	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)		Distributor W	/ebsites or Pro	duct Catalogs	N/A			id-State I		n Genera	Savings Fo Il Illuminat . 2019)	
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)						Calculated							
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)						N/A							
Labor Lamp Installation (hours)						IN/A							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)						Calculated							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)						Carculated							
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Commercial Lighting

Data Sources » Commercial General Service 100W Incandescent Lamp in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012	2018		202	.2		2023	20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens													
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
System Wattage	2016 FIA Ro	ference Case											
System Lumens	2010 EIA RE	ierence case											
System Efficacy (lm/W)													
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)													
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)		2008											
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Re	ference Case											
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE,	2017											
Lamp Price (2022\$)							N/A						
Ballast Price (2022\$)	2016 ELA D	(
Fixture Price (2022\$)		ference Case; ılated											
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	Care	ara tea											
System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)													
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Re	ference Case											
Labor Lamp Change (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Color	ılated											
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Carci	iiated											
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Commercial General Service Halogen Lamp (100W Incandescent Equivalent) in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012	2018		2022	2		2023	20	30	204	40	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typica 1	High	Typica 1	High	Typica 1	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens													
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
System Wattage	2016 EIA	Assume											
System Lumens	Reference Case	Unchanged											
System Efficacy (lm/W)				Product									
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)				Catalogs									
CRI	DOE	2000											
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	DOE,	2008											
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Reference Case	Assume Unchan <i>g</i> ed											
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE,	2017	N/A	DOE, 2017				N/A					
Lamp Price (2022\$)			1 1/11					1 1/23	•				
Ballast Price (2022\$)				Distributor									
Fixture Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Reference Case	DOE, 2019		Websites									
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)													
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)				2022 RS									
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Re	ference Case		Means									
Labor Lamp Change (hours)				Online									
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calcu	ılated		Calculated									
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calct	iiaieu		Calculated									
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Commercial General Service 100W Equivalent CFL Bare Spiral in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012	2018		202	2		2023	203	30	20	40	20	50
DAT A SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	T ypical	High	ENERGY ST AR	Standard	Typical	High	T ypical	High	T ypical	High
Lamp Wattage										Calcu	la te d		
Lamp Lumens							DOE, 2022			Assume U	nchange	d	
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)										NCI,	2019		
System Wattage	2016 EIA Reference Case	Calculated/ Guidehouse		ENERGY			Same as	lamp wat	tage				
System Lumens			Pr	oduct Catalogs		ST AR, 2020							
System Efficacy (lm/W)									Ca	lcula te d			
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)													
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	2016 EIA Ref					N/A	Assume Unchanged						
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Kei	te rence Case											
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)		DO	OE, 2017					DOE, 2017					
Lamp Price (2022\$)			Diat	ributor Website	20								
Ballast Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Reference	e Case; Calculated	Dist	indutor websit	es					NCI,	2019		
Fixture Price (2022\$)				NCI, 2019									
Disposal Cost (2022\$)		EI	PA, 2022							EPA,	2022		
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)		Ca	lcula te d							NCI,	2010		
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)		Ca	icuiateu			N/A				INCI,	2019		
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)						1 1/11	N/A						
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Ref	fe re nce Case	2022	RS Means Onli	ine				20	022 RS Me	ans Onli	ne	
Labor Lamp Change (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)		Са	lcula te d			Calculated							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)		Ca	reala te a				Calculated						
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Commercial General Service 100W Equivalent LED Replacement Lamp in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012	2018	lled Stock Low Typical High				2023	20	30	2	040	205	50
DAT A SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	T ypical	High	ENERGY ST AR	Standard	Typical	High	T ypical	High	T ypical	High
Lamp Wattage Lamp Lumens Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Average	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	Distributor W	ebsites or Prod	uct Catalogs	ENERGY STAR, 2020	DOE, 2022	Modell Solid-Stat	Re fe renc	Assume de Scenarion	ulated Unchange o, Energy S eral Illumi ant, 2019)	d a vings Fore nation App	ecast of lications
System Wattage System Lumens System Efficacy (lm/W) Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	2016 EIA Reference Case					Calculate	d						
CRI Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)		Model Reference Scenario, Energy		ENERGY STAR, 2020 N/A			Assume Unchanged		d				
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)		Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	Distributor W	ebsites or Prod	ENERGY ST AR, 2020	N/A	Model Reference Scenario, En Savings Fore cast of Solid-State L in General Illumination Applica (Navigant, 2019)			te Lighting	S Assu Uncha		
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)					DO	E, 2017				0			
Lamp Price (2022\$)		Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	e 7 of ^{ng} Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs			s or Product Catalogs				Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Fore Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination App (Navigant, 2019)		ecast of lications	
Ballast Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Reference		N/A			N,	/A			1	N/A		
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	Case Calculated Calculate N/A Calculate												
Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor Lamp Change (hours)		2016 EIA Reference Case	2022			2022 RS Me ans Online							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)			Calculat			Calculate d							
			1	EO									

Data Sources » Commercial Halogen Reflector Lamp (PAR38) in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012	2018	Installed				2023	203	30	204	10	2050	
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens													
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
System Wattage		2016 EIA		Distributor									
System Lumens	2016 EIA Reference	Reference Case /		Websitesor									
System Efficacy (lm/W)	Case	Calculated,		Product Catalogs									
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)		NCI, 2019		Catalogs									
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)													
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)													
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE	, 2017		DOE, 2017									
Lamp Price (2022\$)			N/A	Distributor Websites or				N/A					
Ballast Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Re	ference Case;		Product									
Fixture Price (2022\$)	Calc	ulated		Catalogs									
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated									
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)				Carculated									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)				2022 RS Means									
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Re	ference Case		Online									
Labor Lamp Change (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calc	culated		Calculated									
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Commercial Halogen Infrared Reflector Lamp (PAR38) in Recessed Can Fixture

	2012	2018	ortalla d					203	30	204	£0	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens													
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
System Wattage				Distributor									
System Lumens	2016 EIA Rei	forence Case		Websitesor									
System Efficacy (lm/W)	2010 LET ICE	iciciice casc		Product Catalogs									
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)				Catalogs									
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)													
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)													
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE,	2017		DOE, 2017									
Lamp Price (2022\$)			N/A	Distributor	N/A								
Ballast Price (2022\$)	201 (FIL D. /			Websites or Product									
Fixture Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Ref Calcu			Catalogs									
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated									
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)				2022 DC 3.4									
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Rei	ference Case		2022 RS Means Online									
Labor Lamp Change (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calcu	ılated		Calculated	rulated								
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Cure			Sure trace at	Culculated								
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources» Commercial LED Reflector Lighting (PAR38)

	2012	2018	talled Stock				2023	20	30	20	10	205	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Standard	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage Lamp Lumens Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)		Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	Distributor V	Vebsites or Produc	t Catalogs	ENERGY STAR, 2020	DOE, 2022			Calcu Assume U cenario, Energ al Illuminatio	nchanged gy Savings I		
System Wattage System Lumens System Efficacy (lm/W) Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	2016 EIA Reference Case			Calcula	ted								
CRI Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)		Model Reference Scenario, Energy		ENERGY STAR, 2020 N/A		Assume Unchanged							
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)		Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	Distributor V	Vebsites or Produc	ENERGY STAR, 2020	N/A	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)				Assume U:	nchanged	
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)						DOE, 2017		Assume Official					
Lamp Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA	Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	ce y st Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs				Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Nav						
Ballast Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$)	N/A					N/	A						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calculated				Calculated					Calcu			
System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor Lamp Change (hours)		N/A 2016 EIA Reference Case 2022 RS Means Online								N/A 2022 RS Means Online			
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)		Calculated								Calculated			
				1.71									

