# AEO2017 Industrial Working Group meeting 2: Preliminary results















Industrial Working Group

Industrial Team: Kelly Perl, Team Leader; Chris Dickerson, Peter Gross, Susan Hicks, Paul Otis, & Matt Skelton

September 22, 2016/ Washington, DC

Preliminary Results. Do not Disseminate.

#### AEO2017 What we did

- Extend model to 2050 (now complete)
- Not Disseminate. Individual industry benchmark improvements
- Regulation: Kept Boiler MACT as is
- Lowered DRI and relaxed constraints on EAF usage
- Running Limited side cases: macro, price, and resource

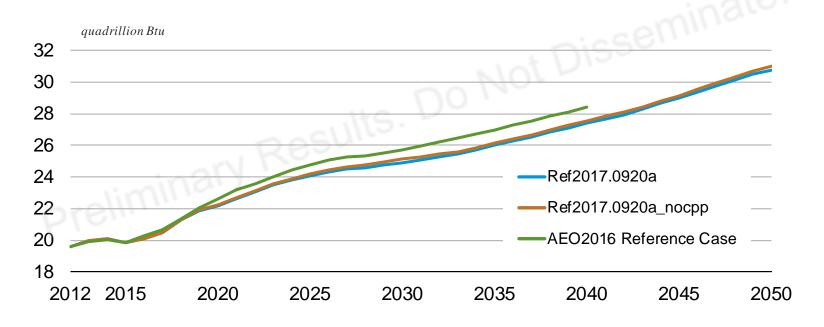
#### Very little remaining work for this year

- Preliminary Results. Do Not Disseminate. Trying to explain steel output increase in 2040

# Industrial results Excludes Refining

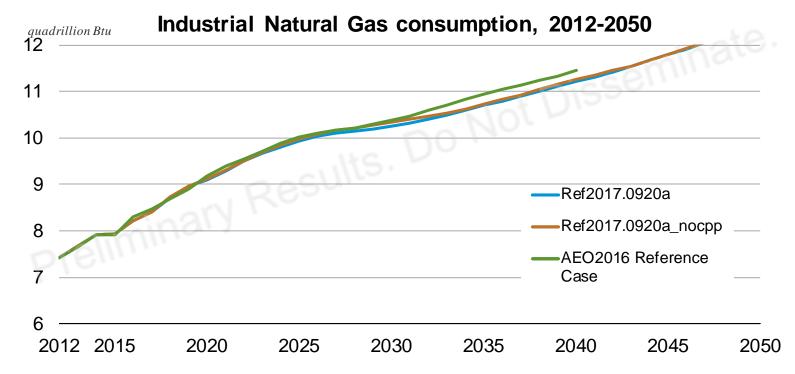
# AEO2017 Industrial Energy consumption slightly lower than AEO2016 consumption

