

Natural Gas Monthly

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Energy Information Administration
Office of Oil and Gas
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Petroleum Supply Monthly, updated on the 20th of the month

Petroleum Marketing Monthly, updated on the 20th of the month

Winter Fuels Report, propane inventory data updated Wednesdays at 5:00 p.m. All other data updated on Thursdays

(Friday in event of a holiday) at 5:00 p.m. (October through March)

Natural Gas Monthly, updated on the 20th of the month

Weekly Coal Production, updated on Fridays at 5:00 p.m.

Quarterly Coal Report, updated 60 days after the end of the quarter

Electric Power Monthly, updated on the 1st of the month

Monthly Energy Review, updated the last week of the month

Short Term Energy Outlook, updated 60 days after the end of the quarter

Preface

The *Natural Gas Monthly (NGM)* is prepared in the Data Operations Branch of the Reserves and Natural Gas Division, Office of Oil and Gas, Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Department of Energy (DOE).

General questions and comments regarding the *NGM* may be referred to Kendrick E. Brown, Jr. (202) 586-6077, Audrey E. J. Corley (202) 586-4804, or Eva M. Fleming (202) 586-6113. Specific technical questions may be referred to the appropriate persons listed in Appendix E.

The *NGM* highlights activities, events, and analyses of interest to public and private sector organizations associated with the natural gas industry. Volume and price data are presented each month for natural gas production, distribution, consumption, and interstate pipeline activities. Producer-related activities and underground storage data are also reported. From time to time, the *NGM* features articles designed to assist readers in using and interpreting natural gas information.

The data in this publication are collected on surveys conducted by the EIA to fulfill its responsibilities for gathering and reporting energy data. Some of the data are collected under the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), an independent commission within the DOE, which has jurisdiction primarily in the regulation of electric utilities and the interstate natural gas industry. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Explanatory Notes supplement the information found in tables of the report. A description of the data collection surveys that support the *NGM* is provided in the Data Sources section. A glossary of the terms used in this report is also provided to assist readers in understanding the data presented in this publication.

All natural gas volumes are reported at a pressure base of 14.73 pounds per square inch absolute (psia) and at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. Cubic feet are converted to cubic meters by applying a factor of 0.02831685.

In addition to printed copies of publications, the Reserves and Natural Gas Division offers its information products in electronic formats on several media. A description of these electronic products, together with instructions for accessing them, is provided on page iv. In future issues of the *Natural Gas Monthly*, this guide to electronic dissemination will appear in an Appendix.

Natural Gas Electronic Products

In addition to printed publications, the Energy Information Administration distributes information concerning the natural gas industry in a variety of electronic formats through several media. Two main types of products are available electronically: *viewable documents* that may be read or printed; and *post-processable files* that may be directly used as input to a computer application without additional keying and checking of data.

Viewable documents represent complete or selected sections of publications including text, tables, and graphs. They may be as specific as single tables or as general as an entire publication. Post-processable documents on the other hand are either macro-level representations of in-

formation in published tables or micro-level respondent information representing responses on a specific nonconfidential survey.

The media used to distribute these electronic publications include: (1) The Energy Information Administration's Internet site (<http://www.eia.doe.gov> or <ftp://ftp.eia.doe.gov>); (2) Dial-in access through the Energy Information Administration's EPUB electronic bulletin board or through the Economic Bulletin Board of the Department of Commerce and the COGIS system; (3) The Energy Information Administration's quarterly CD-ROM (InfoDisk); (4) The Energy Information Administration's Fax on Demand System; and (5) diskettes.

	Internet	Dial-In	InfoDisk	Fax	Diskette
ANNUAL PUBLICATIONS					
Natural Gas Annual, Volume 1, 1994 Provides information on supply, and disposition of natural gas in the United States. Information is provided nationally, regionally, and by State for 1994.	V P		V P		P
Natural Gas Annual, Volume 2, 1994 Contains historical information about supply and disposition of natural gas at the national, regional, and State level as well as prices at selected points in the flow of gas from wellhead to burnertip.	P		P		P
Natural Gas 1995: Issues and Trends Addresses current issues affecting the natural gas industry and markets, and analyzes trends in the most recent natural gas data.	V		V		
Natural Gas 1994: Issues and Trends Provides an overview of the natural gas industry in 1993 and early 1994, focusing on the overall ability to deliver gas under the new regulatory mandates of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's Order 636.	V		V		
Oil and Gas Products List 1994-1995 Brief descriptions of the various information products prepared by the Office of Oil and Gas.	V		V		
U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves Annual Report 1994 1994 national and State estimates of reserves, reserve changes, and production, plus industry highlights.	V		V		
MONTHLY PUBLICATIONS					
Natural Gas Monthly, from September 1995 forward. Entire Publication in viewable format	V		V		

V=Viewable P=Post-Processable

	Internet	Dial-In	InfoDisk	Fax	Diskette
OTHER PUBLICATIONS					
Natural Gas 1995: Preliminary Highlights This Special Focus, which was featured in the April 1996 issue of the <i>Natural Gas Monthly</i> , presents events that affected the natural gas industry during 1995.	V	P		V	
Energy Policy Act Transportation Study: Interim Report on Natural Gas Flow and Rates (EPACT) Analysis of natural gas transportation rates and distribution patterns for the period from 1988 through 1994.	V		V		
Oil Production Capacity Expansion Cost for the Persian Gulf Quantifies the cost of expanding oil production capacity for the Persian Gulf based on geologic plays and fields rather than country-level economics. Development costs and volumes are estimated for the next 15 years.	V		V		
Costs and Indices for Domestic Oil and Gas Field Equipment and Production Operations 1990-1993 Cost of equipment and operation of oil and gas wells in the lower 48 States.	V		V		
Drilling Sideways- A Review of Horizontal Well Technology and the Domestic Application April 1993 report presenting salient aspects of current and near-future horizontal drilling and completion technology.	V		V		
International Oil and Gas Exploration and Development Compilation of country-level data and assessment of regional trends relating to upstream aspects of global oil and gas supply.	V		V		
Natural Gas Productive Capacity for the Lower 48 States 1984-1996 Analysis of monthly natural gas wellhead productive capacity.	V		V		
Natural Gas Productive Capacity for the Lower 48 States 1980-1995 Analysis of monthly natural gas wellhead productive capacity.	V		V		
Oil and Gas Field Code Master List Comprehensive listing of U.S. oil and gas field names as of November 1995.	V		V		
Oil and Gas Resources of the Fergana Basin (Uzbekistan, Tadjikistan, and Kyrgysztan) Reservoir level assessments of oil and gas ultimate recovery in the former Soviet Union area.	V		V		
The Value of Underground Storage in Today's Natural Gas Industry Explores the significant and changing role of storage in the industry.	V		V		
U.S. Oil and Gas Development in the Early 1990's Analyses of the growing prominence of smaller energy companies in U.S. oil and gas production	V		V		
ANNUAL DATA					
Natural Gas Supply and Disposition, by State 1994	V P	V P		V	

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	Internet	Dial-In	InfoDisk	Fax	Diskette
Natural Gas Summary, United States by Year 1990-1994	V P	V P		V	
1994 Natural Gas Annual Volume 1 data Self-extracting file containing data (in comma-delimited format) that appear in the tables in Volume I of the 1994 <i>Natural Gas Annual</i> .	P		P		P
1994 Natural Gas Annual Volume 2 data Self-extracting file containing historical information (in comma-delimited format) found in the tables in Volume II of the 1994 <i>Natural Gas Annual</i> . Annual historical data at the national level are presented for 1930-1994. Annual information by State and region is presented for 1967-1994.	P		P		P
1993 Data reported on Form EIA-176 A self-extracting compressed file containing data reported on Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition" for 1993.	P				P
1994 Data reported on Form EIA-176 A self-extracting compressed file containing data reported on Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition" for 1994.	P				P
Data archive of historical reserves estimates for U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids. National, State, and State subregion data published in the reserves balance tables of <i>U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves</i> from 1977 forward.	P				P
MONTHLY DATA					
Natural Gas Production, United States by Month 1989-forward	P	P		V	
Natural Gas Supply and Disposition, 1989-forward	P	P		V	
Natural Gas Imports and Exports 1989-forward	P	P		V	
Natural Gas Underground Storage: United States Total by Month 1989-forward	P	P		V	
Natural Gas Prices: United States Total by Month 1989-forward	P	P		V	
Natural Gas Consumption by Sector: United States Total by Month, 1989-forward	P	P		V	
SELF-EXTRACTING COMPRESSED DATA FILE ARCHIVES					
Natural Gas Consumption and Prices, for most recent 2-3 years	P	P			
Natural Gas Consumption and Prices, for 1984-1992	P	P			
OTHER REPORTS					
Natural Gas Weekly Market Update Analysis of current price, supply and storage data along with a two week snapshot of the weather in four distinct metropolitan areas.	V			V	

V=Viewable

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Common Abbreviations Used in the Natural Gas Monthly

AGA	American Gas Association	IOGCC	Interstate Oil and Gas Compact Commission
Bbl	Barrels	LNG	Liquefied Natural Gas
BLS	Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor	Mcf	Thousand Cubic Feet
Bcf	Billion Cubic Feet	MMBtu	Million British Thermal Units
BOM	Bureau of Mines, U.S. Department of the Interior	MMcf	Million Cubic Feet
Btu	British Thermal Unit	MMS	United States Minerals Management Service, U.S. Department of the Interior
DOE	U.S. Department of Energy	NGL	Natural Gas Liquids
DOI	U.S. Department of the Interior	OCS	Outer Continental Shelf
EIA	Energy Information Administration, U.S. Department of Energy	Tcf	Trillion Cubic Feet
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission		

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Highlights

This analysis discusses the most recent data available from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) on the monthly data series that track developments in the natural gas industry (Figures H1-H4). In this issue, the analysis has been extended to include data estimated using EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. These data appear in Tables 1, 2, 3, and 9. It should be noted that the extension of data estimates does not include prices. Thus, price information (Table 4) lags behind production and consumption estimates by 3 months.

This extension of EIA's preliminary data estimates first appeared in the June 1996 issue of the *Natural Gas Monthly*. The June issue also introduced a new analysis section, "Natural Gas Market Update," which is now a regular feature of the *Natural Gas Monthly* "Highlights."

Recent Data

Wellhead and End-Use Prices

Monthly average wellhead prices have remained very steady through the first four months of 1996, but are much higher than during the same period in 1995 (Table 4). The monthly estimate has been \$2.07 per thousand cubic feet in every month except February, when it was \$2.04. The average for the period of January through April, \$2.06 per thousand cubic feet, is 36 percent higher than in 1995 (Figure H3).

End-use prices in the industrial and electric utility sectors in 1996 also show large increases compared with 1995. While the April 1996 industrial price of \$3.32 per thousand cubic feet is 6 percent lower than the price in March, the average price for January through April, of \$3.44 per thousand cubic feet, is 22 percent higher than for the same period in 1995. A similar pattern is shown for the average price paid by electric utilities for natural gas, although 1996 data for this sector are available only through March. For electric utilities, the March 1996 estimated price of \$2.70 per thousand cubic feet is 12 percent lower than the February price. However, the cumulative average price for January through March, of \$2.87 per thousand cubic feet, is 43 percent above that in 1995.

In the residential and commercial sectors, April 1996 price estimates are higher than they were for March, although the commercial price is only \$0.03 above the March level. The price of gas to the commercial sector in April is estimated to be \$5.27 per thousand cubic feet. For residential users, the April estimate is \$6.24 per thousand cubic, 6 percent higher than in March.

The cumulative January through April 1996 price for the residential sector is \$5.83 per thousand cubic feet, equal to the cumulative average in 1995. In the commercial sector, the cumulative average price is \$5.22 per thousand cubic feet, only 2 percent higher than in 1995.

Supply

The preliminary estimate for dry natural gas production in July 1996 is 1,499 billion cubic feet. This is equivalent to 48 billion cubic feet per day, which is 4 percent lower than the daily rate in June. Cumulative production for January through July, however, is less than one-half percent below the level in 1995 (Figure H1 and Table 1).

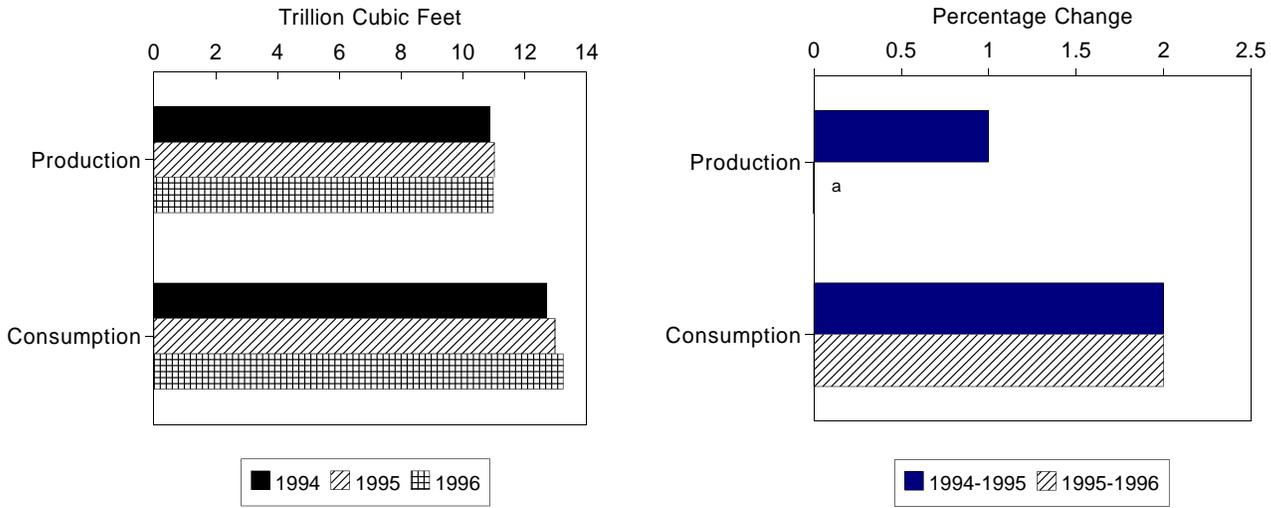
Imports of 245 billion cubic feet helped to meet July 1996 total consumption of 1,376 billion cubic feet (Table 2), whereas storage activities focused more on rebuilding working gas levels rather than meeting end-use demand. On a daily basis, the July import estimate is 2 percent higher than in June, while cumulatively, imports from January through July 1996 are 4 percent higher than in 1995.

Net storage injections turned positive in April 1996 and were above 300 billion cubic feet each month from May through July (Table 9). Working gas levels increased by 22 percent from June to July 1996, reaching an estimated 1,886 billion cubic feet, yet this is a record low for the month of July (Figure H4). The previous low (since records began in 1976) was 2,164 billion cubic feet in July 1978.

End-Use Consumption

End-use consumption is estimated to be 1,226 billion cubic feet in July 1996. Cumulative consumption from January through July is estimated to be 2 percent above the level of 1995. This matches the cumulative change in industrial consumption between the 2 years, however, much larger changes occurred in the other sectors.

Figure H1. Natural Gas Production and Consumption, January-July, 1994-1996



^a Natural gas production in 1995 and 1996 was virtually the same.

Figure H2. Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers, January-July, 1994-1996

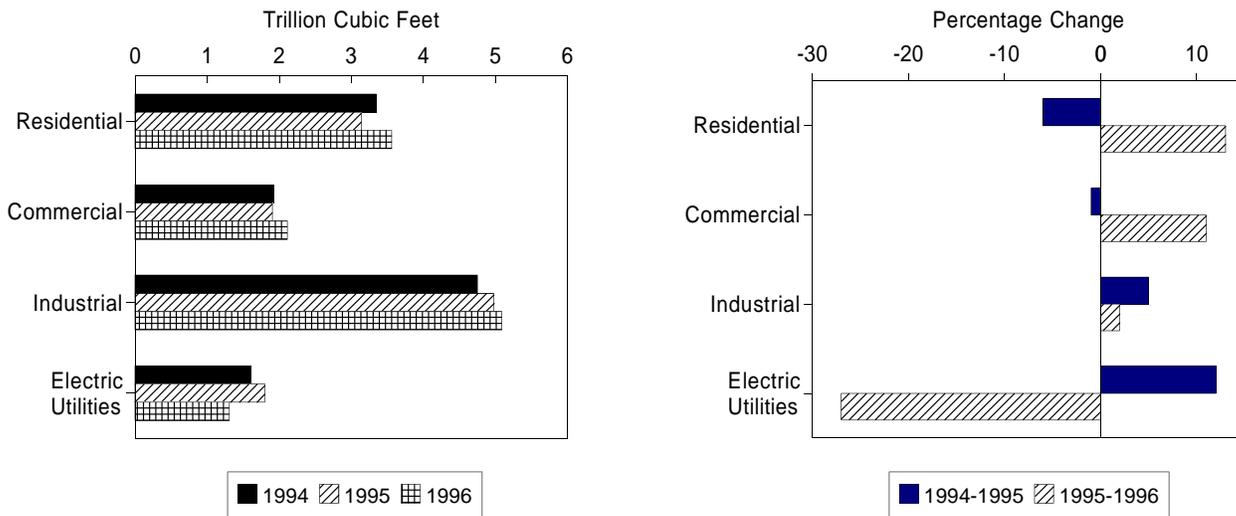
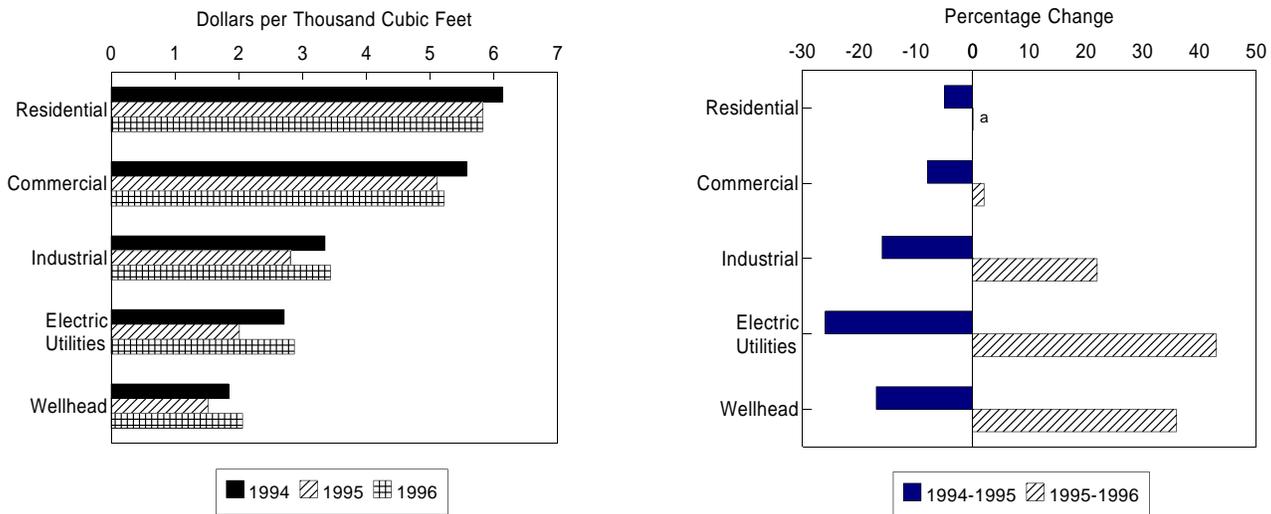


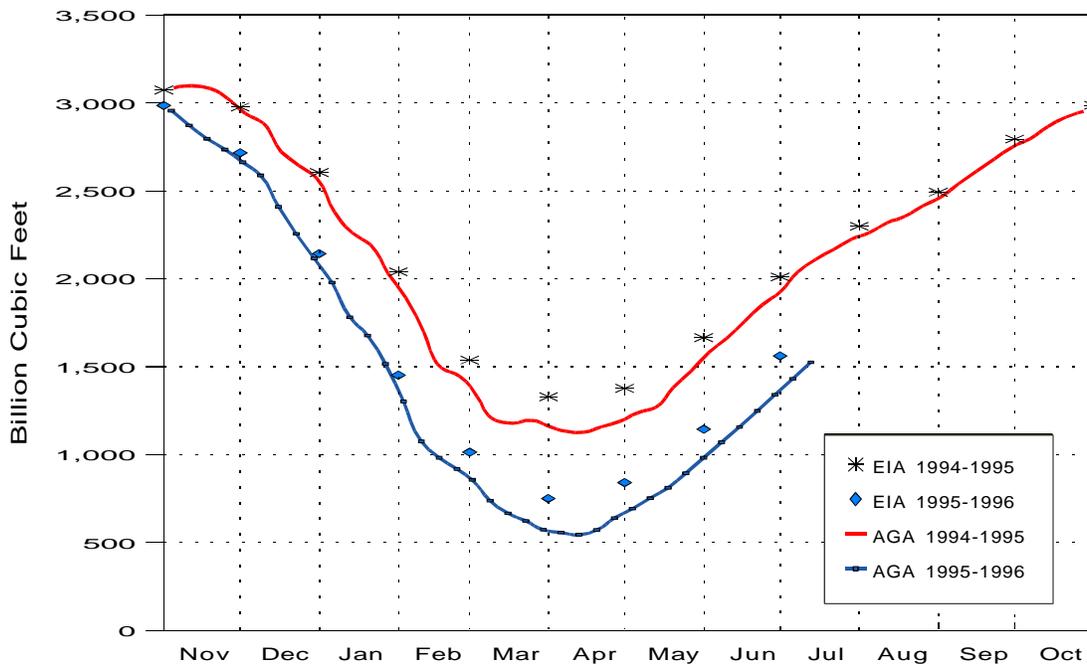
Figure H3. Average Delivered Natural Gas Prices, January-April, 1994-1996



^a Natural gas delivered to residential consumers in 1995 and 1996 was virtually the same.

Notes: Commercial and industrial average prices reflect onsystem sales only; Electric utilities average price for 1996 covers March.

Figure H4. Underground Natural Gas Storage in the United States, 1994-1996



Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-191, "Underground Natural Gas Storage Report"; American Gas Association, "Report of Estimated U.S. Working Gas Levels in Underground Storage".

Residential and commercial consumption is estimated to be 135 and 136 billion cubic feet, respectively, in July 1996 (Table 3). Since May 1996, consumption in these sectors has been within 5 percent of the level in each month of 1995. However, cumulative residential consumption from January through July is 13 percent higher than in 1995, and cumulative commercial consumption is 11 percent higher (Figure H2). This reflects the higher level of gas used earlier in the year, as cold weather during the winter and into the spring increased the need for space heating compared with 1995. Gas consumption in both sectors averaged 15 percent higher from January through April in 1996 compared with 1995.

Electric utility consumption of natural gas has declined greatly in 1996 compared with 1995. In each month through July, consumption has been 16 to 36 percent lower than levels in the same months of 1995. Higher prices and the demand for gas for space heating played a role in this decline early in the year. However, the pattern has continued into the summer, as July 1996 consumption is estimated to be 277 billion cubic feet--32 percent below that of July 1995. High water levels in the West may have caused the replacement of some gas-fired electric generation with hydro-power. Also, if the patterns between 1996 and 1995 prices continued into the summer, this would have a dampening effect on gas use in this sector.

Compared with the other end-use sectors, industrial consumption in each of the first 7 months of 1996 has been relatively close to the levels in 1995. There has either been no change, or an increase, with the largest being 6 percent for February. Cumulatively, consumption in this sector is 2 percent higher in 1996 than in 1995. The most recent estimate of industrial consumption is 678 billion cubic feet in July 1996. The daily consumption in July is 23 billion cubic feet, which is a 4 percent decline from June 1996.

Natural Gas Market Update

The Energy Information Administration (EIA) monitors information regarding current prices on the spot and futures markets through coverage in the industry press (Figure H5). The spot price represents the price sellers expect to receive for delivering gas at a specified point throughout some portion of a current month. The futures price represents the daily price at the close of each trading day for a contract specifying delivering gas during an entire future month. However, the futures market contracts are primarily financial contracts for reducing price risk not for making delivery, although physical delivery may take place at

the point indicated on the futures contract. The first futures market for natural gas was established in April 1990 by the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) with a delivery point at the Henry Hub in Louisiana. Since that time, spot and futures prices at the Henry Hub have been used as a reference for gas prices at other locations.

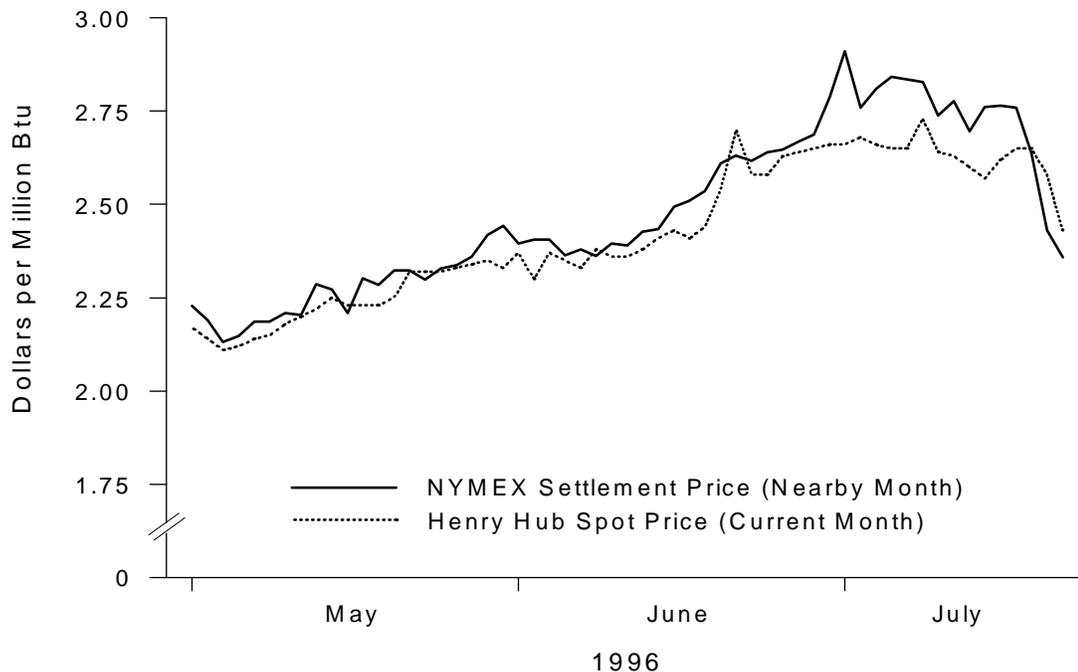
Overall Market

Prices of natural gas from mid-June through mid-July on both the Henry Hub spot and futures markets were generally at unseasonably high levels. Summer is usually the season of declining natural gas prices. Yet, during the first 2 weeks in July, prices were more than \$0.60 per million Btu higher than expected a few months ago. Such price changes reflect the uncertainty in the natural gas marketplace about the continued low volumes of working gas in storage and the current and expected relatively strong demand for natural gas. Activity increased on the futures market amid concerns about Hurricane Bertha, which eventually made landfall in North Carolina on July 12. Spot prices at the Henry Hub also reacted to the hurricane by gaining \$0.08 per million Btu on July 8, after several weeks of very small price differences between days. Overall, higher temperatures for several days resulted in higher prices because of increased cooling demand.

Spot Prices

Spot prices during the past 4 weeks have been generally less volatile and lower than futures prices, which is opposite to the pattern this past winter when spot prices were very volatile and exceeded futures prices by a significant amount. These differences in summer and winter price behavior are traceable to the much greater demand volatility in the winter than in the summer. Spot prices at the Henry Hub increased from \$2.40 per million Btu in mid-June to \$2.57 per million Btu in mid-July (Figure H5). Prices were trending slightly upwards until the week of June 17 through June 21, when they jumped up sharply because of increased cooling demand. Then, spot prices at the Henry Hub remained relatively constant until July 18, when they dropped substantially. On the other hand, spot prices at San Juan along the El Paso Pipeline System serving western markets increased steadily during the first half of July as cooling demand and temperatures remained above normal. Prices have been quoted above \$2.00 per million Btu, which is 33 percent higher than prices at the end of June. This price pattern was limited to the western market, which points to the lack of connection between gas markets in the West and other locations.

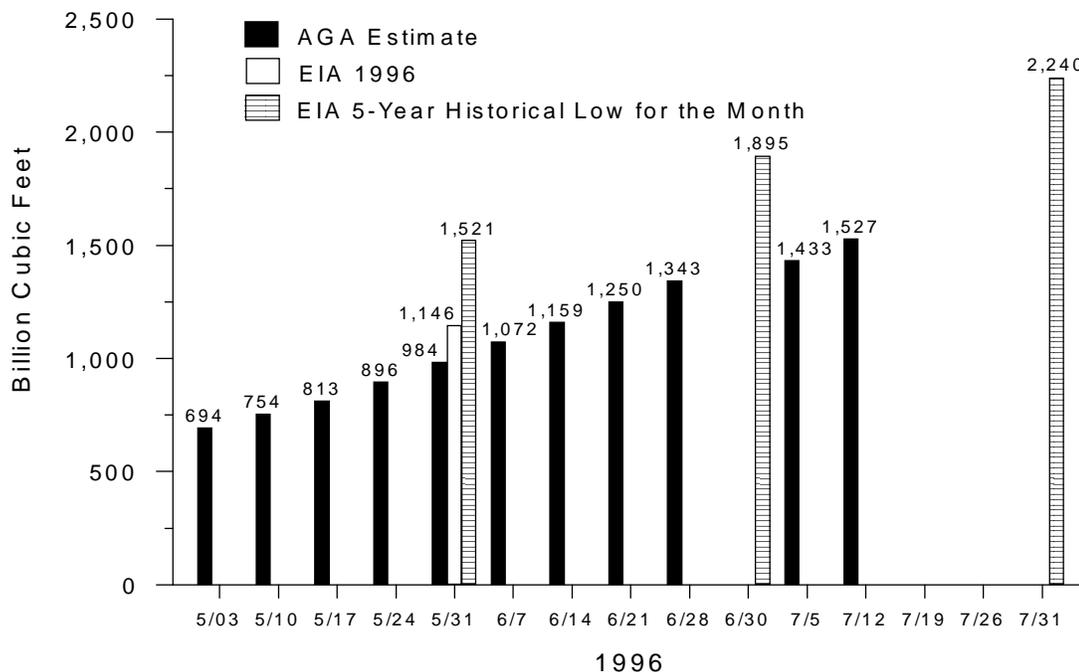
Figure H5. Futures and Spot Prices at the Henry Hub



Note: The futures price is for the contract that is to terminate trading next on the futures market. The spot price is the midpoint of the high and low daily prices at the Henry Hub.