Data Sources » Commercial 4-ft T8 F32 Commodity in 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018									50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage		Calculated									
Lamp Lumens		Assume same as residential T8			Assur	ne same a	s residen	tial T8			
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)		SSL Forecast for 2018									
System Wattage											
System Lumens	2016 EIA Ref.				Cal	lculated					
System Efficacy (lm/W)	Case										
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	Assume Chapter 5; Table 5.8.1 of GSFL Ballast Final Rule TSD (DOE, 2020)										
CRI Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)		Ü		Δες	ıımacam.	e as reside	ntial TS				
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)				1133	unic sam	c as i csiac	iitiai 10				
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)					DO	E, 2017					
Lamp Price (2022\$)		SSL Forecast									
Ballast Price (2022\$)		for 2018	Assumesa	me as residen	tial T8			Calcu	lated		
Fixture Price (2022\$)		101 2016									
Disposal Costs (2022\$)				I	EPA, 2022	2					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)					Cal	lculated					
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)											
Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours)		2016 EIA Ref.			20)22 RS Me	ana Onli	••			
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	2016 EIA Ref.	Case			۷()22 K3 Wie	ans Omn	ile			
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	Case										
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)					6.1	1 1 1					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)					Cal	lculated					
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)											

Data Sources» Commercial 4-ft T8 F28 High-efficiency and High-output in 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050				
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical				
Lamp Wattage	2016 EIA Ref.									
Lamp Lumens	Case		Di	istributor Websit	es					
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)	Cuse									
System Wattage										
System Lumens			Calcu	ılated						
System Efficacy (lm/W)										
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)		Chapter 5; Table	25.8.1 of GSFL B	allast Final Rule T	TSD (DOE, 2020)					
CRI			D	istributor Websit	vos					
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)										
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref.									
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	Case			DOE, 2017						
Lamp Price (2022\$)			Distribuston							
Ballast Price (2022\$)		Calculated	Distributor Websites		Calculated					
Fixture Price (2022\$)			Websites							
Disposal Costs (2022\$)			EPA,	2022						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)			Calcu	ulated						
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)			Caicu	ilated						
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)										
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA	2016 EIA Ref. Case 2022 RS Means Online								
Labor Lamp Change (hours)										
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)										
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)			Calcu	ulated						
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)			Calcu	iiaicu						
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)										

Data Sources » Commercial 4-ft T5 F28 in 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018										
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	
Lamp Wattage		Calculated										
Lamp Lumens	2016 EIA Ref. Case	T5, 2022			Assum	ne same a	s residen	ıtial T5				
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)		SSL Forecast for 2018										
System Wattage												
System Lumens				C	Calculated	d						
System Efficacy (lm/W)		CI	, e m 1 1	F 0 4 4 CCF	T D 11 (E' 1D	1 TCD (F	OF 2020				
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)		Cr	napter 5; Tabl	e5.8.6 of GSF	L Ballast	Final Ku.	le ISD (L	JOE, 2020))			
CRI		Assume same as residential T5										
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)				Assu	ımesame	e as resido	ential T5					
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref.											
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	Case				DO	E, 2017						
Lamp Price (2022\$)		SSL Forecast										
Ballast Price (2022\$)		for 2018	Assumesa	me as residen	tial T5			Calcu	lated			
Fixture Price (2022\$)					TD 4 2020							
Disposal Costs (2022\$)				E	PA, 2022	<u>2</u>						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)					Cal	culated						
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)												
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)												
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Ref.	2016 EIA Ref. Case			20	22 RS Me	ans Onli	ne				
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	Case											
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)					Cal	culated						
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)												

Data Sources » Commercial 4-ft Linear LED Replacement Lamp in 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		20	30	20	40	20	50		
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High		
Lamp Wattage								Calcu	lated				
Lamp Lumens		LED	Dietni	outor website	20	A	ssumesa	me as 202	22 Typica	ıl and Hig	h		
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)		Webscrape Database	Distri	outor website	:5		d-State L	Scenario, Lighting ir Loations (N	General	Illuminat			
System Wattage							• • •		Ü				
System Lumens			Calcula	ed				Calcu	lated				
System Efficacy (lm/W)													
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)			N/A					N,	/A				
CRI													
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)					Distribu	ıtor webs	ites						
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 FIA D. 6												
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	2016 EIA Ref. Case				DC	OE, 2017							
Lamp Price (2022\$)	Case	LED Webscrape Database	Distri	outor Website	es	Model, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-Sta in General Illumination Applications (Navi							
Ballast Price (2022\$)			N/A					N	/A				
Fixture Price (2022\$)			14/21					- 1,					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)					Cal	lculated							
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours)		Assume 2022 RS Means Online											
Labor Lamp Change (hours)		unchanged			20	,22 IXO IVIE	aris Onin	iic					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)					C	laulate J							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)					Ca	lculated							
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Commercial 4-ft Linear LED Luminaire to Replace 2-Lamp Systems

	2012 2018 2022 2030 2040 205							50					
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High		
Lamp Wattage													
Lamp Lumens			N/A					N/	Ά				
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)													
System Wattage								Calcu					
System Lumens		LED						ame as 202					
System Efficacy (lm/W)		Webscrape Database	Distri		Model Ref Statel		enario, Ene n General I (Naviga)	lluminati					
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)			N/A					N/	Ά				
CRI				Dietribi	utor websit	-00							
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)				Distrib	ator w cosi	.03							
Average Lifetime (thousand hours)													
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	2016 EIA Ref.				DC	DOE, 2017							
Lamp or Luminaire Price (2022\$)	Case	LED Webscrape Database	Distri	butor Websites	3	Model, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighti General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 201							
Ballast Price (2022\$)													
Fixture Price (2022\$)						N/A							
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)													
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)					Cal	lculated							
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)													
Labor System Installation (hours)		Assume 2022 RS Means Online unchanged											
Labor Lamp Change (hours)													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)					Cal	lculated							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)													

Data Sources » Commercial 4-ft T8 F28 High-efficiency and High-output in 2-Lamp System with Occupancy Sensor

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050						
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical						
Lamp Wattage												
Lamp Lumens			Γ	Distributor Website	S							
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)												
System Wattage System Lumens				Calculated								
System Editions System Efficacy (lm/W)				Calculated								
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	Chapter 5; Table 5.8.1 of GSFL Ballast Final Rule TSD (DOE, 2020) se										
CRI												
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	Distributor Websites											
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)												
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)			D	DOE, 2017								
Lamp Price (2022\$)		Calculated	Distributor Websites		Calculated							
Ballast Price (2022\$)				N/A								
Fixture Price (2022\$)		Calculated	Distributor		Calculated							
Occupancy Sensor Price (2022\$)	N/	'A	Websites	Ι	Distributor Website	S						
Disposal Costs (2022\$)			EPA,	2022								
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated								
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)		Calculated										
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)		Assume										
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Ref. Case	unchanged		2022 RS Me	eans Online							
Labor Lamp Change (hours)	ZU10 EIA KEI. Case											
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated								
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)												
	1	167										

Data Sources» Commercial 4-ft T8 F28 High-efficiency and High-output in 2-Lamp System with Specular Reflector

