

# State Nuclear Profiles 2010

April 2012















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# **Contacts**

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## Alabama

## Alabama total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	5,043	15.6	37,941	24.9
Coal	11,441	35.3	63,050	41.4
Hydro and Pumped Storage	3,272	10.1	8,704	5.7
Natural Gas	11,936	36.8	39,235	25.8
Other <sup>1</sup>	100	0.3	643	0.4
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	583	1.8	2,377	1.6
Petroleum	43	0.1	200	0.1
Total	32,417	100.0	152,151	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Alabama nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Browns Ferry	,	( )	(January)	
Unit 1, Unit 2, Unit 3	3,309	24,771	65.3	Tennessee Valley Authority
Joseph M Farley				
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,734	13,170	34.7	Alabama Power Co
2 Plants				
5 Reactors	5,043	37,941	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Browns Ferry**

Unit	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Summer capacity factor (percent)	Туре	Commercial operation date	License expiration date
1	1,101	8,072	83.7	BWR	8/1/1974	12/20/2033
2	1,104	8,843	91.5	BWR	3/1/1975	6/28/2034
3	1,105	7,856	81.2	BWR	3/1/1977	7/2/2036
	3,309	24,771	85.4			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## Joseph M. Farley

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	874	6,577	85.9	PWR	12/1/1977	6/25/2037
2	860	6,592	87.5	PWR	7/30/1981	3/31/2041
	1,734	13,170	86.7			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Arkansas**

## Arkansas total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	1,835	11.5	15,023	24.6
Coal	4,535	28.4	28,152	46.2
Hydro and Pumped Storage	1,369	8.6	3,658	6.0
Natural Gas	7,894	49.4	12,469	20.4
Other <sup>1</sup>	-	-	28	*
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	326	2.0	1,624	2.7
Petroleum	22	0.1	45	0.1
Total	15,981	100.0	61,000	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Arkansas nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Arkansas Nuclear One				
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,835	15,023	100.0	Entergy Arkansas Inc
1 Plant				
2 Reactors	1,835	15,023	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>\* =</sup> Absolute percentage less than 0.05.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

## **Arkansas Nuclear One**

Unit	Summer capacity (mw)	Net Generation (Thousand MWh)	Summer Capacity Factor (Percent)	Туре	Commercial Operation Date	License Expiration Date
1	842	6,607	89.6	PWR	12/19/1974	5/20/2034
2	993	8,416	96.7	PWR	3/26/1980	7/17/2038
	1,835	15,023	93.5			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Arizona**

## Arizona Total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(nw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	3,937	14.9	31,200	27.9
Coal	6,233	23.6	43,644	39.1
Hydro and Pumped Storage	2,937	11.1	6,831	6.1
Natural Gas	13,012	49.3	29,676	26.6
Other <sup>1</sup>	-	-	15	*
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	181	0.7	319	0.3
Petroleum	93	0.4	66	0.1
Total	26,392	100.0	111,751	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## Arizona nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Palo Verde Unit 1, Unit 2, Unit 3	3,937	31,200	100.0	Arizona Public Service Co
3 Reactors	3,937	31,200	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>\* =</sup> Absolute percentage less than 0.05.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

## **Palo Verde**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,311	9,308	81.0	PWR	1/28/1986	6/1/2025
2	1,314	11,653	101.2	PWR	9/19/1986	4/24/2026
3	1,312	10,239	89.1	PWR	1/8/1988	11/25/2027
	3,937	31,200	90.5			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **California**

## California total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	4,390	6.5	32,201	15.8
Coal	374	0.6	2,100	1.0
Hydro and Pumped Storage	13,954	20.7	33,260	16.3
Natural Gas	41,370	61.4	107,522	52.7
Other <sup>1</sup>	220	0.3	2,534	1.2
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	6,319	9.4	25,450	12.5
Petroleum	701	1.0	1,059	0.5
Total	67,328	100.0	204,126	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### California nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Diablo Canyon				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,240	18,430	57.2	Pacific Gas & Electric Co
San Onofre Nuclear Generating				
Station				
Unit 2, Unit 3	2,150	13,771	42.8	Southern California Edison Co
2 Plants				
4 Reactors	4,390	32,201	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

#### **San Onofre**

			Summer capacity		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
2	1,070	6,989	74.6	PWR	8/8/1983	2/16/2022
3	1,080	6,782	71.7	PWR	4/1/1984	11/15/2022
	2,150	13,771	73.1			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **Diablo Canyon**

			Summer capacity		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,122	8,677	88.3	PWR	5/7/1985	11/2/2024
2	1,118	9,752	99.6	-PWR	3/13/1986	8/20/2025
	2,240	18,430	93.9			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Connecticut**