Sources: **Futures Prices:** Commodity Trading Commission, Division of Economic Analysis. **Spot Prices:** Pasha Publications, Inc., *Gas Daily*.

Figure H6. Working Gas Storage



Sources: **Weekly Data:** American Gas Association; **Monthly Data:** Form EIA-191.

NYMEX Henry Hub futures prices for July delivery closed at \$2.646 per million Btu on Monday, June 24, the final day of trading for the contract (Figure H5). This price was not much different from prices during much of the previous week (June 17 to June 21). On June 28, however, prices for August delivery rose to \$2.98 per million Btu on news of supply problems in the Gulf of Mexico. Prices declined the following week but then opened at \$2.92 per million Btu on Monday, July 8. This was \$0.08 higher than the closing price at the end of trading the previous week and largely reflected concerns about Hurricane Bertha, the first Atlantic hurricane of the season. The futures price for August delivery closed at \$2.77 per million Btu on Monday, July 15, as damage to the natural gas infrastructure failed to materialize. By Friday, July 19, the closing price was only \$2.36 per million Btu. The last day of trading for the August contract is July 25.

Overall, futures prices have been trending upwards for the past several months, until July 17, when they began to fall sharply. The NYMEX futures contract prices for July and August delivery increased by more than \$0.50 per million Btu from early May to mid-July. Uncertainty about future supplies and storage supports these large price changes. In particular, there is enormous uncertainty about the target for storage levels at the beginning of the next heating season. This target, when measured per unit of demand, is likely to be less than in previous years. Some conventional oil and gas storage reservoirs are likely to be retired if

they cannot be reengineered to allow greater operating flexibility and deliverability. The industry is becoming increasingly skilled at using salt storage and market hubs. These resources improve the short-term deliverability capability of the gas industry and enable the industry to reduce conventional storage levels per unit of demand.

Storage

According to AGA weekly storage statistics, net injections to storage during the past 4 weeks have stayed near 90 billion cubic feet per week, which is higher than the average rate during the same period for the past 5 years. According to AGA statistics, storage levels for the East consuming region have accounted for a large proportion of the growth in storage levels between months. The large increase in the East is not surprising because storage levels for the East consuming region at the end of the 1995-96 heating season were near levels for the producing region. Usually, the East has twice as much gas in storage at the beginning of the heating season as the producing region. In particular, the uncertainty as to whether storage levels in the East will reach target levels by the beginning of the next heating season contributes to the relatively high price volatility on gas markets. Most recent EIA statistics indicate that working storage levels for the Nation were 1,146 billion cubic feet on May 31, 1996, an increase of 303 billion cubic feet since April 30, 1996 (Figure H6).

Table 1. Summary of Natural Gas Production in the United States, 1990-1996
(Billion Cubic Feet)

Year and Month	Gross Withdrawals	Repressuring	Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed ^a	Vented and Flared	Marketed Production (Wet)	Extraction Loss ^b	Total Dry Gas Production ^c
1990 Total	21,523	2,489	289	150	18,594	784	17,810
1991 Total	21,750	2,772	276	170	18,532	835	17,698
1992 Total	22,132	2,973	280	168	18,712	872	17,840
1993 Total	22,726	3,103	414	227	18,982	886	18,095
1994							
January	2,025	285	36	19	1,685	76	1,609
February	1,818	256	32	19	1,510	68	1,442
March	2,031	286	35	19	1,691	77	1,614
April	1,926	267	35	18	1,607	73	1,534
May	1,986	272	33	18	1,663	75	1,588
June	1,883	248	28	21	1,587	72	1,515
July	1,945	249	33	19	1,643	74	1,569
August	1,973	270	35	18	1,650	75	1,576
September	1,880	259	35	20	1,567	71	1,496
October	1,984	301	37	19	1,627	74	1,554
November	2,038	313	36	18	1,671	76	1,596
December	2,118	329	37	19	1,733	78	1,655
Total	23,609	3,333	412	228	19,635	889	18,747
1995							
January	2,080	327	32	10	1,711	80	1,631
February	1,864	300	28	9	1,528	71	1,457
March	2,030	312	30	9	1,678	78	1,600
April	1,983	302	30	10	1,641	76	1,565
May	2,055	313	31	9	1,703	79	1,623
June	1,969	292	29	13	1,634	76	1,558
July	1,994	289	30	14	1,661	77	1,584
August	1,985	296	29	13	1,647	77	1,570
September	1,954	284	29	13	1,628	76	1,552
October	1,992	314	31	13	1,634	76	1,558
November	1,996	315	30	14	1,636	^E 76	^E 1,560
December	2,105	335	31	15	1,724	^E 80	^E 1,644
Total	24,008	3,679	362	142	19,826	924	18,902
1996							
January	^R 2,092	323	32	15	^R 1,722	80	^R 1,642
February	^R 1,969	307	^R 30	14	^R 1,618	^R 75	^R 1,543
March	^R 2,072	^R 326	^R 32	^R 15	^R 1,699	^R 79	^R 1,620
April	^E 2,002	^E 312	^E 30	^E 14	^E 1,645	^E 77	^E 1,568
May	^E 2,059	^E 322	^E 31	^E 15	^{RE} 1,691	^{RE} 79	^{RE} 1,612
June	^E 1,916	^E 300	^E 29	^E 14	^{RE} 1,573	^{RE} 73	^{RE} 1,499
July	^E 1,914	^E 299	^E 29	^E 14	^E 1,572	^E 73	^E 1,499
1996 YTD	^E 14,024	^E 2,189	^E 213	^E 101	^E 11,521	^E 537	^E 10,984
1995 YTD	13,976	2,135	210	73	11,557	539	11,018
1994 YTD	13,616	1,862	233	135	11,386	515	10,871

^a See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 1, for a discussion of data on Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed.

^b Extraction loss is only collected on an annual basis. Annually it is between 4 and 5 percent of marketed production. Monthly extraction loss is estimated from monthly marketed production by assuming that the preceding annual percentage remains constant for the next twelve months.

^c Equal to marketed production (wet) minus extraction loss.

^R = Revised Data.

^E = Estimated Data.

^{RE} = Revised Estimated Data.

Notes: Data for 1990 through 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. Data for the most recent two months are derived from the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Sources: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual 1994* Table 7, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System, and and EIA estimates, January 1995 through current month. See Appendix A, Explanatory Notes 1, 3, and 6, for discussion of computation, estimating procedures, and revision policy.

Table 2. Supply and Disposition of Dry Natural Gas in the United States, 1990-1996
(Billion Cubic Feet)

Year and Month	Supply					Total Supply/ Disposition ^d	Disposition		
	Total Dry Gas Production	Withdrawals from Storage ^a	Supplemental Gaseous Fuels ^b	Imports	Balancing Item ^c		Additions to Storage ^a	Exports	Consumption ^e
1990 Total	17,810	1,986	123	1,532	-149	21,302	2,499	86	18,716
1991 Total	17,698	2,752	113	1,773	-500	21,836	2,672	129	19,035
1992 Total	17,840	2,772	118	2,138	-508	22,360	2,599	216	19,544
1993 Total	18,095	2,799	119	2,350	-110	23,254	2,835	140	20,279
1994									
January	1,609	841	13	241	-122	2,582	29	11	2,542
February	1,442	598	11	199	126	2,375	44	13	2,318
March	1,614	243	10	223	79	2,169	100	19	2,050
April	1,534	61	9	212	130	1,945	294	9	1,642
May	1,588	17	8	206	38	1,857	447	8	1,402
June	1,515	30	8	201	42	1,795	397	13	1,386
July	1,569	19	8	221	4	1,821	429	11	1,381
August	1,576	22	8	219	-15	1,810	388	14	1,408
September	1,496	14	8	210	1	1,728	360	14	1,354
October	1,554	47	9	222	-119	1,711	229	13	1,469
November	1,596	204	10	226	-204	1,832	100	19	1,713
December	1,655	465	12	245	-220	2,157	49	18	2,090
Total	18,747	2,562	111	2,624	-262	23,782	2,865	162	20,755
1995									
January	1,631	622	14	251	-58	2,460	42	14	2,404
February	1,457	545	12	228	19	2,261	43	13	2,204
March	1,600	317	12	250	40	2,220	102	15	2,103
April	1,565	123	9	199	78	1,974	170	13	1,791
May	1,623	33	10	217	57	1,940	353	13	1,574
June	1,558	39	10	217	-15	1,809	393	16	1,400
July	1,584	53	10	222	-4	1,865	345	15	1,506
August	1,570	85	10	231	-45	1,850	280	14	1,557
September	1,552	29	9	228	-76	1,742	328	12	1,403
October	1,558	67	10	234	-116	1,753	261	12	1,480
November	^E 1,560	357	^E 12	225	-159	1,995	90	13	1,892
December	^E 1,644	618	^E 14	251	-126	2,401	52	8	2,341
Total	18,902	2,889	132	2,753	-405	24,271	2,459	157	21,655
1996									
January	^R 1,642	741	14	^R 251	^R -3	^R 2,645	46	^R 14	2,586
February	^R 1,543	539	12	228	^R 150	^R 2,472	93	^R 13	^R 2,366
March	^R 1,620	399	12	^R 224	^R 48	^R 2,303	75	^R 15	^R 2,212
April	^E 1,568	110	^E 11	^{RE} 237	^R 141	^R 2,067	219	^{RE} 11	^R 1,837
May	^{RE} 1,612	^R 40	^{RE} 8	^{RE} 231	^{RE} 10	^{RE} 1,901	^R 364	^{RE} 9	^{RE} 1,528
June	^{RE} 1,499	^{RE} 35	^{RE} 8	^{RE} 233	^{RE} 12	^{RE} 1,787	^{RE} 432	^{RE} 11	^{RE} 1,344
July	^E 1,499	^E 40	^E 8	^E 245	^E -21	^E 1,770	^E 383	^E 12	^E 1,376
1996 YTD	^E 10,984	^E 1,904	^E 74	^E 1,648	^E 337	^E 14,945	^E 1,612	^E 85	^E 13,249
1995 YTD	11,018	1,733	77	1,585	117	14,529	1,449	98	12,982
1994 YTD	10,871	1,809	66	1,502	296	14,544	1,739	84	12,721

^a Monthly and annual data for 1989 through 1994 include underground storage and liquefied natural gas storage. Data for January 1995 forward include underground storage only. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 7 for discussion of computation procedures.

^b Supplemental gaseous fuels data are only collected on an annual basis except for the Dakota Gasification Inc. coal gasification facility where they are gathered each month. The ratio of annual supplemental fuels (excluding Dakota Gasification Inc.) to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage is calculated. This ratio, which varies between .0026 and .0037, is applied to the monthly sum of these three elements. The Dakota Gasification Inc., monthly value is added to the result to produce the monthly supplemental fuels estimate.

^c Represents quantities lost and imbalances in data due to differences among data sources. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 9, for full discussion.

^d "Total" data for 1990 through 1994 do not equal equivalent data in Table 1 of the *Natural Gas Annual 1994* due to the exclusion of intransit receipts and deliveries in the *NGM*.

^e Consists of pipeline fuel use, lease and plant fuel use, and deliveries to consuming sectors as shown in Table 3.

^R = Revised Data.

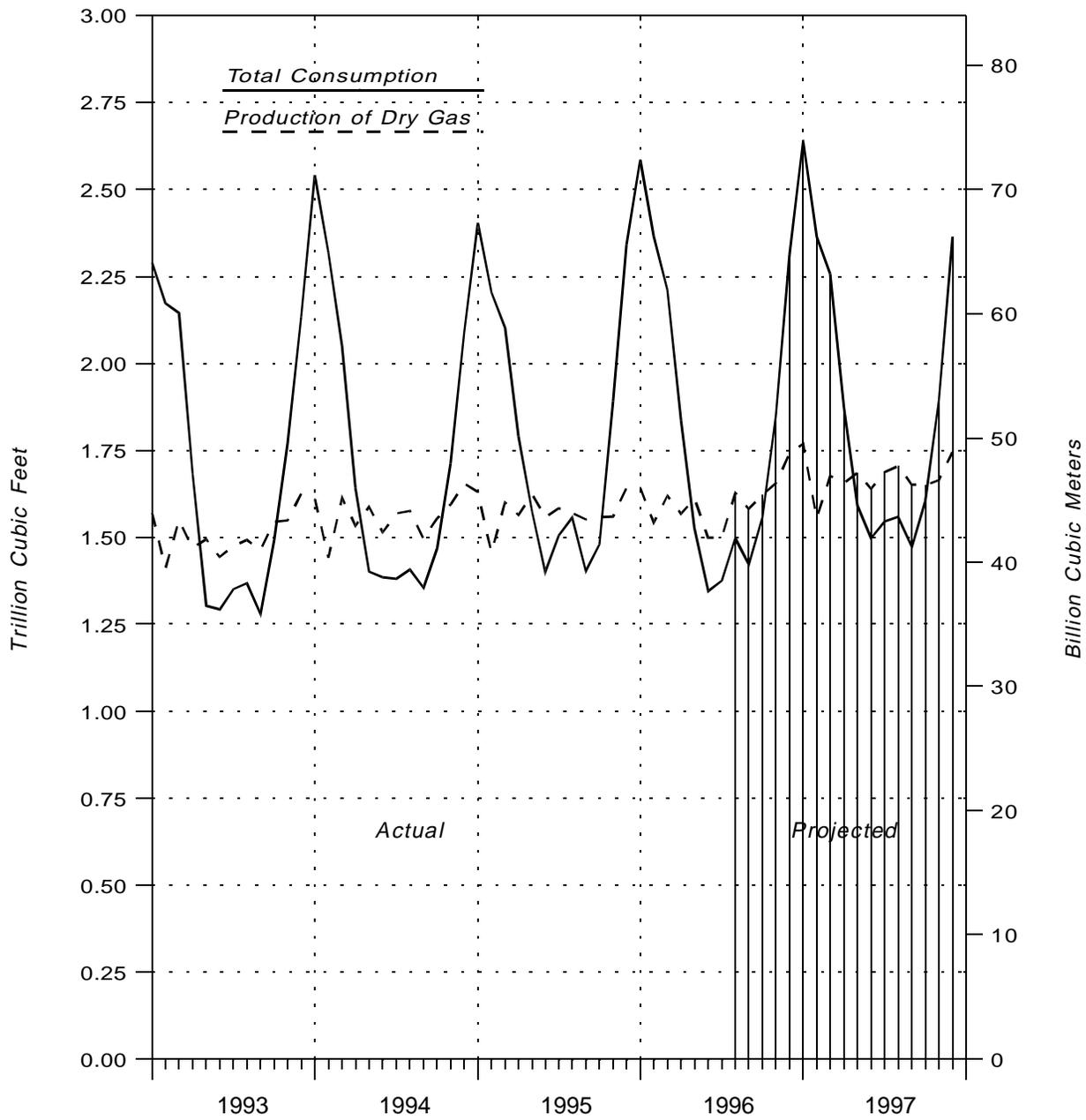
^E = Estimated Data.

^{RE} = Revised Estimated Data.

Notes: • Data for 1990 through 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. Data for the most recent two months are derived from the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Sources: • Total Dry Gas Production: EIA *Natural Gas Annual 1994*, 1989 through 1994; IOGCC (1994), Form EIA-895 (1995), MMS reporting, and EIA estimates, January 1994 through current month. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 3 for estimation procedures and revision policy. • Withdrawals from and Additions to Storage: EIA *Natural Gas Annual 1994*, 1989 through 1994; Form EIA-191, January 1994 through current month. • Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: EIA *Natural Gas Annual 1994*, 1989 through 1994; and EIA computations, January 1995 through current month. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 2, for discussion of computation procedures and revision policy. • Imports and Exports: Form FPC-14, 1989 through 1994; and EIA estimates, January 1995 through the current month. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 4, for discussion of procedures and revision policy. • Consumption and Balancing Item: EIA *Natural Gas Annual 1994*, 1989 through 1994; and EIA computations, January 1995 through current month. The most recent two months computations are derived from the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Appendix A, Explanatory Notes 5 and 9, for discussion of computation procedures and revision policy.

Figure 1. Production and Consumption of Natural Gas in the United States, 1993-1997



Sources: *Natural Gas Annual* and the *Short Term Energy Outlook*.

Table 3. Natural Gas Consumption in the United States, 1990-1996
(Billion Cubic Feet)

Year and Month	Lease and Plant Fuel ^a	Pipeline Fuel ^b	Delivered to Consumers					Total Consumption
			Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric Utilities	Total	
1990 Total	1,236	660	4,391	2,623	7,018	2,787	16,820	18,716
1991 Total	1,129	601	4,556	2,729	7,231	2,789	17,305	19,035
1992 Total	1,171	588	4,690	2,803	7,527	2,766	17,786	19,544
1993 Total	1,172	624	4,956	2,863	7,981	2,682	18,483	20,279
1994								
January	100	85	953	476	758	170	2,357	2,542
February	89	78	842	436	724	149	2,151	2,318
March	100	68	631	349	716	186	1,882	2,050
April	95	54	392	237	660	204	1,493	1,642
May	98	46	247	163	632	216	1,258	1,402
June	93	45	154	132	642	319	1,247	1,386
July	96	45	127	129	622	362	1,240	1,381
August	97	46	122	121	640	382	1,264	1,408
September	92	44	130	118	674	296	1,217	1,354
October	97	48	221	160	680	264	1,324	1,469
November	100	56	391	236	698	231	1,557	1,713
December	104	69	638	338	733	208	1,917	2,090
Total	1,161	685	4,848	2,897	8,178	2,987	18,910	20,755
1995								
January	107	79	813	432	774	199	2,218	2,404
February	96	73	752	413	703	168	2,036	2,204
March	105	69	601	345	737	245	1,928	2,103
April	103	59	420	256	725	229	1,630	1,791
May	107	52	263	188	707	258	1,415	1,574
June	102	46	159	135	660	297	1,251	1,400
July	104	50	131	137	678	407	1,352	1,506
August	103	51	114	141	679	468	1,402	1,557
September	102	46	134	143	662	316	1,254	1,403
October	102	49	217	173	700	240	1,329	1,480
November	102	62	491	303	735	198	1,727	1,892
December	108	77	794	430	760	172	2,156	2,341
Total	1,241	715	4,888	3,095	8,518	3,196	19,699	21,655
1996								
January	108	85	943	496	786	168	2,392	2,586
February	^R 101	78	845	459	747	137	2,187	^R 2,366
March	^R 106	73	717	403	757	156	2,033	^R 2,212
April	^R 103	^R 61	^R 482	^R 296	^R 727	^R 170	^R 1,674	^R 1,837
May	^{RE} 111	^{RE} 55	^E 275	^E 185	^E 708	^E 193	^E 1,361	^{RE} 1,528
June	^{RE} 101	^E 47	^E 166	^E 138	^E 685	^{RE} 207	^{RE} 1,195	^{RE} 1,344
July	^E 101	^E 49	^E 135	^E 136	^E 678	^E 277	^E 1,226	^E 1,376
1996 YTD	^E 731	^E 449	^E 3,562	^E 2,112	^E 5,089	^E 1,307	^E 12,069	^E 13,249
1995 YTD	723	429	3,139	1,906	4,982	1,802	11,830	12,982
1994 YTD	671	421	3,345	1,923	4,754	1,606	11,628	12,721

^a Plant fuel data are only collected on an annual basis and monthly lease fuel data are only collected annually. Lease and plant fuel estimates have been between 6 and 7 percent of marketed production annually. Monthly lease and plant fuel use is estimated from monthly marketed production by assuming that the preceding annual percentage remains constant for the next twelve months.

^b Pipeline fuel use is only collected on an annual basis. Annually it is between 3 and 4 percent of total consumption. Monthly pipeline fuel data are estimated from monthly total consumption (excluding pipeline fuel) by assuming that the preceding annual percentage remains constant for the next twelve months.

^R = Revised Data.

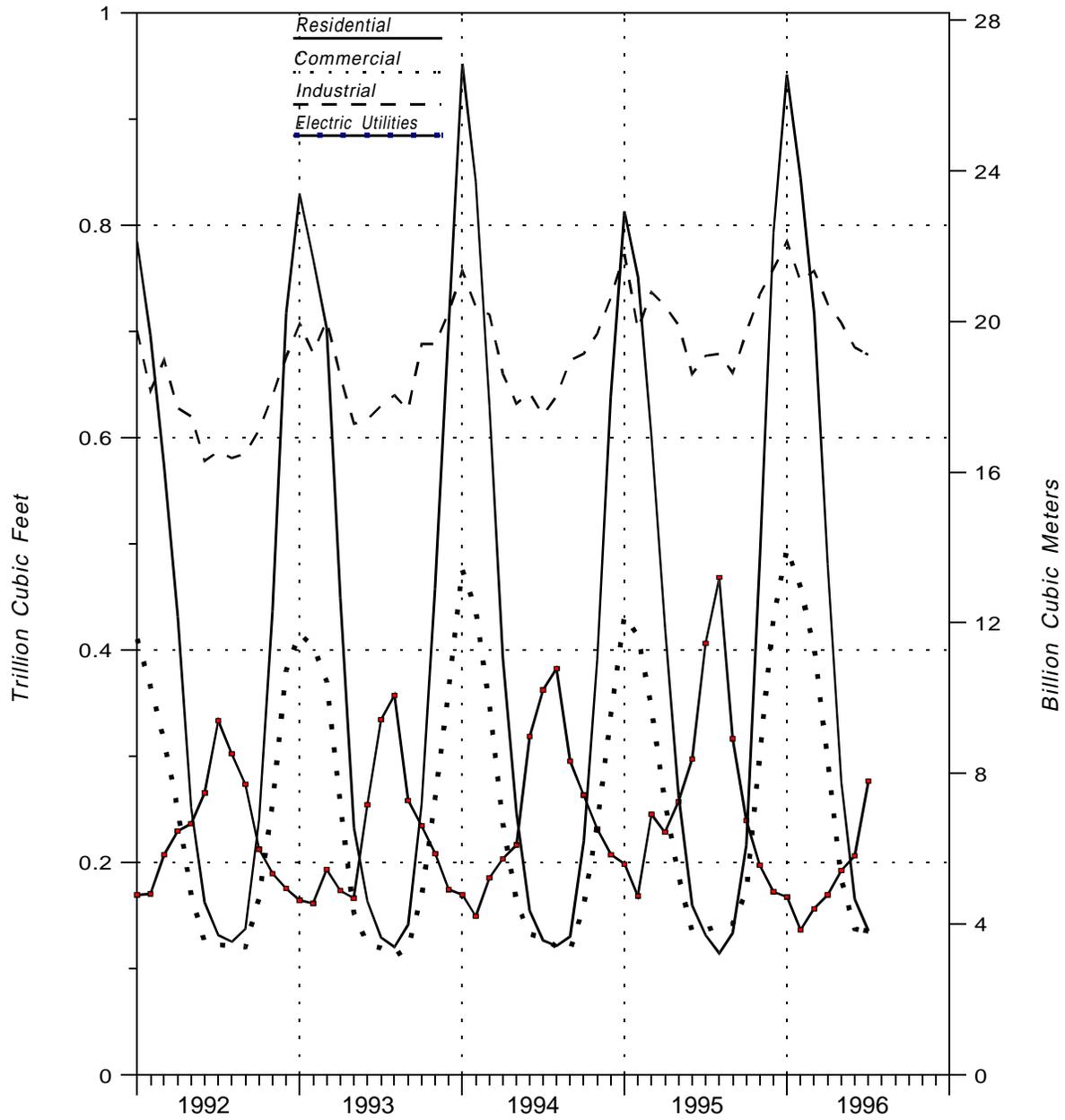
^E = Estimated Data.

^{RE} = Revised Estimated Data.

Notes: Data for 1989 through 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. Data for the most recent three months are derived from the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. Deliveries to commercial consumers for total year 1993 and 1994 may not equal the sum of the twelve months. Gas volumes delivered for use as vehicle fuel are included in the annual total but not in the monthly components.

Sources: All data except electric utility: EIA *Natural Gas Annual 1994*, 1989 through 1994, Form EIA-857; and Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System computations January 1995 through the current month. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5, for computation procedures and revision policy. Electric utility data: Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" (formerly Form FPC-4).

Figure 2. Natural Gas Deliveries to Consumers in the United States, 1992-1996



Sources: *Natural Gas Annual*, Form EIA-857, and Form EIA-759.

Table 4. Selected National Average Natural Gas Prices, 1990-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

Year and Month	Wellhead Price ^a	City Gate	Delivered to Consumers					Electric Utilities
			Residential	Commercial		Industrial		
				Price	% of Total ^b	Price	% of Total ^b	
1990 Annual Average	1.71	3.03	5.80	4.83	86.6	2.93	35.2	2.38
1991 Annual Average	1.64	2.90	5.82	4.81	85.1	2.69	32.7	2.18
1992 Annual Average	1.74	3.01	5.89	4.88	83.2	2.84	30.3	2.36
1993 Annual Average	2.04	3.21	6.16	5.22	83.9	3.07	29.7	2.61
1994								
January	1.86	3.04	5.93	5.50	83.8	3.47	27.6	2.67
February	1.76	3.26	6.04	5.58	83.9	3.42	29.7	2.80
March	1.82	3.33	6.30	5.67	83.0	3.47	28.3	2.67
April	1.90	3.15	6.60	5.60	78.8	3.00	26.8	2.44
May	2.00	3.17	6.84	5.47	74.1	2.92	25.5	2.46
June	1.83	3.17	7.66	5.37	70.0	2.69	23.3	2.25
July	1.81	3.12	8.10	5.25	68.8	2.77	24.0	2.27
August	1.90	3.15	8.22	5.31	71.8	2.67	23.6	2.16
September	1.94	2.92	7.84	5.36	72.2	2.55	22.2	2.00
October	1.85	2.80	6.86	5.10	74.0	2.50	23.9	1.95
November	1.85	2.84	6.27	5.19	77.9	2.86	24.1	2.10
December	1.98	2.86	6.06	5.24	82.3	2.99	25.7	2.17
Annual Average	1.88	3.07	6.41	5.44	79.3	3.05	25.5	2.28
1995								
January	1.65	2.79	5.83	5.20	75.7	2.94	23.8	^R 2.13
February	1.46	2.71	5.74	5.09	76.0	2.95	23.3	^R 2.00
March	1.48	2.74	5.82	5.08	75.4	2.75	23.0	^R 1.92
April	1.48	2.70	6.04	5.03	71.8	2.58	22.2	^R 1.97
May	1.63	2.80	6.53	5.00	66.1	2.52	20.7	2.06
June	1.66	2.90	7.48	5.11	66.0	2.44	21.5	^R 2.06
July	1.45	2.83	7.80	5.02	60.7	2.38	19.7	^R 1.90
August	1.37	2.81	8.12	4.93	58.1	2.34	19.3	^R 1.84
September	1.56	2.83	7.72	4.97	59.1	2.51	19.3	1.95
October	1.60	2.84	6.61	4.78	64.0	2.49	19.5	^R 2.09
November	1.71	2.67	5.59	4.78	70.7	2.71	21.4	^R 2.22
December	1.98	2.84	5.58	4.88	70.6	3.07	20.6	^R 2.58
Annual Average	^E 1.59	2.78	6.06	5.01	70.3	2.66	21.3	^R 2.02
1996								
January	^R 2.07	3.11	5.60	5.18	72.2	3.33	20.4	^R 2.88
February	^R 2.04	3.17	5.80	5.20	74.8	3.55	20.2	^R 3.06
March	^R 2.07	3.16	5.87	5.24	74.6	3.55	19.3	2.70
April	^E 2.07	3.25	6.24	5.27	71.7	3.32	18.5	NA
1996 YTD^c	^E 2.06	3.16	5.83	5.22	73.4	3.44	19.6	2.87
1995 YTD	1.52	2.74	5.83	5.11	75.0	2.81	23.1	2.01
1994 YTD	1.84	3.18	6.14	5.58	82.8	3.35	27.9	2.71

^a See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 8, of the *Natural Gas Monthly* (NGM) for discussion of wellhead prices.

^b Percentage of total deliveries represented by onsystem sales, see Figure 6. See Table 24 for breakdown by State.

^c Year-to-date price represents months for which price information is available in the current year.

^R = Revised Data.