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050				
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical				
Lamp Wattage										
Lamp Lumens			Di	istributor Website	es					
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)										
System Wattage										
System Lumens				Calculated						
System Efficacy (lm/W)										
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	2016 EIA Ref.	Chap	ter 5; Table 5.8.1 of	GSFL Ballast Fina	al Rule TSD (DOE,	2020)				
CRI	Case									
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)			D	istributor Website	es					
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)		DOF 2017								
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)		DOE, 2017								
Lamp Price (2022\$)		Calculated	Distributor Websites		Calculated					
Ballast Price (2022\$)				N/A						
Fixture Price (2022\$)		Calculated	Distributor		Calculated					
Reflector Price (2022\$)	N,	/A	Websites	D	istributor Website	es				
Disposal Costs (2022\$)			EPA,	2022						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated						
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)										
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)		Assume 2022 RS Means Online								
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Ref.	unchanged		2022 RS Me	eans Online					
Labor Lamp Change (hours) Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	Case									
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)										
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated						
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)										
Annual Mannellance Cost (20224/Kint)										

Data Sources » Commercial 4-ft T8 F28 High-efficiency and High-output in 2-Lamp System with Occupancy Sensor and Specular Reflector

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050		
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical		
Lamp Wattage		Calculated	Distributor	Distributor	Distributor	Distributor		
Lamp Lumens		Distributor	Websites	Websites	Websites	Websites		
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)		Websites						
System Wattage								
System Lumens		Calculated						
System Efficacy (lm/W)								
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)		Chapter 5; Table 5.8.1 of GSFL Ballast Final Rule TSD (DOE, 2020)						
CRI	2016 EIA Ref.							
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)	Case							
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)								
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)				DOE, 2017				
Lamp Price (2022\$)								
Ballast Price (2022\$)		Calculated	Calculated		Calculated	Calculated		
Fixture Price (2022\$)			Distributor					
Reflector Price (2022\$)		N/A	Websites	D	istributor Website	es		
Occupancy Sensor Price (2022\$)								
Disposal Costs (2022\$)			EPA,	2022				
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				Calculated				
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)		Calculated						
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)		Assume						
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Ref.	2022 RS Moone Online						
Labor Lamp Change (hours) Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	Case							
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)								
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)		Calculated						
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)								
Ammun Municianice Cost (2022#/Kint)								

Data Sources » Commercial 8-ft T8 F59 Typical Efficiency in a 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		203	30	204	40	205	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage Lamp Lumens		Calculated	Distri	butor Websites	3		Assume same as 2022				
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)		Curculated				1 200 811110 381110 410 20 22					
System Wattage	2016 EIA Ref.	Calculated	(Calculated		Calculated					
System Lumens System Efficacy (lm/W)	Case	Calculated				Calculated					
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)		Assume unchanged	Chapter 5; Table 5.8.1 of GSFL Ballast Final R					Rule TSD (DOE, 2020)			
CRI											
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)	2016 EIA Ref.	Distributor Websites Assume same as 2022						<u>!</u>			
Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022\$)	Case	DOE, 2017									
Ballast Price (2022\$)		Calculated	culated Distributor Websites Calculated								
Fixture Price (2022\$)											
Disposal Costs (2022\$)					EPA, 2022						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	2016 EIA Ref.				Cal	lculated					
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	Case	Assume									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)		unchanged	inged								
Labor System Installation (hours)	Chapter 8; Tabl IRL Preliminar (DOE,	y Analysis TSD			2	022 RS Me	ans Onlin	e			
Labor Lamp Change (hours)		C	hapter 8; Table	8.2.4 of GSFL II	RL Prelimi	nary Anal	ysis TSD(I	OOE, 2013)			
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)											
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	2016 EIA Ref. Case				Cal	culated					
			170								

Data Sources » Commercial 8-ft T8 F96 High-Output in a 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		20	30	20	40	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage		Assumesame									
Lamp Lumens		as 2022 typical	Distri	butor Website	S		A	Assume sa	me as 202	.2	
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)											
System Wattage					6.1						
System Lumens		Calculated									
System Efficacy (lm/W)		Chamber 5. Table 5.2.24 CSELIDLE in al Drula TSD (DOE 2014)									
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)	2016 EIA Ref.	Chapter 5; Table 5.3.26 GSFL IRL Final Rule TSD (DOE, 2014)									
CRI	Case										
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)					Distribu	ıtor Websi	ites				
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)											
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)					DO	E, 2017					
Lamp Price (2022\$)											
Ballast Price (2022\$)		Calculated	Distri	butor Website	s			Calcu	lated		
Fixture Price (2022\$)											
Disposal Costs (2022\$)					EPA, 2022						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	2017 ETA D. C	Calculated				Calcu	lated				
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	2016 EIA Ref.	2016 EIA Ref.									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	Case	Case									
Labor System Installation (hours)	GSFL IRL I	Table 8.2.4 of Preliminary D (DOE, 2013)			20	022 RS Me	ans Onlir	ne			
Labor Lamp Change (hours)		Cha	apter 8; Table 8	3.2.4 of GSFL II	RL Prelim	inary Ana	lysis TSD	(DOE, 201	13)		
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	2016 EIA Ref. Case		Calculat	red				Calcu	lated		