## Connecticut total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	2,103	25.4	16,750	50.2
Coal	564	6.8	2,604	7.8
Hydro and Pumped Storage	151	1.8	400	1.2
Natural Gas	2,292	27.7	11,716	35.1
Other <sup>1</sup>	27	0.3	730	2.2
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	159	1.9	740	2.2
Petroleum	2,989	36.1	409	1.2
Total	8,284	100.0	33,350	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Connecticut nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Millstone				
Unit 2, Unit 3	2,103	16,750	100.0	Dominion Nuclear Conn Inc
1 Plant				
2 Reactors	2,103	16,750	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## Milstone

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
2	869	7,415	97.4	PWR	12/26/1975	7/31/2035
3	1,233	9,336	86.4	PWR	4/23/1986	11/25/2045
	2,103	16,750	90.9			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Florida**

## Florida total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(nw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	3,924	6.6	23,936	10.4
Coal	9,975	16.9	59,897	26.1
Hydro and Pumped Storage	55	0.1	177	0.1
Natural Gas	31,563	53.4	128,634	56.1
Other <sup>1</sup>	544	0.9	2,842	1.2
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	1,053	1.8	4,487	2.0
Petroleum	12,033	20.3	9,122	4.0
Total	59,147	100.0	229,096	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Florida nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

			Share of State nuclear net	
	Summer capacity	Net generation	generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Crystal River				
Unit 3	860	0		Progress Energy Florida Inc
St Lucie				
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,678	12,630	52.8	Florida Power & Light Co
Turkey Point				
Unit 3, Unit 4	1,386	11,305	47.2	Florida Power & Light Co
3 Plants				
5 Reactors	3,924	23,936	100.0	

<sup>1</sup> Unit was offline in 2010 for repairs.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>--</sup> Not applicable.

## **Turkey Point**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
3	693	5,356	88.2	PWR	12/14/1972	7/19/2032
4	693	5,950	98.0	PWR	9/7/1973	4/10/2033
	1,386	11,305	93.1			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### St Lucie

Unit	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Summer capacity factor (percent)		Commercial operation date	License expiration date
Offic	(11144)	(tilousaliu lilwii)	(percent)	rype	uate	uate
1	839	5,299	72.1	PWR	12/21/1976	3/1/2036
2	839	7,331	99.7	PWR	8/8/1983	4/6/2043
	1,678	12,630	85.9			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## Crystal River<sup>1</sup>

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
3	860	0		PWR	3/13/1977	12/3/2016
	860	0				

Data for 2010

1 Unit was offline in 2010 for repairs.

-- Not applicable.

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# Georgia

## Georgia total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	4,061	11.1	33,512	24.4
Coal	13,230	36.1	73,298	53.3
Hydro and Pumped Storage	3,851	10.5	3,044	2.2
Natural Gas	12,668	34.6	23,884	17.4
Other <sup>1</sup>	-	-	18	*
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	637	1.7	3,181	2.3
Petroleum	2,189	6.0	641	0.5
Total	36,636	100.0	137,577	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Georgia nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Edwin I Hatch				
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,759	13,902	41.5	Georgia Power Co
Vogtle				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,302	19,610	58.5	Georgia Power Co
2 Plants				
4 Reactors	4,061	33,512	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>\* =</sup> Absolute percentage less than 0.05.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

## **Vogtle**

		Summer capacity		Commercial	License	
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,150	10,247	101.7	PWR	6/1/1987	1/16/2047
2	1,152	9,363	92.8	PWR	5/20/1989	2/9/2049
	2,302	19,610	97.2			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### **Edwin I Hatch**

			Summer capacity		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
U	nit (mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	876	6,510	84.8	BWR	12/31/1975	8/6/2034
2	883	7,392	95.6	BWR	9/5/1979	6/13/2038
	1,759	13,902	90.2			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## Iowa

## Iowa total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

	Summer capacity	Share of State total	Net generation	Share of State total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	601	4.1	4,451	7.7
Coal	6,956	47.7	41,283	71.8
Hydro and Pumped Storage	144	1.0	948	1.6
Natural Gas	2,299	15.8	1,312	2.3
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	3,584	24.6	9,360	16.3
Petroleum	1,007	6.9	154	0.3
Total	14,592	100.0	57,509	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## lowa nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
	(111 <b>W</b> )	(tilousaliu liiwii)	(percent)	Owner
Duane Arnold Energy Center				
Unit 1	601	4.451	100.0	NextEra Energy Duane Arnold LLC
1 Plant				
1 Reactor	601	4,451	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Duane Arnold Energy Center**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	601	4,451	84.5	BWR	2/1/1975	2/21/2014
	601	4,451	84.5			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## Illinois

## Illinois total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	11,441	25.9	96,190	47.8
Coal	15,551	35.2	93,611	46.5
Hydro and Pumped Storage	34	0.1	119	0.1
Natural Gas	13,771	31.2	5,724	2.8
Other <sup>1</sup>	145	0.3	461	0.2
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	2,078	4.7	5,138	2.6
Petroleum	1,106	2.5	110	0.1
Total	44,127	100.0	201,352	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Illinois nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