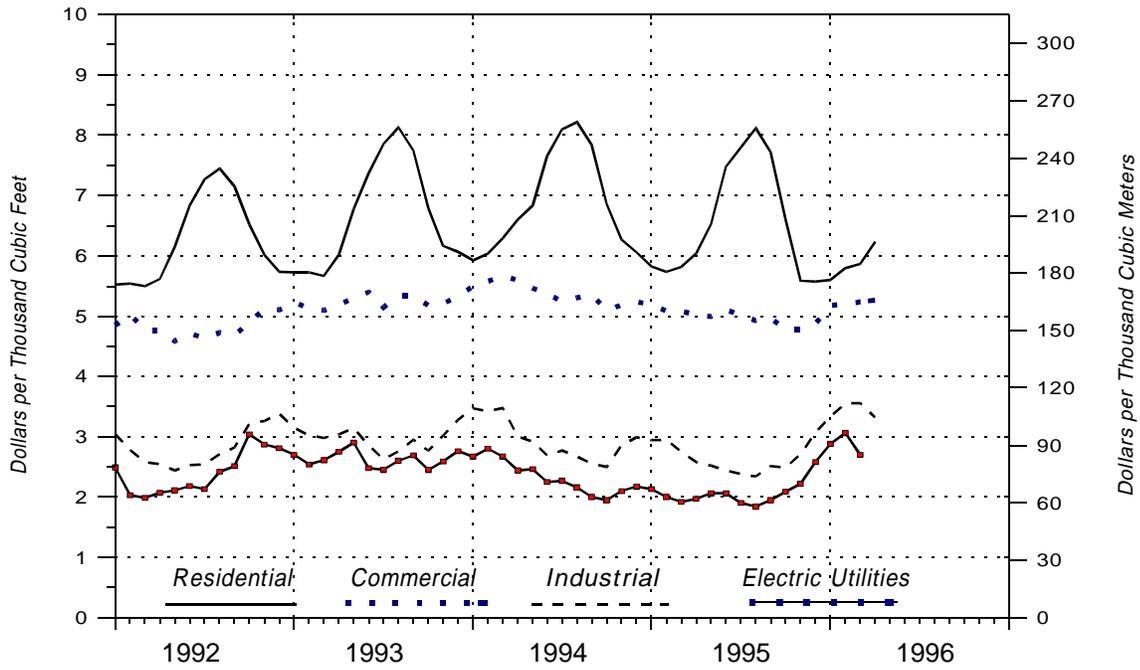
^E = Estimated Data.

NA = Not Available.

Notes: • Data for 1989 through 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

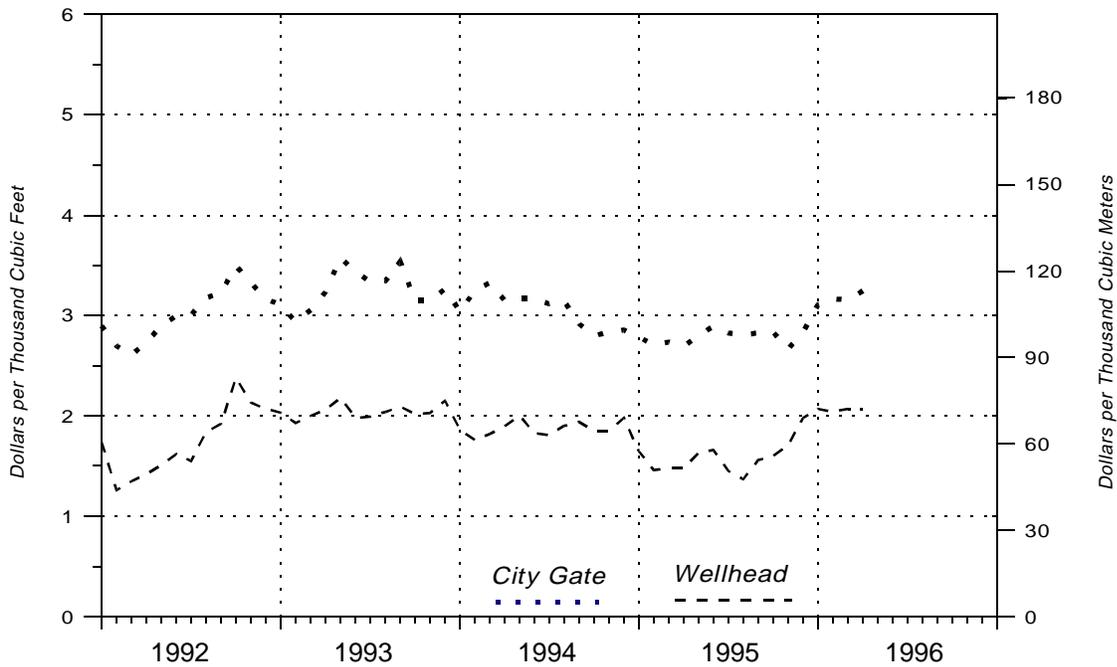
Sources: • Average wellhead price: EIA *Natural Gas Annual 1994*, 1989 through 1994; and EIA estimates, January 1995 through current month. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 8 for estimation procedures and revision policy. • Average City Gate, Residential, Commercial and Industrial average prices for 1989 through current month from Form EIA-857. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5, for discussion of NGM revision policy. • Electric Utilities averages from Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Figure 3. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Consumers in the United States, 1992-1996



Sources: *Natural Gas Annual*, Form EIA-857, and Form FERC-423.

Figure 4. Average Price of Natural Gas in the United States, 1992-1996



Sources: *Natural Gas Annual* and Form EIA-857.

Table 5. U.S. Natural Gas Imports, by Country, 1990-1996

(Volumes in Million Cubic Feet, Prices in Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

Year and Month	Pipeline				LNG		Total	
	Canada		Mexico		Algeria		Volume	Average Price
	Volume	Average Price	Volume	Average Price	Volume	Average Price		
1990 Total	1,448,065	1.91	—	—	84,193	2.47	1,532,259	1.94
1991 Total	1,709,716	1.81	—	—	63,596	2.36	1,773,313	1.83
1992 Total	2,094,387	1.84	—	—	43,116	2.54	2,137,504	1.85
1993 Total	2,266,751	2.02	1,678	1.94	81,685	2.20	2,350,115	2.03
1994								
January	229,206	2.12	1,539	1.79	10,150	2.02	240,895	2.11
February	193,027	2.22	569	2.15	5,065	3.13	198,661	2.24
March	213,096	2.21	2,147	2.19	7,616	2.38	222,858	2.21
April	204,113	1.96	0	—	7,636	1.92	211,749	1.96
May	199,367	1.93	1,663	2.02	5,101	2.40	206,131	1.94
June	194,458	1.76	1,094	1.77	5,029	2.04	200,582	1.77
July	213,486	1.81	0	—	7,680	2.18	221,166	1.82
August	218,879	1.76	0	—	0	—	218,879	1.76
September	207,495	1.64	0	—	2,501	2.94	209,996	1.66
October	221,627	1.54	0	—	0	—	221,627	1.54
November	225,819	1.71	0	—	0	—	225,819	1.71
December	245,477	1.72	0	—	0	—	245,477	1.72
Total	2,566,049	1.86	7,013	1.99	50,778	2.28	2,623,839	1.87
1995								
January	248,246	1.53	158	1.38	2,510	2.40	250,914	1.54
February	225,034	1.45	0	—	2,573	1.65	227,606	1.45
March	247,449	1.44	150	1.50	2,621	2.45	250,220	1.45
April	198,928	1.34	0	—	0	—	198,928	1.34
May	214,884	1.43	0	—	2,576	1.72	217,460	1.43
June	217,081	1.44	0	—	0	—	217,081	1.44
July	222,433	1.40	0	—	0	—	222,433	1.40
August	227,228	1.35	823	1.53	2,648	2.42	230,700	1.36
September	223,678	1.39	3,871	1.53	0	—	227,549	1.39
October	232,633	1.54	1,718	1.56	0	—	234,351	1.54
November	222,820	1.59	0	—	2,487	2.47	225,307	1.60
December	248,366	1.71	0	—	2,502	2.65	250,868	1.72
Total	2,728,780	1.47	6,720	1.53	17,918	2.25	2,753,418	1.48
1996								
January	247,111	^R 2.04	^R 1,498	^R 2.03	2,460	^R 2.81	^R 251,070	^R 2.05
February	225,127	^R 1.96	^R 698	^R 2.14	2,512	^R 2.79	^R 228,338	^R 1.97
March	^R 219,987	^R 1.90	^R 1,259	^R 2.17	2,599	^R 3.06	^R 223,845	^R 1.91
April	^E 231,058	NA	^{RE} 1,250	NA	4,559	NA	^{RE} 236,867	NA
May	^E 226,818	NA	^E 1,300	NA	2,612	NA	^E 230,730	NA
1996 YTD	^E 1,150,102	NA	^E 6,005	NA	14,743	NA	^E 1,170,850	NA
1995 YTD	1,134,540	1.44	308	1.44	10,280	2.05	1,145,129	1.45
1994 YTD	1,038,808	2.09	5,918	2.03	35,567	2.29	1,080,294	2.09

^R = Revised Data.
^E = Estimated Data.
^{RE} = Revised Estimated Data.
NA = Not Available.
— = Not Applicable.

Sources: 1989-1994: Energy Information Administration, Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." January 1995 through the current month: Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, *Natural Gas Import and Exports*. Monthly data (for the most current months), Pipeline: data shown with an E are taken from data from the National Energy Board of Canada plus EIA estimates. LNG: industry reports.

Table 6. U.S. Natural Gas Exports, by Country, 1990-1996
(Volumes in Million Cubic Feet, Prices in Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

Year and Month	Pipeline				LNG		Total	
	Canada		Mexico		Japan		Volume	Average Price
	Volume	Average Price	Volume	Average Price	Volume	Average Price		
1990 Total	17,359	2.70	15,659	1.88	52,546	3.59	85,565	3.10
1991 Total	14,791	1.91	60,448	1.76	54,005	3.71	129,244	2.59
1992 Total	67,777	1.83	95,973	1.90	52,532	3.43	216,282	2.25
1993 Total	44,518	2.14	39,676	2.02	55,989	3.34	140,183	2.59
1994								
January	4,084	2.41	1,546	2.22	5,466	3.08	11,097	2.71
February	7,809	2.75	1,459	2.10	3,630	2.99	12,898	2.74
March	12,279	2.73	1,367	2.11	5,510	2.92	19,156	2.74
April	3,872	2.20	1,411	1.91	3,676	2.92	8,959	2.45
May	2,940	2.21	1,829	1.93	3,692	2.95	8,462	2.47
June	5,775	2.22	1,278	1.68	5,543	3.02	12,596	2.52
July	2,823	2.32	2,268	1.82	5,557	3.15	10,647	2.65
August	1,259	2.46	6,981	1.71	5,561	3.29	13,801	2.42
September	1,684	2.40	6,987	1.56	5,565	3.39	14,236	2.37
October	1,591	2.35	5,659	1.37	5,555	3.41	12,805	2.38
November	4,446	2.03	9,398	1.61	5,540	3.37	19,384	2.21
December	3,995	2.09	6,317	1.68	7,386	3.35	17,698	2.47
Total	52,556	2.43	46,500	1.68	62,682	3.18	161,738	2.50
1995								
January	2,585	1.94	5,576	1.54	5,541	3.35	13,702	2.35
February	2,121	1.89	5,542	1.39	5,557	3.37	13,220	2.30
March	2,537	1.96	6,670	1.36	5,573	3.37	14,780	2.22
April	2,812	1.76	5,953	1.50	3,741	3.47	12,506	2.15
May	2,449	1.85	6,841	1.58	3,698	3.54	12,988	2.19
June	2,696	1.82	7,837	1.59	5,559	3.59	16,092	2.32
July	2,769	1.73	6,524	1.40	5,582	3.58	14,875	2.28
August	2,993	1.65	3,430	1.29	7,533	3.47	13,956	2.55
September	3,672	1.94	2,378	1.47	5,656	3.36	11,706	2.53
October	2,930	1.90	5,588	1.64	3,733	3.30	12,251	2.21
November	1,627	2.21	3,536	1.65	7,518	3.42	12,681	2.77
December	1,244	2.43	1,303	1.82	5,600	3.36	8,147	2.97
Total	30,435	1.89	61,178	1.50	65,290	3.43	156,903	2.38
1996								
January	^R 6,856	^R 3.22	^R 1,608	^R 1.98	5,534	^R 3.38	^R 13,998	^R 3.14
February	^R 5,275	^R 2.74	^R 2,000	^R 1.82	5,619	^R 3.29	^R 12,894	^R 2.84
March	^R 6,785	^R 2.80	^R 2,861	^R 1.81	5,642	^R 3.29	^R 15,288	^R 2.79
April	^{RE} 3,000	NA	^E 2,000	NA	5,653	NA	^{RE} 10,653	NA
May	^E 3,000	NA	^E 2,000	NA	3,750	NA	^E 8,750	NA
1996 YTD	^E 24,916	NA	^E 10,469	NA	26,198	NA	^E 61,583	NA
1995 YTD	12,504	1.88	30,582	1.47	24,110	3.41	67,196	2.24
1994 YTD	30,984	2.58	7,612	2.05	21,975	2.98	60,572	2.65

^R = Revised Data.

^E = Estimated Data.

^{RE} = Revised Estimated Data.

NA = Not Available.

Sources: 1989-1994: Energy Information Administration, Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." January 1995 through the current month: Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, *Natural Gas Import and Exports*. Monthly data (for the most current months), Pipeline: data shown with an E are taken from data from the National Energy Board of Canada plus EIA estimates. LNG: industry reports.

Table 7. Marketed Production of Natural Gas, by State, 1990-1996
(Million Cubic Feet)

Year and Month	Alabama ^b	Alaska	California	Colorado	Florida	Kansas
1990 Total	135,276	402,907	362,748	242,997	6,483	573,603
1991 Total	170,847	437,822	378,384	285,961	4,884	628,459
1992 Total	355,099	443,597	365,632	323,041	6,657	658,007
1993 Total	388,024	430,350	315,851	400,985	7,085	686,347
1994						
January	44,067	42,521	27,310	38,036	577	70,766
February	40,980	37,556	24,382	34,940	547	61,683
March	44,744	41,925	26,375	36,897	676	64,086
April	43,693	38,157	25,257	37,572	602	56,981
May	44,215	37,677	25,518	40,769	621	58,238
June	38,749	33,374	24,511	35,514	616	55,058
July	45,135	34,864	24,954	37,317	676	54,985
August	44,742	34,113	24,997	37,806	634	52,903
September	36,261	35,287	24,657	37,957	586	49,373
October	44,570	38,727	26,676	39,150	712	56,433
November	44,164	38,606	26,773	38,570	629	62,760
December	43,953	40,616	28,017	38,681	610	69,465
Total	515,271	453,424	309,427	453,207	7,486	712,729
1995						
January	34,876	43,485	26,389	^E 36,559	613	63,402
February	30,268	37,688	23,511	^E 33,266	560	55,728
March	33,833	43,226	24,449	^E 35,218	615	59,720
April	33,434	37,450	22,942	^E 36,106	578	60,129
May	34,251	36,790	23,330	^E 38,383	606	60,645
June	31,517	37,413	23,653	^E 35,476	537	57,860
July	33,631	36,396	23,270	^E 35,542	540	60,557
August	31,351	38,442	24,417	^E 37,287	504	58,636
September	35,039	35,407	23,379	^E 36,470	508	56,237
October	34,074	39,224	23,401	^E 37,741	475	59,644
November	35,480	41,395	23,360	^E 38,617	497	62,206
December	36,488	43,262	24,728	^E 41,454	504	^E 66,969
Total	404,243	470,177	286,828	^E 442,118	6,538	721,733
1996						
January	^R 32,816	44,811	20,482	^E 39,967	518	^E 62,504
February	^R 30,858	40,581	22,766	^E 36,300	493	^R 62,213
March	33,269	43,896	24,525	^E 39,324	460	62,554
1996 YTD	96,943	129,288	67,773	^E 115,591	1,471	^E 187,271
1995 YTD	98,977	124,399	74,349	^E 105,043	1,787	178,850
1994 YTD	129,790	122,003	78,067	109,873	1,799	196,535

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Marketed Production of Natural Gas, by State, 1990-1996

(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

Year and Month	Louisiana ^c	Michigan	Mississippi	Montana	New Mexico	North Dakota
1990 Total	5,241,989	172,151	94,616	50,429	965,104	52,169
1991 Total	5,034,361	195,749	108,031	51,999	1,038,284	53,479
1992 Total	4,914,300	194,815	91,697	53,867	1,268,863	54,883
1993 Total	4,991,138	204,635	80,695	54,528	1,409,429	59,851
1994						
January	436,651	27,679	5,804	4,928	129,078	5,050
February	397,986	3,071	5,339	4,469	120,160	4,584
March	431,866	35,710	5,877	4,562	131,175	5,040
April	419,224	7,755	5,340	4,384	126,005	5,026
May	433,420	25,719	5,339	4,078	131,960	5,139
June	416,199	18,410	5,152	3,347	125,073	4,862
July	429,522	20,693	5,059	3,392	126,762	4,845
August	431,138	18,210	5,430	3,753	132,240	4,790
September	406,043	20,327	5,855	3,924	128,437	4,520
October	424,144	15,412	4,812	4,451	133,438	4,837
November	457,483	18,566	4,621	4,476	134,477	4,615
December	486,015	11,105	4,820	4,652	138,880	4,497
Total	5,169,690	222,657	63,448	50,416	1,557,684	57,805
1995						
January	455,056	23,203	7,812	4,907	^E 140,626	4,022
February	401,623	16,185	7,010	4,274	^E 129,938	3,932
March	439,949	24,277	7,816	4,699	^E 141,717	4,410
April	434,412	18,025	7,549	4,361	^E 140,781	4,111
May	454,394	20,002	8,266	4,364	^E 148,082	4,312
June	434,353	25,793	7,957	3,414	^E 140,067	4,186
July	445,374	23,957	8,033	3,472	^E 145,356	3,615
August	428,334	19,626	8,798	3,388	^E 150,788	4,128
September	428,597	22,262	8,882	3,717	^E 145,734	4,129
October	399,662	20,057	8,621	4,345	^E 150,703	4,240
November	^E 412,961	15,479	8,249	4,566	^E 152,601	4,019
December	^E 445,922	15,972	8,379	4,691	^E 157,796	4,102
Total	^E 5,180,637	244,839	97,371	50,197	^E 1,744,189	49,207
1996						
January	^{RE} 466,361	22,482	8,121	4,503	^{RE} 140,244	4,109
February	^{RE} 438,570	19,173	7,364	4,266	^{RE} 130,831	3,753
March	^E 444,439	^E 27,489	8,367	4,443	^E 135,272	4,048
1996 YTD	^E 1,349,370	^E 69,144	23,852	13,211	^E 406,347	11,910
1995 YTD	1,296,628	63,665	22,638	13,880	^E 412,281	12,364
1994 YTD	1,266,503	66,460	17,020	13,959	380,414	14,674

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Marketed Production of Natural Gas, by State, 1990-1996

(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

Year and Month	Oklahoma	Texas ^c	Utah	Wyoming	Other ^a States	U.S. Total
1990 Total	2,258,471	6,343,146	145,875	735,728	810,100	18,593,792
1991 Total	2,153,852	6,280,654	144,817	776,528	788,328	18,532,439
1992 Total	2,017,356	6,145,862	171,293	842,576	804,264	18,711,808
1993 Total	2,049,942	6,249,624	225,401	634,957	793,072	18,981,915
1994						
January	171,629	528,320	21,029	60,965	^E 70,808	1,685,218
February	153,271	483,081	21,411	51,424	^E 65,111	1,509,994
March	165,150	545,090	23,603	59,852	^E 68,246	1,690,874
April	158,384	527,495	23,079	62,747	^E 65,098	1,606,798
May	159,520	541,019	23,787	60,321	^E 65,755	1,663,096
June	153,088	526,702	22,146	57,577	^E 66,378	1,586,755
July	155,458	552,899	22,953	58,805	^E 65,145	1,643,463
August	155,504	552,428	23,515	61,520	^E 66,755	1,650,477
September	153,321	516,610	21,778	57,555	^E 64,180	1,566,670
October	167,006	520,820	23,073	54,632	^E 68,312	1,627,204
November	167,314	524,747	22,151	54,457	^E 67,048	1,671,456
December	175,216	534,628	22,333	56,164	^E 73,810	1,733,463
Total	1,934,862	6,353,838	270,858	696,018	806,646	19,635,467
1995						
January	158,449	540,249	22,354	77,224	^E 71,745	1,710,973
February	141,786	488,673	21,686	65,794	^E 66,137	1,528,059
March	155,881	538,849	24,618	69,792	^E 69,410	1,678,479
April	150,507	529,469	24,529	70,432	^E 66,490	1,641,304
May	159,097	549,870	22,498	70,696	^E 67,005	1,702,590
June	149,529	531,073	15,626	69,230	^E 66,577	1,634,261
July	150,178	539,417	17,120	68,148	^E 66,353	1,660,959
August	153,861	536,273	17,676	65,751	^E 67,425	1,646,686
September	^E 153,561	522,690	18,447	67,355	^E 65,215	1,627,628
October	^E 157,743	532,591	16,987	74,633	^E 69,797	1,633,937
November	^E 156,044	521,554	18,062	72,218	^E 69,110	1,636,418
December	^E 160,927	541,853	20,493	75,648	^E 75,037	1,724,226
Total	^E 1,847,563	6,372,561	240,095	846,921	^E 820,301	19,825,518
1996						
January	^E 160,437	^R 543,853	19,998	77,963	^E 73,281	^R 1,722,449
February	^E 147,253	^R 514,791	^E 19,866	72,040	^E 67,193	^R 1,618,312
March	^E 154,752	546,612	^E 22,947	76,413	^E 70,500	1,699,308
1996 YTD	^E 462,442	1,605,256	^E 62,811	226,416	^E 210,974	5,040,069
1995 YTD	456,116	1,567,771	68,659	212,810	^E 207,292	4,917,510
1994 YTD	490,049	1,556,491	66,043	172,242	^E 204,165	4,886,086

^a Includes Arizona, Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia. The 1995 monthly values for these States are estimated.

^b The 1992, 1993, and 1994 monthly and annual values for Alabama include Federal Offshore production.

^c Monthly Federal offshore production volumes are included.

^R = Revised Data.

^E = Estimated Data.

^{RE} = Revised Estimated Data.

Notes: Data for 1990 through 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. See Appendix A, Explanatory Notes 1 and 3 for discussion of computation procedures and revision policy.

Sources: •EIA *Natural Gas Annual 1994* 1990 through 1994. •Form EIA-895, MMS reports, and EIA computations, January 1995 through current month.

**Table 8. Gross Withdrawals and Marketed Production of Natural Gas by State,
March 1996**
(Million Cubic Feet)

Year and State	Gross Withdrawals			Repressuring	Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed ^a	Vented and Flared	Marketed Production
	From Gas Wells	From Oil Wells	Total				
Alabama	36,676	895	37,571	1,873	2,216	214	33,269
Alaska	16,734	286,246	302,980	258,531	0	553	43,896
California	7,201	27,017	34,218	9,554	94	46	24,525
Colorado	[£] 31,766	[£] 8,817	[£] 40,583	[£] 1,021	0	[£] 238	[£] 39,324
Florida	0	[£] 505	505	0	45	0	460
Kansas	55,197	7,527	62,724	107	0	63	62,554
Louisiana	[£] 391,103	[£] 58,794	[£] 449,898	[£] 3,529	[£] 0	[£] 1,930	[£] 444,439
Michigan	[£] 22,489	[£] 5,622	[£] 28,112	[£] 257	0	[£] 366	[£] 27,489
Mississippi	[£] 9,715	577	[£] 10,292	955	152	817	8,367
Montana	3,956	527	4,483	6	0	34	4,443
New Mexico	[£] 120,180	[£] 17,114	[£] 137,294	[£] 1,594	[£] 274	[£] 154	[£] 135,272
North Dakota	1,372	3,263	4,636	230	17	341	4,048
Oklahoma	[£] 130,117	[£] 24,635	[£] 154,752	[£] 0	[£] 0	[£] 0	[£] 154,752
Texas	484,610	117,366	601,976	38,984	13,845	2,535	546,612
Utah	[£] 25,062	[£] 4,597	[£] 29,660	[£] 875	0	[£] 5,838	[£] 22,947
Wyoming	87,554	12,766	100,320	7,464	14,837	1,605	76,413
Other States	[£] 67,825	[£] 3,944	[£] 71,769	[£] 641	[£] 30	[£] 598	[£] 70,500
Total	[£] 1,491,558	[£] 580,213	[£] 2,071,772	[£] 325,622	[£] 31,511	[£] 15,330	1,699,308

^a See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 1, for a discussion of data on Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed.

[£] = Estimated Data.

Notes: All monthly data are considered preliminary until publication of the Natural Gas Annual for that year. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. See Appendix A, Explanatory Notes 1 and 3 for discussion of computation procedures and revision policy.

Source: Form EIA-895.

Table 9. Underground Natural Gas Storage - All Operators, 1990-1996

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

Year and Month	Natural Gas in Underground Storage at End of Period			Change In Working Gas from Same Period Previous Year		Storage Activity		
	Base Gas	Working Gas	Total ^b	Volume	Percent	Injections	Withdrawals	Net ^c
1990 Total^a	3,868	3,068	6,936	555	22.1	2,433	1,934	499
1991 Total^a	3,954	2,824	6,778	-244	-8.0	2,608	2,689	-80
1992 Total^a	4,044	2,597	6,641	-227	-8.0	2,555	2,724	-168
1993 Total^a	4,327	2,322	6,649	-275	-10.6	2,760	2,717	43
1994								
January	4,348	1,579	5,927	-247	-13.5	35	792	-758
February	4,337	1,091	5,428	-212	-16.3	50	567	-517
March	4,343	958	5,301	-71	-6.9	106	240	-135
April	4,345	1,172	5,517	51	4.6	286	68	218
May	4,352	1,554	5,906	33	2.2	427	25	403
June	4,352	1,896	6,248	2	0.1	381	37	344
July	4,355	2,273	6,629	33	1.5	410	26	384
August	4,355	2,607	6,961	52	2.1	373	30	343
September	4,353	2,912	7,266	28	1.0	345	21	324
October	4,354	3,075	7,429	97	3.3	224	54	170
November	4,353	2,978	7,331	215	7.8	105	204	-99
December	4,360	2,606	6,966	284	12.2	54	443	-389
Total	—	—	—	—	—	2,796	2,508	288
1995								
January	4,364	2,041	6,405	462	29.2	42	622	-580
February	4,367	1,539	5,905	448	41.1	43	545	-502
March	4,361	1,330	5,690	372	38.8	102	317	-215
April	4,359	1,378	5,737	206	17.6	170	123	47
May	4,392	1,667	6,059	113	7.3	353	33	320
June	4,404	2,012	6,417	116	6.1	393	39	354
July	4,338	2,300	6,638	26	1.2	345	53	292
August	4,338	2,494	6,832	-113	-4.3	280	85	195
September	4,339	2,796	7,135	-116	-4.0	328	29	299
October	4,336	2,988	7,324	-87	-2.8	261	67	194
November	4,339	2,718	7,057	-260	-8.7	90	357	-266
December	4,346	2,145	6,491	-461	-17.7	52	618	-567
Total	—	—	—	—	—	2,459	2,889	-430
1996								
January	4,342	1,454	5,795	-587	-28.8	46	741	-695
February	4,336	1,015	5,351	-524	-34.1	93	539	-446
March	4,277	752	5,029	-578	-43.4	75	399	-323
April	4,299	843	5,142	-535	-38.8	219	110	109
May	^R 4,318	^R 1,146	^R 5,464	^R -521	^R -31.3	^R 364	^R 40	^R 324
June	^{RE} 4,318	^{RE} 1,543	^E 5,862	^{RE} -469	^{RE} -23.3	^{RE} 432	^{RE} 35	^{RE} 397
July	^E 4,318	^E 1,886	^E 6,204	^E -414	^E -18.0	^E 383	^E 40	^E 343

^a Total as of December 31.

^b Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year (in billion cubic feet): 1990 - 8,125; 1991 - 7,993; 1992 - 7,932; 1993 - 7,989; 1994 - 8,043; and 1995 - 7,927.

^c Positive numbers indicate the volume of injections in excess of withdrawals. Negative numbers indicate the volume of withdrawals in excess of injections.

^R = Revised Data.

^E = Estimated Data.