Data Sources » Commercial 8-ft Linear LED Replacement Lamp for a 2 Lamp System

Lamp Wattage Lamp Lumens Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) System Wattage System Lumens Calculated Case, 2015 typical Calculated N/A Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022\$) Ballast Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) Distributor Websites Calculated Distributor Websites Assumesame as 2022 N/A Distributor Websites Calculated Calculated Calculated Distributor Websites Calculated Calculated Calculated Distributor Websites Calculated Calculated Distributor Websites Assumesame as 2022 Price and Fight Calculated Distributor Websites Calculated Distributor Websites Assumesame as 2022 Price and Fight Calculated Distributor Websites Calculated Distributor Websites Assumesame as 2022 Price and Fight Calculated Distributor Websites Assumesame as 2022 Price and Fight Calculated Distributor Websites Assumesame as 2022 Price and Fight Calculated Distributor Websites Assumesame as 2022 Price and Fight Calculated Distributor Websites Assumesame as 2022 Price and Fight Calculated Distributor Websites Assumesame as 2022 Price and Fight Calculated Distributor Web		2012	2018		2022		203	30	20	40	20	50	
Lamp Lumens Lamp Efficacy (Im/W) System Wattage System Lumens Calculated System Efficacy (Im/W) Ballast Efficiency (BLE) CRI Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022S) Ballast Price (2022S) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) Distributor Websites Assume same as 2022 Typical and High Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solic State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) State Lighting in General Illumination (Naviga 2019) State Lighting i	DATA SOURCES			Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	
Lamp Efficacy (Im/W) System Wattage System Lumens System Lumens Calculated Case, 2015 typical Distributor Websites Calculated DOE, 2017 Distributor Websites Calculated	Lamp Wattage			Dietri	ibutor Wobsites		Calculated						
typical byte calculated System Wattage System Lumens System Efficacy (lm/W) Ballast Efficiency (BLE) Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022\$) Ballast Price (2022\$) Estuture Price (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) typical Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated Calculated Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) Calculated State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Naviga 2019) State Lighting in Calculated	Lamp Lumens		2016 EIA Ref.	Distri	ibutor vvebsites			Assume	same as 202	22 Typical	and High		
System Mattage System Lefficacy (lm/W) Ballast Efficiency (BLE) CRI Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) Calculated Calculated Distributor Websites Distributor Websites Assume same as 2022 Distributor Websites Assume same as 2022 Assume same as 2022 N/A Distributor Websites Calculated N/A Distributor Websites Calculated Distributor Websites Calculated Distributor Websites Calculated Distributor Websites Calculated N/A	Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)		-	Si		Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid- State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant 2019)							
System Efficacy (Im/W) Ballast Efficiency (BLE) CRI Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) System (I/b/s) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) System (I/b/s) System (I	System Wattage			Calculated									
Ballast Efficiency (BLE) CRI Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022\$) Ballast Price (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) N/A 2016 EIA Ref. Case, 2015 typical Distributor Websites DOE, 2017 Distributor Websites Calculated DOE, 2017 Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case, 2015 typical Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case, 2015 typical Case, 2015 Typical Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case Distributor Websites N/A DOE, 2017 Distributor Websites Calculated N/A N/A	System Lumens		Calculated					Calcu	lated				
CRI Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022\$) Ballast Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours) 2016 EIA Ref. Case, 2015 typical Distributor Websites Distributor Websites Distributor Websites Distributor Websites Assume same as 2022 Distributor Websites Calculated N/A 2016 EIA Ref. Case, 2015 typical 2016 EIA Ref. Case, 2015 Case, 2015 typical 2016 EIA Ref. Case, 2015 Tolor Calculated N/A	System Efficacy (lm/W)												
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022\$) Ballast Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours) Case, 2015 typical Distributor Websites Assume same as 2022 Distributor Websites Calculated N/A Case, 2015 typical Case, 2015 typical Case, 2015 typical Case, 2015 typical Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case 2016 EIA Ref. Case N/A	Ballast Efficiency (BLE)				N/A								
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022\$) Ballast Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) typical Distributor Websites Calculated N/A Case, 2015 typical Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case 2016 EIA Ref. Case N/A 2016 EIA Ref. Case N/A	CRI		2016 EIA Ref.										
Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022\$) Ballast Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours) N/A Distributor Websites Calculated N/A Case, 2015 typical Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case Case N/A	Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)		Case, 2015	Distributor Websites					Assume sai	me as 2022	2		
Lamp Price (2022\$) Ballast Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) Distributor Websites Calculated N/A Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case N/A	Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)		typical										
Ballast Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$/ Case, 2015 Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours) Distributor Websites Calculated N/A Case, 2015 typical Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case N/A	Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	NT/A				DC	DE, 2017						
Fixture Price (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Case, 2015 typical Calculated Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case Labor System Installation (hours) N/A Calculated	Lamp Price (2022\$)	IN/A		Distri	ibutor Websites		Calculated						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours) Case, 2015 typical Calculated Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case N/A	Ballast Price (2022\$)		2016 EIA Ref.				NI/A						
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours) Calculated 2016 EIA Ref. Case N/A	Fixture Price (2022\$)						N/A						
System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours) 2016 EIA Ref. Case N/A	Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)		typical										
Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Case Case N/A	System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)						Calculated						
	Labor Cost (2022\$/h)					2022 RS Means Online							
·	Labor System Installation (hours)				N/A								
Chapter of Table 0.2.7 of Oot a fixed Telliminary Analysis 100 (DOE, 2010)	Labor Lamp Change (hours)							ry Analys	is TSD (DOI	E, 2013)			
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	•							,					
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)							0.1	1 . 1				
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Calculated Calculated	Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)			Calculat	red		Calculated						
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)												

Data Sources » Commercial 8-ft Linear LED Luminaire Replacement for a 2-Lamp System

	2012	2018		2022		20	30	20	40	20	50	
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	
Lamp Wattage												
Lamp Lumens						N/A						
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)												
System Wattage								Calcu				
System Lumens		2016 EIA Ref.					ame as 202					
System Efficacy (lm/W)		Case, 2015 typical			Model Reference Scenario, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)							
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)			N/A									
CRI		2016 EIA Ref.				Distributor Websites						
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)		Case, 2015 typical	L			Jistributo.	r vv ebsites	5				
Average Lifetime (thousand hours)		typical										
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	NT/A		DOE,									
Lamp or Luminaire Price (2022\$)	N/A	2016 EIA Ref.	Distributor Websites									
Ballast Price (2022\$)		Case, 2015										
Fixture Price (2022\$)		typical				N/	'A					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)		ty picui										
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)			Calc				lated					
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)		2016 EIA Ref.	2022 R				2022 RS Means Online					
Labor System Installation (hours)		Case					C					
Labor Lamp Change (hours)				N/A								
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)		2016 EIA Ref.										
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)		Case				Calcu	lated					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)												

Data Sources» Commercial Mercury Vapor Low-bay

Installed Stock Average Lamp Lamp Lamp Lamp Lamp Lamp Lamp Lamp		2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050
Lamp Lamp (Lamp (1976)) System (Mattage System Efficiency Ballast Efficiency 2016 FIA Reference Case Fifticacy (Inchanged CRI Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (thy) Ballast Price (2022s) Fixture Price (2022s) Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs Product Catalogs TSD (DOE, 2015) Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs Product Catalogs TSD (DOE, 2015) Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs Product Catalogs TSD (DOE, 2015) Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs Product Catalogs TSD (DOE, 2015) Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs N/A Sallast Price (2022s) Fixture Price (2022s) Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs Table A3 addition (State Catalogs) N/A Calculated Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs N/A Calculated	DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	T ypical	T ypical	T ypical	T ypical
Ballast Efficiency CRI Crelated Color Temperature (CCT) Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (20225) Ballast Price (20225) Ballast Price (20225) Fixture Price (20225) Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs DOE, 2017 Distributor Websites or Product (Catalogs Distributor Websites or Product (Catalogs N/A Fixture Price (20225) Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A, 3 4 of HID Final Determination TSO (DOE, 2015) EPA, 2022 Lamp Cost (20225) Lamp Cost (20225) Labor Cost (20225) Labor Cost (20225Alm) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor Lamp Change (hours) Table Cost (20225) Annual Maintenance Cost (20225) Annual Mai	Lamp Lumens Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) System Wattage System Lumens						
Correlated Color T emperature (CCT) Product Catalogs Chapter 3, Section 3.4.2 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Lamp Price (20225) Ballast Price (20225) Eixture Price (20225) Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs N/A Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A, 3.4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated Disposal Cost (20225) Lamp Cost (20225) EPA, 2022 Lamp Cost (20225) Labor Cost (20225/klm) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Labor Cost (20225/klm) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated	Ballast Efficiency	2016 EIA Reference Case	se Assume Unchanged	HID Final Determination			
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022s) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (2022s) Ballast Price (2022s) Eixture Price (2022s) Disposal Cost (2022s) Disposal Cost (2022s) Lamp Cost (2022s) Lamp Cost (2022s) Eixture Price (2022s) Disposal Cost (2022s) Calculated Disposal Cost (2022s) Labor Cost (2022s) Labor Lost (2022s) Labor Lost (2022s) Labor Lost (2022s) Labor Lost (2022s) Labor Lamp Cost (2022s) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022s) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022s) Calculated Calculated Calculated	CRI			Distributor Wabsites or			
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours) Annual Operating Hours (h/y) Lamp Price (20225) Ballast Price (20225) Ballast Price (20225) Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A.3.4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Disposal Cost (20225) Lamp Cost (20225/klm) Labor Cost (20225/klm) Labor System (Installation (hours) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor Lamp Change (hours) Labor Cost (20225) Lamp Cost (20225/klm) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor Lamp Change (hours) Labor Cost (20225/klm) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Chapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)	Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)						
Lamp Price (20225) Ballast Price (20225) 2016 EIA Reference Case; Calculated Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A.3.4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated Disposal Cost (20225) Lamp Cost (20225/klm) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9, 2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Labor Cost (20225/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor Lamp Change (hours) Total Installed Cost (20225) Annual Maintenance Cost (20225) Annual Maintenance Cost (20225) Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated	Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)			HID Final Determination			
Ballast Price (2022\$) Product Catalogs N/A 2016 EIA Reference Case; Calculated Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A.3. 4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated Disposal Cost (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) 2016 EIA Reference Case Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) 2022 RS Me ans Online Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated	Annual Operating Hours (h/y)		DOE, 2017				
Fixture Price (20225) Disposal Cost (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$) Labor Cost (2022\$) Labor Cost (2022\$) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor System Installation (hours) Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Clapter 9; Section 9, 2, 2, 1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) 2022 RS Means Online Calculated Calculated Calculated	Lamp Price (2022\$)					N/A	
Fixture Price (2022\$) Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A.3.4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated Disposal Cost (2022\$) Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) 2022 RS Me ans Online Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Calculated Calculated Calculated	Ballast Price (2022\$)						
Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor Lamp Change (hours) Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Calculated Calculated Calculated	Fixture Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Referenc	ce Case; Calculated	Table 6A.3.4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE,			
Labor Cost (2022\$/klm) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor Lamp Change (hours) Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) 2022 RS Means Online Calculated Calculated			EP A, 2022				
Labor Cost (2022\$/h) 2016 EIA Reference Case Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor Lamp Change (hours) T otal Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) T otal Installed Cost (2022\$/kIm) Calculated Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015) 2022 RS Me ans Online Calculated			Calculate d				
Labor Lamp Change (hours) T otal Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) T otal Installed Cost (2022\$) Calculated Calculated		2016 EIA Re	fe re nce Case	HID Final Determination			
Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Calculated Calculated	Labor System Installation (hours)			2022 RS Means Online			
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) T otal Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Calculated Calculated	Labor Lamp Change (hours)			2022 NO ME ans Offille			
	Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) T otal Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calcu	ıla te d	Calcula te d			