			Share of State	
			nuclear net	
	Summer capacity	Net generation	generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Braidwood Generation Station				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,330	19,200	20.0	Exelon Nuclear
Byron Generating Station				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,300	19,856	20.6	Exelon Nuclear
Clinton Power Station				
Unit 1	1,065	8,612	9.0	Exelon Nuclear
Dresden Generating Station				
Unit 2, Unit 3	1,734	14,593	15.2	Exelon Nuclear
LaSalle Generating Station				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,238	19,133	19.9	Exelon Nuclear
Quad Cities Generating Station				
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,774	14,796	15.4	Exelon Nuclear
6 Plants				
11 Reactors	11,441	96,190	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

#### **Clinton Power Station**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,065	8,612	92.3	BWR	11/24/1987	9/29/2026
	1,065	8,612	92.3			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **Dresden Generating Station**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
2	867	7,727	101.7	BWR	6/9/1970	12/22/2029
3	867	6,866	90.4	BWR	11/16/1971	1/12/2031
	1,734	14,593	96.1			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **Quade Cities Generating Station**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	882	7,646	99.0	BWR	2/18/1973	12/14/2032
2	892	7,150	91.5	BWR	3/10/1973	12/14/2032
	1,774	14,796	95.2			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

#### **Braidwood Generation Station**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,178	9,197	89.1	PWR	7/29/1988	10/17/2026
2	1,152	10,003	99.1	PWR	10/17/1988	12/18/2027
	2,330	19,200	94.1			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **Byron Generating Station**

	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Summer capacity factor (percent)	Туре	Commercial operation date	License expiration date
1	1,164	10,337	101.4	PWR	9/16/1985	10/31/2024
2	1,136	9,518	95.6	PWR	8/2/1987	11/6/2026
	2,300	19,856	98.5			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **LaSalle Generating Station**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,118	9,207	94.0	BWR	1/1/1984	4/17/2022
2	1,120	9,926	101.2	BWR	10/19/1984	12/16/2023
	2,238	19,133	97.6			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Kansas**

## Kansas total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

	Summer capacity	Share of State total	Net generation	Share of State total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	1,160	9.2	9,556	19.9
Coal	5,179	41.3	32,505	67.8
Hydro and Pumped Storage	3	*	13	*
Natural Gas	4,573	36.5	2,287	4.8
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	1,079	8.6	3,459	7.2
Petroleum	550	4.4	103	0.2
Total	12,543	100.0	47,924	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Kansas nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	nuclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Wolf Creek Generating Station				
Unit 1	1,160	9,556	100.0	Wolf Creek Nuclear Optg Corp
1 Plant				
1 Reactor	1,160	9,556	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **Wolf Creek Generating Station**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,160	9,556	94.0	PWR	9/3/1985	3/11/2045
	1,160	9,556	94.0			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>\* =</sup> Absolute percentage less than 0.05.

## Louisiana

## Louisiana total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	2,142	8.0	18,639	18.1
Coal	3,417	12.8	23,924	23.3
Hydro and Pumped Storage	192	0.7	1,109	1.1
Natural Gas	19,574	73.2	51,344	49.9
Other <sup>1</sup>	213	0.8	2,120	2.1
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	325	1.2	2,468	2.4
Petroleum	881	3.3	3,281	3.2
Total	26,744	100.0	102,885	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Louisiana nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant Name/Total Reactors	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (Pprcent)	Owner
River Bend Unit 1	974	8,363	44.9	Entergy Gulf States - LA LLC
Waterford 3				
Unit 3 2 Plants	1,168	10,276	55.1	Entergy Louisiana Inc
2 Reactors	2,142	18,639	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

#### Waterford 3

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
3	1,168	10,276	100.4	PWR	9/24/1985	12/18/2024
	1,168	10,276	100.4			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### **River Bend**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	974	8,363	98.0	BWR	6/16/1986	8/29/2025
	974	8,363	98.0			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Massachusetts**

## Massachusetts total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	685	5.0	5,918	13.8
Coal	1,669	12.2	8,306	19.4
Hydro and Pumped Storage	1,942	14.2	659	1.5
Natural Gas	6,063	44.3	25,582	59.8
Other <sup>1</sup>	3	*	771	1.8
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	304	2.2	1,274	3.0
Petroleum	3,031	22.1	296	0.7
Total	13,697	100.0	42,805	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Massachusetts nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Pilgrim Nuclear Power Station				
Unit 1	685	5,918	100.0	Entergy Nuclear Generation Co
1 Plant				
1 Reactor	685	5,918	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>\* =</sup> Absolute percentage less than 0.05.