#### Industrial Energy consumption, 2012-2050



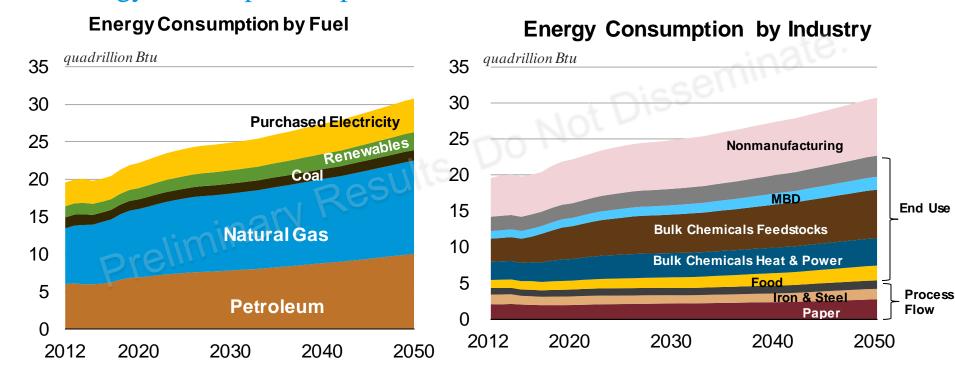


# AEO2017 Industrial natural gas consumption about the same as AEO2016 consumption until 2030



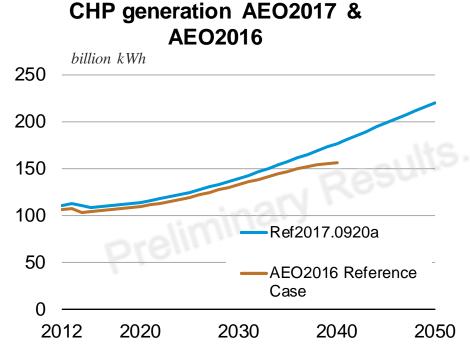


# Natural gas share increases slightly to 40% by 2030; Bulk chemicals energy consumption expands





#### CHP generation slightly higher in AEO2016 vs. AEO2016



Industrial Working Group Meeting #2

Washington, DC | September 22, 2016

- Bulk chemicals, Paper, Food & Steel largest CHP producers in IDM
- CHP generation slightly higher than AEO2016 until about 2030
- Greatest increase in natural gasfired generation
- Higher bulk chemicals shipments may explain

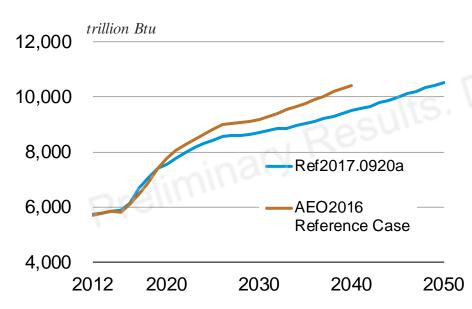


# Individual industry results Preliminary



### AEO2017 Industrial bulk chemicals consumption lower than AEO2016 as a result of feedstocks

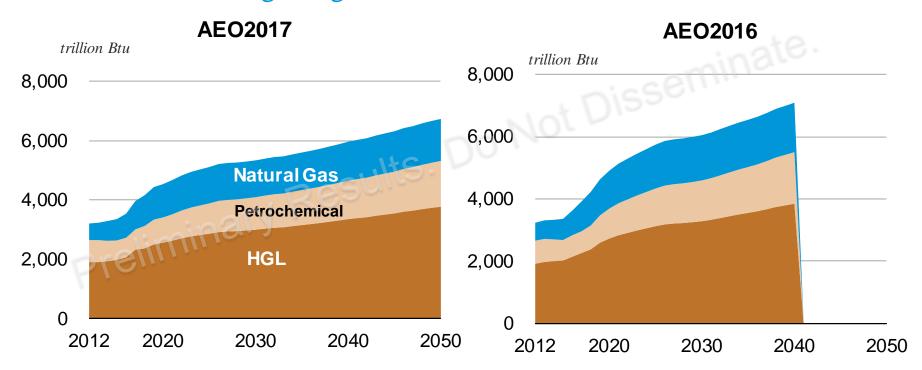
#### Bulk Chemicals Energy Consumption AEO2017 & AEO2016



- Bulk chemical shipments generally higher than AEO2016; no post-2025 decline
- Heat & Power energy intensity declines over time because of energy efficiency
- Feedstocks lower in AEO2017 possible benchmarking effect