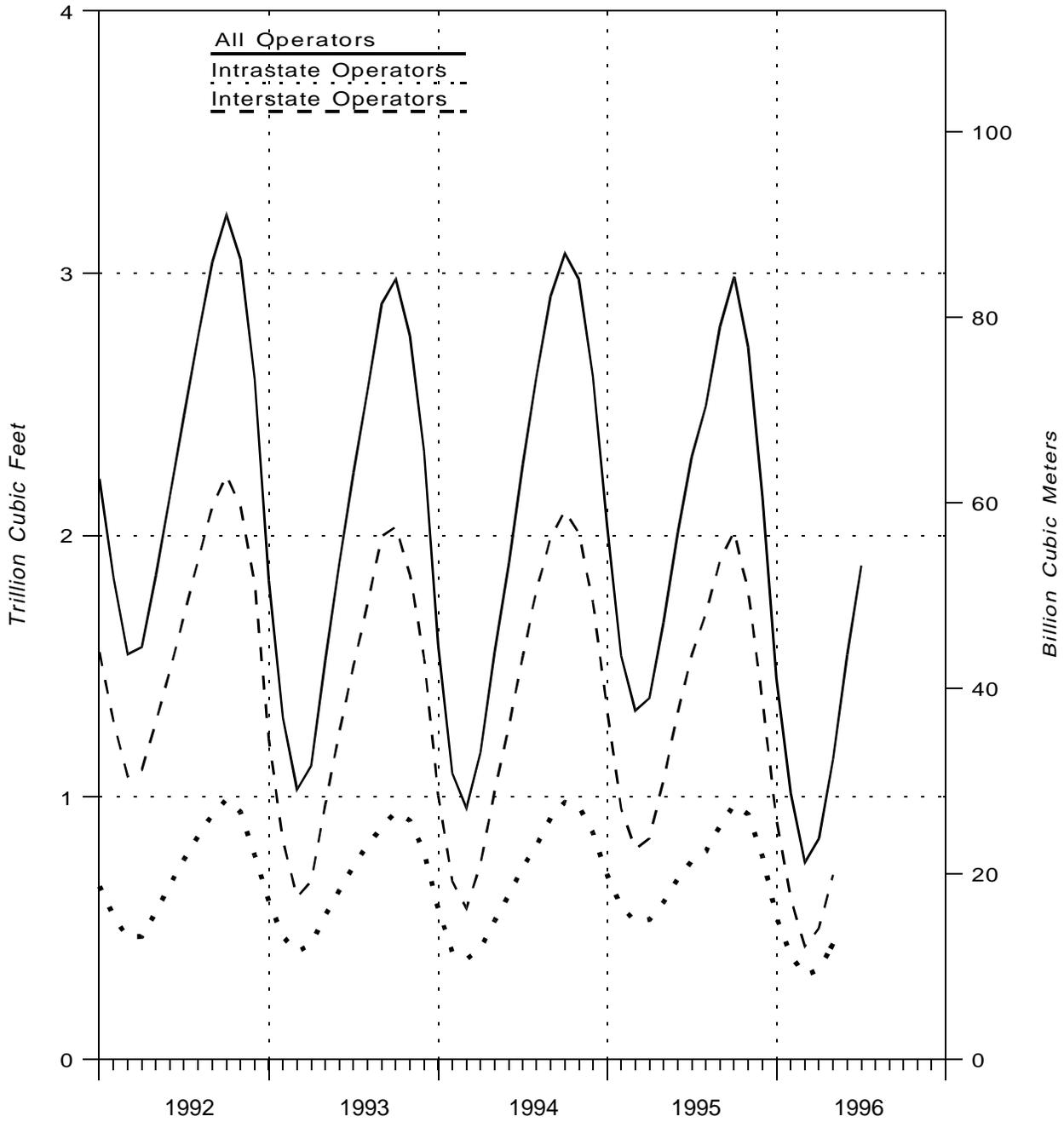
^{RE} = Revised Estimated Data.

— = Not Applicable.

Notes: Data for 1989 through 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise noted. Data for the most recent two months are derived from the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Explanatory Note 7 of the *Natural Gas Monthly* for discussion of revision policy. Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals during the period to the quantity of gas in storage at the beginning of the period. This is due to changes in the quantities of native gas included in base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In January 1995, 2 billion cubic feet was added to base gas for two new respondents.

Sources: Form EIA-191, Form FERC-8, and Form EIA-176, and Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Figure 5. Underground Natural Gas Storage in the United States, 1992-1996



Sources: Form EIA-191 and Form EIA-176

Table 10. Underground Natural Gas Storage - Interstate Operators of Storage Fields, 1990-1996

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

Year and Month	Natural Gas in Underground Storage at End of Period			Change in Working Gas from Same Period Previous Year		Storage Activity		
	Base Gas	Working Gas	Total ^b	Volume	Percent	Injections	Withdrawals	Net ^c
1990 Total^a	2,496	2,203	4,699	439	24.9	1,705	1,284	421
1991 Total^a	2,571	1,985	4,556	-218	-9.9	1,904	2,015	-111
1992 Total^a	2,652	1,819	4,471	-166	-8.4	1,838	1,940	-102
1993 Total^a	2,939	1,531	4,470	-288	-15.8	1,911	1,894	17
1994								
January	2,948	1,006	3,954	-216	-17.7	19	545	-526
February	2,943	680	3,623	-153	-18.4	34	376	-343
March	2,951	576	3,526	-43	-6.9	69	173	-104
April	2,950	748	3,697	68	10.1	209	39	170
May	2,956	1,024	3,980	52	5.4	304	15	290
June	2,956	1,270	4,225	20	1.6	265	14	251
July	2,958	1,540	4,498	38	2.5	293	15	278
August	2,957	1,790	4,746	53	3.1	269	17	253
September	2,959	1,992	4,951	-5	-0.2	222	12	210
October	2,955	2,094	5,048	60	3.0	136	37	99
November	2,953	2,011	4,964	161	8.7	60	151	-90
December	2,960	1,743	4,703	212	13.8	34	308	-274
Total	—	—	—	—	—	1,913	1,701	213
1995								
January	2,957	1,336	4,292	330	32.8	26	438	-413
February	2,958	956	3,914	276	40.5	20	397	-377
March	2,955	803	3,758	228	39.5	66	222	-156
April	2,954	844	3,798	96	12.9	118	78	40
May	2,956	1,067	4,023	43	4.2	241	17	224
June	2,962	1,324	4,286	54	4.3	282	23	259
July	2,896	1,542	4,438	2	0.2	249	28	221
August	2,893	1,700	4,593	-90	-5.0	200	44	157
September	2,894	1,905	4,800	-87	-4.3	218	15	203
October	2,891	2,015	4,907	-79	-3.8	157	46	111
November	2,895	1,784	4,679	-227	-11.3	38	266	-228
December	2,899	1,371	4,270	-371	-21.3	25	434	-409
Total	—	—	—	—	—	1,640	2,008	-368
1996								
January	2,897	912	3,809	-424	-31.7	23	483	-460
February	2,894	616	3,510	-340	-35.5	60	361	-301
March	2,854	432	3,286	-371	-46.2	44	268	-224
April	2,868	500	3,368	-344	-40.8	152	72	80
May	2,884	705	3,589	-362	-33.9	250	26	223

^a Total as of December 31.

^b Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year (in billion cubic feet): 1990 - 5,622; 1991 - 5,512; 1992 - 5,524; 1993 - 5,367; 1994 - 5,351; and 1995 - 5,314.

^c Positive numbers indicate the volume of injections in excess of withdrawals. Negative numbers indicate the volume of withdrawals in excess of injections.

— = Not Applicable.

Notes: Data for 1989 through 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise noted. See Explanatory Note 7 of the *Natural Gas Monthly* for discussion of revision policy. Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals during the period to the quantity of gas in storage at the beginning of the period. This is due to changes in the quantities of native gas included in base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: Form EIA-191, Form FERC-8, and Form EIA-176.

Table 11. Underground Natural Gas Storage - Intrastate Operators and Independent Producers, 1990-1996

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

Year and Month	Natural Gas in Underground Storage at End of Period			Change in Working Gas from Same Period Previous Year		Storage Activity		
	Base Gas	Working Gas	Total ^b	Volume	Percent	Injections	Withdrawals	Net ^c
1990 Total^a	1,372	864	2,236	115	15.4	728	650	78
1991 Total^a	1,383	839	2,221	-25	-2.9	705	674	31
1992 Total^a	1,392	778	2,170	-61	-7.3	717	784	-67
1993 Total^a	1,388	791	2,179	13	1.7	826	802	24
1994								
January	1,400	573	1,973	-30	-5.0	16	247	-232
February	1,394	411	1,804	-59	-12.5	16	191	-175
March	1,392	382	1,775	-28	-6.8	37	67	-30
April	1,395	424	1,819	-17	-3.8	77	29	47
May	1,396	530	1,926	-18	-3.4	123	10	113
June	1,396	627	2,023	-18	-2.8	116	23	93
July	1,397	734	2,131	-4	-0.6	118	11	107
August	1,398	817	2,215	-1	-0.1	103	13	90
September	1,395	920	2,315	34	3.8	124	9	114
October	1,400	981	2,381	37	4.0	88	17	71
November	1,400	966	2,367	55	6.1	45	54	-9
December	1,400	864	2,263	73	9.2	20	136	-115
Total	—	—	—	—	—	882	807	75
1995								
January	1,407	705	2,113	132	23.0	16	184	-167
February	1,408	583	1,991	172	42.0	24	148	-124
March	1,406	527	1,932	144	37.8	36	95	-59
April	1,405	534	1,939	110	25.9	52	45	7
May	1,435	600	2,036	70	13.2	112	16	96
June	1,442	688	2,130	62	9.8	111	16	95
July	1,443	758	2,201	24	3.3	95	25	71
August	1,445	794	2,239	-22	-2.7	80	41	38
September	1,445	891	2,335	-29	-3.2	110	14	96
October	1,444	973	2,417	-9	-0.9	103	21	83
November	1,445	934	2,378	-33	-3.4	52	91	-39
December	1,447	774	2,221	-90	-10.4	27	185	-158
Total	—	—	—	—	—	819	881	-61
1996								
January	1,445	542	1,987	-164	-23.2	22	257	-235
February	1,442	399	1,841	-184	-31.6	33	178	-145
March	1,423	320	1,743	-207	-39.2	31	130	-99
April	1,432	343	1,775	-191	-35.7	67	38	29
May	1,434	441	1,875	-159	-26.5	114	13	101

^a Total as of December 31.

^b Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year (in billion cubic feet): 1990 - 2,503; 1991 - 2,481; 1992 - 2,407; 1993 - 2,621; 1994 - 2,692.; and 1995 - 2,613.

^c Positive numbers indicate the volume of injections in excess of withdrawals. Negative numbers indicate the volume of withdrawals in excess of injections. — = Not Applicable.

Notes: Data for 1989 through 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise noted. See Explanatory Note 7 of the *Natural Gas Monthly* for discussion of revision policy. Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals during the period to the quantity of gas in storage at the beginning of the period. This is due to changes in the quantities of native gas included in base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: Form EIA-191, Form FERC-8, and Form EIA-176.

Table 12. Net Withdrawals from Underground Storage, by State, 1994-1996

(Volumes in Million Cubic Feet)

State	1996					1995	
	May	April	March	February	January	Total	December
Alabama	-367	-153	162	17	54	73	400
Arkansas	-1,302	-44	1,259	1,115	2,112	709	2,149
California	-20,351	-12,087	1,292	25,281	47,300	-27,229	25,871
Colorado	-2,147	1,308	5,105	1,486	8,699	-1,480	5,355
Illinois	-26,994	-3,163	23,028	41,246	68,239	25,289	44,173
Indiana	-163	990	3,541	3,831	7,170	2,071	4,772
Iowa	-1,625	2,012	6,372	8,820	16,663	6,293	15,034
Kansas	-7,724	-5,531	10,743	7,491	28,184	5,823	16,923
Kentucky	-6,228	396	7,956	12,252	14,488	7,386	11,431
Louisiana	-12,313	-1,310	24,530	23,515	41,445	55,699	46,789
Maryland	-2,189	71	1,500	2,677	3,787	2,056	2,941
Michigan	-58,788	-14,969	52,127	82,900	131,134	124,148	117,780
Minnesota	-366	-88	222	260	781	174	256
Mississippi	-2,485	-3,994	5,653	3,236	6,891	9,189	6,432
Missouri	-1,319	293	379	-100	1,423	-197	330
Montana	800	645	3,877	4,792	6,207	3,601	5,251
Nebraska	-1,535	-287	763	718	1,845	5,819	1,593
New Mexico	32	496	2,160	1,575	1,312	2,244	1,490
New York	-13,395	-2,737	8,793	12,727	14,199	14,217	17,615
Ohio	-29,421	-8,540	28,688	33,716	43,949	38,773	42,851
Oklahoma	-18,357	-4,610	16,742	23,625	33,114	19,103	23,331
Oregon	-723	132	651	940	1,252	-880	822
Pennsylvania	-46,374	-22,633	43,384	64,404	80,378	59,332	75,053
Texas	-28,051	-17,631	43,302	46,443	72,417	36,764	45,936
Utah	-5,533	-188	2,388	8,372	12,335	199	9,833
Washington	-1,974	-359	536	762	6,031	-2,363	1,015
West Virginia	-32,729	-16,154	27,054	30,565	40,250	42,008	39,310
Wyoming	-2,704	-644	1,095	3,404	3,410	805	2,040
Total	-324,323	-108,781	323,302	446,072	695,070	429,626	566,777

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Net Withdrawals from Underground Storage, by State, 1994-1996

(Volumes in Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995						
	November	October	September	August	July	June	May
Alabama	189	73	-592	-218	-35	-42	-27
Arkansas	618	80	-157	-1,390	-1,494	-1,312	-211
California	-2,030	-18,155	-15,204	1,719	-13,401	-26,009	-26,370
Colorado	-1,487	-1,207	-2,824	-4,279	-6,114	-6,104	-2,203
Illinois	14,205	-31,931	-31,913	-32,082	-30,183	-28,861	-28,504
Indiana	-839	-4,446	-4,769	-3,727	-2,859	-1,793	-332
Iowa	10,669	-7,125	-11,687	-14,741	-10,291	-8,122	-3,955
Kansas	7,650	-11,033	-16,573	11	-4,944	-12,812	-9,689
Kentucky	9,297	-2,525	-6,767	-3,846	-6,817	-7,628	-12,771
Louisiana	24,450	-14,059	-23,405	-1,148	-20,772	-27,471	-18,654
Maryland	533	-1,152	-2,047	-1,183	189	-2,031	-2,000
Michigan	67,143	-32,417	-52,327	-54,311	-74,426	-65,457	-53,090
Minnesota	3	-6	-241	-231	-306	-262	-331
Mississippi	9,454	-2,606	-6,282	-753	-4,194	-1,638	-7,168
Missouri	-165	-124	-463	-349	11	9	-621
Montana	3,048	554	-1,096	-3,206	-2,917	-2,139	-1,280
Nebraska	1,598	743	-385	-177	-278	-866	-643
New Mexico	1,077	-35	-519	1,090	-18	-1,105	-1,223
New York	9,682	-1,692	-8,915	-8,278	-7,292	-11,195	-8,567
Ohio	23,996	-8,839	-18,480	-23,286	-30,746	-31,526	-27,845
Oklahoma	8,149	-12,677	-8,005	1,755	-7,073	-12,648	-16,462
Oregon	58	0	-486	0	-695	-1,034	-1,179
Pennsylvania	44,123	-21,829	-43,671	-39,875	-33,388	-52,469	-42,346
Texas	12,294	-7,343	-18,200	7,232	-1,403	-17,805	-23,794
Utah	-1,316	-525	-1,474	-3,472	-7,110	-5,954	-3,468
Washington	-67	100	-2,494	271	-1,413	-1,551	-2,570
West Virginia	23,048	-14,476	-17,711	-8,842	-22,100	-24,342	-24,418
Wyoming	727	-1,179	-1,909	-1,673	-1,702	-1,536	-451
Total	266,105	-193,832	-298,596	-194,988	-291,770	-353,702	-320,173

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Net Withdrawals from Underground Storage, by State, 1994-1996

(Volumes in Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995				1994		
	April	March	February	January	Total	December	November
Alabama	0	264	2	60	-639	-4	-20
Arkansas	130	539	753	1,005	2,482	597	359
California	2,797	7,942	4,650	30,961	-5,066	25,734	16,783
Colorado	4,715	4,979	3,502	4,187	-1,100	2,926	1,390
Illinois	4,427	24,155	58,368	63,435	-12,907	33,868	12,634
Indiana	647	2,523	6,896	5,997	-3,576	3,083	-648
Iowa	672	4,469	10,876	20,494	-2,764	20,371	6,758
Kansas	-1,501	10,730	12,038	15,022	-6,218	10,129	6,723
Kentucky	-3,464	4,533	12,619	13,324	-4,845	8,399	-324
Louisiana	-9,576	8,682	39,086	51,776	-39,794	36,322	4,098
Maryland	244	105	4,244	2,213	2,090	1,597	1,016
Michigan	1,189	51,336	112,705	106,022	-80,996	63,147	19,650
Minnesota	47	257	477	513	-365	68	3
Mississippi	-4,717	4,052	6,286	10,324	-14,446	5,228	-888
Missouri	271	42	279	584	85	-6	-230
Montana	-798	689	1,994	3,499	7,819	2,673	1,705
Nebraska	198	930	995	2,112	-2,471	2,003	-182
New Mexico	-222	-437	2	2,144	-1,379	529	548
New York	-600	5,516	13,802	14,141	-1,824	8,913	2,674
Ohio	5,132	19,784	37,613	50,118	-28,576	28,025	3,858
Oklahoma	-4,420	9,874	13,614	23,665	-18,838	17,759	3,825
Oregon	-867	440	385	1,677	-720	638	437
Pennsylvania	-13,250	28,252	92,485	66,247	823	44,846	19,352
Texas	-21,928	8,400	19,831	33,544	-36,228	38,575	-11,223
Utah	-1,001	3,407	3,388	7,889	-19,587	5,275	2,363
Washington	-233	253	2,230	2,097	-1,572	1,576	391
West Virginia	-5,762	12,163	41,332	43,805	-14,932	24,797	7,389
Wyoming	775	1,410	1,324	2,979	-2,584	2,007	659
Total	-47,094	215,287	501,776	579,835	-288,127	389,075	99,102

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Net Withdrawals from Underground Storage, by State, 1994-1996

(Volumes in Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1994						
	October	September	August	July	June	May	April
Alabama	-54	-85	-92	-102	-95	-106	-70
Arkansas	64	-210	-803	-563	-553	-531	310
California	-12,273	-25,551	-9,372	-17,672	-20,300	-28,160	-18,961
Colorado	-288	-4,976	-5,087	-4,180	-1,718	-5,507	4,857
Illinois	-27,773	-40,132	-37,123	-34,981	-31,224	-25,727	-502
Indiana	-2,947	-4,141	-4,529	-5,189	-2,451	65	733
Iowa	-10,323	-13,446	-12,403	-11,997	-7,623	-7,152	-2,548
Kansas	-4,370	-9,624	-12,337	-10,613	-5,194	-10,760	-523
Kentucky	-3,346	-3,590	-6,832	-9,628	-9,326	-9,666	-4,752
Louisiana	-8,896	-22,378	-20,856	-28,666	-20,626	-32,189	-20,332
Maryland	-1,781	-1,536	-1,468	-2,113	-1,459	-2,046	-1,256
Michigan	-30,353	-64,754	-75,050	-72,574	-72,789	-71,525	-41,245
Minnesota	2	-150	-207	-371	-374	-342	145
Mississippi	-3,645	-2,139	-5,288	-5,954	-1,618	-4,747	-4,393
Missouri	-207	-269	-307	-316	-1,355	-1,454	2,155
Montana	-1,033	-1,772	-1,086	-1,352	-1,807	-938	781
Nebraska	-930	-2,125	-336	-2,125	-897	-2,138	-959
New Mexico	-2,020	-4,075	-105	194	-493	-1,937	1,338
New York	-1,373	-5,006	-8,906	-9,125	-12,251	-8,805	-8,999
Ohio	-10,528	-21,945	-26,755	-33,557	-31,935	-29,636	-15,965
Oklahoma	-4,797	-9,237	-13,744	-17,293	-14,012	-26,542	-18,906
Oregon	-255	-688	-1,081	-1,202	-1,506	-1,216	820
Pennsylvania	-14,950	-23,836	-43,337	-51,484	-57,942	-54,248	-36,655
Texas	-17,141	-30,517	-25,090	-27,928	-12,148	-41,962	-27,458
Utah	-3,871	-8,505	-6,264	-5,499	-4,054	-6,074	-1,367
Washington	-216	-1,131	-449	-1,805	-1,761	-2,599	-2,095
West Virginia	-5,989	-20,918	-22,343	-27,180	-27,657	-25,170	-21,190
Wyoming	-963	-1,434	-1,499	-1,113	-752	-1,568	-875
Total	-170,256	-324,170	-342,748	-384,389	-343,917	-402,680	-217,918

Notes: This table contains total net withdrawals for each State with natural gas storage facilities. Positive numbers indicate the volume of withdrawals in excess of injections. Negative values indicate the volume of injections in excess of withdrawals. Data for 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary at this time and are not considered final until publication of the *Natural Gas Annual* for that year.

Source: Form EIA-191.

**Table 13. Activities of Underground Natural Gas Storage Operators, by State,
May 1996**

(Volumes in Million Cubic Feet)

State	Total Storage Capacity	Natural Gas in Underground Storage at End of Period			Change in Working Gas from Same Period Previous Year		Storage Activity	
		Base Gas	Working Gas	Total	Volume	Percent	Injections	Withdrawals
Alabama	2,600	880	493	1,373	233	89.5	390	23
Arkansas	38,347	13,402	1,506	14,909	-683	-31.2	1,355	54
California	472,909	247,419	147,503	394,922	6,281	4.4	21,652	1,301
Colorado	108,838	47,461	15,671	63,132	1,628	11.6	3,253	1,106
Illinois	905,260	653,386	86,385	739,772	-6,156	-6.7	27,315	321
Indiana	113,121	74,779	16,621	91,400	-2,606	-13.6	1,031	869
Iowa	270,200	200,024	5,023	205,048	-5,609	-52.8	1,921	297
Kansas	283,603	181,501	40,701	222,202	-8,059	-16.5	10,149	2,425
Kentucky	215,351	106,195	48,696	154,891	-24,225	-33.2	6,497	270
Louisiana	549,437	267,179	65,093	332,272	-61,173	-48.4	21,074	8,761
Maryland	62,000	46,677	5,275	51,952	-3,097	-37.0	2,248	58
Michigan	1,053,814	419,540	203,079	622,619	-95,971	-32.1	63,039	4,250
Minnesota	7,000	4,623	1,301	5,924	-20	-1.5	366	0
Mississippi	124,115	77,682	22,843	100,526	-11,856	-34.2	5,363	2,878
Missouri	30,564	21,600	8,250	29,850	21	0.3	1,326	7
Montana	375,010	167,491	55,502	222,994	-14,504	-20.7	1,169	1,969
Nebraska	39,469	30,487	0	30,487	-4,583	-100.0	1,566	31
New Mexico	94,600	27,468	4,212	31,680	-5,258	-55.5	1,336	1,368
New York	173,463	102,535	25,442	127,978	-10,331	-28.9	13,693	298
Ohio	620,544	342,026	45,900	387,926	-12,168	-21.0	29,946	526
Oklahoma	364,593	225,560	38,835	264,395	-44,887	-53.6	18,476	120
Oregon	11,623	4,896	4,119	9,015	-916	-18.2	723	0
Pennsylvania	654,570	356,821	120,388	477,209	-47,724	-28.4	50,429	4,056
Texas	655,420	249,149	93,177	342,326	-134,121	-59.0	34,806	6,755
Utah	122,499	62,100	14,292	76,392	-8,296	-36.7	5,596	63
Washington	33,900	22,200	6,742	28,942	-4,328	-39.1	2,176	202
West Virginia	466,090	304,582	48,821	353,403	-23,960	-32.9	34,275	1,546
Wyoming	105,669	60,712	20,126	80,838	1,099	5.8	2,862	158
Total	7,954,610	4,318,377	1,145,999	5,464,376	-521,271	-31.3	364,035	39,711

Notes: Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals during the period to the quantity of gas in storage at the beginning of the period. This is due to changes in the quantities of native gas included in base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Source: Form EIA-191.

Table 14. Natural Gas Deliveries to Residential Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Million Cubic Feet)

State	YTD 1996	YTD 1995	YTD 1994	1996		
				April	March	February
Alabama	37,033	29,172	32,859	6,416	8,171	11,390
Alaska	7,814	7,456	7,010	1,424	1,918	2,419
Arizona	15,349	15,334	16,622	2,178	3,402	4,267
Arkansas	28,763	23,755	26,112	4,853	6,156	8,726
California	212,845	226,370	227,355	35,758	52,287	58,074
Colorado	NA	53,641	54,876	NA	15,628	18,603
Connecticut	25,949	22,571	26,320	4,399	6,245	7,147
Delaware	6,313	5,032	5,774	1,129	1,522	1,941
District of Columbia	10,590	8,926	10,173	1,731	2,402	3,117
Florida	9,147	7,498	7,438	1,659	2,067	2,582
Georgia	70,533	56,173	57,934	9,867	18,136	19,402
Hawaii	201	207	208	49	52	51
Idaho	8,038	6,910	6,288	1,314	1,847	2,509
Illinois	291,679	261,775	277,376	43,206	71,364	81,199
Indiana	NA	88,111	97,451	NA	25,048	28,873
Iowa	61,387	43,812	46,869	8,738	14,904	17,269
Kansas	49,883	40,810	42,997	6,476	11,822	14,181
Kentucky	38,497	34,693	38,065	5,654	10,345	10,166
Louisiana	35,384	28,489	31,839	5,202	7,819	10,335
Maine	520	462	492	81	137	143
Maryland	49,778	41,163	46,184	7,283	11,919	14,441
Massachusetts	66,195	59,154	73,162	11,621	16,615	18,545
Michigan	229,752	200,752	222,272	40,232	57,565	63,593
Minnesota	82,248	67,837	73,446	12,323	18,813	25,331
Mississippi	NA	15,105	17,090	NA	3,837	5,878
Missouri	128,394	71,254	80,921	20,455	29,094	38,080
Montana	11,514	9,683	9,418	2,087	2,639	3,517
Nebraska	26,540	24,974	27,135	4,443	6,176	8,179
Nevada	11,795	11,374	10,907	1,884	2,903	3,264
New Hampshire	4,035	3,642	4,070	698	998	1,147
New Jersey	NA	110,685	134,016	NA	30,417	35,838
New Mexico	18,413	13,979	14,973	2,736	3,278	4,893
New York	NA	208,533	232,796	41,414	NA	61,546
North Carolina	38,650	29,467	30,713	6,255	7,515	11,915
North Dakota	7,076	6,205	6,540	1,347	1,639	2,159
Ohio	205,742	192,608	208,360	34,628	54,413	54,072
Oklahoma	47,106	39,359	42,804	7,682	10,146	14,471
Oregon	17,424	15,094	14,835	2,820	4,041	5,584
Pennsylvania	161,109	143,106	165,888	25,610	39,762	45,352
Rhode Island	10,956	9,676	10,722	1,831	2,664	3,119
South Carolina	19,102	15,234	15,516	2,969	3,706	5,878
South Dakota	7,801	6,702	7,074	1,367	1,865	2,221
Tennessee	NA	35,069	37,880	NA	9,684	13,700
Texas	127,819	106,599	120,482	19,001	28,066	35,545
Utah	27,085	23,521	22,935	4,540	5,419	8,571
Vermont	1,507	1,324	1,563	268	354	418
Virginia	46,609	37,744	40,344	6,630	11,367	13,849
Washington	32,208	28,013	26,910	5,445	7,639	10,136
West Virginia	22,901	19,825	22,158	3,865	5,478	6,582
Wisconsin	80,903	70,795	75,801	12,748	20,281	22,518
Wyoming	NA	6,441	6,131	NA	NA	NA
Total	2,985,649	2,586,115	2,817,104	481,626	716,631	844,695

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. Natural Gas Deliveries to Residential Consumers, by State, 1994-1996
(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1996	1995				
	January	Total	December	November	October	September
Alabama	11,056	50,412	7,804	4,031	1,561	1,295
Alaska	2,054	15,220	2,294	1,411	866	588
Arizona	5,502	26,811	3,144	1,549	1,023	876
Arkansas	9,028	42,160	7,214	3,612	1,329	1,069
California	66,726	480,285	56,745	37,841	23,274	22,029
Colorado	18,727	104,288	12,305	8,862	5,661	2,613
Connecticut	8,159	40,598	6,475	3,422	1,468	981
Delaware	1,721	8,312	1,208	556	226	172
District of Columbia	3,339	15,704	2,582	1,247	453	401
Florida	2,840	14,759	1,822	1,023	680	741
Georgia	23,127	114,928	21,112	14,921	6,117	3,343
Hawaii	49	573	45	43	44	45
Idaho	2,368	13,000	1,748	1,364	628	304
Illinois	95,909	502,557	81,665	64,531	26,707	13,761
Indiana	33,318	160,526	26,789	18,246	6,862	3,600
Iowa	20,478	86,790	16,697	10,010	4,455	2,126
Kansas	17,404	75,677	13,348	6,768	3,417	1,801
Kentucky	12,332	66,910	12,425	9,337	3,169	1,354
Louisiana	12,030	52,057	7,375	4,340	2,049	1,796
Maine	159	920	151	104	48	31
Maryland	16,135	76,355	12,902	7,553	2,926	2,094
Massachusetts	19,415	105,467	15,880	9,083	3,945	2,655
Michigan	68,363	373,286	60,284	39,054	17,348	9,603
Minnesota	25,782	128,960	21,673	14,869	6,948	3,261
Mississippi	6,143	26,144	4,145	2,253	611	461
Missouri	40,766	NA	NA	11,305	4,257	2,836
Montana	3,272	19,373	2,622	2,182	1,319	646
Nebraska	7,743	43,939	6,034	4,029	1,537	1,032
Nevada	3,744	20,686	2,357	1,349	817	677
New Hampshire	1,193	6,508	991	550	254	175
New Jersey	40,315	200,738	33,800	18,808	7,597	5,137
New Mexico	7,506	28,484	4,693	3,055	1,332	821
New York	69,469	376,307	56,852	32,851	13,469	9,405
North Carolina	12,966	49,726	8,641	4,476	1,412	945
North Dakota	1,931	NA	1,688	1,090	NA	251
Ohio	62,630	354,800	58,290	40,737	17,247	7,363
Oklahoma	14,806	67,869	9,797	4,955	2,489	1,689
Oregon	4,979	27,952	3,953	2,512	1,108	688
Pennsylvania	50,385	259,388	42,826	26,892	11,031	5,473
Rhode Island	3,342	17,342	2,550	1,293	651	459
South Carolina	6,549	25,163	4,422	2,262	646	474
South Dakota	2,348	12,473	1,809	1,318	691	304
Tennessee	14,278	60,104	9,192	7,221	1,806	1,084
Texas	45,206	206,125	31,704	18,711	8,960	7,190
Utah	8,555	48,975	7,214	4,684	3,857	1,970
Vermont	467	2,299	353	176	86	54
Virginia	14,763	68,744	12,694	7,063	2,313	1,468
Washington	8,988	52,692	7,618	5,679	2,337	1,413
West Virginia	6,975	34,782	5,726	3,542	1,408	725
Wisconsin	25,356	135,991	22,959	16,636	6,993	3,932
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	942,697	4,888,481	793,639	490,951	216,612	133,667