# **Pilgrim Nuclear Power Station**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer cpacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	685	5,918	98.7	BWR	12/1/1972	6/8/2012
	685	5,918	98.7			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **Maryland**

## Maryland total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	1,705	13.6	13,994	32.1
Coal	4,886	39.0	23,668	54.3
Hydro and Pumped Storage	590	4.7	1,667	3.8
Natural Gas	2,041	16.3	2,897	6.6
Other <sup>1</sup>	152	1.2	485	1.1
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	209	1.7	574	1.3
Petroleum	2,933	23.4	322	0.7
Total	12,516	100.0	43,607	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Maryland nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant				
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,705	13,994	100.0	Calvert Cliffs Nuclear PP Inc
1 Plant				
2 Reactors	1,705	13,994	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	855	6,755	90.2	PWR	5/8/1975	7/31/2034
2	850	7,239	97.2	PWR	4/1/1977	8/13/2036
	1,705	13,994	93.7			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **Michigan**

## Michigan total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy Source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	3,947	13.2	29,625	26.6
Coal	11,531	38.7	65,604	58.8
Hydro and Pumped Storage	2,109	7.1	228	0.2
Natural Gas	11,033	37.0	12,249	11.0
Other <sup>1</sup>			631	0.6
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	571	1.9	2,832	2.5
Petroleum	640	2.1	382	0.3
Total	29,831	100.0	111,551	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### Michigan nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Donald C Cook	()	(incucana mini)	(рогосин)	- Civilor
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,069	15,646	52.8	Indiana Michigan Power Co
Fermi				
Unit 2	1,085	7,738	26.1	Detroit Edison Co
Palisades				
Unit 1	793	6,241	21.1	Entergy Nuclear Palisades LLC
3 Plants				
4 Reactors	3,947	29,625	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

### **Donald Cook**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,009	7,807	88.3	PWR	8/28/1975	10/25/2034
2	1,060	7,839	84.4	PWR	7/1/1978	12/23/2037
	2,069	15,646	86.3			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **Fermi**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
2	1,085	7,738	81.4	BWR	1/23/1988	3/20/2025
	1,085	7,738	81.4			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **Palisades**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	793	6,241	89.8	PWR	12/31/1971	3/24/2031
	793	6,241	89.8			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **Minnesota**

## Minnesota total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	1,594	10.8	13,478	25.1
Coal	4,789	32.5	28,083	52.3
Hydro and Pumped Storage	193	1.3	840	1.6
Natural Gas	4,936	33.5	4,341	8.1
Other <sup>1</sup>	13	0.1	258	0.5
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	2,395	16.3	6,640	12.4
Petroleum	795	5.4	31	0.1
Total	14,715	100.0	53,670	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### Minnesota nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation				
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner			
Monticello							
Unit 1	554	4,695	34.8	Northern States Power Co - Minnesota			
Prairie Island							
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,040	8,783	65.2	Northern States Power Co - Minnesota			
2 Plants							
3 Reactors	1,594	13,478	100.0				
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.							

### Monicello

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	554	4,695	96.7	BWR	6/30/1971	9/8/2030
	554	4,695	96.7			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **Prairie Island**

Unit	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Summer capacity factor (percent)	Туре	Commercial operation date	License expiration date
1	521	4,655	102.0	PWR	12/16/1973	8/9/2013
2	519	4,128	90.8	PWR	12/21/1974	10/29/2014
	1,040	8,783	96.4			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **Missouri**

## Missouri total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	1,190	5.5	8,996	9.7
Coal	12,070	55.5	75,047	81.3
Hydro and Pumped Storage	1,221	5.6	2,427	2.6
Natural Gas	5,579	25.7	4,690	5.1
Other <sup>1</sup>	-	-	39	*
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	466	2.1	988	1.1
Petroleum	1,212	5.6	126	0.1
Total	21,739	100.0	92,313	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### Missouri nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Callaway				
Unit 1	1,190	8,996	100.0	Union Electric Co
1 Plant				
1 Reactor	1,190	8,996	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>\* =</sup> Absolute percentage less than 0.05.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

# **Callaway**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,190	8,996	86.3	PWR	12/19/1984	10/18/2024
	1,190	8,996	86.3			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **Mississippi**

## Mississippi total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	1,251	8.0	9,643	17.7
Coal	2,526	16.1	13,629	25.0
Natural Gas	11,640	74.2	29,619	54.4
Other <sup>1</sup>	4	*	10	*
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	235	1.5	1,504	2.8
Petroleum	35	0.2	81	0.1
Total	15,691	100.0	54,487	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### Mississippi nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2009

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Grand Gulf	•			
Unit 1	1,251	9,643	100.0	System Energy Resources, Inc
1 Plant				
1 Reactor	1,251	9,643	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **Grand Gulf**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,251	9,643	88.0	BWR	7/1/1985	11/1/2024
	1,251	9,643	88.0			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>\* =</sup> Absolute percentage less than 0.05.

