

Table 12. PAD District 2--Year-to-Date Daily Average Supply and Disposition of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, January-September 2006
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

Commodity	Supply					Disposition			
	Field Production	Refinery and Blender Net Production	Imports (PADD of Entry) ^a	Net Receipts	Adjustments ^b	Stock Change ^c	Refinery and Blender Net Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied ^d
Crude Oil	455	-	1,098	1,722	64	1	3,323	15	0
Cushing, Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Natural Gas Liquids and LRGs	301	143	85	32	-	73	117	16	355
Pentanes Plus	34	0	1	36	-	8	56	8	-1
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	267	143	84	-3	-	65	61	8	356
Ethane/Ethylene	119	0	0	-54	-	1	0	0	65
Propane/Propylene	99	107	69	30	-	30	0	2	274
Normal Butane/Butylene	29	38	10	6	-	31	20	6	25
Isobutane/Isobutylene	20	-2	4	14	-	2	42	0	-7
Other Liquids	-	-	0	179	-206	24	-20	1	-32
Other Hydrocarbons/Oxygenates	-	-	0	0	133	4	128	1	0
Unfinished Oils	-	-	0	22	-	9	45	0	-32
Motor Gasoline Blend. Comp. (MGBC)	-	-	0	157	-339	11	-192	0	0
Reformulated	-	-	0	112	-41	7	64	0	0
Conventional	-	-	0	46	-297	4	-256	0	0
Aviation Gasoline Blend. Comp.	-	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
Finished Petroleum Products	-	3,472	24	1,039	363	-1	-	34	4,865
Finished Motor Gasoline	-	1,703	1	551	363	-5	-	2	2,620
Reformulated	-	357	0	0	46	0	-	0	403
Conventional	-	1,346	1	551	317	-5	-	2	2,217
Finished Aviation Gasoline	-	4	0	1	-	-1	-	0	6
Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel	-	210	1	129	-	-4	-	2	343
Kerosene	-	13	0	1	-	-3	-	0	17
Distillate Fuel Oil	-	909	5	349	0	6	-	2	1,256
15 ppm sulfur and under	-	292	0	82	-4	64	-	0	305
Greater than 15 ppm to 500 ppm sulfur	-	472	4	225	4	-48	-	1	753
Greater than 500 ppm sulfur	-	145	1	42	-	-11	-	2	197
Residual Fuel Oil ^e	-	55	5	-9	-	-1	-	4	48
Less than 0.31 percent sulfur	-	0	0	0	-	-1	-	-	-
0.31 to 1.00 percent sulfur	-	4	2	0	-	0	-	-	-
Greater than 1.00 percent sulfur	-	52	3	-8	-	0	-	-	-
Petrochemical Feedstocks	-	37	5	3	-	0	-	-	45
Naphtha for Petro. Feed. Use	-	31	4	0	-	0	-	-	34
Other Oils for Petro. Feed. Use	-	6	2	3	-	0	-	-	11
Special Naphthas	-	6	1	2	-	0	-	0	9
Lubricants	-	17	2	14	-	1	-	5	28
Waxes	-	3	0	0	-	0	-	1	2
Petroleum Coke	-	146	-	-	-	-1	-	10	138
Marketable	-	100	0	-	-	-1	-	10	92
Catalyst	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	46
Asphalt and Road Oil	-	212	2	-3	-	6	-	7	199
Still Gas	-	141	0	-	-	-	-	-	141
Miscellaneous Products	-	15	0	0	-	0	-	0	16
Total	756	3,614	1,207	2,973	221	96	3,420	66	5,189

^a Represents the PAD District in which the material entered the United States and not necessarily where the crude oil or product is processed and/or consumed.

^b Includes an adjustment for crude oil, previously referred to as "Unaccounted For Crude Oil." Also included is an adjustment for motor gasoline blending components, fuel ethanol, and distillate fuel oil. See Appendix B, Note 3 for a detailed explanation of these adjustments.

^c A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase in stocks.

^d Products supplied is equal to field production, plus refinery and blender net production, plus imports, plus net receipts, plus adjustments, minus stock change, minus refinery and blender net inputs, minus exports.

^e Total residual fuel oil ending stocks and stock change include stocks held at pipelines. Residual fuel oil ending stocks and stock change by sulfur content exclude pipeline stocks. Therefore, the sum of residual fuel oil ending stocks and stock change by sulfur content may not equal total residual fuel oil ending stocks and stock change.

LRG = Liquefied Refinery Gases.

- = Not Applicable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Domestic crude oil field production are estimates.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Forms EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report," EIA-811, "Monthly Bulk Terminal Report," EIA-812, "Monthly Product Pipeline Report," EIA-813, "Monthly Crude Oil Report," EIA-814, "Monthly Imports Report," EIA-815, "Monthly Terminal Blenders Report," EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report," EIA-817, "Monthly Tanker and Barge Movement Report," and EIA-819, "Monthly Oxygenate Report." Domestic crude oil field production estimates based on historical statistics from State conservation agencies and the Minerals Management Service of the U.S. Department of the Interior. Export data from the Bureau of the Census and Form EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report."