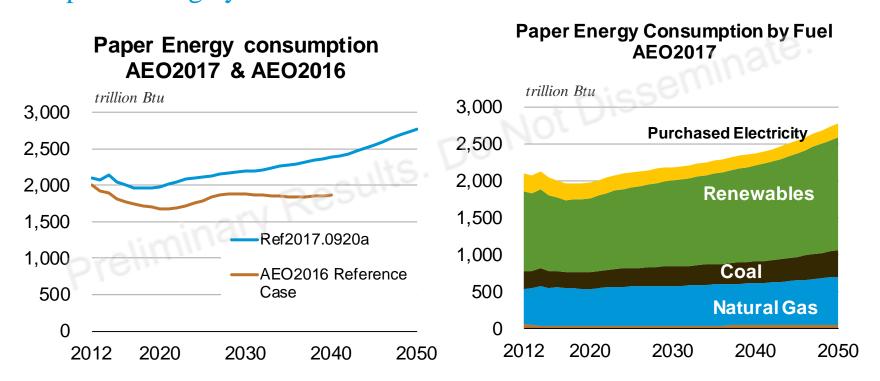


# AEO2017 Industrial bulk chemicals liquid feedstocks lower than AEO2016; natural gas higher



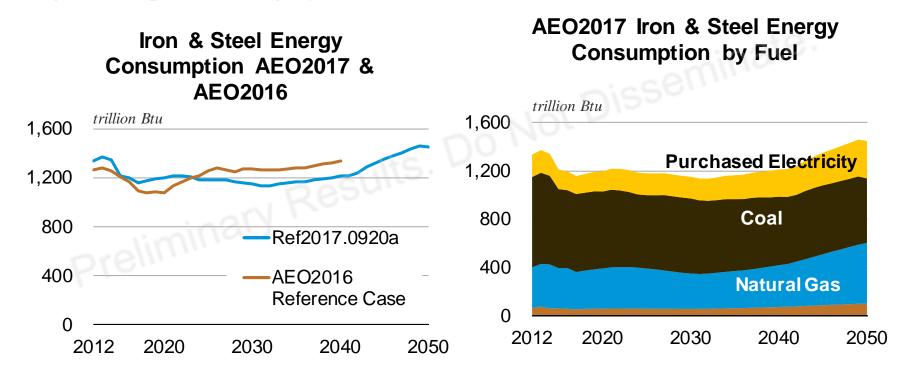


# Paper energy consumption for AEO2017 higher than AEO2016; shipments largely the difference





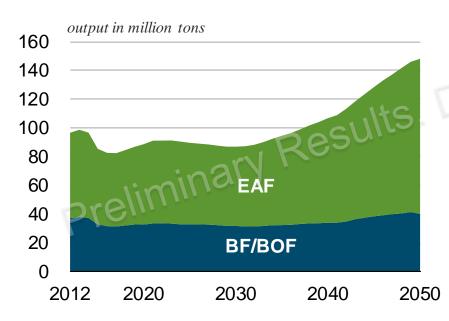
# Steel energy consumption for AEO2017 generally lower AEO2016; again, shipments largely the difference





## EAF shares increase over time, nearly 75% of total steel output by 2050

#### **BF/BOF & EAF Output**

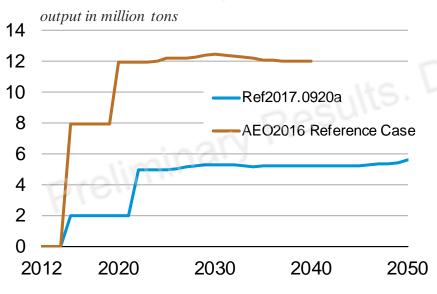


- Steel output does not cross 100 million ton mark until late 2030s
- EAF share increases over time, especially last 10 years
  - 61% in 2012
  - 68% in 2040
  - 73% in 2050
- Need to explain last 10 year surge in output



# Direct Reduced Iron (DRI) output lower than last year because output lower than originally thought

### DRI (Direct Reduced Iron) Output



- DRI output assumed exogenous in model
- Lower capacity in 2015; capacity bump in 2022
- Differing use assumptions
  - BOF uses 10% of DRI output in AEO2017; at least 50% in AEO2016
  - EAF now unconstrained
- Lower DRI visibly increases coal use



# Industrial meeting materials will be posted in about a month; macro is already posted. Link (new address):

http://www.eia.gov/forecasts/aeo/workinggroup/industrial/

#### Thank you for your attention!

Industrial Team: EIA-OECEAIndustrialTeam@eia.gov

Kelly Perl (202) 586-1743

Chris Dickerson (202) 586-6664

Peter Gross

Susan Hicks (202) 586-4388

Paul Otis (202) 586-2306

Matthew Skelton (202) 287-5660