# **North Carolina**

## North Carolina total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	4,958	17.9	40,740	31.7
Coal	12,766	46.1	71,951	55.9
Hydro and Pumped Storage	2,042	7.4	4,757	3.7
Natural Gas	6,742	24.4	8,447	6.6
Other <sup>1</sup>	50	0.2	407	0.3
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	543	2.0	2,083	1.6
Petroleum	573	2.1	293	0.2
Total	27,674	100.0	128,678	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### North Carolina nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Brunswick				
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,858	14,808	36.3	Progress Energy Carolinas Inc
Harris				
Unit 1	900	7,081	17.4	Progress Energy Carolinas Inc
McGuire				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,200	18,850	46.3	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC
3 Plants				
5 Reactors	4,958	40,740	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

### **Brunswick**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	938	6,808	82.9	BWR	3/18/1977	9/8/2036
2	920	8,000	99.3	-BWR	11/3/1975	12/27/2034
	1,858	14,808	91.0			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **Harris**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	900	7,081	89.8	PWR	5/2/1987	10/24/2046
	900	7,081	89.8			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **McGuire**

Unit	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Summer capacity factor (percent)	Туре	Commercial operation date	License expiration date
1	1,100	8,836	91.7	PWR	12/1/1981	6/12/2041
2	1,100	10,015	103.9	PWR	3/1/1984	3/3/2043
	2,200	18,850	97.8			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# Nebraska

## Nebraska total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	1,245	15.8	11,054	30.2
Coal	3,932	50.0	23,363	63.8
Hydro and Pumped Storage	278	3.5	1,314	3.6
Natural Gas	1,849	23.5	375	1.0
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	165	2.1	493	1.3
Petroleum	387	4.9	31	0.1
Total	7,857	100.0	36,630	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## Nebraska nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Cooper				
Unit 1	767	6,793	61.4	Nebraska Public Power District
Fort Calhoun				
Unit 1	478	4,261	38.6	Omaha Public Power District
2 Plants				
2 Reactors	1,245	11,054	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## Cooper

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	767	6,793	101.1	BWR	7/1/1974	1/18/2014
	767	6,793	101.1			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Fort Calhoun**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	478	4,261	101.8	PWR	9/26/1973	8/9/2033
	478	4,261	101.8			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **New Hampshire**

## New Hampshire total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	1,247	29.8	10,910	49.2
Coal	546	13.1	3,083	13.9
Hydro and Pumped Storage	489	11.7	1,478	6.7
Natural Gas	1,215	29.1	5,365	24.2
Other <sup>1</sup>	-	-	57	0.3
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	182	4.4	1,232	5.6
Petroleum	501	12.0	72	0.3
Total	4,180	100.0	22,196	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## New Hampshire nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(nw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Seabrook				
Unit 1	1,247	10,910	100.0	NextEra Energy Seabrook LLC
1 Plant				
1 Reactor	1,247	10,910	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

## **Seabrook**

			Summer capacity		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,247	10,910	99.9	PWR	8/19/1990	3/15/2030
	1,247	10,910	99.9			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **New Jersey**

## New Jersey total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	4,108	22.3	32,771	49.9
Coal	2,036	11.1	6,418	9.8
Hydro and Pumped Storage	404	2.2	-176	-0.3
Natural Gas	10,244	55.6	24,902	37.9
Other <sup>1</sup>	56	0.3	682	1.0
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	226	1.2	850	1.3
Petroleum	1,351	7.3	235	0.4
Total	18,424	100.0	65,682	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### New Jersey nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Oyster Creek				
Unit 1	615	4,601	14.0	Exelon Nuclear
PSEG Hope Creek Generating				
Station				
Unit 1	1,161	9,439	28.8	PSEG Nuclear LLC
PSEG Salem Generating Station				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,332	18,731	57.2	PSEG Nuclear LLC
3 Plants				
4 Reactors	4,108	32,771	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

### **Oyster Creek**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	615	4,601	85.5	BWR	12/1/1969	4/9/2029
	615	4,601	85.5			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **PSEG Hope Creek Generating Station**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,161	9,439	92.8	BWR	12/20/1986	4/11/2026
	1,161	9,439	92.8			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **PSEG Salem Generating Station**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,174	8,777	85.3	PWR	6/30/1977	8/13/2016
2	1,158	9,955	98.1	PWR	10/13/1981	4/18/2020
	2,332	18,731	91.7			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **New York**

