Macro-Industrial Working Group Meeting Updates and preliminary results



By Office of Integrated and International Energy Analysis Office of Long-Term Energy Modeling



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AEO2022 Macro-Industrial Working Group: Overview

- Review of the Annual Energy Outlook 2021 (AEO2021)
- AEO2022 planned macroeconomic updates
- AEO2022 planned industrial updates
- Longer-term plans for industrial modeling
- Questions and comments



Review of AEO2021 industrial results



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Consumption in the industrial sector increases fastest for natural gas and hydrocarbon gas liquids in AEO2021; bulk chemical energy consumption grows the fastest of any industry

Industrial energy consumption by energy source and subsector (AEO2021 Reference case) quadrillion British thermal units



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2021



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Energy intensities decline in most heavy industries, reflecting industrial capital stock turnover and adoption of new, more energy-efficient technologies

Energy intensity by subsector (AEO2021 Reference case)

trillion British thermal units per billion 2012 dollar shipments

Energy-intensive manufacturing (AEO2021 Reference case)

trillion British thermal units per billion 2012 dollar shipments





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Growth in electricity from combined heat and power (CHP) is primarily in the bulk chemical industry

CHP electricity generation by industry (AEO2021 Reference case)

billion kilowatthours



CHP electricity generation by fuel

(AEO2021 Reference case)

billion kilowatthours

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2021



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Review of AEO2021 macroeconomic results



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Key AEO2021 macro results

- AEO2021 real GDP grows an average of 2.1% per year from 2020 to 2050.
- Average growth of consumption is 2.4% over the projection period.
- Nonresidential fixed investment is projected to grow 3.0% per year from 2020 to 2050 in the AEO2021.
- Growth of nonfarm business productivity averages 1.7% over the projection period.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2021





Summary of the Macroeconomic Activity Module (MAM) in the National Energy Modeling System (NEMS)





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U.S. economy has yet to fully recover from 31.4% contraction in real GDP in the 2nd quarter of 2020



Source: IHS Markit February 2021 Long-Term U.S. Macroeconomic Model



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Growth in GDP and most of its components is slower in the AEO2021 projection than history

average annual percent growth



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2021



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The AEO2021 projection for GDP and most of its components are quicker than recent projections

average annual percent growth



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2021



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Inflation remains moderate throughout the projection and bond yields gradually rise from historic lows



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2021



WORKING GROUP PRESENTATION FOR DISCUSSION PURPOSES, DO NOT QUOTE OR CITE BECAUSE RESULTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHA Consumption, nonresidential investment and imports increase in share of demand mix while government fades

change in GDP share over projection period percentage points



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2021



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AEO2021 real GDP growth is similar to other projections



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2021



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Updates for AEO2022 and beyond



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Planned Macroeconomic Module changes for AEO2022

- Update of IHS Markit US macroeconomic model.
- Update of Industrial Output model historical data.
- Update of Employment by Industry model historical data.
- Update of Regional Economic Activity historical data.
- Update of Commercial Floor Space historical data.



AEO2022 and COVID-19

- AEO2022 will reflect updated macroeconomic projections (GDP and industrial shipments) that underlie industrial energy consumption.
- The forecast in our Short-Term Energy Outlook (STEO) incorporates shortterm impacts of responses to the COVID-19 pandemic on broad industrial energy consumption.



AEO2022 planned industrial sector modeling and data updates

- Incorporate 2018 <u>Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey</u> results
- Improve combined heat and power calculations
 - Improve iron and steel, paper combined heat and power code, including by allowing the paper industry to sell electricity to the grid
 - Implement new technology parameters from <u>2020 study</u>
- Allow ethane/naphtha feedstock-switching in bulk chemical subroutine
- Integrate more effective fuel price sensitivity in process flow models



MECS 2018 update details

- Update unit energy consumptions (UECs) based on MECS 2018 results
- Work in Python instead of using 20+ page spreadsheet to update files
 - Streamlines updates and easily allows more frequent updates of non-MECS data
 - Macroeconomic data, the denominator of UECs
 - State Energy Data System (SEDS) revisions (nonmanufacturing industrial consumption equals SEDS minus MECS)
 - Uses other information in unified ways that benefit estimates
 - Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM)
 - Greenhouse Gas Reporting Program (GHGRP) from EPA
 - Economic Censuses (2017)
 - Energy-efficient frontier and other research



Longer-term industrial modeling and data enhancements

- Enhance sensitivity of industrial energy intensity to changes in capacity utilization
- Investigate the source of the extra natural gas left for the non-manufacturing sectors
- Broader restructuring of the industrial module: convert some parts into Python, allow for more systematic data importation from annual data sources





Regular industrial data updates and frequency

Data	Update frequency
Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey	Every four years
State Energy Data System	Annual
Short-Term Energy Outlook	Annual
Combined-heat-and-power data	Annual
Feedstock history and short-term projections	Annual



Questions or comments?



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