Data Sources » Commercial Metal Halide Low-bay

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050		
DAT A SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	T ypical	T ypical	T ypical	T ypical		
Lamp Wattage	Assume U	Jnchange d			Calculate d			
Lamp Lumens	Distributor Websites or Pr	oduct Catalogs; Calculated			Assume Unchanged			
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)			Distributor Websites or					
System Wattage			Product Catalogs	Model. Energy Savings Fo	ore cast of Solid-State Lighting	g in General Illumination		
System Lumens					Applications (Navigant, 2019)			
System Efficacy (lm/W)								
Ballast Efficiency	2016 EIA Reference Case	Assume Unchanged	Chapter 5; Table 5.7.24 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)		Assume Unchanged			
CRI			Distributor Websites or					
Correlated Color T emperature (CCT)			Product Catalogs					
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)			Chapter 3; Section 3.4.2 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)					
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)		, 2017	DOE, 2017					
Lamp Price (2022\$)	Distributor Websites or Pro	oduct Catalogs; Calculated						
Ballast Price (2022\$)			Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs	Model, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illun Applications (Navigant, 2019)				
Fixture Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Referend		Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A.3.4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated					
Disposal Cost (2022\$)			EPA,	2022				
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	2016 EIA Referenc	ce Case; Calculated		Calcu	la te d			
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)								
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	2016 EIA Re	fe re nœ Case	Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)					
Labor System Installation (hours)			2022 RS Means Online					
Labor Lamp Change (hours) Total Installed Cost (2022\$)			2022 K5 Weatts Offline					
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calculated							
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)		175						

Data Sources» Commercial Sodium Vapor Low-bay

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050			
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	Typical	Typical	Typical			
Lamp Wattage Lamp Lumens Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) System Wattage System Lumens System Efficacy (lm/W)			Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs	Model, Energy Savings Foreca	Calculated Assume Unchanged ast of Solid-State Lighting in Go (Navigant, 2019)	eneral Illumination Applications			
Ballast Efficiency	2016 EIA Reference Case	Assume Unchanged	Chapter 5; Table 5.7.24 of HIL Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015))	Assume Unchanged				
CRI			Distributor Websites or						
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)			Product Catalogs						
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)			Chapter 3; Section 3.4.2 of HII Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)						
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE,	2017	DOE, 2017	E, 2017					
Lamp Price (2022\$)			Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs	Model, Energy Savings Foreca		eneral Illumination Applications			
Ballast Price (2022\$) Fixture Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Referen	ce Case; Calculate d	Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A.3.4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated		Model, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumina (Navigant, 2019)				
Disposal Cost (2022\$)			EPA	, 2022					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	2016 EIA Referenc	ce Case; Calculated	Calculated	Model, Energy Savings Foreca	ast of Solid-State Lighting in Ge (Navigant, 2019)	eneral Illumination Applications			
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	2016 EIA Re	eference Case	Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)						
Labor System Installation (hours)			2022 RS Means Online						
Labor Lamp Change (hours) Total Installed Cost (2022\$)				2,32 10 11					
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)			Color	ulated					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)			Carc	urateu					
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)									

Data Sources » Commercial LED Low-bay Luminaire

	2012	2018		2022		203	30	20-	40	2050	
DAT A SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	T ypical	High	T ypical	High	Typical	High	T ypical	High
Lamp Wattage											
Lamp Lumens					N/A						
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)											
System Wattage		Model, Energy									
System Lumens		Savings Forecast of									
System Efficacy(lm/W)	2016 EIA Reference	Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)			bsites or Product llogs	Model, Energ		e cast of Solid-S pplications (Na		n General Illun	mina tion
Ballast Efficiency	Case	N/A		N/A							
CRI	Cusc	Model, Energy		Assume Unchange d							
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)		Savings Forecast of		Assume Unchange d							
Average Lifetime (thousand hours)		Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)		Distributor Wel Cata	bsites or Product clogs	Model, Energ		e cast of Solid-S oplications (Na		n General Illun	mination
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE	E, 2017					DOE, 2017				
Lamp or Luminaire Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Referenα	Model, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)		Distributor Wel Cata	bsites or Product clogs	Model, Energ		e cast of Solid-S pplica tions (Na		n General Illun	nination
Ballast Price (2022\$)	Case										
Fixture Price (2022\$)		N/A					N/A				
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)				,							
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)		Calculated		Calculated							
Labor Cost (2022\$/h) Labor System Installation (hours) Labor Lamp Change (hours)		2016 EIA Reference Case		Model, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in Applications (Navigant, 2019)		n General Illun	nination				
T otal Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) T otal Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calcu	ula te d					Calculated				

Data Sources » Commercial Mercury Vapor High-Bay

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050
DAT A SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	T ypical	T ypical	T ypical	T ypical
Lamp Wattage Lamp Lumens Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) System Wattage System Lumens System Efficacy (lm/W)			Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs			
Ballast Efficiency	2016 EIA Reference Case	Assume Unchange d	Chapter 5; Table 5.7.24 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)			
CRI Correlated Color T emperature (CCT)			Distributor Websites or			
Correlated Color 1 emperature (CC1)			Product Catalogs			
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)			Chapter 3; Section 3.4.2 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)			
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE,	, 2017	DOE, 2017			
Lamp Price (2022\$) Ballast Price (2022\$)			Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs		N/A	
Fixture Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Referenc	ce Case; Calculated	Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A.3.4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated		IV/A	
Disposal Cost (2022\$)		EPA, 2022				
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	2016 EIA Referenc	ce Case; Calculated	Calculate d			
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	2016 EIA Re	fe re nce Case	Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)			
Labor System Installation (hours)			2022 RS Means Online			
Labor Lamp Change (hours) Total Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$) Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)	Calcu	ılated	Calculated			