## New York total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	5,271	13.4	41,870	30.6
Coal	2,781	7.1	13,583	9.9
Hydro and Pumped Storage	5,714	14.5	24,942	18.2
Natural Gas	17,407	44.2	48,916	35.7
Other <sup>1</sup>	45	0.1	832	0.6
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	1,719	4.4	4,815	3.5
Petroleum	6,421	16.3	2,005	1.5
Total	39,357	100.0	136,962	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### New York nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Indian Point	(11147)	(tilousaliu lilwii)	(регеспі)	Owner
Unit 2, Unit 3	2,063	16,321	39.0	Entergy Nuclear Indian Point
James A Fitzpatrick				
Unit 1	855	6,361	15.2	Entergy Nuc Fitzpatrick LLC
Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station				
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,773	14,239	34.0	Nine Mile Point Nuclear Sta LLC
R E Ginna Nuclear Power Plant				
Unit 1	581	4,948	11.8	R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant, LLC
4 Plants				
6 Reactors	5,271	41,870	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

### **Indian Point**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
2	1,022	7,326	81.8	PWR	8/1/1974	9/28/2013
3	1,040	8,995	98.7	PWR	8/30/1976	12/15/2015
	2,063	16,321	90.3			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station**

			Summer capacity		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	630	5,294	95.9	BWR	12/1/1969	8/22/2029
2	1,143	8,945	89.3	BWR	3/11/1988	10/31/2046
	1,773	14,239	91.7			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **James A Fitzpatrick**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	855	6,361	84.9	BWR	7/28/1975	10/17/2034
	855	6,361	84.9			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **R E Ginna Nuclear Power Plant**

	Summer Capacity	Net Generation	Summer Capacity Factor		Commercial Operation	License Expiration
Unit	(MW)	(Thousand MWh)	(Percent)	Type	Date	Date
1	581	4,948	97.2	PWR	7/1/1970	9/18/2029
	581	4,948	97.2			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **Ohio**

## Ohio total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	2,134	6.5	15,805	11.0
Coal	21,360	64.6	117,828	82.1
Hydro and Pumped Storage	101	0.3	429	0.3
Natural Gas	8,203	24.8	7,128	5.0
Other <sup>1</sup>	123	0.4	266	0.2
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	130	0.4	700	0.5
Petroleum	1,019	3.1	1,442	1.0
Total	33,071	100.0	143,598	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### Ohio nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2009

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Davis Besse	()	(	(1000000)	
Unit 1	894	5,185	32.8	FirstEnergy Nuclear Operating Company
Perry				
Unit 1	1,240	10,620	67.2	FirstEnergy Nuclear Operating Company
2 Plants				
2 Reactors	2,134	15,805	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

### **Davis Besse**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	894	5,185	66.2	PWR	7/31/1978	4/22/2017
	894	5,185	66.2			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **Perry**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,240	10,620	97.8	BWR	11/18/1987	3/18/2026
	1,240	10,620	97.8			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# Pennsylvania

## Pennsylvania total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	9,540	20.9	77,828	33.9
Coal	18,481	40.6	110,369	48.0
Hydro and Pumped Storage	2,268	5.0	1,624	0.7
Natural Gas	9,415	20.7	33,718	14.7
Other <sup>1</sup>	100	0.2	1,396	0.6
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	1,237	2.7	4,245	1.8
Petroleum	4,534	9.9	571	0.2
Total	45,575	100.0	229,752	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## Pennsylvania nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2009

			Share of State nuclear net	
	Summer capacity	Net generation	generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Beaver Valley				
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,777	14,994	19.3	FirstEnergy Nuclear Operating Company
Limerick				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,264	18,926	24.3	Exelon Nuclear
PPL Susquehanna				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,450	18,516	23.8	PPL Susquehanna LLC
Peach Bottom				
Unit 2, Unit 3	2,244	18,759	24.1	Exelon Nuclear
Three Mile Island				
Unit 1	805	6,634	8.5	Exelon Nuclear
5 Plants				
9 Reactors	9,540	77,828	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Beaver Valley**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	892	7,119	91.1	PWR	10/1/1976	1/29/2036
2	885	7,874	101.6	-PWR	11/17/1987	5/27/2047
	1,777	14,994	96.3			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### Limerick

	Summer conscitu		Summer capacity		Commercial	License
Unit	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	factor (percent)	Туре	operation date	expiration date
1	1,130	9,047	91.4	BWR	2/1/1986	10/26/2024
2	1,134	9,879	99.4	BWR	1/8/1990	6/22/2029
	2,264	18,926	95.4			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **PPL Susquehanna**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,260	8,294	75.1	BWR	6/8/1983	7/17/2042
2	1,190	10,221	98.1	BWR	2/12/1985	3/23/2044
	2,450	18,516	86.3			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

### **Peach Bottom**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
2	1,122	9,000	91.6	BWR	7/5/1974	8/8/2033
3	1,122	9,759	99.3	BWR	12/23/1974	7/2/2034
	2,244	18,759	95.4			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **Three Mile Island**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	805	6,634	94.1	PWR	9/2/1974	4/19/2034
	805	6,634	94.1			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **South Carolina**