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. Natural Gas Deliveries to Residential Consumers, by State, 1994-1996
(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995					
	August	July	June	May	April	March
Alabama	1,315	1,418	1,584	2,233	3,738	7,680
Alaska	448	534	680	943	1,573	1,912
Arizona	856	966	1,245	1,818	2,421	2,837
Arkansas	953	1,022	1,275	1,930	3,049	5,836
California	20,962	25,623	28,934	38,508	43,750	52,476
Colorado	2,527	3,383	6,120	9,175	9,914	12,907
Connecticut	877	1,037	1,383	2,384	4,124	5,780
Delaware	173	194	259	492	848	1,391
District of Columbia	379	431	472	813	1,300	2,241
Florida	652	728	760	855	1,132	1,622
Georgia	3,023	3,024	3,227	3,988	6,066	10,642
Hawaii	43	47	50	49	49	52
Idaho	254	338	539	915	1,273	1,503
Illinois	9,980	11,738	12,091	20,309	42,577	55,062
Indiana	2,817	3,073	3,689	7,340	13,007	19,452
Iowa	1,468	1,617	1,563	5,042	8,645	9,305
Kansas	1,710	1,832	2,081	3,909	5,723	9,695
Kentucky	1,134	1,223	1,143	2,432	3,700	7,501
Louisiana	1,672	1,738	2,194	2,406	3,688	6,564
Maine	24	24	28	48	81	112
Maryland	1,881	1,945	2,228	3,663	6,096	9,481
Massachusetts	2,350	2,633	3,594	6,173	10,943	15,009
Michigan	6,987	7,826	10,302	21,130	35,498	48,736
Minnesota	2,388	2,576	3,394	6,014	11,358	15,544
Mississippi	749	815	864	1,141	1,714	3,681
Missouri	2,394	2,870	3,660	6,829	9,401	16,040
Montana	436	522	702	1,261	1,792	2,435
Nebraska	883	1,010	1,548	2,893	4,177	5,876
Nevada	655	801	1,087	1,568	2,156	2,189
New Hampshire	135	160	225	376	688	917
New Jersey	4,537	4,941	5,623	9,610	17,813	26,451
New Mexico	823	741	1,342	1,697	2,234	2,641
New York	7,739	10,133	13,915	23,410	38,333	52,695
North Carolina	804	983	1,103	1,896	3,670	6,965
North Dakota	182	234	388	703	1,185	1,512
Ohio	6,269	7,064	8,536	16,686	30,710	43,458
Oklahoma	1,530	1,806	2,269	3,974	5,216	10,075
Oregon	654	809	1,084	2,049	2,784	3,534
Pennsylvania	5,012	5,570	6,661	12,818	23,594	34,475
Rhode Island	434	434	689	1,157	1,776	2,550
South Carolina	397	472	510	746	1,584	3,604
South Dakota	204	268	404	774	1,242	1,605
Tennessee	1,079	1,209	1,391	2,053	3,358	8,021
Texas	6,513	7,365	7,737	11,346	14,980	25,831
Utah	1,422	1,386	1,956	2,965	4,336	5,407
Vermont	42	49	79	136	266	333
Virginia	1,531	1,489	1,620	2,821	4,861	8,858
Washington	1,252	1,362	1,927	3,090	5,069	6,884
West Virginia	550	565	690	1,751	3,128	4,528
Wisconsin	2,695	2,696	3,485	5,798	12,172	15,779
Wyoming	354	428	709	1,048	1,249	1,513
Total	114,147	131,150	159,038	263,164	420,041	601,196

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. Natural Gas Deliveries to Residential Consumers, by State, 1994-1996
(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995		1994			
	February	January	Total	December	November	October
Alabama	9,314	8,441	49,748	5,034	2,602	1,495
Alaska	1,923	2,048	14,895	2,195	1,497	1,042
Arizona	4,562	5,514	29,684	4,869	2,024	1,053
Arkansas	7,077	7,792	41,527	5,144	2,724	1,423
California	50,624	79,521	520,959	76,846	56,469	25,961
Colorado	14,509	16,311	99,504	14,571	8,388	4,013
Connecticut	6,526	6,141	41,600	4,559	2,506	1,677
Delaware	1,459	1,333	8,557	869	459	259
District of Columbia	2,880	2,505	15,865	1,746	928	547
Florida	2,483	2,261	13,855	1,248	829	711
Georgia	18,984	20,480	105,436	15,880	9,453	5,390
Hawaii	52	53	578	50	47	43
Idaho	1,760	2,375	12,285	2,240	1,456	584
Illinois	74,820	89,316	473,788	65,041	42,438	24,121
Indiana	27,196	28,456	157,467	20,054	12,189	7,277
Iowa	11,793	14,069	78,260	11,494	6,693	2,862
Kansas	11,162	14,232	74,156	10,864	6,443	3,828
Kentucky	10,988	12,504	62,533	9,175	5,209	2,820
Louisiana	8,758	9,479	52,981	5,947	2,985	2,154
Maine	139	130	894	117	78	51
Maryland	13,229	12,356	76,688	9,314	5,425	3,356
Massachusetts	17,341	15,861	119,642	13,611	8,010	5,164
Michigan	58,980	57,538	364,588	44,719	27,344	16,721
Minnesota	19,843	21,092	122,249	17,328	10,383	5,431
Mississippi	4,840	4,870	27,086	3,098	1,542	921
Missouri	22,448	23,366	122,566	14,727	7,339	3,415
Montana	2,392	3,064	18,714	2,986	2,115	1,184
Nebraska	6,978	7,943	44,397	6,076	3,169	1,523
Nevada	3,102	3,927	21,263	3,855	1,751	829
New Hampshire	1,024	1,013	6,572	762	419	275
New Jersey	34,811	31,610	216,873	26,412	14,676	9,903
New Mexico	3,883	5,221	30,868	5,084	4,024	2,174
New York	60,778	56,727	385,408	43,626	27,143	17,017
North Carolina	9,700	9,132	47,451	6,030	3,655	1,568
North Dakota	1,704	1,803	10,661	1,446	807	385
Ohio	58,624	59,816	343,331	43,460	26,029	16,773
Oklahoma	11,328	12,740	69,211	9,411	4,292	2,163
Oregon	3,658	5,119	28,848	5,120	3,247	1,147
Pennsylvania	44,356	40,681	268,405	32,009	18,904	12,677
Rhode Island	2,811	2,539	17,384	1,877	1,060	736
South Carolina	5,128	4,919	23,486	3,090	1,590	734
South Dakota	1,848	2,006	12,056	1,794	1,098	503
Tennessee	11,948	11,742	57,334	7,480	3,570	1,668
Texas	29,189	36,599	213,433	27,295	15,760	9,242
Utah	6,009	7,769	48,922	8,059	6,969	3,845
Vermont	372	352	2,438	277	134	93
Virginia	12,556	11,468	65,176	8,605	4,667	2,880
Washington	7,035	9,026	53,144	9,135	6,171	2,558
West Virginia	6,475	5,694	35,201	4,348	2,462	1,511
Wisconsin	20,684	22,160	128,175	17,505	11,079	6,185
Wyoming	1,558	2,121	11,564	1,690	1,210	662
Total	751,639	813,239	4,847,702	638,175	391,460	220,553

NA = Not Available.

Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5 for discussion of computations and revision policy.

Source: Form EIA-857.

Table 15. Natural Gas Deliveries to Commercial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996
(Million Cubic Feet)

State	YTD 1996	YTD 1995	YTD 1994	1996		
				April	March	February
Alabama	15,866	12,915	13,982	2,863	3,710	4,770
Alaska	11,549	10,385	8,895	2,084	2,778	3,592
Arizona	12,317	12,096	12,631	2,538	3,007	3,145
Arkansas	17,525	14,431	15,504	2,965	3,896	5,249
California	80,073	105,389	98,198	17,260	21,607	23,193
Colorado	NA	33,368	34,397	NA	8,937	10,427
Connecticut	19,836	18,840	20,386	3,528	4,844	5,472
Delaware	3,873	3,077	3,387	694	889	1,186
District of Columbia	7,538	8,565	7,239	1,893	1,537	1,952
Florida	17,034	16,039	15,815	3,933	4,173	4,280
Georgia	33,625	26,106	26,607	5,465	7,657	8,524
Hawaii	759	749	745	189	182	190
Idaho	5,885	5,846	4,863	997	1,364	1,786
Illinois	112,233	103,827	110,648	17,327	26,510	32,463
Indiana	NA	42,642	44,654	NA	11,991	13,926
Iowa	29,071	26,326	26,844	4,551	7,057	8,294
Kansas	NA	25,750	23,689	6,313	NA	10,064
Kentucky	22,543	19,236	21,290	3,336	5,570	6,122
Louisiana	13,167	11,014	12,242	2,405	3,035	3,747
Maine	1,364	1,222	1,305	208	356	386
Maryland	24,147	22,744	22,968	3,916	5,758	6,633
Massachusetts	45,644	39,433	46,077	8,945	11,118	12,630
Michigan	109,311	95,770	105,398	19,518	27,609	30,085
Minnesota	54,082	46,389	46,838	9,032	12,803	16,009
Mississippi	NA	9,747	10,006	NA	2,553	3,333
Missouri	40,860	35,313	41,234	6,713	9,530	11,795
Montana	7,555	6,527	6,348	1,331	1,761	2,277
Nebraska	NA	17,132	17,758	NA	NA	NA
Nevada	8,684	8,344	8,079	1,772	2,223	2,267
New Hampshire	3,885	3,474	3,801	654	963	1,118
New Jersey	79,206	69,769	74,466	14,342	18,924	22,520
New Mexico	12,626	11,264	10,604	2,529	2,615	3,387
New York	NA	NA	114,383	NA	NA	NA
North Carolina	23,702	20,438	21,007	4,052	5,244	6,946
North Dakota	6,467	6,049	6,104	1,256	1,500	1,862
Ohio	106,647	93,324	100,116	16,747	26,511	29,576
Oklahoma	24,573	19,822	21,021	4,137	5,282	7,545
Oregon	12,334	10,841	10,880	2,058	2,898	3,903
Pennsylvania	84,507	70,126	78,446	13,712	20,774	23,687
Rhode Island	6,512	6,576	6,612	996	1,605	1,918
South Carolina	9,778	8,760	8,401	1,845	2,146	2,725
South Dakota	6,057	5,403	5,567	1,060	1,488	1,686
Tennessee	NA	26,746	28,055	NA	7,255	9,109
Texas	92,680	86,620	77,948	20,006	26,005	20,200
Utah	14,766	12,961	12,502	2,480	3,130	4,605
Vermont	1,577	1,422	1,541	282	384	449
Virginia	28,543	27,162	26,946	5,071	7,242	7,888
Washington	22,827	20,759	19,431	4,158	5,464	6,868
West Virginia	15,994	12,008	13,612	2,528	3,460	4,031
Wisconsin	49,803	41,914	44,077	7,538	12,333	13,920
Wyoming	NA	5,151	4,705	NA	NA	NA
Total	1,653,489	1,446,539	1,498,251	295,842	402,742	458,638

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. Natural Gas Deliveries to Commercial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996
(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1996	1995				
	January	Total	December	November	October	September
Alabama	4,524	26,126	3,479	2,218	1,351	1,159
Alaska	3,096	24,964	3,190	2,460	1,846	1,366
Arizona	3,627	28,309	2,821	2,072	1,717	1,656
Arkansas	5,416	28,083	4,449	2,307	1,203	1,078
California	18,014	277,512	26,301	22,948	20,834	19,597
Colorado	10,418	67,829	7,399	5,795	4,002	2,249
Connecticut	5,993	36,703	4,188	2,802	1,512	1,275
Delaware	1,104	5,588	833	378	204	201
District of Columbia	2,156	17,047	2,195	1,117	795	766
Florida	4,648	40,587	3,906	3,188	2,855	2,832
Georgia	11,979	56,420	7,942	5,632	3,381	2,459
Hawaii	198	2,199	177	178	179	179
Idaho	1,737	11,032	1,301	998	591	392
Illinois	35,932	204,513	30,628	22,366	11,981	7,134
Indiana	15,950	82,592	12,952	9,110	4,188	2,614
Iowa	9,170	50,262	7,653	5,575	2,941	1,658
Kansas	11,643	66,365	11,223	4,396	2,130	9,787
Kentucky	7,515	38,376	6,298	4,718	1,890	1,249
Louisiana	3,980	23,783	2,563	1,825	1,411	1,328
Maine	413	2,426	389	254	129	86
Maryland	7,841	46,837	7,545	4,862	1,917	2,062
Massachusetts	12,951	82,591	11,977	7,598	4,035	3,540
Michigan	32,098	187,581	28,860	19,101	9,405	6,159
Minnesota	16,238	98,638	14,331	9,917	5,471	6,485
Mississippi	3,512	20,205	2,717	1,787	814	697
Missouri	12,821	65,655	9,382	5,791	2,794	2,170
Montana	2,186	13,387	1,884	1,443	892	516
Nebraska	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nevada	2,422	18,675	1,864	1,439	1,146	1,005
New Hampshire	1,151	6,514	989	619	285	197
New Jersey	23,419	139,682	21,086	11,734	6,367	5,732
New Mexico	4,095	26,154	3,187	2,396	1,500	1,353
New York	NA	NA	30,575	24,554	13,366	10,791
North Carolina	7,460	39,815	5,611	3,476	1,857	1,699
North Dakota	1,850	12,942	1,712	2,566	546	332
Ohio	33,814	173,528	27,197	18,497	7,857	4,594
Oklahoma	7,609	37,933	4,975	2,746	1,740	1,754
Oregon	3,475	23,370	2,835	2,136	2,005	979
Pennsylvania	26,335	143,823	23,306	20,176	6,713	4,171
Rhode Island	1,993	12,471	1,494	1,176	561	285
South Carolina	3,062	18,831	2,385	1,669	1,052	1,040
South Dakota	1,823	10,535	1,433	1,104	645	353
Tennessee	9,588	53,174	5,496	4,867	2,619	2,055
Texas	26,470	223,144	28,940	16,444	13,658	11,037
Utah	4,550	26,857	3,729	2,608	1,907	1,089
Vermont	462	NA	409	242	NA	95
Virginia	8,342	56,469	8,139	5,676	2,658	2,095
Washington	6,337	43,170	5,290	4,064	2,320	2,244
West Virginia	5,976	23,931	3,402	1,427	1,527	1,131
Wisconsin	16,012	83,209	13,436	10,324	4,769	2,182
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	496,268	3,095,478	430,218	302,746	172,605	142,760

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. Natural Gas Deliveries to Commercial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996
(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995					
	August	July	June	May	April	March
Alabama	1,127	1,162	1,255	1,460	1,947	3,358
Alaska	1,301	1,325	1,489	1,603	2,362	2,896
Arizona	1,822	1,844	2,022	2,260	2,561	2,708
Arkansas	1,042	1,031	1,179	1,363	2,073	3,565
California	18,115	20,313	19,092	24,922	24,046	23,513
Colorado	2,354	2,676	4,122	5,864	6,513	7,881
Connecticut	1,868	1,677	1,914	2,627	3,517	4,963
Delaware	165	178	219	334	516	836
District of Columbia	745	820	885	1,159	1,609	2,090
Florida	2,766	2,985	2,945	3,071	3,445	3,921
Georgia	2,790	2,544	2,633	2,933	3,755	5,881
Hawaii	178	186	188	185	183	185
Idaho	346	361	488	708	952	1,818
Illinois	6,779	6,192	6,314	9,293	15,725	23,342
Indiana	2,335	2,244	2,453	4,055	6,547	9,544
Iowa	1,122	1,278	1,447	2,260	4,077	5,479
Kansas	4,916	2,610	2,173	3,379	4,260	5,763
Kentucky	1,102	1,138	1,063	1,682	2,097	4,464
Louisiana	1,308	1,216	1,542	1,577	1,840	2,748
Maine	71	70	77	128	211	288
Maryland	1,720	1,610	1,992	2,385	3,731	4,463
Massachusetts	3,359	3,406	3,935	5,308	7,699	9,961
Michigan	5,653	5,580	6,310	10,743	17,788	23,151
Minnesota	6,886	2,221	2,627	4,311	7,770	10,595
Mississippi	1,252	953	1,097	1,143	1,376	2,367
Missouri	2,114	2,128	2,383	3,580	4,982	8,169
Montana	373	401	484	866	1,236	1,641
Nebraska	4,744	3,868	1,753	2,374	2,985	4,061
Nevada	975	1,079	1,266	1,557	1,784	1,866
New Hampshire	165	188	227	369	632	864
New Jersey	5,343	5,640	5,642	8,369	12,453	17,705
New Mexico	1,256	1,199	1,600	2,401	2,183	2,452
New York	10,994	11,474	11,697	14,610	20,159	NA
North Carolina	1,575	1,587	1,687	1,884	3,286	4,517
North Dakota	323	340	407	669	1,138	1,461
Ohio	4,378	4,664	4,946	8,072	14,014	21,680
Oklahoma	1,458	1,466	1,711	2,261	2,852	4,988
Oregon	879	959	1,160	1,578	2,063	2,551
Pennsylvania	3,898	3,891	4,392	7,150	11,834	16,637
Rhode Island	563	399	544	872	1,309	1,822
South Carolina	954	949	979	1,043	1,380	2,101
South Dakota	259	307	395	636	1,035	1,298
Tennessee	2,150	4,707	2,070	2,465	3,400	6,179
Texas	18,804	17,413	12,329	17,898	19,469	22,468
Utah	900	862	1,123	1,677	2,432	2,951
Vermont	72	70	89	140	277	352
Virginia	2,439	2,372	2,565	3,363	4,568	6,471
Washington	1,665	1,761	2,193	2,875	3,939	5,042
West Virginia	1,040	985	1,043	1,368	1,970	2,710
Wisconsin	2,155	1,993	2,181	4,254	7,021	9,636
Wyoming	370	447	595	873	992	1,225
Total	140,965	136,771	134,918	187,956	255,997	345,074

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. Natural Gas Deliveries to Commercial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996
(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995		Total	1994		
	February	January		December	November	October
Alabama	3,943	3,666	25,529	2,424	1,651	1,323
Alaska	2,727	2,400	20,698	2,702	1,937	1,508
Arizona	3,185	3,642	29,247	3,494	2,284	1,721
Arkansas	4,289	4,505	27,410	3,136	1,898	1,275
California	25,799	32,030	262,540	25,441	25,088	17,882
Colorado	9,280	9,694	65,938	9,005	5,325	3,140
Connecticut	5,239	5,121	39,084	4,152	2,926	2,135
Delaware	915	811	5,460	554	345	221
District of Columbia	2,585	2,282	14,742	1,658	1,082	785
Florida	4,379	4,294	40,003	3,509	3,094	2,819
Georgia	8,297	8,173	54,053	6,256	4,361	3,315
Hawaii	180	200	2,200	185	189	177
Idaho	1,320	1,755	10,098	1,659	1,099	572
Illinois	30,482	34,278	197,604	24,889	18,162	11,433
Indiana	13,096	13,453	75,878	9,432	6,787	3,823
Iowa	6,848	9,921	47,927	6,492	4,562	2,340
Kansas	7,377	8,350	52,263	7,095	3,819	2,315
Kentucky	6,211	6,464	36,746	4,721	2,945	1,926
Louisiana	3,211	3,215	24,207	2,302	1,635	1,361
Maine	373	350	2,381	309	207	135
Maryland	7,816	6,734	44,161	5,453	3,584	2,532
Massachusetts	11,352	10,421	84,537	8,129	5,534	4,029
Michigan	27,880	26,952	183,082	21,605	14,512	8,797
Minnesota	13,183	14,841	83,962	11,855	7,846	4,584
Mississippi	2,930	3,074	19,241	1,973	1,281	1,050
Missouri	10,879	11,283	66,196	7,632	4,097	2,310
Montana	1,580	2,070	12,987	2,039	1,448	860
Nebraska	4,799	5,286	38,955	4,174	2,606	2,240
Nevada	2,141	2,553	18,730	2,594	1,544	1,148
New Hampshire	999	979	6,412	743	442	305
New Jersey	20,433	19,178	132,013	14,841	8,987	7,384
New Mexico	2,522	4,106	25,025	3,242	2,761	1,917
New York	29,551	28,571	223,309	24,179	16,787	12,402
North Carolina	6,420	6,216	38,948	4,585	2,818	2,116
North Dakota	1,653	1,797	10,791	1,190	1,242	530
Ohio	29,565	28,066	166,847	20,894	12,598	7,333
Oklahoma	5,802	6,180	36,660	4,496	2,216	1,480
Oregon	2,685	3,542	22,977	3,558	2,402	1,214
Pennsylvania	21,129	20,526	138,483	15,765	10,989	8,176
Rhode Island	1,835	1,610	12,050	1,336	1,010	570
South Carolina	2,651	2,628	17,872	1,841	1,361	1,089
South Dakota	1,472	1,598	10,280	1,467	946	531
Tennessee	8,618	8,549	50,766	5,788	3,532	2,583
Texas	21,092	23,590	180,277	16,621	12,935	10,565
Utah	3,329	4,249	26,553	4,291	3,549	1,887
Vermont	406	388	2,669	334	187	144
Virginia	8,114	8,009	52,963	6,371	4,528	3,300
Washington	5,310	6,468	43,137	6,442	4,494	2,602
West Virginia	3,786	3,542	24,979	2,799	1,927	1,428
Wisconsin	12,408	12,849	78,645	11,513	7,184	3,743
Wyoming	1,264	1,670	9,248	1,272	917	551
Total	413,340	432,129	2,896,764	338,439	235,658	159,610

NA = Not Available.

Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Deliveries for total year 1994 may not equal the sum of the twelve months. Gas volumes delivered for use as vehicle fuel are included in the annual total but not in the monthly components. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5 for discussion of computations and revision policy.

Source: Form EIA-857.

Table 16. Natural Gas Deliveries to Industrial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Million Cubic Feet)

State	YTD 1996	YTD 1995	YTD 1994	1996		
				April	March	February
Alabama	69,198	66,543	60,042	17,467	17,510	17,110
Alaska	23,809	22,920	19,058	6,123	6,764	6,115
Arizona	8,208	9,166	7,455	2,027	2,127	1,903
Arkansas	46,850	47,353	47,543	9,395	12,225	12,109
California	204,114	219,326	215,444	52,408	49,323	51,577
Colorado	NA	33,817	28,501	NA	7,196	9,416
Connecticut	10,781	12,220	10,887	2,809	3,036	2,777
Delaware	4,611	5,226	4,586	1,046	1,314	1,082
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	43,731	46,409	40,202	11,548	11,663	10,950
Georgia	57,484	62,825	53,891	16,443	15,898	12,632
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho ^a	NA	11,499	9,970	2,856	3,206	3,062
Illinois	133,494	120,508	122,657	28,023	32,575	33,464
Indiana	NA	109,029	101,124	NA	26,126	25,586
Iowa	41,054	39,341	36,423	9,739	10,450	9,739
Kansas	39,968	44,405	66,843	8,982	9,669	10,589
Kentucky	33,311	34,835	30,406	7,302	8,478	7,906
Louisiana	331,140	349,532	325,604	87,235	83,507	86,417
Maine	628	605	538	134	159	164
Maryland	15,755	16,680	14,719	4,971	3,834	3,294
Massachusetts	32,751	39,756	33,900	8,256	8,627	6,960
Michigan	136,414	126,239	128,697	31,012	35,451	35,465
Minnesota	38,324	37,263	33,016	10,138	10,632	8,347
Mississippi	NA	29,213	33,403	NA	7,296	7,076
Missouri	28,685	25,588	26,914	6,434	7,065	7,224
Montana	6,236	5,977	4,609	1,311	1,497	1,563
Nebraska	11,020	13,580	12,643	2,598	2,881	2,688
Nevada	10,416	9,456	9,533	2,524	2,649	2,545
New Hampshire	1,477	1,539	1,404	400	390	330
New Jersey	67,650	74,356	70,540	17,426	15,569	16,487
New Mexico	7,095	7,143	5,929	1,698	1,562	1,911
New York	NA	120,026	76,824	27,091	NA	23,933
North Carolina	31,881	35,724	30,067	8,670	8,975	6,916
North Dakota	2,397	2,462	2,250	609	630	578
Ohio	132,861	127,964	119,088	28,938	31,348	33,710
Oklahoma	68,754	68,571	70,661	15,078	17,754	16,829
Oregon	25,941	23,081	20,753	5,970	6,376	6,164
Pennsylvania	102,172	91,988	84,181	20,831	22,803	22,032
Rhode Island	9,005	11,388	11,310	2,087	1,833	1,647
South Carolina	27,931	32,753	30,359	8,163	7,564	6,225
South Dakota	3,560	2,375	1,933	550	1,684	698
Tennessee	NA	46,813	44,040	NA	10,061	10,371
Texas	NA	575,446	640,832	173,580	181,980	NA
Utah	14,720	16,387	12,710	3,435	3,636	3,721
Vermont	623	781	702	133	223	148
Virginia	33,530	27,116	27,264	5,952	9,912	9,400
Washington	37,769	39,133	35,426	8,821	9,105	9,791
West Virginia	17,820	17,865	16,930	4,024	4,407	4,128
Wisconsin	61,303	59,419	55,343	13,095	16,120	14,918
Wyoming	NA	16,040	20,999	NA	NA	NA
Total	3,016,913	2,937,686	2,858,155	726,661	757,441	747,041

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. Natural Gas Deliveries to Industrial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1996	1995				
	January	Total	December	November	October	September
Alabama	17,111	201,381	17,354	16,933	16,840	16,275
Alaska	4,807	65,044	5,401	4,835	4,526	4,422
Arizona	2,152	25,333	2,094	2,042	2,036	1,942
Arkansas	13,121	138,799	12,004	12,087	11,997	10,701
California	50,804	687,287	56,206	55,397	59,245	59,615
Colorado	7,087	90,100	8,158	6,619	5,560	6,983
Connecticut	2,159	34,780	3,496	3,165	2,531	2,557
Delaware	1,170	16,411	1,092	1,376	1,427	1,373
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	9,571	132,348	10,661	11,280	10,735	9,920
Georgia	12,511	194,390	15,731	16,669	16,498	14,556
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho ^a	NA	33,491	3,142	2,955	3,122	2,478
Illinois	39,431	322,296	35,637	32,290	25,159	22,054
Indiana	28,214	280,564	27,462	25,210	21,434	19,340
Iowa	11,126	117,560	10,893	10,731	10,646	9,082
Kansas	10,728	130,162	10,351	10,981	8,727	8,258
Kentucky	9,625	92,016	8,799	8,142	7,610	6,508
Louisiana	73,982	1,030,240	80,990	81,937	86,597	84,788
Maine	171	1,993	169	242	199	155
Maryland	3,656	48,924	2,847	4,020	4,676	3,367
Massachusetts	8,908	108,549	9,857	9,073	7,507	7,782
Michigan	34,486	331,542	32,641	28,138	24,996	22,514
Minnesota	9,208	94,128	9,481	8,288	8,579	4,073
Mississippi	6,417	79,790	7,011	7,052	5,157	4,559
Missouri	7,961	64,978	6,068	5,892	5,198	4,617
Montana	1,865	17,848	1,841	1,766	1,652	1,296
Nebraska	2,852	39,932	2,894	3,744	2,810	3,150
Nevada	2,699	29,851	2,631	2,545	2,313	2,571
New Hampshire	357	4,578	346	448	414	348
New Jersey	18,169	206,671	18,748	17,500	16,163	16,555
New Mexico	1,924	18,708	1,766	1,736	841	1,527
New York	21,976	NA	31,657	26,949	NA	24,085
North Carolina	7,319	107,013	8,159	9,267	9,396	9,028
North Dakota	581	NA	629	2,359	NA	413
Ohio	38,866	339,374	35,841	31,069	27,014	24,177
Oklahoma	19,093	197,792	15,470	16,820	16,921	15,416
Oregon	7,431	70,810	6,418	8,705	5,218	5,246
Pennsylvania	36,506	244,794	21,548	23,278	18,539	17,644
Rhode Island	3,438	34,892	3,516	3,744	2,044	3,578
South Carolina	5,979	99,206	6,963	8,287	8,338	8,138
South Dakota	629	7,063	714	743	561	482
Tennessee	12,188	124,890	10,285	10,385	10,350	11,245
Texas	187,313	1,812,437	162,401	155,020	159,097	149,679
Utah	3,928	42,434	3,774	3,386	3,404	3,124
Vermont	119	2,226	262	228	187	118
Virginia	8,266	96,277	9,802	7,038	7,332	8,591
Washington	10,052	NA	9,415	9,635	NA	NA
West Virginia	5,261	51,558	4,522	4,835	4,530	3,986
Wisconsin	17,170	152,927	16,728	14,955	11,814	10,128
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	785,770	8,518,117	759,554	735,299	699,998	661,902