Data Sources » Commercial Metal Halide High-Bay

DATA COVIDERS	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050				
DAT A SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	T ypical	T ypical	T ypical	Typical				
Lamp Wattage		Assume Unchanged			Calculated					
Lamp Lumens		2016 EIA Reference Case; Calculated	Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs		Assume Unchanged					
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) System Wattage			1 Toddet Catalogs	Model Fnerov Savinos F	Fore cast of Solid-State Lightin	g in General Illumination				
System Lumens					Applications (Navigant, 2019					
System Efficacy (lm/W)						,				
Ballast Efficiency	2016 EIA Reference Case	Assume Unchanged	Chapter 5; Table 5.7.24 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)							
CRI		Assume Officialized	Distributor Websites or							
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)			Product Catalogs							
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)			Chapter 3; Section 3.4.2 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)							
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE	, 2017	DOE, 2017							
Lamp Price (2022\$)			Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs	Model, Energy Savings F	Fore cast of Solid-State Lightin	g in General Illumination				
Ballast Price (2022\$)					Applications (Navigant, 2019	")				
Fixture Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Referen	ce Case; Calculated	Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A.3.4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated							
Disposal Cost (2022\$)			EPA,	2022						
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm) System (I/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)	2016 EIA Referen	ce Case; Calculated	Calculate d	Model, Energy Savings F	Fore cast of Solid-State Lightin Applications (Navigant, 2019	g in General Illumination				
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	2016 EIA Re	ference Case	Chapter 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)							
Labor System Installation (hours)				2022 RS Means Online						
Labor Lamp Change (hours)			2022 K3 We arts Offinite							
T otal Installed Cost (2022\$) Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)										
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)			Calculated							
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)										

Data Sources» Commercial Sodium Vapor High-Bay

	2012	2018	2022	2030	2040	2050			
DAT A SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	T ypical	T ypical	T ypical	T ypical			
Lamp Wattage Lamp Lumens Lamp Efficacy (lm/W) System Wattage System Lumens System Efficacy (lm/W)			Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs						
Ballast Efficiency	2016 EIA Reference Case	Assume Unchanged	Chapter 5; Table 5.7.24 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)		Assume Unchanged				
CRI			Distributor Websites or						
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)			Product Catalogs						
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)			Chapter 3; Section 3.4.2 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015)	3.4.2 of ination (15) ites or Model Energy Sovings Forecast of Solid State Lighting in Congres Illustries to					
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE,	, 2017	DOE, 2017						
Lamp Price (2022\$)			Distributor Websites or Product Catalogs						
Ballast Price (2022\$)									
Fixture Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Referenc	ce Case; Calculated	Chapter 7 & Appendix 6A; Table 6A.3.4 of HID Final Determination TSD (DOE, 2015), Calculated		Calculated Assume Unchanged ergy Sa vings Fore cast of Solid-State Lighting in General Applications (Navigant, 2019) Assume Unchanged				
Disposal Cost (2022\$)			EP A,	2022					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	2016 EIA Referenc	ce Case; Calculated	Calculated						
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)									
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)	2016 EIA Re	fe re nce Case	Chapte	r 9; Section 9.2.2.1 of HID Fi	nal Determination TSD (DC	DE, 2015)			
Labor System Installation (hours)				2022 RS Me	ans Online				
Labor Lamp Change (hours) Total Installed Cost (2022\$)				2022 NO PICUIS OTHING					
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)				1 (1					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)			Calcu	la te a					
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)									

Data Sources » Commercial T5 4xF54 HO High-bay

	2012	2018	2022		20)30	20	40	20	50
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High
Lamp Wattage							Calcula	ited		
Lamp Lumens							Assume Und	changed		
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)			Distributor Websites or F	Product Catalogs						
System Wattage			Distributor Websites of 1	Toduct Catalogs	Model, Energy	Savings Fore cast	of Solid-State L	ighting in Ger	neral Illuminatio	n Application
System Lumens							(Navigant,	2019)		
System Efficacy (lm/W)	2016 EIA Reference Case	Assume Unchanged								
Ballast Efficiency (BLE)			GSFL Ballast Final Rule	ISD (DOE, 2020)						
CRI			Distributor Websites or F	Product Catalogo			Assume Uno	changed		
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)			Distributor Websites of I	Toduct Catalogs						
Average Lamp Life (thousand hours)			Distributor Websites or F	Product Catalogs						
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE	, 2017	DOE, 201	7						
Lamp P rice (2022\$)			Distributor Wahsitas an I	Product Catalogo	. M. 11F	С: Е .	(C 1: 1 C + 1	. 1.:	1.711	A 1: .:
Ballast Price (2022\$)			Distributor Websites or F	Toduct Catalogs	Model, Energy	Savings Fore cast	of Solid-State L (Navigant,		nerai iiiuminatio	n Applications
Fixture Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Referen	ce Case; Calculated	Chapter 7 & Appendix 6 A HID Final Determination 2015), Calcul	on TSD (DOE,	of					
Disposal Cost (2022\$)				EPA	,2022					
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)	2016 EIA Referen	ce Case; Calculated	Calculate	d	Model, Energy	Savings Forecast	of Solid-State I	ighting in Ger	neral Illuminatio	on Applications
System (l/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)					odei, Eneigy	our ingot ofe case	(Navigant,		III alia ilatio	
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)										
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Re	eference Case	2022 RS Means	Online						
Labor Lamp Change (hours)										
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)										
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)				Calc	ulated					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)				Carc	urateu					
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)										

Data Sources » Commercial LED High-bay Luminaire

	2012	2018		2022		203	0	20-	40	205	0
DAT A SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	Typical	High	T ypical	High	T ypical	High
Lamp Wattage											
Lamp Lumens					N/A						
Lamp Efficacy (lm/W)											
System Wattage) () () () ()									
System Lumens		Model, Energy Savings Forecast of									
System Efficacy (lm/W)	2016 EIA Reference	Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)		Distributor Websii Catalo _i		Model, Energ		recast of Solid- oplications (N			llumination
Ballast Efficiency	Case	N/A					N/A				
CRI	Cusc	M. I.I.E.						Assume Un	ahanga d		
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)		Model, Energy Savings Forecast of						Assume on	ichange u		
Average Lifetime (thousand hours)		Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)		Distributor Websi Catalo _i		Model, Energ		re cast of Solid- oplications (N			llumination
Annual Operating Hours (h/y)	DOE	., 2017					DOE, 2017				
Lamp or Luminaire Price (2022\$)	2016 EIA Reference	Model, Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications (Navigant, 2019)	N/A	Distributor Websi Catalo _l		Model, Energ		re cast of Solidopplications (N			llumina tion
Ballast Price (2022\$)	Case										
Fixture Price (2022\$)	Cusc	N/A					N/A				
Lamp Cost (2022\$/klm)		,					,				
System (1/b/f) Cost (2022\$/klm)		Calculated		Calculat	ted						
Labor Cost (2022\$/h)		2017 EIA D. C				Model, Energy					llumination
Labor System Installation (hours)	2016 EIA Reference Case		2022 RS Me an	s Online		Al	oplications (N	avigant, 2019	9)		
Labor Lamp Change (hours)											
T otal Installed Cost (2022\$)											
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	Calc	ula te d					Calculated				
T otal Installed Cost (2022\$/klm)	Cure						cuiu ic u				
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/klm)											