## South Carolina total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

	Summer capacity	Share of State total	Net generation	Share of State total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	6,486	27.0	51,988	49.9
Coal	7,230	30.1	37,671	36.2
Hydro and Pumped Storage	4,006	16.7	1,442	1.4
Natural Gas	5,308	22.1	10,927	10.5
Other <sup>1</sup>	-	-	61	0.1
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	284	1.2	1,873	1.8
Petroleum	670	2.8	191	0.2
Total	23,982	100.0	104,153	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## South Carolina nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Catawba				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,258	18,964	36.5	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC
H B Robinson				
Unit 2	724	3,594	6.9	Progress Energy Carolinas Inc
Oconee				
Unit 1, Unit 2, Unit 3	2,538	20,943	40.3	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC
V C Summer				
Unit 1	966	8,487	16.3	South Carolina Electric&Gas Co
4 Plants				
7 Reactors	6,486	51,988	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

### Catawba

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,129	9,889	100.0	PWR	6/29/1985	12/5/2043
2	1,129	9,075	91.8	PWR	8/19/1986	12/5/2043
	2,258	18,964	95.9			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **H B Robinson**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
2	724	3,594	56.7	PWR	3/7/1971	7/31/2030
	724	3,594	56.7			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **Oconee**

			Summer capacity		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	846	7,434	100.3	PWR	7/15/1973	2/6/2033
2	846	6,731	90.8	PWR	9/9/1974	10/6/2033
3	846	6,779	91.5	PWR	12/16/1974	7/19/2034
	2,538	20,943	94.2			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **V C Summer**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	966	8,487	100.3	PWR	1/1/1984	8/6/2042
	966	8,487	100.3			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

## **Tennessee**

## Tennessee total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	3,401	15.9	27,739	33.7
Coal	8,805	41.1	43,670	53.0
Hydro and Pumped Storage	4,277	20.0	7,416	9.0
Natural Gas	4,655	21.7	2,302	2.8
Other <sup>1</sup>	·	-	16	*
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	222	1.0	988	1.2
Petroleum	58	0.3	217	0.3
Total	21,417	100.0	82,349	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### Tennessee nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Sequoyah	(IIIVV)	(tilousaliu lilwii)	(percent)	Owner
1 ,	0.070	40.004	64.0	Tannasaa Mallay Aytharity
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,278	18,001	64.9	Tennessee Valley Authority
Watts Bar Nuclear Plant				
Unit 1	1,123	9,738	35.1	Tennessee Valley Authority
2 Plants				
3 Reactors	3,401	27,739	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>\* =</sup> Absolute percentage less than 0.05.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

## Sequoyah

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,152	8,464	83.9	PWR	7/1/1981	9/17/2020
2	1,126	9,537	96.7	PWR	6/1/1982	9/15/2021
	2,278	18,001	90.2			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **Watts Bar Nuclear Plant**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,123	9,738	99.0	PWR	5/27/1996	11/9/2035
	1.123	9.738	99.0			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **Texas**

## Texas total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	4,966	4.6	41,335	10.0
Coal	22,335	20.6	150,173	36.5
Hydro and Pumped Storage	689	0.6	1,262	0.3
Natural Gas	69,291	64.0	186,882	45.4
Other <sup>1</sup>	477	0.4	3,630	0.9
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	10,295	9.5	27,705	6.7
Petroleum	204	0.2	708	0.2
Total	108,258	100.0	411,695	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### Texas nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Comanche Peak				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,406	20,208	48.9	Luminant Generation Company LLC
South Texas Project				
Unit 1, Unit 2	2,560	21,127	51.1	STP Nuclear Operating Co
2 Plants				
4 Reactors	4,966	41,335	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

### **Comanche Peak**

Unit	Summer capacity	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Summer capacity factor (percent)	Type	Commercial operation date	License expiration date
Ullit	(11100)	(illousallu lilwil)	(percent)	ı ype	uale	uale
1	1,209	9,677	91.4	PWR	8/13/1990	2/8/2030
2	1,197	10,532	100.4	PWR	8/3/1993	2/2/2033
	2,406	20,208	95.9			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **South Texas Project**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	1,280	11,304	100.8	PWR	8/25/1988	8/20/2027
2	1,280	9,823	87.6	PWR	6/19/1989	12/15/2028
	2,560	21,127	94.2			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# Virginia

## Virginia total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	3,501	14.5	26,572	36.4
Coal	5,868	24.3	25,459	34.9
Hydro and Pumped Storage	4,107	17.0	10	*
Natural Gas	7,581	31.4	16,999	23.3
Other <sup>1</sup>	-	-	414	0.6
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	621	2.6	2,220	3.0
Petroleum	2,432	10.1	1,293	1.8
Total	24,109	100.0	72,966	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## Virginia nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
			0 111101
,863	13,399	50.4	Virginia Electric & Power Co
,638	13,172	49.6	Virginia Electric & Power Co
,501	26,572	100.0	
	,638 , <b>501</b>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>\* =</sup> Absolute percentage less than 0.05.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