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. Natural Gas Deliveries to Industrial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995					
	August	July	June	May	April	March
Alabama	17,597	16,997	16,513	16,331	15,926	17,381
Alaska	5,876	5,514	6,206	5,344	5,705	6,443
Arizona	1,939	1,824	2,038	2,251	2,320	2,636
Arkansas	11,564	11,027	10,744	11,321	10,834	12,138
California	59,558	60,533	57,885	59,522	60,716	52,610
Colorado	6,386	6,597	8,096	7,884	8,284	8,094
Connecticut	2,509	3,390	2,419	2,493	2,938	3,381
Delaware	1,405	1,258	1,476	1,778	1,538	1,335
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	10,468	10,953	10,364	11,558	11,557	12,000
Georgia	18,606	17,391	15,765	16,348	17,886	15,985
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho ^a	2,299	2,357	2,833	2,807	2,844	2,378
Illinois	21,698	19,881	21,300	23,769	25,564	28,686
Indiana	19,495	18,385	19,058	21,150	23,243	26,226
Iowa	9,283	8,851	9,089	9,644	9,954	10,448
Kansas	15,545	11,303	8,741	11,851	10,620	11,115
Kentucky	6,432	6,030	6,567	7,092	7,576	8,616
Louisiana	86,126	87,291	84,407	88,572	89,454	84,735
Maine	161	136	155	171	182	150
Maryland	4,436	4,232	4,067	4,599	4,360	5,406
Massachusetts	8,566	8,660	9,537	7,810	9,380	10,422
Michigan	23,462	22,444	24,600	26,509	30,789	31,967
Minnesota	3,463	8,025	7,321	7,635	8,454	8,784
Mississippi	6,537	6,526	6,625	7,111	6,514	7,595
Missouri	4,473	4,057	4,291	4,794	5,195	6,302
Montana	1,303	1,278	1,269	1,466	1,538	1,637
Nebraska	3,524	4,055	2,960	3,214	3,283	3,434
Nevada	2,617	2,542	2,486	2,690	2,238	2,264
New Hampshire	351	361	364	408	503	441
New Jersey	16,614	16,571	13,838	16,325	18,433	18,234
New Mexico	1,811	1,416	1,226	1,242	1,429	1,541
New York	24,433	24,853	23,975	24,069	27,675	31,093
North Carolina	9,332	8,327	9,072	8,708	8,507	9,563
North Dakota	431	473	478	530	561	648
Ohio	23,638	22,331	22,476	24,864	27,891	31,444
Oklahoma	17,769	14,739	16,472	15,615	14,824	17,101
Oregon	5,918	5,371	5,236	5,617	5,543	5,875
Pennsylvania	17,806	17,512	17,859	18,620	21,100	23,255
Rhode Island	3,704	2,129	1,753	3,036	3,054	2,753
South Carolina	8,498	7,836	9,437	8,954	8,702	10,075
South Dakota	540	508	563	577	591	546
Tennessee	11,038	6,492	10,179	8,103	12,729	11,194
Texas	138,496	160,689	145,210	166,400	152,773	148,741
Utah	3,003	2,898	3,003	3,456	3,507	3,453
Vermont	154	156	162	177	199	192
Virginia	11,955	8,880	7,735	7,829	7,018	6,267
Washington	9,474	7,695	7,611	7,833	9,432	9,775
West Virginia	4,059	3,688	3,853	4,220	4,126	4,649
Wisconsin	10,859	9,387	9,071	10,565	12,995	14,438
Wyoming	3,828	3,783	3,902	3,863	4,115	3,569
Total	679,040	677,628	660,286	706,724	724,602	737,016

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. Natural Gas Deliveries to Industrial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996
(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995		1994			
	February	January	Total	December	November	October
Alabama	16,227	17,009	181,718	16,864	15,554	15,629
Alaska	4,957	5,815	61,404	5,931	5,677	6,000
Arizona	2,120	2,090	25,869	2,169	2,274	2,250
Arkansas	11,544	12,837	133,921	12,012	11,385	11,381
California	48,562	57,438	656,751	51,275	56,926	53,621
Colorado	8,381	9,057	71,093	7,290	5,870	5,528
Connecticut	2,961	2,941	30,647	2,784	2,787	2,641
Delaware	1,115	1,238	17,216	1,653	1,744	1,853
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	10,943	11,910	126,873	12,415	11,243	11,053
Georgia	13,077	15,877	173,901	15,810	15,334	16,096
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho ^a	2,938	3,339	29,781	3,059	2,869	2,624
Illinois	32,738	33,520	305,092	34,649	24,843	22,827
Indiana	26,032	33,528	270,128	25,585	24,248	22,836
Iowa	9,931	9,008	108,731	9,605	9,690	10,455
Kansas	8,467	14,204	187,979	16,375	20,802	16,577
Kentucky	9,262	9,381	83,081	8,000	7,584	7,204
Louisiana	82,889	92,454	999,034	87,359	83,573	87,887
Maine	137	136	1,771	155	187	169
Maryland	3,534	3,380	47,691	4,481	4,150	4,414
Massachusetts	10,083	9,870	92,798	7,797	8,231	7,596
Michigan	31,332	32,151	327,848	31,853	28,935	26,166
Minnesota	9,090	10,936	94,468	9,744	7,810	8,739
Mississippi	7,160	7,944	96,863	8,852	7,947	7,973
Missouri	6,699	7,392	71,602	8,590	7,561	6,126
Montana	1,259	1,543	13,940	1,548	1,339	1,355
Nebraska	3,231	3,632	36,960	3,862	3,447	2,712
Nevada	2,256	2,698	28,867	2,517	2,413	2,500
New Hampshire	281	314	4,471	328	448	435
New Jersey	18,601	19,089	190,845	18,139	14,970	14,770
New Mexico	1,399	2,775	18,741	1,587	1,810	1,861
New York	30,980	30,278	214,438	22,448	19,427	17,838
North Carolina	8,345	9,308	94,838	8,540	8,743	8,835
North Dakota	625	629	5,846	557	508	478
Ohio	34,194	34,435	311,123	30,825	27,690	25,328
Oklahoma	15,503	21,142	195,909	17,033	15,980	16,310
Oregon	5,550	6,113	62,569	5,641	5,858	5,573
Pennsylvania	23,168	24,464	236,417	22,718	20,900	20,137
Rhode Island	2,613	2,968	40,921	3,605	3,483	4,280
South Carolina	6,975	7,001	97,500	8,512	8,823	9,020
South Dakota	639	598	5,508	614	641	493
Tennessee	11,113	11,777	118,889	11,436	10,507	9,129
Texas	132,192	141,740	1,829,478	145,151	142,888	139,628
Utah	3,966	5,460	36,618	4,545	3,357	3,224
Vermont	181	210	2,023	201	171	175
Virginia	6,210	7,621	85,764	6,678	6,334	6,871
Washington	9,280	10,646	107,603	10,799	9,826	9,427
West Virginia	4,370	4,720	46,774	4,369	3,931	3,656
Wisconsin	15,506	16,481	135,106	11,026	12,289	10,811
Wyoming	3,910	4,446	60,566	5,754	5,215	7,304
Total	702,525	773,543	8,177,975	732,737	698,224	679,794

^a Small volumes of natural gas representing onsystem sales to industrial consumers in Idaho are included in the annual total but not in monthly components. Deliveries for total year 1994 do not equal the sum of the twelve months.

^{NA} = Not Available.

Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5 for discussion of computations and revision policy.

Source: Form EIA-857.

**Table 17. Natural Gas Deliveries to Electric Utility^a Consumers,
by State, 1994-1996**
(Million Cubic Feet)

State	YTD 1996	YTD 1995	YTD 1994	1996		
				April	March	February
Alabama	462	1,057	764	112	134	125
Alaska	10,609	9,988	9,506	2,434	2,763	2,573
Arizona	3,053	3,879	3,549	828	649	550
Arkansas	5,535	4,523	1,979	3,663	1,181	433
California	70,796	120,513	174,982	18,202	13,728	15,742
Colorado	1,060	1,240	1,556	246	317	305
Connecticut	379	6,484	72	298	28	27
Delaware	6,629	8,047	3,402	1,291	1,742	939
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	67,766	82,123	44,232	21,801	15,876	13,992
Georgia	188	473	233	61	98	15
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illinois	4,676	9,881	10,713	2,103	856	421
Indiana	1,191	1,628	2,664	248	233	337
Iowa	901	564	493	289	274	162
Kansas	3,723	4,964	4,239	728	726	701
Kentucky	500	238	119	139	119	56
Louisiana	57,645	80,195	59,317	13,556	15,080	14,146
Maine	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maryland	523	2,835	1,068	220	126	69
Massachusetts	5,980	12,333	3,332	2,108	1,485	1,435
Michigan	9,306	9,017	5,807	2,011	2,100	2,214
Minnesota	1,122	1,870	897	342	351	200
Mississippi	14,751	28,950	11,047	4,734	3,311	2,838
Missouri	575	2,109	433	184	111	134
Montana	107	28	123	4	37	23
Nebraska	544	492	900	202	139	80
Nevada	10,812	9,758	5,689	2,737	2,474	2,488
New Hampshire	1	18	0	0	0	0
New Jersey	4,591	8,708	4,508	647	483	1,291
New Mexico	7,125	10,610	9,561	1,997	2,383	861
New York	18,205	62,367	20,931	5,595	5,703	3,392
North Carolina	50	254	387	3	3	9
North Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ohio	381	788	866	46	58	90
Oklahoma	30,349	38,549	33,106	7,340	7,490	6,910
Oregon	0	6,808	8,515	0	0	0
Pennsylvania	951	5,592	1,973	262	225	120
Rhode Island	7,292	0	347	1,700	2,395	1,523
South Carolina	28	712	106	9	9	5
South Dakota	20	28	22	3	6	10
Tennessee	29	0	660	0	29	0
Texas	278,106	290,092	273,990	72,922	72,619	61,382
Utah	553	3,519	1,842	128	137	151
Vermont	3	58	21	2	0	0
Virginia	1,812	6,990	3,706	107	201	505
Washington	149	1,209	129	0	57	26
West Virginia	78	156	80	16	13	16
Wisconsin	1,289	1,252	1,093	229	353	271
Wyoming	12	42	34	0	0	5
Total	629,844	840,900	708,997	169,547	156,102	136,567

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 17. Natural Gas Deliveries to Electric Utility^a Consumers,
by State, 1994-1996**
(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1996	1995				
	January	Total	December	November	October	September
Alabama	92	7,377	107	226	260	418
Alaska	2,839	29,809	2,528	2,436	2,350	2,536
Arizona	1,025	18,846	510	502	375	2,738
Arkansas	258	32,750	813	622	2,059	4,391
California	23,123	394,698	23,944	30,266	34,916	50,120
Colorado	193	3,798	259	230	341	377
Connecticut	26	19,310	44	928	1,000	1,077
Delaware	2,657	27,010	1,964	2,478	2,356	2,341
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	16,097	318,854	17,056	25,857	30,486	33,168
Georgia	13	7,834	17	63	184	235
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illinois	1,296	39,143	2,782	3,216	1,456	1,228
Indiana	373	8,349	671	623	246	166
Iowa	176	3,614	145	129	215	278
Kansas	1,568	27,945	1,090	1,050	629	2,281
Kentucky	186	866	170	124	30	23
Louisiana	14,863	322,923	16,716	21,614	26,302	31,977
Maine	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maryland	109	18,833	140	435	632	2,163
Massachusetts	952	64,623	1,732	3,431	5,658	7,340
Michigan	2,981	35,784	3,540	3,217	2,521	2,961
Minnesota	229	8,292	255	456	562	719
Mississippi	3,868	111,229	6,426	5,181	6,374	10,892
Missouri	146	12,830	234	500	416	808
Montana	43	388	27	32	16	26
Nebraska	123	3,059	265	269	246	198
Nevada	3,113	40,134	2,686	2,463	3,138	4,522
New Hampshire	0	2,248	0	9	2	122
New Jersey	2,171	45,897	2,199	2,576	2,133	3,362
New Mexico	1,883	31,924	1,842	2,025	1,917	2,286
New York	3,514	246,265	8,774	16,690	19,517	22,888
North Carolina	35	3,146	66	114	194	123
North Dakota	0	1	0	0	0	0
Ohio	187	7,459	315	402	179	555
Oklahoma	8,610	154,114	9,251	7,826	8,438	13,154
Oregon	0	19,136	455	1,700	2,940	2,940
Pennsylvania	344	24,697	267	380	1,527	2,953
Rhode Island	1,674	5,002	2,061	1,571	426	545
South Carolina	4	6,615	12	10	1,064	1,441
South Dakota	1	931	26	35	32	26
Tennessee	0	2,055	0	0	0	49
Texas	71,184	1,047,274	61,416	55,785	75,055	97,312
Utah	138	8,707	188	452	865	1,245
Vermont	1	138	48	13	3	2
Virginia	998	16,414	761	1,209	1,191	1,223
Washington	65	6,356	12	268	1,134	2,554
West Virginia	33	410	23	40	45	18
Wisconsin	436	9,289	610	465	243	304
Wyoming	7	128	8	11	8	10
Total	167,628	3,196,379	172,449	197,916	239,672	316,086

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 17. Natural Gas Deliveries to Electric Utility^a Consumers,
by State, 1994-1996**
(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995					
	August	July	June	May	April	March
Alabama	2,562	1,830	623	293	209	321
Alaska	2,706	2,333	2,319	2,615	2,335	2,580
Arizona	5,286	3,821	1,027	707	1,002	969
Arkansas	7,508	5,596	4,070	3,167	2,243	1,738
California	58,660	39,441	18,651	18,187	25,880	30,550
Colorado	358	326	447	220	282	419
Connecticut	2,352	2,810	2,202	2,414	1,645	1,969
Delaware	3,165	3,692	1,730	1,236	2,145	2,358
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	32,954	32,565	33,287	31,358	29,875	26,012
Georgia	3,049	2,478	706	629	231	82
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illinois	8,989	5,877	4,308	1,406	1,759	4,034
Indiana	2,386	1,581	616	432	167	362
Iowa	1,196	609	355	123	246	126
Kansas	8,016	6,111	2,590	1,212	1,307	1,209
Kentucky	87	66	33	95	26	54
Louisiana	41,725	40,415	35,649	28,330	22,135	21,518
Maine	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maryland	5,936	4,585	1,568	538	535	448
Massachusetts	9,537	9,270	8,232	7,090	6,731	3,824
Michigan	5,909	3,120	3,035	2,465	2,752	2,895
Minnesota	1,700	1,070	931	729	464	356
Mississippi	16,129	14,618	12,311	10,347	6,102	7,581
Missouri	3,949	2,974	1,150	689	749	803
Montana	141	60	47	14	3	9
Nebraska	782	483	211	113	134	205
Nevada	5,977	5,316	3,222	3,051	1,928	2,922
New Hampshire	547	627	528	395	0	0
New Jersey	10,598	10,649	3,563	2,112	1,194	3,007
New Mexico	3,692	3,727	2,839	2,986	3,044	2,450
New York	35,249	34,476	25,784	20,520	16,880	18,594
North Carolina	1,509	532	158	195	168	74
North Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ohio	2,794	1,745	504	178	251	225
Oklahoma	25,658	22,707	15,774	12,758	12,326	10,292
Oregon	2,932	1,132	0	230	842	1,582
Pennsylvania	5,002	4,538	3,276	1,161	1,122	1,579
Rhode Island	284	108	7	0	0	0
South Carolina	1,897	825	471	185	7	695
South Dakota	449	230	98	7	6	1
Tennessee	1,251	682	73	0	0	0
Texas	137,556	129,947	103,034	97,077	79,847	90,229
Utah	1,270	146	175	848	900	904
Vermont	2	5	4	3	2	19
Virginia	2,171	1,408	213	1,248	1,093	1,639
Washington	1,062	88	21	8	8	108
West Virginia	29	23	36	39	80	20
Wisconsin	3,004	2,084	1,123	204	228	336
Wyoming	8	32	4	7	7	14
Total	468,014	406,726	297,003	257,614	228,881	245,097

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 17. Natural Gas Deliveries to Electric Utility^a Consumers,
by State, 1994-1996**

(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995		1994			
	February	January	Total	December	November	October
Alabama	244	284	3,834	326	266	484
Alaska	2,170	2,903	29,048	2,930	2,849	2,730
Arizona	783	1,126	23,716	933	1,176	1,321
Arkansas	239	303	24,977	311	672	2,197
California	26,826	37,257	601,290	49,192	49,380	55,942
Colorado	209	330	4,881	357	631	146
Connecticut	1,353	1,516	8,002	940	1,278	1,614
Delaware	1,782	1,761	17,399	1,696	1,721	2,126
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	12,634	13,603	180,697	14,569	16,187	14,811
Georgia	82	79	1,028	87	54	9
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illinois	2,472	1,615	34,505	3,014	1,733	4,570
Indiana	547	552	9,009	606	395	550
Iowa	78	114	2,696	208	152	127
Kansas	1,214	1,234	27,279	1,137	1,188	2,390
Kentucky	79	78	350	25	26	21
Louisiana	16,135	20,408	277,116	17,953	20,325	21,008
Maine	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maryland	1,191	661	12,718	577	461	527
Massachusetts	871	906	38,567	414	5,750	5,506
Michigan	1,736	1,635	18,218	1,705	1,743	1,958
Minnesota	577	473	5,826	487	432	674
Mississippi	7,331	7,935	82,541	7,988	8,680	10,069
Missouri	390	167	4,351	195	120	595
Montana	4	11	632	48	72	19
Nebraska	68	85	3,061	139	152	159
Nevada	3,000	1,907	32,246	1,279	1,259	2,896
New Hampshire	0	17	1,277	1	89	135
New Jersey	2,224	2,282	42,625	2,232	2,472	2,028
New Mexico	2,660	2,455	32,214	2,466	2,477	2,688
New York	12,171	14,721	182,521	16,100	17,535	18,695
North Carolina	13	0	871	4	0	0
North Dakota	0	0	3	0	0	0
Ohio	246	66	2,818	58	69	87
Oklahoma	6,975	8,956	153,109	10,380	11,315	11,858
Oregon	1,536	2,847	26,132	3,149	2,947	3,031
Pennsylvania	1,535	1,356	12,716	900	2,003	2,059
Rhode Island	0	0	546	0	0	0
South Carolina	3	7	3,005	665	632	1,074
South Dakota	19	3	159	3	9	44
Tennessee	0	0	1,019	0	0	49
Texas	55,302	64,715	1,049,205	61,644	72,208	86,324
Utah	771	944	8,900	947	916	1,121
Vermont	13	24	166	1	6	3
Virginia	2,128	2,131	19,219	1,862	1,621	1,757
Washington	228	865	2,461	1	2	292
West Virginia	23	34	243	19	14	30
Wisconsin	404	285	3,821	330	218	217
Wyoming	6	15	129	8	7	15
Total	168,268	198,654	2,987,146	207,886	231,242	263,958

^a Includes all steam electric utility generating plants with a combined capacity of 50 megawatts or greater.

Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5 for discussion of computations and revision policy.

Source: Form EIA-759.

Table 18. Natural Gas Deliveries to All Consumers, by State, 1994-1996
(Million Cubic Feet)

State	YTD 1996	YTD 1995	YTD 1994	1996		
				April	March	February
Alabama	122,560	109,687	107,647	26,857	29,525	33,394
Alaska	53,782	50,749	44,468	12,065	14,222	14,699
Arizona	38,927	40,476	40,257	7,571	9,185	9,865
Arkansas	98,673	90,062	91,137	20,876	23,457	26,518
California	567,828	671,598	715,980	123,629	136,946	148,586
Colorado	NA	122,066	119,330	NA	32,077	38,750
Connecticut	56,946	60,115	57,665	11,035	14,152	15,423
Delaware	21,427	21,382	17,149	4,160	5,467	5,148
District of Columbia	18,127	17,491	17,412	3,623	3,939	5,070
Florida	137,679	152,070	107,687	38,941	33,779	31,804
Georgia	161,830	145,578	138,665	31,837	41,789	40,573
Hawaii	960	955	953	238	234	241
Idaho	26,381	24,255	21,120	5,167	6,417	7,357
Illinois	542,082	495,991	521,394	90,660	131,306	147,547
Indiana	NA	241,410	245,893	NA	63,398	68,722
Iowa	132,414	110,043	110,630	23,316	32,685	35,463
Kansas	130,573	115,930	137,767	22,499	31,197	35,535
Kentucky	94,851	89,002	89,879	16,430	24,512	24,250
Louisiana	437,336	469,230	429,003	108,397	109,440	114,645
Maine	2,512	2,289	2,334	423	652	693
Maryland	90,203	83,422	84,939	16,389	21,636	24,437
Massachusetts	150,571	150,675	156,470	30,931	37,845	39,570
Michigan	484,784	431,777	462,173	92,774	122,725	131,357
Minnesota	175,776	153,360	154,198	31,835	42,599	49,887
Mississippi	NA	83,014	71,546	NA	16,998	19,124
Missouri	198,514	134,265	149,503	33,786	45,801	57,233
Montana	25,412	22,215	20,498	4,732	5,934	7,380
Nebraska	NA	56,178	58,436	NA	23,289	27,775
Nevada	41,707	38,933	34,208	8,917	10,249	10,564
New Hampshire	9,398	8,674	9,275	1,752	2,350	2,595
New Jersey	NA	263,519	283,530	NA	65,392	76,136
New Mexico	45,259	42,995	41,067	8,960	9,838	11,052
New York	NA	497,653	444,934	NA	112,443	121,666
North Carolina	94,282	85,883	82,174	18,980	21,737	25,785
North Dakota	15,941	14,716	14,895	3,212	3,768	4,598
Ohio	445,632	414,683	428,430	80,359	112,329	117,448
Oklahoma	170,781	166,302	167,593	34,237	40,672	45,755
Oregon	55,698	55,825	54,983	10,848	13,314	15,651
Pennsylvania	348,740	310,812	330,488	60,416	83,563	91,191
Rhode Island	33,765	27,641	28,991	6,613	8,498	8,208
South Carolina	56,838	57,459	54,383	12,986	13,425	14,833
South Dakota	17,438	14,508	14,596	2,979	5,043	4,615
Tennessee	NA	108,629	110,636	NA	27,029	33,179
Texas	1,216,224	1,058,757	1,113,252	285,510	308,670	291,871
Utah	57,123	56,388	49,990	10,583	12,321	17,048
Vermont	3,710	3,585	3,828	685	962	1,015
Virginia	110,494	99,012	98,260	17,760	28,722	31,643
Washington	92,952	89,114	81,896	18,424	22,265	26,821
West Virginia	56,793	49,855	52,780	10,433	13,358	14,757
Wisconsin	193,298	173,381	176,314	33,610	49,087	51,627
Wyoming	NA	27,673	31,869	NA	NA	NA
Total	8,285,907	7,811,282	7,882,508	1,673,676	2,032,915	2,186,945

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. Natural Gas Deliveries to All Consumers, by State, 1994-1996
(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1996	1995				
	January	Total	December	November	October	September
Alabama	32,783	285,297	28,743	23,408	20,012	19,147
Alaska	12,796	135,036	13,413	11,143	9,588	8,911
Arizona	12,306	99,299	8,569	6,166	5,151	7,211
Arkansas	27,822	241,793	24,481	18,628	16,588	17,240
California	158,667	1,839,782	163,197	146,451	138,268	151,361
Colorado	36,425	266,014	28,122	21,507	15,565	12,222
Connecticut	16,336	131,391	14,202	10,318	6,510	5,890
Delaware	6,652	57,322	5,097	4,789	4,213	4,087
District of Columbia	5,495	32,751	4,777	2,364	1,247	1,167
Florida	33,155	506,548	33,445	41,349	44,756	46,661
Georgia	47,631	373,571	44,802	37,285	26,179	20,594
Hawaii	247	2,772	223	221	223	224
Idaho	7,440	57,523	6,191	5,316	4,340	3,174
Illinois	172,569	1,068,508	150,712	122,403	65,302	44,177
Indiana	77,856	532,031	67,874	53,188	32,729	25,719
Iowa	40,949	258,226	35,389	26,445	18,258	13,144
Kansas	41,343	300,149	36,012	23,195	14,904	22,128
Kentucky	29,659	198,168	27,692	22,321	12,699	9,135
Louisiana	104,854	1,429,003	107,644	109,716	116,358	119,888
Maine	743	5,340	709	600	376	272
Maryland	27,741	190,948	23,435	16,869	10,150	9,686
Massachusetts	42,225	361,230	39,447	29,186	21,144	21,317
Michigan	137,928	928,194	125,325	89,510	54,270	41,237
Minnesota	51,456	330,017	45,740	33,529	21,560	14,537
Mississippi	19,940	237,368	20,299	16,273	12,956	16,609
Missouri	61,695	303,670	70,488	23,488	12,664	10,431
Montana	7,365	50,996	6,374	5,422	3,879	2,484
Nebraska	28,522	154,198	23,892	18,971	10,925	9,817
Nevada	11,978	109,347	9,538	7,797	7,414	8,775
New Hampshire	2,701	19,848	2,326	1,626	955	842
New Jersey	84,074	592,988	75,834	50,617	32,259	30,785
New Mexico	15,409	105,270	11,489	9,213	5,590	5,988
New York	130,765	1,181,739	127,858	101,044	70,686	67,168
North Carolina	27,780	199,699	22,478	17,334	12,858	11,795
North Dakota	4,362	32,435	4,029	6,016	1,521	996
Ohio	135,496	875,161	121,643	90,706	52,297	36,689
Oklahoma	50,118	457,708	39,492	32,347	29,588	32,013
Oregon	15,885	141,269	13,661	15,053	11,271	9,853
Pennsylvania	113,570	672,702	87,946	70,726	37,810	30,242
Rhode Island	10,446	69,708	9,621	7,784	3,683	4,867
South Carolina	15,593	149,815	13,782	12,227	11,100	11,093
South Dakota	4,801	31,002	3,982	3,199	1,929	1,164
Tennessee	36,055	240,223	24,973	22,472	14,775	14,432
Texas	330,173	3,288,979	284,462	245,960	256,769	265,219
Utah	17,171	126,973	14,904	11,131	10,034	7,427
Vermont	1,049	7,323	1,072	660	397	270
Virginia	32,370	237,904	31,396	20,987	13,494	13,376
Washington	25,442	212,340	22,335	19,646	15,998	15,332
West Virginia	18,245	110,682	13,673	9,844	7,509	5,862
Wisconsin	58,974	381,417	53,734	42,380	23,819	16,547
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	2,392,371	19,698,583	2,155,867	1,726,922	1,328,895	1,254,424

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. Natural Gas Deliveries to All Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995					
	August	July	June	May	April	March
Alabama	22,601	21,407	19,975	20,317	21,819	28,740
Alaska	10,331	9,705	10,693	10,504	11,976	13,831
Arizona	9,903	8,456	6,331	7,036	8,304	9,150
Arkansas	21,067	18,677	17,268	17,781	18,199	23,277
California	157,295	145,911	124,562	141,140	154,392	159,149
Colorado	11,625	12,982	18,785	23,142	24,993	29,302
Connecticut	7,606	8,915	7,918	9,918	12,224	16,093
Delaware	4,908	5,321	3,684	3,840	5,048	5,920
District of Columbia	1,124	1,251	1,357	1,973	2,909	4,331
Florida	46,839	47,231	47,355	46,841	46,008	43,555
Georgia	27,468	25,437	22,331	23,898	27,938	32,590
Hawaii	221	234	238	234	232	237
Idaho	2,900	3,056	3,860	4,430	5,070	5,699
Illinois	47,446	43,688	44,013	54,777	85,625	111,124
Indiana	27,032	25,284	25,816	32,978	42,964	55,584
Iowa	13,069	12,354	12,454	17,070	22,922	25,359
Kansas	30,188	21,856	15,585	20,352	21,908	27,782
Kentucky	8,755	8,457	8,806	11,302	13,399	20,635
Louisiana	130,831	130,659	123,792	120,884	117,117	115,564
Maine	256	231	260	347	474	550
Maryland	13,973	12,372	9,855	11,185	14,723	19,799
Massachusetts	23,813	23,970	25,297	26,381	34,754	39,216
Michigan	42,011	38,970	44,247	60,847	86,826	106,749
Minnesota	14,437	13,892	14,273	18,689	28,046	35,279
Mississippi	24,666	22,912	20,897	19,741	15,706	21,223
Missouri	12,929	12,028	11,484	15,892	20,327	31,314
Montana	2,252	2,261	2,502	3,607	4,569	5,722
Nebraska	9,933	9,415	6,472	8,594	10,579	13,577
Nevada	10,224	9,738	8,062	8,866	8,107	9,241
New Hampshire	1,198	1,335	1,344	1,548	1,824	2,222
New Jersey	37,091	37,800	28,667	36,416	49,894	65,396
New Mexico	7,581	7,083	7,007	8,325	8,890	9,084
New York	78,416	80,935	75,371	82,608	103,047	130,828
North Carolina	13,221	11,428	12,019	12,682	15,631	21,119
North Dakota	936	1,046	1,273	1,902	2,884	3,621
Ohio	37,078	35,805	36,461	49,800	72,866	96,806
Oklahoma	46,415	40,718	36,225	34,608	35,219	42,456
Oregon	10,382	8,270	7,480	9,474	11,232	13,542
Pennsylvania	31,718	31,511	32,187	39,749	57,649	75,947
Rhode Island	4,985	3,070	2,992	5,064	6,139	7,126
South Carolina	11,747	10,082	11,397	10,926	11,673	16,474
South Dakota	1,451	1,313	1,460	1,993	2,875	3,450
Tennessee	15,517	13,090	13,714	12,622	19,487	25,394
Texas	301,369	315,414	268,310	292,720	267,068	287,269
Utah	6,594	5,292	6,258	8,946	11,175	12,716
Vermont	271	279	333	456	744	896
Virginia	18,096	14,148	12,133	15,261	17,540	23,234
Washington	13,453	10,905	11,752	13,806	18,448	21,808
West Virginia	5,678	5,261	5,623	7,378	9,304	11,907
Wisconsin	18,713	16,161	15,861	20,821	32,416	40,189
Wyoming	4,560	4,690	5,211	5,790	6,364	6,321
Total	1,402,173	1,352,308	1,251,249	1,415,464	1,629,529	1,928,397