Refrigeration

Data Sources » Commercial Compressor Rack Systems

	2012	2018		20	22		203	30	20	40	2050	0		
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High		
Total Capacity (kBtu/h)	ADL, 1996				DOE, 2014	:CRE Report /	Guidehouse	Analysis 202	22					
Median Store Size (ft²)	Food Marketing Institute (FMI), 2012					CBEC	CS 2018							
Power Input (kW)	Copeland, 2008				DOE, 2014	:CRE Report /	Guidehouse	Analysis 202	22					
Annual Energy Use (MMWh/y)	ADL, 1996 / NCI Analysis, 2015		DOE, 2014: CRE Report / Guidehouse Analysis 2022 Calculated											
Indexed Annual Efficiency			Calculated											
Average Life (years)	Kysor- Warren, 2008				DOE, 2014	:CRE Report/	Guidehouse	Analysis 202	22					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	NCI, 2009/ NCI Analysis, 2012				DOE, 2014	: CRE Report /	Guidehouse	Analysis 202	22					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calculated								
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	ADL, 1996/ NCI Analysis, 2008		Calculated DOE, 2014: CRE Report / Guidehouse Analysis 2022											
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calculated								

Data Sources » Commercial Condensers

	2012	2018		20	22		203	0	204	40	205	0		
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High		
Total Capacity (kBtu/h)	NCI Analysis, 2008 / Heatcraft, 2008 / ADL, 1996				DOE, 2014:	CREReport/	Guidehouse	Analysis 20	22					
Median Store Size (ft²)	Food Marketing Institute (FMI), 2012					СВЕС	CS 2018							
Power Input (kW)	NCI Analysis, 2008 / Heatcraft, 2008 / ADL, 1996		DOE, 2014: CREReport / Guidehouse Analysis 2022											
Annual Energy Use (MMWh/y)	NCI Analysis, 2008 / ADL, 1996		DOE, 2014: CREReport/Guidehouse Analysis 2022											
Indexed Annual Efficiency						Calculated								
Average Life (years)	ADL, 1996/NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 2014:	CREReport/	Guidehouse	Analysis 20	22					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	NCI Analysis, 2008 / Heatcraft, 2008 / RS Means, 2007				DOE, 2014:	CREReport/	Guidehouse	Analysis 20	22					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calculated								
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 2014:	CREReport/	Guidehouse	Analysis 20	22					
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calculated								

Data Sources » Commercial Supermarket Display Cases

	2012	2018		20)22		203	30	20	40	205	50			
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	ENERGY STAR	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High			
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	DOE, 2007/NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 20	14:CRERe _l	port/Guidel	house Anal	ysis 2022						
Median Store Size (ft²)	Food Marketing Institute (FMI), 2012					(CBECS 2018	}							
Case Length (ft)				DOE	, 2016: CREI	Report/Gu	idehouse Ar	nalysis 2022							
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y) ^{1,2}	DOE, 2007/NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 20	14:CREReյ	oort/Guidel	house Anal	ysis 2022						
Annual Energy Use / Case Length (kWh/ft)			Calculated Calculated												
Indexed Annual Efficiency ³			Calculated												
Average Life (years)	DOE, 2007/NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 20	16:CRERe _]	oort/Guidel	house Anal	ysis 2022						
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	DOE, 2007/NCI Analysis, 2008			DOE, 20	014:CRERe _l	oort/Guide	ehouse Anal	ysis 2022/T	he Restaura	ant Store					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	DOE, 2007/NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 20	14։CREReլ	port/Guidel	house Anal	ysis 2022						
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calcula	ted								
Annual Maintenance Cos (2022\$) ⁴	tDOE, 2007/NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 20	14:CRERe _l	oort/Guidel	house Anal	ysis 2022						
Annual Maintenance Cos (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calcula	ted								

Data Sources » Commercial Reach-In Refrigerators

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	20	50			
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High			
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	ADL, 1996 / NCI Analysis, 2008					DOE, 202	14:CRERep	ort							
Size (ft³)	ADL, 1996 / Distributor Web Sites					DOE, 201	14: CRERep	ort							
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y)	ADL, 1996/NCI Analysis, 2008			DOE, 201	4: CRERep	ort/Guideho	ouse Analysi	s2022/ENE	ERGYSTAR	2022					
Annual Energy Use / Volume (kWh/y/ft³)	NCI Analysis, 2012					Ca	alculated								
Indexed Annual Efficiency			Calculated												
Average Life (years)			Calculated												
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	ACEEE, 2002					DOE, 2	014:CRETS	D							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	ADL, 1996/ Distributor Web Sites / NCI Analysis, 2008		DOE, 20	014: CRERep	ort/Guideł	nouse Analys	is2022/ENI	ERGYSTAF	3 2022 / The	Restauran	tStore				
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	Distributor Web Sites / NCI Analysis, 2008		DOE, 2014: CREReport/Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)			Calculated												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	NCI Analysis, 2008		DOE, 2014: CREReport/Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calculated	l								

Data Sources » Commercial Reach-In Freezers

	2012	2018		20)22		203	30	20	40	205	0			
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High			
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	ADL, 1996/NCI Analysis, 2008					DOE, 2016:	:CREReport								
Size (ft³)	ADL, 1996 / Distributor Web Sites					DOE, 2016:	:CREReport								
	ADL, 1996/NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 2016:	CREReport/	Guidehouse	Analysis 20)22						
Annual Energy Use / Volume (kWh/y/ft³)	NCI Analysis, 2012					Calc	ulated								
Indexed Annual Efficiency			Calculated DOE, 2016: CRE Report / Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
Average Life (years)	ACEEE, 2002		DOE, 2016: CRE Report / Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	ADL, 1996/ Distributor Web Sites / NCI Analysis, 2008		DOE, 2016: CRE Report / Guidehouse Analysis 2022 DOE, 2016: CRE Report / Guidehouse Analysis 2022 / ENERGY STAR 2022 / The Restaurant Store												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	Distributor Web Sites / NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 2016:	CREReport/	Guidehouse	Analysis 20)22						
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)			Calculated												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	NCI Analysis, 2008		DOE, 2016: CRE Report / Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calculated									

Data Sources » Commercial Walk-In Refrigerators

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	20	40	205	50			
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High			
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)		Ü		DOE CRE	Report 2016	/CCMS 2022 /	Guidehouse A	Analysis 2022							
Size (ft²)				DC	DE 2014 WIC	FTSD/Guideh	ouse Analysis	s 2022							
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y)	ADL, 1996 / PG&E, 2004 / NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE C	RE Report 201	6/Guidehous	se Analysis 202	22						
Annual Energy Use / Area (kWh/ft²/y)						Calculated									
Indexed Annual Efficiency						Calculated									
Insulated Box Average Life (years)	ADL, 1996 / PG&E, 2004		DOE CRE Report 2016/Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
Compressor Average Life (years)	ADL, 1996 / PG&E, 2004		DOE CRE Report 2016/Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	ADL, 1996 / Distributor Web Sites / NCI Analysis, 2008		DOE CRE Report 2016/Guidehouse Analysis 2022 DOE CRE Report 2016/Webstaurant 2022/Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
	ADL, 1996 / Distributor Web Sites / NCI Analysis, 2008			DO	E CRE Repor	t 2016/Websta	nurant 2022 / C	Guidehouse A	nalysis 2023						
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)	•		Calculated												
Cost (2022\$)	Analysis, 2008		DOE CRE Report 2016/Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calculated									