### **North Anna**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	920	6,780	84.1	PWR	6/6/1978	4/1/2038
2	943	6,620	80.1	PWR	12/14/1980	8/21/2040
	1,863	13,399	82.1			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## **Surry**

Unit	Summer capacity	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Summer capacity factor (percent)	Type	Commercial operation date	License expiration date
Offic	, <i>j</i>					
1	839	6,206	84.4	_PWR_	12/22/1972	5/25/2032
2	799	6,966	99.5	PWR	5/1/1973	1/29/2033
	1,638	13,172	91.8			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **Vermont**

## Vermont total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

	Summer capacity	Share of State total	Net generation	Share of State total
Primary energy source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	620	55.0	4,782	72.2
Hydro and Pumped Storage	324	28.7	1,347	20.3
Natural Gas	-	-	4	0.1
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	84	7.5	482	7.3
Petroleum	100	8.9	5	0.1
Total	1,128	100.0	6,620	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### Vermont nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation	
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Vermont Yankee				
Unit 1	620	4,782	100.0	Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee
1 Plant				
1 Reactor	620	4,782	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### **Vermont Yankee**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	620	4,782	88.0	BWR	11/30/1972	3/21/2012
	620	4,782	88.0			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

# Washington

## Washington total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary Energy Source	(mw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	1,097	3.6	9,241	8.9
Coal	1,340	4.4	8,527	8.2
Hydro and Pumped Storage	21,495	70.5	68,342	66.0
Natural Gas	3,828	12.6	10,359	10.0
Other <sup>1</sup>		<del>-</del>	354	0.3
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	2,703	8.9	6,617	6.4
Petroleum	15	*	32	*
Total	30,478	100.0	103,473	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Other:** Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

Other Renewable: Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

## Washington nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Dignt name/total recetors	Summer capacity	Net generation	Share of State nuclear net generation	Ouman
Plant name/total reactors	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Owner
Columbia Generating Station				
Unit 2	1,097	9,241	100.0	Energy Northwest
1 Plant				
1 Reactor	1,097	9,241	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>\* =</sup> Absolute percentage less than 0.05.

<sup>- =</sup> No data reported.

# **Columbia Generating Station**

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer capacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
2	1,097	9,241	96.2	BWR	12/13/1984	12/20/2023
	1,097	9,241	96.2			

Data for 2010

BWR = Boiling Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

# **Wisconsin**

## Wisconsin total electric power industry, summer capacity and net generation, by energy source, 2010

		Share of State		Share of State
	Summer capacity	total	Net generation	total
Primary energy source	(nw)	(percent)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)
Nuclear	1,584	8.9	13,281	20.7
Coal	8,063	45.2	40,169	62.5
Hydro and Pumped Storage	492	2.8	2,112	3.3
Natural Gas	6,110	34.3	5,497	8.5
Other <sup>1</sup>	21	0.1	63	0.1
Other Renewable <sup>1</sup>	775	4.3	2,474	3.8
Petroleum	790	4.4	718	1.1
Total	17,836	100.0	64,314	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal Solid Waste net generation is allocated according to the biogenic and non-biogenic components of the fuel; however, all Municipal Solid Waste summer capacity is classified as Renewable.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Other: Blast furnace gas, propane gas, other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels, non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tire-derived fuel, and miscellaneous technologies.

**Other Renewable:** Wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy, and wind.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### Wisconsin nuclear power plants, summer capacity and net generation, 2010

Plant name/total reactors	Summer capacity (mw)	Net generation (thousand mwh)	Share of State nuclear net generation (percent)	Owner
Kewaunee				
Unit 1	566	4,990	37.6	Dominion Energy Kewaunee Inc.
Point Beach Nuclear Plant				
Unit 1, Unit 2	1,018	8,291	62.4	NextEra Energy Point Beach LLC
2 Plants				
3 Reactors	1,584	13,281	100.0	

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

### Kewaunee

	Summer capacity	Net generation	Summer cpacity factor		Commercial operation	License expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	566	4,990	100.6	PWR	6/16/1974	12/21/2013
	566	4,990	100.6			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

### **Point Beach Nuclear Plant**

			<b>Summer capacity</b>		Commercial	License
	Summer capacity	Net generation	factor		operation	expiration
Unit	(mw)	(thousand mwh)	(percent)	Type	date	date
1	506	3,954	89.2	PWR	12/21/1970	10/5/2030
2	512	4,336	96.7	PWR	10/1/1972	3/8/2033
	1,018	8,291	93.0			

Data for 2010

PWR = Pressurized Light Water Reactor.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.