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. Natural Gas Deliveries to All Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Million Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995		1994			
	February	January	Total	December	November	October
Alabama	29,728	29,400	260,830	24,648	20,073	18,931
Alaska	11,776	13,166	126,045	13,758	11,960	11,280
Arizona	10,649	12,373	108,517	11,465	7,758	6,345
Arkansas	23,149	25,437	227,835	20,602	16,678	16,276
California	151,811	206,246	2,041,539	202,754	187,864	153,406
Colorado	32,379	35,392	241,416	31,223	20,213	12,826
Connecticut	16,080	15,719	119,334	12,435	9,497	8,068
Delaware	5,271	5,143	48,632	4,772	4,268	4,460
District of Columbia	5,464	4,787	30,607	3,404	2,010	1,332
Florida	30,439	32,068	361,428	31,740	31,353	29,394
Georgia	40,440	44,609	334,418	38,032	29,202	24,810
Hawaii	232	253	2,778	235	236	221
Idaho	6,017	7,469	52,164	6,958	5,424	3,780
Illinois	140,512	158,729	1,010,989	127,594	87,176	62,952
Indiana	66,871	75,990	512,482	55,676	43,619	34,486
Iowa	28,651	33,112	237,614	27,800	21,098	15,784
Kansas	28,219	38,020	341,677	35,470	32,252	25,109
Kentucky	26,541	28,427	182,710	21,921	15,765	11,971
Louisiana	110,993	125,556	1,353,337	113,561	108,518	112,410
Maine	649	616	5,045	581	472	354
Maryland	25,770	23,131	181,259	19,825	13,620	10,829
Massachusetts	39,647	37,058	335,544	29,951	27,525	22,295
Michigan	119,927	118,275	893,735	99,881	72,534	53,641
Minnesota	42,693	47,342	306,505	39,415	26,471	19,428
Mississippi	22,263	23,822	225,730	21,911	19,450	20,013
Missouri	40,417	42,207	264,715	31,144	19,117	12,446
Montana	5,235	6,689	46,274	6,621	4,974	3,419
Nebraska	15,076	16,946	123,373	14,251	9,374	6,634
Nevada	10,500	11,085	101,105	10,245	6,967	7,373
New Hampshire	2,304	2,324	18,732	1,834	1,398	1,151
New Jersey	76,069	72,159	582,356	61,624	41,105	34,085
New Mexico	10,463	14,558	106,849	12,379	11,071	8,639
New York	133,480	130,297	1,005,676	106,353	80,891	65,951
North Carolina	24,478	24,656	182,107	19,158	15,216	12,518
North Dakota	3,982	4,229	27,301	3,194	2,557	1,393
Ohio	122,628	122,384	824,119	95,237	66,385	49,521
Oklahoma	39,608	49,018	454,889	41,320	33,804	31,812
Oregon	13,430	17,622	140,526	17,468	14,454	10,964
Pennsylvania	90,188	87,028	656,021	71,392	52,796	43,049
Rhode Island	7,259	7,117	70,901	6,818	5,553	5,586
South Carolina	14,757	14,555	141,863	14,108	12,407	11,917
South Dakota	3,978	4,205	28,002	3,878	2,694	1,572
Tennessee	31,679	32,068	228,007	24,704	17,609	13,428
Texas	237,775	266,645	3,272,393	250,712	243,791	245,761
Utah	14,074	18,422	120,993	17,842	14,790	10,077
Vermont	971	974	7,297	814	497	416
Virginia	29,009	29,229	223,122	23,517	17,151	14,809
Washington	21,853	27,005	206,346	26,377	20,493	14,879
West Virginia	14,654	13,990	107,197	11,536	8,335	6,625
Wisconsin	49,001	51,775	345,748	40,374	30,770	20,957
Wyoming	6,737	8,251	81,507	8,725	7,349	8,532
Total	2,035,777	2,217,579	18,909,587	1,917,237	1,556,584	1,323,914

NA = Not Available.

Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Gas volumes delivered for use as vehicle fuel are included in the annual total for commercial deliveries but not in the monthly components. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5 for discussion of computations and revision policy.

Source: Form EIA-857 and Form EIA-759.

Table 19. Average City Gate Price, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

State	YTD 1996	YTD 1995	YTD 1994	1996				1995
				April	March	February	January	Total
Alabama	3.22	2.60	3.35	3.27	3.15	3.35	3.12	2.89
Alaska	1.58	1.70	1.65	1.58	1.60	1.60	1.56	1.67
Arizona	2.12	2.09	2.77	2.05	1.97	2.36	2.08	2.10
Arkansas	2.52	2.36	2.73	2.50	2.57	2.52	2.51	2.31
California	2.29	1.98	2.88	2.22	2.42	2.25	2.29	2.03
Colorado	NA	2.70	3.42	NA	2.16	2.18	2.08	NA
Connecticut	5.22	4.68	3.52	5.22	4.66	5.37	5.55	4.78
Delaware	3.51	2.65	3.23	3.75	3.80	3.36	3.29	2.70
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	3.80	2.58	3.18	3.98	3.83	3.60	3.84	2.72
Georgia	3.57	2.93	3.51	3.51	3.86	3.36	3.70	2.96
Hawaii	5.59	4.98	4.46	5.74	5.53	5.49	5.60	5.20
Idaho	2.07	2.18	2.46	2.21	2.12	2.08	1.98	2.18
Illinois	3.21	2.37	3.27	2.93	3.49	3.75	2.66	2.59
Indiana	NA	2.67	3.11	NA	3.27	3.32	3.11	2.84
Iowa	3.03	2.66	3.18	3.13	2.82	3.37	2.90	2.82
Kansas	2.83	2.15	2.82	3.45	2.72	2.74	2.73	2.38
Kentucky	3.13	2.84	3.33	3.50	2.92	3.06	3.19	2.79
Louisiana	3.32	2.14	2.85	3.06	3.27	3.24	3.58	2.21
Maine	4.20	3.14	3.79	5.34	4.01	3.89	3.95	3.35
Maryland	3.65	2.62	3.32	4.01	3.70	3.23	3.82	2.87
Massachusetts	3.43	3.02	3.83	3.97	3.32	3.17	3.48	3.52
Michigan	3.01	2.74	2.82	2.80	3.11	2.91	3.14	2.60
Minnesota	2.81	2.38	2.81	2.75	2.81	2.61	2.91	2.51
Mississippi	3.34	2.33	2.98	3.75	3.37	3.07	3.49	2.53
Missouri	2.68	2.43	2.99	3.21	2.61	2.71	2.52	2.74
Montana	2.83	3.26	3.57	3.18	2.52	2.98	2.83	3.01
Nebraska	2.67	2.31	2.91	3.04	2.71	2.45	2.67	2.49
Nevada	2.71	2.76	3.36	3.32	2.64	2.75	2.51	2.77
New Hampshire	4.07	3.28	3.85	4.09	4.06	3.99	4.14	NA
New Jersey	3.61	3.14	3.50	3.75	3.15	3.49	4.09	3.36
New Mexico	1.48	1.51	2.23	1.18	1.40	1.69	1.53	1.46
New York	3.28	2.41	3.20	3.40	3.03	3.19	3.48	2.47
North Carolina	3.68	2.84	3.44	3.92	3.60	3.66	3.62	2.96
North Dakota	2.73	2.78	3.23	2.62	2.45	2.82	2.94	NA
Ohio	3.95	3.93	3.52	4.06	3.90	4.08	3.82	3.84
Oklahoma	2.54	2.72	2.67	2.53	2.58	2.60	2.46	2.53
Oregon	2.17	2.43	2.73	2.27	2.19	1.96	3.25	2.44
Pennsylvania	3.56	3.03	3.44	4.69	3.62	3.29	3.27	3.09
Rhode Island	3.80	2.91	3.83	3.53	3.85	3.92	3.84	3.56
South Carolina	3.95	3.10	3.70	3.96	3.94	3.85	4.02	3.26
South Dakota	2.79	2.78	3.26	2.63	2.84	2.98	2.69	2.91
Tennessee	NA	2.49	2.58	NA	3.56	3.15	3.36	2.75
Texas	3.20	3.13	3.20	3.22	3.08	3.16	3.31	3.00
Utah	2.19	3.36	3.03	1.98	2.34	2.10	2.27	2.88
Vermont	2.90	2.45	3.00	3.10	2.83	2.82	2.93	2.61
Virginia	3.59	2.88	3.48	3.38	3.61	3.36	3.89	2.92
Washington	2.06	2.39	2.42	2.23	1.99	2.12	1.98	2.18
West Virginia	3.32	2.73	3.39	3.26	3.24	3.48	3.16	2.85
Wisconsin	2.94	2.65	3.20	3.48	2.88	2.78	2.87	2.83
Wyoming	NA	2.79	3.21	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	3.16	2.74	3.18	3.25	3.16	3.17	3.11	2.78

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. Average City Gate Price, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995							
	December	November	October	September	August	July	June	May
Alabama	2.83	2.84	3.52	3.50	3.20	3.83	3.58	3.34
Alaska	1.67	1.66	1.63	1.62	1.57	1.63	1.60	1.70
Arizona	1.86	2.19	2.24	2.44	2.36	2.20	2.17	2.00
Arkansas	2.45	2.28	2.19	2.01	1.91	2.33	2.25	2.36
California	1.90	2.15	2.15	2.06	2.26	2.19	1.85	2.03
Colorado	2.60	2.56	2.41	NA	NA	NA	2.96	2.41
Connecticut	5.45	4.13	4.27	4.80	5.30	5.54	5.11	5.28
Delaware	3.01	2.89	2.81	2.85	2.48	1.73	3.38	3.20
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	3.32	3.05	2.75	2.75	2.47	2.50	2.75	2.53
Georgia	2.95	2.82	3.02	3.48	2.78	2.82	3.15	3.16
Hawaii	4.65	5.43	5.90	5.78	4.25	6.12	5.98	4.38
Idaho	1.98	2.14	1.83	2.79	2.72	2.89	2.43	2.28
Illinois	2.53	2.32	2.94	3.58	3.02	3.45	3.14	3.16
Indiana	2.82	2.67	2.96	3.57	3.18	3.26	3.63	3.11
Iowa	2.73	2.63	2.84	3.41	3.48	3.55	3.39	3.10
Kansas	2.52	2.51	2.85	2.80	2.52	2.19	3.09	2.25
Kentucky	2.84	2.45	2.61	2.51	2.80	2.92	3.18	3.32
Louisiana	2.78	2.44	2.23	2.05	1.90	2.00	2.04	2.10
Maine	3.08	3.03	2.72	3.54	5.13	5.99	5.81	2.72
Maryland	2.68	2.71	3.44	3.95	3.25	3.34	3.88	3.51
Massachusetts	3.35	3.13	4.11	4.76	4.57	4.64	4.58	4.71
Michigan	2.81	2.56	2.54	2.59	2.50	2.41	2.43	2.49
Minnesota	2.65	2.50	2.43	2.63	2.84	2.79	2.91	2.56
Mississippi	3.23	2.71	2.77	2.43	2.21	2.34	2.50	2.46
Missouri	2.53	2.54	3.18	3.85	3.97	4.06	3.99	3.08
Montana	2.72	2.65	2.68	3.01	2.06	2.92	3.38	2.99
Nebraska	2.34	2.43	2.80	2.97	3.11	3.42	2.69	2.68
Nevada	2.48	2.62	2.64	3.23	3.06	3.46	2.92	2.86
New Hampshire	NA	3.44	2.89	3.33	3.70	4.56	4.40	2.93
New Jersey	3.47	3.52	3.74	3.40	3.72	4.02	3.60	3.21
New Mexico	1.44	1.58	1.42	1.40	1.11	1.50	1.33	1.34
New York	2.98	2.61	2.53	2.32	2.12	2.20	2.40	2.42
North Carolina	2.95	2.77	2.98	3.64	3.24	3.48	3.15	3.06
North Dakota	2.55	2.25	NA	2.49	1.95	2.25	2.45	2.45
Ohio	3.50	3.34	4.01	3.85	4.87	4.63	4.19	4.12
Oklahoma	2.27	2.24	1.97	1.93	2.39	2.33	2.35	2.46
Oregon	1.71	2.89	2.41	2.96	2.82	3.16	2.69	2.77
Pennsylvania	2.96	2.63	3.22	3.34	3.89	4.04	3.73	3.21
Rhode Island	3.34	3.13	4.54	5.28	5.85	6.46	5.53	4.20
South Carolina	3.27	3.16	3.04	3.63	3.43	3.71	3.74	3.47
South Dakota	2.68	2.62	3.07	3.51	3.93	3.86	3.84	2.99
Tennessee	3.90	2.65	2.69	2.69	2.58	3.06	3.21	2.65
Texas	3.20	3.06	2.79	2.77	2.65	2.67	2.90	2.73
Utah	2.43	2.46	2.18	3.16	2.40	2.56	3.41	2.55
Vermont	2.38	2.19	2.89	3.16	3.04	3.20	3.37	3.56
Virginia	3.10	2.60	3.40	2.22	3.17	3.00	3.46	3.36
Washington	2.06	2.14	2.02	2.06	1.98	1.79	1.93	1.92
West Virginia	3.04	2.26	3.48	3.46	3.13	3.40	2.83	2.99
Wisconsin	2.75	2.48	3.01	3.37	3.71	3.81	4.15	2.80
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.38	2.24	2.64	2.80
Total	2.84	2.67	2.84	2.83	2.81	2.83	2.90	2.80

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. Average City Gate Price, by State, 1994-1996
(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995				1994			
	April	March	February	January	Total	December	November	October
Alabama	2.90	2.45	2.60	2.59	3.44	2.87	3.26	3.64
Alaska	1.79	1.66	1.67	1.71	1.62	1.62	1.60	1.61
Arizona	1.78	1.83	2.41	2.21	2.53	2.34	2.08	2.07
Arkansas	2.41	2.29	2.34	2.39	2.54	2.30	2.36	2.21
California	2.12	1.90	1.96	1.95	2.57	2.39	2.22	2.48
Colorado	3.04	2.56	2.70	2.63	3.31	2.98	2.81	2.83
Connecticut	4.74	4.88	4.73	4.42	4.17	4.63	4.70	4.37
Delaware	3.11	2.47	2.45	2.69	2.95	2.75	2.82	2.42
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	2.92	2.71	2.39	2.42	2.78	2.54	2.45	2.35
Georgia	2.85	3.44	2.54	3.01	3.54	3.31	3.43	3.13
Hawaii	4.52	5.42	5.14	4.85	4.94	5.52	5.05	5.41
Idaho	2.21	2.23	2.29	2.06	2.46	2.22	2.25	2.19
Illinois	2.40	2.33	2.28	2.47	3.02	2.82	2.80	2.38
Indiana	2.81	2.95	2.35	2.63	2.98	3.05	3.07	2.27
Iowa	2.97	2.78	2.44	2.63	3.15	2.86	2.83	2.56
Kansas	2.18	2.06	2.18	2.17	2.86	2.50	2.41	2.74
Kentucky	3.14	2.95	2.72	2.80	3.13	2.99	3.16	2.74
Louisiana	2.12	2.14	2.05	2.23	2.54	2.35	2.38	2.02
Maine	3.41	2.43	3.50	3.21	2.98	3.51	2.54	1.20
Maryland	2.82	2.68	2.47	2.65	3.38	2.78	2.99	3.20
Massachusetts	3.22	2.98	3.02	2.93	3.98	3.14	3.58	3.55
Michigan	2.46	2.92	2.83	2.81	2.70	2.93	2.70	2.56
Minnesota	2.16	2.49	2.38	2.43	2.85	2.78	2.74	2.45
Mississippi	2.39	2.37	2.24	2.35	2.83	2.54	2.81	2.49
Missouri	2.83	2.48	2.28	2.38	3.05	2.43	2.64	3.16
Montana	2.94	3.10	3.31	3.51	3.49	3.34	2.98	3.31
Nebraska	2.18	2.47	2.20	2.38	2.98	2.38	2.65	3.22
Nevada	2.35	2.62	3.15	2.80	3.18	2.85	2.53	2.88
New Hampshire	2.81	3.19	3.44	3.49	3.49	3.54	3.41	2.33
New Jersey	3.25	3.11	3.09	3.12	3.30	2.78	2.74	2.79
New Mexico	1.53	1.50	1.14	1.82	2.02	2.03	1.70	1.83
New York	2.30	2.31	2.44	2.55	3.02	2.63	2.78	2.66
North Carolina	3.06	2.79	2.77	2.85	3.27	2.82	2.96	3.11
North Dakota	2.43	2.66	2.78	3.11	3.15	2.67	2.98	3.29
Ohio	3.95	3.91	3.76	4.11	3.48	3.48	3.35	3.48
Oklahoma	2.57	2.72	2.72	2.84	2.46	2.67	2.00	1.69
Oregon	2.38	2.41	2.55	2.40	2.73	2.49	2.71	2.72
Pennsylvania	2.94	2.89	2.91	3.36	3.46	3.19	3.28	3.38
Rhode Island	3.25	2.76	2.71	3.07	4.17	3.16	3.36	3.98
South Carolina	3.04	3.07	3.17	3.08	3.67	3.31	3.58	3.37
South Dakota	2.64	2.80	2.80	2.82	3.35	2.91	2.97	3.23
Tennessee	2.66	2.33	2.66	2.43	2.71	2.52	2.89	2.59
Texas	2.94	3.24	3.16	3.13	3.00	3.20	3.04	2.73
Utah	2.48	3.33	4.06	3.46	3.31	3.66	3.24	3.91
Vermont	2.68	2.35	2.40	2.45	3.11	2.39	2.69	3.68
Virginia	2.78	2.81	2.88	2.97	3.44	3.15	3.15	3.62
Washington	2.21	2.44	2.46	2.40	2.54	2.64	3.14	2.89
West Virginia	2.63	2.87	2.59	2.83	3.26	3.05	2.78	2.94
Wisconsin	2.64	2.75	2.61	2.63	3.42	2.80	2.96	3.39
Wyoming	2.63	2.84	2.75	2.88	2.91	2.99	2.14	2.19
Total	2.70	2.74	2.71	2.79	3.07	2.86	2.84	2.80

NA = Not Available.

— = Not Applicable.

Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Prices in this table represent the average price of natural gas by State at the point where the gas transferred from a pipeline to a local distribution company within the State. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5 for discussion of computations and revision policy.

Source: Form EIA-857.

Table 20. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Residential Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

State	YTD 1996	YTD 1995	YTD 1994	1996				1995
				April	March	February	January	Total
Alabama	6.42	6.40	6.70	6.87	6.82	6.33	5.97	6.74
Alaska	3.33	3.54	3.52	3.40	3.34	3.30	3.32	3.63
Arizona	6.88	7.35	6.84	7.57	6.97	6.80	6.60	7.88
Arkansas	5.31	5.10	5.28	5.44	5.40	5.25	5.23	5.49
California	6.31	6.63	6.30	6.17	6.20	6.32	6.46	6.64
Colorado	NA	4.56	4.64	NA	4.10	4.02	4.02	4.74
Connecticut	9.92	9.78	9.59	10.06	9.80	9.85	10.00	9.89
Delaware	6.38	6.71	7.02	6.70	6.38	6.25	6.32	7.08
District of Columbia	8.50	8.07	8.18	10.18	8.96	8.42	7.37	8.01
Florida	10.14	9.03	9.03	10.86	10.55	9.93	9.61	10.16
Georgia	6.03	6.56	6.89	7.31	5.45	5.97	5.28	6.39
Hawaii	18.88	16.94	16.09	19.29	19.21	18.82	18.20	17.56
Idaho	5.04	5.56	5.19	5.28	5.06	4.98	4.97	5.60
Illinois	4.68	4.51	5.40	5.51	4.91	4.55	4.24	4.62
Indiana	NA	5.34	6.10	NA	5.05	4.85	4.68	5.38
Iowa	4.89	4.62	5.15	5.96	4.82	4.86	4.50	5.04
Kansas	5.23	4.44	5.24	5.78	5.34	5.17	4.99	4.90
Kentucky	4.86	4.85	5.07	5.13	5.11	4.60	4.73	5.00
Louisiana	5.89	5.27	5.78	7.00	5.66	5.14	6.10	5.92
Maine	7.65	7.38	7.82	8.27	7.88	7.78	7.02	7.31
Maryland	6.80	6.19	6.68	7.19	6.99	6.83	6.47	6.63
Massachusetts	9.03	9.25	8.92	9.42	9.02	9.01	8.83	9.04
Michigan	4.50	4.39	4.73	4.72	4.37	4.53	4.45	4.68
Minnesota	5.00	4.54	5.04	5.35	4.95	4.85	4.93	4.79
Mississippi	NA	4.71	5.30	NA	5.37	4.75	5.26	5.01
Missouri	5.34	4.52	5.19	5.71	5.46	5.30	5.11	NA
Montana	4.65	5.04	4.98	4.71	4.65	4.59	4.66	5.17
Nebraska	4.86	4.52	4.87	5.12	4.94	4.73	4.78	4.86
Nevada	5.82	6.42	6.23	6.22	5.86	5.76	5.64	6.76
New Hampshire	6.95	7.02	7.95	5.89	7.31	7.19	7.03	7.16
New Jersey	NA	6.77	6.81	NA	7.12	7.06	7.01	7.21
New Mexico	3.99	5.12	6.06	4.60	4.52	4.16	3.42	5.08
New York	NA	7.77	8.12	8.22	NA	8.01	7.93	8.41
North Carolina	6.81	6.57	6.76	7.30	7.52	6.81	6.14	6.94
North Dakota	4.29	4.34	5.08	4.43	4.31	4.20	4.28	4.64
Ohio	5.23	5.37	5.58	5.37	5.33	5.40	4.91	5.48
Oklahoma	4.90	5.11	4.91	5.21	5.09	4.76	4.74	5.67
Oregon	5.99	6.55	6.85	6.34	6.17	5.67	6.10	6.81
Pennsylvania	6.73	7.19	6.99	7.38	6.73	6.69	6.43	7.33
Rhode Island	7.74	4.91	8.75	7.92	8.06	7.88	7.24	6.40
South Carolina	7.23	7.95	7.33	6.97	7.68	7.32	7.02	7.86
South Dakota	4.62	4.64	5.17	5.21	4.36	4.67	4.43	5.06
Tennessee	NA	5.51	5.90	NA	6.30	6.04	5.45	5.72
Texas	5.32	5.61	5.46	6.10	5.41	5.16	5.05	5.97
Utah	4.32	4.75	5.09	3.90	4.94	3.97	4.51	4.74
Vermont	6.06	6.54	6.58	6.24	6.09	6.02	5.98	6.83
Virginia	7.06	7.12	7.03	7.53	6.89	7.23	6.82	7.37
Washington	5.44	5.72	5.41	5.59	5.44	5.38	5.41	5.91
West Virginia	6.84	6.83	6.39	6.94	6.74	6.69	7.26	7.13
Wisconsin	5.85	5.86	6.46	5.90	5.87	5.75	5.90	5.84
Wyoming	NA	4.86	4.90	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	5.83	5.83	6.14	6.24	5.87	5.80	5.60	6.06

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Residential Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995							
	December	November	October	September	August	July	June	May
Alabama	5.78	6.39	8.74	9.28	9.21	8.94	8.69	8.05
Alaska	3.51	3.60	3.76	3.96	4.14	4.02	3.87	3.72
Arizona	7.09	8.24	9.40	10.12	10.59	9.79	9.19	8.36
Arkansas	4.35	5.51	6.82	7.33	7.82	7.48	7.03	6.30
California	6.16	5.34	7.08	7.23	7.13	7.22	7.39	6.84
Colorado	4.25	4.48	5.09	6.56	6.65	5.90	5.07	4.81
Connecticut	8.92	9.88	10.97	11.09	11.25	11.03	10.56	10.20
Delaware	6.52	7.47	8.85	9.58	9.49	9.25	8.66	7.54
District of Columbia	7.24	7.72	9.59	10.15	7.46	7.20	7.03	9.55
Florida	9.44	10.89	12.49	11.93	12.56	12.22	12.10	11.61
Georgia	5.19	4.98	6.95	8.19	8.96	8.80	8.60	7.77
Hawaii	18.82	17.94	17.91	17.86	17.93	18.06	17.46	17.41
Idaho	5.31	5.48	5.79	6.44	6.71	6.48	6.22	5.27
Illinois	4.14	4.07	4.79	6.02	6.91	6.00	6.51	5.67
Indiana	4.56	4.68	5.68	7.29	7.91	7.65	7.39	6.48
Iowa	4.78	4.47	5.40	7.29	8.65	8.51	8.80	5.90
Kansas	5.03	5.21	5.77	6.66	6.73	6.24	5.93	5.16
Kentucky	4.32	4.24	5.90	7.73	8.25	7.90	8.21	6.02
Louisiana	5.87	6.27	7.60	7.62	7.53	7.80	6.98	6.92
Maine	7.01	7.17	7.17	7.78	8.37	8.23	7.75	6.60
Maryland	6.20	6.51	7.73	8.65	9.24	9.18	8.74	7.24
Massachusetts	8.86	9.50	8.24	9.33	9.85	9.33	8.31	7.20
Michigan	4.45	4.60	5.18	6.17	7.01	6.63	5.98	5.01
Minnesota	4.81	4.81	5.27	6.06	6.56	4.53	5.99	5.10
Mississippi	4.88	5.19	6.10	6.40	5.95	5.99	6.04	5.95
Missouri	NA	5.41	6.67	8.16	8.97	8.14	7.28	5.25
Montana	4.82	4.95	5.50	6.15	6.59	6.06	5.61	5.30
Nebraska	4.76	4.98	5.87	6.39	6.62	6.38	5.97	5.12
Nevada	5.97	6.92	8.05	8.53	8.57	8.06	7.46	6.89
New Hampshire	7.18	7.77	7.24	7.96	8.73	8.16	7.27	6.12
New Jersey	7.03	7.21	8.53	9.72	9.43	9.16	8.81	7.56
New Mexico	3.58	3.89	5.55	7.32	7.49	8.70	5.81	6.18
New York	7.72	9.17	10.78	11.74	11.92	11.57	10.14	8.65
North Carolina	6.23	6.52	8.96	10.69	11.64	10.57	9.92	8.02
North Dakota	4.31	4.53	NA	6.73	7.59	6.97	5.89	5.05
Ohio	4.95	5.03	6.12	7.17	7.66	7.43	7.00	5.72
Oklahoma	5.04	5.96	7.46	8.64	8.97	8.36	7.59	6.24
Oregon	6.32	7.45	7.63	8.37	8.57	8.11	7.66	6.40
Pennsylvania	6.40	6.64	8.13	10.13	10.58	10.16	9.37	7.99
Rhode Island	7.47	8.24	8.91	9.90	10.09	10.56	7.89	7.83
South Carolina	7.04	7.12	8.61	9.36	9.87	9.36	9.10	8.20
South Dakota	4.86	5.07	5.05	7.10	8.58	7.63	6.97	5.50
Tennessee	6.19	4.44	6.97	8.09	7.85	7.58	7.17	6.32
Texas	5.32	5.80	6.95	7.63	7.89	7.39	7.30	6.74
Utah	4.72	4.99	4.09	4.68	5.28	5.36	4.96	4.52
Vermont	6.09	6.88	7.92	9.03	9.81	9.35	8.12	7.25
Virginia	6.61	5.71	9.60	11.13	11.21	11.08	10.85	8.68
Washington	5.56	5.69	6.83	7.02	7.24	7.06	6.54	6.17
West Virginia	6.78	7.03	7.89	9.23	10.14	10.07	9.43	7.62
Wisconsin	5.90	5.79	5.16	5.80	6.38	6.41	6.01	5.75
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.58	5.43	5.22	4.98
Total	5.58	5.59	6.61	7.72	8.12	7.80	7.48	6.53

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Residential Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995				1994			
	April	March	February	January	Total	December	November	October
Alabama	7.57	6.10	6.14	6.44	7.41	7.40	8.58	9.67
Alaska	3.57	3.53	3.53	3.54	3.60	3.48	3.55	3.65
Arizona	7.87	7.67	7.23	7.05	7.54	7.08	7.97	9.59
Arkansas	5.56	5.06	4.90	5.13	5.71	5.34	5.81	6.94
California	6.47	6.53	6.65	6.78	6.39	6.63	6.33	6.71
Colorado	4.74	4.56	4.52	4.47	4.92	4.58	4.93	5.83
Connecticut	9.73	9.73	9.73	9.91	10.14	10.12	10.79	11.06
Delaware	6.99	6.62	6.59	6.74	7.43	7.28	8.07	8.90
District of Columbia	9.16	8.03	7.83	7.80	8.29	7.92	8.67	9.55
Florida	10.57	9.32	8.41	8.74	9.98	9.62	10.96	11.33
Georgia	7.62	7.34	5.94	6.41	7.32	6.92	7.81	8.04
Hawaii	17.32	16.99	16.71	16.78	16.83	17.33	17.16	18.06
Idaho	5.78	5.64	5.56	5.40	5.29	4.96	5.24	5.52
Illinois	4.56	4.40	4.60	4.49	5.50	4.80	4.66	5.56
Indiana	5.64	5.24	5.40	5.22	6.24	5.47	5.60	5.79
Iowa	4.90	4.78	4.58	4.41	5.40	4.71	5.10	6.47
Kansas	4.73	4.31	4.37	4.47	5.11	4.51	4.25	4.73
Kentucky	5.82	4.68	4.65	4.85	5.46	5.14	5.44	6.43
Louisiana	5.89	5.31	4.98	5.26	6.24	5.65	7.09	7.39
Maine	7.70	7.43	7.23	7.28	7.83	7.36	7.64	7.65
Maryland	6.49	6.10	6.12	6.19	6.95	6.26	6.63	7.37
Massachusetts	9.53	9.30	9.08	9.18	8.94	9.31	9.94	8.08
Michigan	4.49	4.39	4.35	4.38	4.98	4.64	4.90	5.40
Minnesota	4.45	4.47	4.48	4.69	5.18	4.84	4.96	5.42
Mississippi	5.36	4.67	4.50	4.71	5.46	5.17	5.76	5.77
Missouri	4.96	4.37	4.42	4.53	5.43	4.49	5.20	6.99
Montana	5.16	5.06	5.03	4.95	5.23	4.95	5.14	5.78
Nebraska	4.73	4.45	4.45	4.51	5.01	4.57	4.85	5.60
Nevada	6.60	6.64	6.38	6.24	6.66	6.25	6.87	7.84
New Hampshire	5.65	7.38	7.33	7.31	7.96	7.62	8.36	7.76
New Jersey	6.92	6.67	6.52	7.06	7.11	6.79	7.06	7.65
New Mexico	5.49	5.66	5.00	4.79	5.61	4.40	3.55	4.00
New York	7.83	7.61	7.61	8.05	8.75	8.64	9.36	9.70
North Carolina	7.14	6.67	6.15	6.71	7.30	7.47	7.55	8.57
North Dakota	4.45	4.31	4.29	4.33	5.19	4.48	4.86	5.99
Ohio	5.41	5.26	5.10	5.70	5.88	5.89	5.95	6.60
Oklahoma	5.83	5.09	4.98	4.95	5.50	5.36	6.18	7.07
Oregon	6.75	6.59	6.56	6.40	6.99	6.56	6.74	7.55
Pennsylvania	7.26	7.02	7.19	7.28	7.44	7.29	7.69	8.21
Rhode Island	7.45	5.17	4.09	3.77	9.12	8.73	9.36	9.42
South Carolina	8.30	7.91	7.79	8.04	7.65	8.05	8.44	7.92
South Dakota	4.75	4.71	4.64	4.50	5.27	4.56	4.45	5.64
Tennessee	6.16	5.48	5.28	5.57	6.13	5.76	6.49	6.79
Texas	6.19	5.77	5.47	5.36	5.99	5.51	6.07	7.38
Utah	4.25	4.94	4.90	4.78	4.96	4.54	4.76	4.24
Vermont	6.67	6.54	6.49	6.51	6.94	6.70	7.35	7.85
Virginia	7.53	6.83	7.10	7.18	7.63	7.26	8.00	9.26
Washington	5.87	5.74	5.71	5.63	5.70	5.65	5.69	6.16
West Virginia	7.09	6.85	6.74	6.79	6.66	6.90	7.22	7.68
Wisconsin	5.83	5.83	5.84	5.93	6.28	5.96	5.95	5.47
Wyoming	4.93	4.85	4.77	4.89	5.10	4.77	4.98	5.40
Total	6.04	5.82	5.74	5.83	6.41	6.06	6.27	6.86

NA = Not Available.