Data Sources » Commercial Walk-In Freezers

	2012	2018		. 2	022		20	30	20	40	205	50			
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High			
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	ADL, 1996/NCI Analysis, 2008	Ü]	OOE CRE Rep	ort 2016/CCM	S 2022 / Guid	ehouse Anal	ysis 2022						
Size (ft²)	ADL, 1996 / NCI Analysis, 2008					Guidehous	se Analysis 20	22							
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y)	ADL, 1996 / PG&E, 2004 / NCI Analysis, 2008					Guidehouse	CREReport2	2016							
Annual Energy Use / Area (kWh/ft²/y)						Calculated									
Indexed Annual Efficiency			Calculated												
Insulated Box Average Life (years)	ADL, 1996 / PG&E, 2004		DOE CRE Report 2016/Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
Compressor Average Life (years)	ADL, 1996 / PG&E, 2004				DOE CI	RE Report 2016	/Guidehouse	e Analysis 202	22						
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	ADL, 1996 / tDistributor Web Sites / NCI Analysis, 2008			DO	E CRE Report	: 2016/Webstau	ırant 2022 / Gı	uidehouse Aı	nalysis 2022						
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	ADL, 1996 / Distributor Web Sites / NCI Analysis, 2008		DOE CRE Report 2016/Webstaurant 2022/Guidehouse Analysis 2023												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)			Calculated												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)			DOE CRE Report 2016/Guidehouse Analysis 2022												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calculated									

Data Sources » Commercial Ice Machines

	2012	2018		20	22		20	30	204	40	205	50			
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High			
Output (pounds [lbs] per day)	ADL, 1996/NCI Analysis, 2008	_		DOE, 2	2022: ACIMT	SD/Guideho	use Analysis,	2022/CCMS1	Database 202	22					
Water Use per Hundred Pounds (gal/hundred lbs)	ADL, 1996 / Distributor Web Sites			DOE, 2	2022: ACIMT	'SD/Guideho	use Analysis, 2	2022/CCMS1	Database 202	22					
Energy Use per Hundred Pounds (kWh/hundred lbs)	ADL, 1996/NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 20	22: ACIM TSE) / Guidehous	e Analysis, 20	122						
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y)	ACEEE, 2002 / NCI Analysis, 2012		DOE, 2022: ACIMTSD / Guidehouse Analysis, 2022 / ENERGY STAR												
Indexed Annual Efficiency	yCalculated														
Average Life (years)	ADL, 1996/ Distributor Web Sites / NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 20	22: ACIM TSE)/Guidehous	e Analysis, 20)22						
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	Distributor Web Sites / NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 20	22: ACIM TSE) / Guidehous	e Analysis, 20)22						
Total Installed Cost (with Bin)	NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 20	22: ACIMTSE	/ Guidehous	e Analysis, 20)22						
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)			Calculated												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	ADL, 1996/NCI Analysis, 2008				DOE, 20	22: ACIM TSE)/Guidehous	e Analysis, 20)22						
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calculated									

Data Sources » Commercial Beverage Merchandisers

	2012	2018		20	22		203	30	20	40	2050	0			
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High			
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)				DOE	, 2014: CRE R	Report / Guidel	nouse Analysi	s 2022							
Size (ft ³)	ADL, 1996 / Distributor Web Sites				DOE, 2014	:CRE Report/	Guidehouse A	Analysis 202	2						
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y)	ADL, 1996/ NCI Analysis, 2008		DOE, 2014: CRE Report / Guidehouse Analysis 2022 / ENERGY STAR 2022												
Annual Energy Use / Volume (kWh/ft³/y)		Calculated													
Indexed Annual Efficiency						Calculated									
Average Life (years)	ACEEE, 2002				DOE, 2014	:CRE Report/	Guidehouse A	Analysis 202	2						
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$)	ADL, 1996 / Distributor Web Sites			DOE, 2014:	CRE Report /	Guidehouse A	analysis 2022 /	'KaTom Res	taurantSup _]	ply					
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)				DOE	, 2014: CRE R	leport / Guidel	nouse Analysi	s 2022							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)		DOE, 2014: CRE Report / Guidehouse Analysis 2022 Calculated													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)			DOE	, 2014: CRE R	Report / Guidel	nouse Analysi	s 2022							
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calculated									

Data Sources» Commercial Refrigerated Vending Machines

	2012	2018		202	22		20	030	204	10	2050)			
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High			
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	DOE, 2015: BVMTSD/ Guidehouse Analysis, 2015	Ü	DOE, 2022: BVM TSD/ Guidehouse Analysis, 2022												
Can Capacity	DOE, 2015: BVMTSD		DOE, 2022: BVM TSD												
Size (ft³)			DOE, 2022: BVM TSD/ Guidehouse Analysis, 2022												
Annual Energy Use (kWh/y)	DOE, 2015: BVMTSD		DOE, 2022: BVM TSD												
Annual Energy Use / Volume (kWh/ft³/y)			Calculated												
Indexed Annual Efficiency						Calcula	ated								
Average Life (years)	DOE, 2015: BVMTSD					DOE,	2022:BVMT	SD							
Retail Equipment Cost (2022\$	DOE, 2015: BVMTSD					DOE,	2022:BVMT	SD							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	DOE, 2015: BVMTSD					DOE,	2022:BVMT	SD							
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)						Calcula	ated								
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	DOE, 2015: BVMTSD/ Guidehouse Analysis, 2015		DOE, 2022: BVM TSD/ Guidehouse Analysis, 2022												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/kBtu/h)				1	DOE, 2022: B	3VMTSD/Gu	idehouse An	alysis, 2022							

Commercial Ventilation

Data Sources » Commercial Constant Air Volume Ventilation

	2012	2018		2022					2040		20	50	
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High	
System Airflow (CFM)	CBECS 2003 & BED 2007	(BECS 2018											
System Fan Power (kW)	A CLED A Floor	A CLED A Floor d	4 CLTD 4 TOO 4	ASHRAE90.1 2019 / Guidehouse Analysis 2022									
Specific Fan Power (W/CFM)	ASHRAE90.1 2007	-ASHRAE90.1 2016	-ASHRAE90.1- 2019										
Annual Fan Energy Use (kWh/y)	2007	2010											
Average Life (years)	ASHRAE: Service Life Database												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	2022 RS Means Online												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	2022 RS Means Online / Guidehouse												
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)	Calculated												
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)	Calculated												

	2012	2018		2022					2040		20	50			
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High			
System Airflow (CFM)	CBECS 2003 & BED 2007	(BH(\$ 7111						018							
System Fan Power (kW)															
Specific Fan Power(W/CFM)	ASHRAE ASHRAE 90.1-2007 90.1-2016 90.1-2019 ASHRAE 90.1-2019 ASHRAE 90.1-2019 ASHRAE 90.1-2019							2022							
Annual Fan Energy Use (kWh/y)	70.1 2007	70.1 Z010	70.1 Z017												
Average Life (years)	ASHRAE: Service Life Database														
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	2022 RS Means Online														
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	2022 RS Means Online / Guidehouse														
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)	Calculated														
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)	Calculated														

	2012	2018		2022				2030		2040		50		
DATA SOURCES	Installed Stock Average	Installed Stock Average	Low	Typical	High	ENERGY STAR	Typical	High	Typical	High	Typical	High		
System Airflow (CFM)	Product Literature													
System Fan Power (kW)														
Specific Fan Power(W/CFM)	ASHRAE90.1- 2007	ASHRAE90.1- 2016	ASHRAE90.1- 2019	0.1- ASHRAE90.1 2019 / Guidehouse Analysis 2022										
Annual Fan Energy Use (kWh/y)	2007													
AverageLife (years)	ASHRAE: Service Life Database													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$)	2022 RS Means Online													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$)	2022 RS Means Online / Guidehouse													
Total Installed Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)	Calculated													
Annual Maintenance Cost (2022\$/thousand CFM)) Calculated													

Appendix B References

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And

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