Notes: Data for 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5 for discussion of computations and revision policy.

Source: Form EIA-857.

Table 21. Average Price of Natural Gas Sold to Commercial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

State	YTD 1996	YTD 1995	YTD 1994	1996				1995
				April	March	February	January	Total
Alabama	5.88	5.72	6.23	6.07	6.20	5.77	5.62	5.67
Alaska	2.35	2.53	2.55	2.37	2.34	2.35	2.33	2.44
Arizona	4.94	5.40	5.13	4.97	4.94	4.95	4.90	5.27
Arkansas	4.36	4.00	4.54	4.47	4.34	4.37	4.31	4.06
California	6.23	6.61	8.35	6.05	6.68	6.26	5.76	6.36
Colorado	NA	4.14	4.29	NA	3.73	3.59	3.61	4.12
Connecticut	7.76	7.41	7.50	7.72	7.69	8.29	7.37	7.16
Delaware	5.40	5.63	6.07	5.48	5.60	5.30	5.29	5.70
District of Columbia	7.29	6.13	6.71	6.63	8.41	7.83	6.57	6.03
Florida	6.46	5.11	5.64	6.61	6.68	6.39	6.20	5.20
Georgia	5.54	5.78	6.31	5.89	5.34	5.61	4.64	5.29
Hawaii	13.50	12.67	11.71	13.69	13.95	13.50	12.92	13.00
Idaho	4.47	4.86	4.98	4.66	4.42	4.41	4.45	4.90
Illinois	4.43	4.43	5.16	4.99	4.74	4.30	4.06	4.37
Indiana	NA	4.52	5.43	NA	4.34	4.18	4.04	4.35
Iowa	4.15	3.93	4.55	4.62	4.13	4.07	4.01	4.14
Kansas	NA	4.08	4.72	4.46	NA	4.50	NA	4.09
Kentucky	4.54	4.70	4.87	4.87	4.54	4.49	4.45	4.59
Louisiana	5.74	4.90	5.48	6.39	5.45	5.10	6.07	5.05
Maine	7.06	6.75	7.22	7.22	7.32	7.32	6.51	6.52
Maryland	5.79	4.97	5.71	5.54	5.97	6.03	5.58	5.05
Massachusetts	7.40	7.45	7.87	7.35	7.39	7.50	7.36	6.68
Michigan	4.46	4.29	4.58	4.51	4.46	4.48	4.41	4.44
Minnesota	4.41	3.95	4.52	4.42	4.37	4.53	4.39	3.96
Mississippi	NA	4.11	4.81	NA	4.73	4.42	4.87	4.06
Missouri	5.12	4.19	5.00	5.13	5.26	5.16	4.96	4.40
Montana	4.60	4.92	4.81	4.60	4.61	4.58	4.63	4.94
Nebraska	NA	3.99	4.46	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nevada	4.85	5.38	5.16	4.90	4.86	4.84	4.80	5.39
New Hampshire	6.68	6.61	7.51	5.79	7.00	6.94	6.67	6.44
New Jersey	7.74	5.71	6.12	6.19	6.73	6.67	10.42	5.65
New Mexico	3.18	4.01	5.10	3.19	3.25	3.40	2.99	3.62
New York	NA	NA	6.79	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.78
North Carolina	5.89	5.36	5.61	5.86	6.34	6.10	5.39	5.27
North Dakota	3.84	3.81	4.60	3.89	3.78	3.87	3.84	3.69
Ohio	4.92	5.00	5.29	5.00	5.02	5.07	4.68	4.95
Oklahoma	4.46	4.63	4.68	4.25	4.60	4.46	4.48	4.56
Oregon	4.88	5.24	5.50	4.94	4.83	4.82	5.22	5.27
Pennsylvania	6.10	6.46	6.42	6.62	6.07	6.07	5.89	6.26
Rhode Island	6.89	4.80	8.07	6.07	7.29	7.26	6.63	5.49
South Carolina	6.34	6.58	6.54	6.05	6.49	6.57	6.20	6.19
South Dakota	3.80	3.72	4.39	4.36	3.47	4.04	3.54	3.98
Tennessee	NA	5.01	5.65	NA	5.80	5.81	5.14	5.02
Texas	4.37	4.43	4.50	4.19	4.41	4.37	4.47	4.14
Utah	3.32	3.67	3.97	2.86	3.69	3.06	3.59	3.64
Vermont	5.23	5.49	5.78	5.23	5.18	5.23	5.27	NA
Virginia	5.57	5.23	5.72	5.58	5.42	5.86	5.40	5.13
Washington	4.57	5.07	4.80	4.78	4.74	4.15	4.75	5.00
West Virginia	6.15	5.91	5.69	6.32	6.09	6.02	6.37	5.97
Wisconsin	4.77	4.64	5.24	5.05	4.73	4.65	4.78	4.52
Wyoming	NA	4.44	4.45	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	5.22	5.11	5.58	5.27	5.24	5.20	5.18	5.01

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. Average Price of Natural Gas Sold to Commercial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995							
	December	November	October	September	August	July	June	May
Alabama	5.36	5.41	5.77	5.80	5.83	5.77	5.81	5.85
Alaska	2.52	2.40	2.24	2.29	2.19	2.25	2.34	2.40
Arizona	4.92	5.11	5.10	5.05	5.24	5.27	5.29	5.38
Arkansas	3.84	4.22	4.26	4.19	4.13	4.12	4.12	4.24
California	7.00	6.28	5.96	6.10	6.15	6.08	5.97	5.55
Colorado	3.68	3.77	4.27	4.63	4.57	4.44	4.30	4.22
Connecticut	7.97	7.14	6.08	6.16	5.92	6.75	6.73	6.78
Delaware	5.36	6.10	5.80	6.09	6.32	5.74	6.09	5.81
District of Columbia	5.99	6.38	5.94	6.01	5.45	5.33	5.51	6.08
Florida	5.52	5.30	5.22	5.17	5.21	5.19	5.22	5.17
Georgia	4.76	4.27	5.05	5.06	5.07	5.16	5.26	5.09
Hawaii	13.46	13.19	13.17	13.22	12.99	13.37	13.07	12.90
Idaho	4.72	5.25	4.99	5.04	5.09	5.18	5.18	4.55
Illinois	3.99	4.09	4.14	4.95	4.71	5.01	4.87	4.96
Indiana	3.90	3.73	4.05	4.72	4.88	4.93	5.03	4.81
Iowa	4.04	4.10	4.04	4.83	5.55	5.40	5.15	4.66
Kansas	4.31	4.25	3.31	3.89	3.86	3.97	4.04	4.19
Kentucky	4.27	4.14	4.56	4.70	5.26	4.71	5.27	4.79
Louisiana	5.61	5.43	5.38	5.15	4.76	5.10	4.55	5.25
Maine	6.48	6.58	5.92	6.05	6.17	6.11	6.00	5.91
Maryland	5.15	5.00	5.18	4.85	5.23	5.82	5.30	4.89
Massachusetts	7.12	6.73	4.82	5.18	5.19	5.29	4.94	4.92
Michigan	4.36	4.46	4.56	5.34	5.56	5.59	5.23	4.59
Minnesota	4.20	3.86	3.93	3.90	3.97	2.67	4.17	4.04
Mississippi	4.27	4.11	3.94	3.82	3.47	3.90	4.02	4.14
Missouri	4.96	4.75	4.59	4.86	4.89	4.88	4.76	4.01
Montana	4.66	4.80	5.11	5.47	5.52	5.31	5.17	4.96
Nebraska	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.63	3.64	3.77	5.00
Nevada	4.87	5.30	5.58	5.62	5.69	5.64	5.55	5.44
New Hampshire	6.70	6.48	5.66	5.95	6.21	6.03	6.04	5.38
New Jersey	6.05	6.08	5.25	4.81	5.17	5.28	5.13	5.13
New Mexico	2.86	2.92	3.30	3.44	3.37	4.00	3.51	4.02
New York	5.86	5.09	5.27	5.45	5.46	5.58	6.12	6.14
North Carolina	5.22	5.21	5.14	5.14	5.18	5.22	5.13	5.09
North Dakota	1.82	4.07	4.43	4.50	4.73	4.67	4.50	4.12
Ohio	4.67	4.68	5.08	5.36	5.30	5.39	5.37	4.89
Oklahoma	4.45	4.42	4.34	4.40	4.53	4.62	4.55	4.61
Oregon	5.00	5.51	5.43	5.57	5.57	5.48	5.06	5.11
Pennsylvania	5.32	5.66	6.23	7.04	7.13	7.09	7.11	6.77
Rhode Island	6.86	5.87	6.28	5.92	6.25	5.95	6.43	6.00
South Carolina	5.89	5.88	5.77	5.70	5.74	5.83	6.03	5.90
South Dakota	3.90	3.84	3.67	5.00	6.22	5.82	5.16	4.26
Tennessee	5.15	4.80	5.03	5.15	5.07	5.36	5.05	4.84
Texas	3.86	4.26	4.09	4.06	3.61	3.72	4.02	4.08
Utah	3.92	3.91	3.24	3.40	3.52	3.49	3.42	3.26
Vermont	5.12	5.22	NA	5.44	5.68	5.22	5.79	5.66
Virginia	4.96	4.55	5.27	5.23	5.14	5.48	5.45	5.13
Washington	4.89	4.89	4.95	4.91	4.95	5.05	4.85	5.04
West Virginia	5.98	5.93	5.88	5.97	5.98	6.27	6.40	6.40
Wisconsin	4.78	4.48	3.72	4.24	3.96	4.17	3.92	4.30
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.10	4.17	4.33	4.38
Total	4.88	4.78	4.78	4.97	4.93	5.02	5.11	5.00

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. Average Price of Natural Gas Sold to Commercial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995				1994			
	April	March	February	January	Total	December	November	October
Alabama	6.02	5.50	5.65	5.87	6.38	6.38	6.56	6.58
Alaska	2.50	2.51	2.53	2.57	2.48	2.56	2.46	2.35
Arizona	5.42	5.43	5.41	5.35	5.27	5.34	5.43	5.50
Arkansas	3.89	3.96	3.90	4.19	4.58	4.13	4.32	4.65
California	5.97	6.40	6.73	7.11	7.12	6.83	6.02	5.68
Colorado	4.17	4.16	4.13	4.12	4.37	4.28	4.43	4.75
Connecticut	7.48	7.31	7.43	7.45	7.39	7.38	7.32	7.04
Delaware	5.73	5.56	5.59	5.68	6.17	5.95	6.20	6.48
District of Columbia	6.36	6.30	6.14	5.82	6.16	6.02	5.92	5.96
Florida	5.16	5.05	5.03	5.20	5.54	5.36	5.35	5.32
Georgia	5.97	6.02	5.48	5.84	6.18	6.13	6.42	5.99
Hawaii	12.96	12.66	12.55	12.53	12.40	12.45	12.39	12.89
Idaho	5.17	4.82	4.86	4.72	5.01	4.74	5.04	5.05
Illinois	4.36	4.50	4.44	4.39	5.12	4.63	4.33	4.81
Indiana	4.47	4.43	4.58	4.55	5.33	4.68	4.42	4.82
Iowa	4.01	4.05	3.93	3.82	4.51	4.17	3.93	4.28
Kansas	4.06	3.99	4.05	4.18	4.12	3.82	3.46	3.42
Kentucky	4.75	4.61	4.66	4.79	4.98	4.98	5.05	5.00
Louisiana	4.88	4.92	4.76	5.05	5.42	5.20	5.52	5.33
Maine	6.90	6.77	6.68	6.71	6.97	6.74	6.86	6.50
Maryland	4.94	5.00	4.95	4.98	5.46	4.95	5.01	4.80
Massachusetts	7.27	7.53	7.46	7.49	6.82	7.29	6.96	4.61
Michigan	4.27	4.25	4.32	4.30	4.68	4.50	4.56	4.87
Minnesota	3.69	3.90	3.93	4.13	4.36	4.17	3.97	3.87
Mississippi	4.14	4.03	4.03	4.23	4.56	4.39	4.37	4.07
Missouri	4.09	3.98	4.21	4.36	4.85	4.26	4.24	4.68
Montana	4.93	4.95	4.96	4.85	4.91	4.80	4.86	5.12
Nebraska	3.90	3.97	3.97	4.08	4.24	4.07	3.95	4.04
Nevada	5.41	5.41	5.37	5.34	5.36	5.34	5.62	5.58
New Hampshire	5.47	6.89	6.85	6.86	7.17	6.94	7.19	6.27
New Jersey	5.21	5.68	5.56	6.20	6.03	6.12	6.66	5.40
New Mexico	3.85	4.06	4.02	4.04	4.41	3.81	2.98	3.06
New York	6.03	NA	6.07	5.99	6.51	6.23	6.02	5.84
North Carolina	5.18	5.60	5.17	5.46	5.56	5.49	5.88	5.32
North Dakota	3.81	3.77	3.80	3.85	4.48	3.92	3.97	4.32
Ohio	4.94	4.81	4.82	5.36	5.38	5.43	5.49	5.63
Oklahoma	4.65	4.68	4.54	4.67	4.72	4.78	4.88	4.88
Oregon	5.26	5.24	5.25	5.23	5.51	5.34	5.37	5.51
Pennsylvania	6.54	6.38	6.54	6.41	6.50	6.50	6.47	6.49
Rhode Island	7.15	4.82	4.03	3.74	7.57	7.01	6.41	6.77
South Carolina	6.53	6.57	6.57	6.61	6.11	6.54	6.60	5.60
South Dakota	3.68	3.74	3.73	3.72	4.35	3.74	3.74	4.17
Tennessee	4.88	5.06	4.86	5.17	5.56	5.32	5.53	5.28
Texas	4.03	4.40	4.54	4.67	4.33	4.42	4.42	4.51
Utah	3.16	3.88	3.77	3.72	3.84	3.60	3.96	3.42
Vermont	5.50	5.50	5.52	5.44	5.60	5.44	5.28	5.36
Virginia	4.99	5.01	5.44	5.30	5.67	5.27	5.58	5.75
Washington	5.06	5.17	5.02	5.04	4.90	5.06	4.98	4.78
West Virginia	5.80	5.90	5.95	5.94	5.91	5.85	6.43	6.72
Wisconsin	4.55	4.57	4.60	4.78	4.90	4.67	4.48	3.93
Wyoming	4.38	4.39	4.35	4.58	4.45	4.34	4.44	4.49
Total	5.03	5.08	5.09	5.20	5.44	5.24	5.19	5.10

NA = Not Available.

Notes: Data for 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Average prices for gas delivered to commercial consumers reflect onsystem sales prices only. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5 for discussion of computations and revision policy. See Table 24 for data on onsystem sales expressed as a percentage of both total commercial and total industrial deliveries.

Source: Form EIA-857.

Table 22. Average Price of Natural Gas Sold to Industrial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

State	YTD 1996	YTD 1995	YTD 1994	1996				1995
				April	March	February	January	Total
Alabama	3.90	3.06	3.64	3.68	3.84	4.10	3.96	2.93
Alaska	1.51	1.52	1.39	1.51	1.52	1.50	1.50	1.53
Arizona	3.92	3.68	3.89	3.90	3.92	3.94	3.91	3.82
Arkansas	3.01	2.90	3.29	2.95	3.04	2.95	3.09	2.75
California	3.79	3.85	3.30	3.61	3.69	3.89	3.99	3.62
Colorado	NA	2.04	1.33	NA	1.91	1.72	1.80	1.95
Connecticut	5.46	4.82	5.26	4.69	5.21	5.68	6.52	4.32
Delaware	3.96	3.28	4.14	4.04	3.93	4.15	3.79	3.06
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	4.39	3.13	3.79	4.62	4.26	4.57	4.16	3.24
Georgia	4.45	3.61	4.43	3.97	4.71	4.80	3.91	3.38
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho ^a	3.20	3.84	4.10	3.00	3.18	3.17	3.47	3.67
Illinois	3.91	3.84	4.73	3.27	4.66	3.84	3.67	3.52
Indiana	NA	2.73	4.86	NA	3.36	3.53	3.04	2.88
Iowa	3.25	3.10	3.75	3.08	3.35	3.38	3.20	3.21
Kansas	2.52	2.04	3.40	2.19	2.84	2.47	2.51	2.03
Kentucky	3.78	3.44	3.86	3.75	3.82	3.74	3.79	3.29
Louisiana	2.70	1.72	2.52	2.82	3.01	2.74	2.53	1.79
Maine	6.18	5.32	6.13	6.27	6.38	6.50	5.60	4.46
Maryland	6.93	3.43	4.59	5.47	28.02	5.89	4.17	3.53
Massachusetts	6.70	5.83	6.78	5.91	7.12	7.00	6.83	4.55
Michigan	4.02	3.98	3.82	3.92	4.06	4.05	4.04	4.05
Minnesota	2.89	2.78	3.15	2.72	2.91	3.16	2.99	2.52
Mississippi	NA	2.61	3.23	NA	3.51	3.19	3.75	2.64
Missouri	4.58	3.61	4.60	4.59	4.87	4.58	4.32	3.45
Montana	4.81	4.86	4.82	4.84	4.74	4.72	4.94	4.92
Nebraska	3.17	2.87	3.53	3.14	3.11	3.20	3.20	2.73
Nevada	4.95	5.46	5.66	4.91	4.96	4.98	4.93	5.34
New Hampshire	5.19	4.67	6.09	4.27	5.43	6.08	5.23	3.80
New Jersey	4.30	3.34	4.13	4.13	4.19	4.83	4.11	3.12
New Mexico	2.96	4.95	4.39	3.32	5.55	3.43	2.41	3.38
New York	NA	4.84	5.73	2.61	NA	5.54	5.02	4.49
North Carolina	4.45	3.51	4.12	3.91	4.60	5.02	4.42	3.38
North Dakota	3.33	2.89	3.53	3.34	3.14	3.34	3.44	NA
Ohio	4.55	4.67	4.58	4.78	4.70	4.38	4.51	4.45
Oklahoma	2.86	2.41	2.32	2.79	2.90	2.87	2.86	2.21
Oregon	3.23	3.44	3.56	3.14	3.27	3.25	3.47	3.40
Pennsylvania	4.32	4.04	4.42	4.23	4.24	4.37	4.42	4.30
Rhode Island	5.06	5.68	6.00	4.42	5.58	5.40	5.29	4.25
South Carolina	4.04	3.19	3.65	3.74	3.97	4.24	4.34	3.06
South Dakota	2.03	3.18	3.60	3.33	1.48	3.28	3.08	3.43
Tennessee	NA	3.38	4.12	NA	3.77	4.29	3.31	3.13
Texas	NA	1.86	2.19	2.57	2.36	NA	2.41	1.88
Utah	2.07	2.61	3.62	2.00	2.27	1.75	2.26	2.39
Vermont	3.58	3.44	3.70	3.74	3.53	3.62	3.45	3.37
Virginia	4.64	4.12	3.05	5.13	4.70	4.61	4.22	3.35
Washington	2.51	2.76	3.11	2.49	2.56	2.57	2.41	NA
West Virginia	2.81	2.62	3.33	2.97	2.99	2.93	2.44	2.62
Wisconsin	3.80	3.37	3.89	3.74	3.77	3.72	3.95	3.15
Wyoming	NA	3.40	3.49	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	3.44	2.81	3.35	3.32	3.55	3.55	3.33	2.66

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. Average Price of Natural Gas Sold to Industrial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995							
	December	November	October	September	August	July	June	May
Alabama	3.18	3.07	2.73	2.65	2.55	2.57	2.93	3.04
Alaska	1.50	1.51	1.52	1.51	1.53	1.56	1.55	1.53
Arizona	4.69	4.00	3.96	3.98	4.18	3.99	3.37	3.37
Arkansas	2.96	2.81	2.50	2.36	2.45	2.76	2.73	2.74
California	4.04	3.89	3.60	3.70	3.28	3.19	3.25	3.26
Colorado	1.85	1.82	1.69	1.78	1.92	1.93	2.19	2.02
Connecticut	5.38	4.39	3.77	3.71	3.70	3.64	3.74	3.92
Delaware	3.93	3.00	2.96	2.85	2.70	2.87	2.92	2.81
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	3.54	3.39	3.32	3.29	3.12	3.27	3.28	3.24
Georgia	3.92	3.39	3.34	3.19	2.98	2.89	3.20	3.26
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho ^a	3.93	3.82	3.34	2.79	3.51	3.68	3.79	3.65
Illinois	3.27	3.18	3.34	3.55	3.75	3.94	2.64	2.95
Indiana	2.99	2.77	2.80	3.01	2.89	3.21	3.37	3.56
Iowa	3.12	3.04	3.18	3.49	3.76	3.82	3.11	3.24
Kansas	2.27	2.12	2.01	2.03	1.88	1.88	2.03	2.05
Kentucky	3.45	3.22	3.15	3.07	2.89	3.20	3.18	3.28
Louisiana	2.19	1.87	1.79	1.66	1.63	1.82	1.85	1.79
Maine	5.43	4.54	3.74	3.70	3.79	3.80	3.77	3.62
Maryland	4.80	4.27	2.86	3.27	3.32	3.70	3.36	4.02
Massachusetts	5.67	5.01	3.91	3.62	3.21	3.32	2.05	4.09
Michigan	3.99	4.04	4.13	4.26	4.44	4.47	4.27	4.11
Minnesota	2.75	2.74	2.44	2.16	2.24	2.14	2.10	2.26
Mississippi	3.13	2.72	2.55	2.53	2.45	2.51	2.70	2.53
Missouri	3.33	3.64	3.08	3.18	3.21	3.34	3.37	3.14
Montana	4.91	4.93	5.03	5.04	5.12	5.07	5.03	4.90
Nebraska	2.85	2.32	2.49	2.74	2.90	2.63	2.58	2.67
Nevada	4.92	5.15	5.23	5.29	5.30	5.33	5.41	5.51
New Hampshire	4.97	3.79	2.99	2.94	2.82	2.92	3.22	3.11
New Jersey	3.52	3.14	2.84	2.84	2.85	2.89	2.86	2.88
New Mexico	2.71	2.64	2.46	2.78	2.94	4.06	5.26	9.34
New York	4.76	4.48	NA	3.84	3.77	3.92	4.16	4.26
North Carolina	3.90	3.54	3.01	3.20	3.06	3.09	2.93	2.91
North Dakota	3.17	2.10	NA	2.68	2.67	2.78	2.75	2.79
Ohio	4.34	4.53	3.82	4.32	4.30	4.10	4.04	3.91
Oklahoma	2.56	2.44	1.87	1.77	1.99	1.77	1.93	2.08
Oregon	3.25	3.38	3.28	3.43	3.37	3.50	3.44	3.46
Pennsylvania	3.93	3.71	3.91	10.29	3.63	3.85	3.92	3.94
Rhode Island	4.82	3.32	3.84	3.53	3.38	3.62	3.48	3.64
South Carolina	3.58	3.21	2.91	2.83	2.83	2.93	2.87	2.89
South Dakota	3.20	2.76	4.05	4.26	5.45	5.07	3.84	3.28
Tennessee	3.10	2.90	2.97	2.91	3.13	3.07	2.86	3.04
Texas	2.33	1.93	1.86	1.81	1.74	1.72	1.88	1.88
Utah	2.36	2.25	2.08	2.13	2.07	2.10	2.41	2.44
Vermont	2.96	3.25	3.32	3.69	3.40	3.65	3.37	3.31
Virginia	3.28	2.86	4.23	2.48	1.63	2.71	3.77	3.63
Washington	2.96	2.82	NA	NA	2.32	2.58	2.70	2.87
West Virginia	2.89	2.92	2.61	2.43	2.32	2.47	2.57	2.49
Wisconsin	3.89	3.23	2.68	2.75	2.58	2.43	2.86	2.83
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.01	2.98	3.22	3.18
Total	3.07	2.71	2.49	2.51	2.34	2.38	2.44	2.52

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. Average Price of Natural Gas Sold to Industrial Consumers, by State, 1994-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995				1994			
	April	March	February	January	Total	December	November	October
Alabama	2.91	3.01	3.13	3.16	3.26	3.13	3.07	2.75
Alaska	1.54	1.52	1.52	1.51	1.42	1.49	1.44	1.44
Arizona	3.16	3.41	4.28	4.29	3.57	4.65	3.45	3.14
Arkansas	2.77	2.76	2.84	3.19	3.28	3.44	3.22	3.21
California	3.38	3.73	3.84	4.41	3.25	4.05	4.56	2.61
Colorado	2.03	2.07	1.90	2.16	2.38	1.18	1.20	1.03
Connecticut	4.45	4.38	5.21	5.26	4.49	4.76	4.25	3.76
Delaware	2.94	3.32	3.63	3.43	3.43	3.31	3.11	2.88
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	3.17	3.09	3.11	3.14	3.51	3.24	3.19	3.20
Georgia	3.15	3.61	3.88	3.73	3.90	3.84	3.77	3.41
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho ^a	3.79	3.84	3.91	3.81	3.85	3.95	3.15	3.96
Illinois	3.44	3.83	3.98	3.94	4.39	4.11	3.19	3.23
Indiana	3.35	3.67	3.81	1.74	4.60	4.12	3.72	3.77
Iowa	2.89	3.34	2.97	3.19	3.99	3.74	2.82	3.14
Kansas	1.94	1.96	2.09	2.18	2.75	2.56	2.35	1.96
Kentucky	3.18	3.33	3.47	3.71	3.64	3.64	3.48	3.29
Louisiana	1.68	1.63	1.72	1.85	2.17	1.88	1.75	1.70
Maine	4.49	5.58	5.74	5.73	4.79	5.24	4.38	3.95
Maryland	3.99	3.72	2.69	3.35	4.04	3.02	3.17	3.49
Massachusetts	5.47	5.69	5.85	6.30	5.25	6.15	5.07	3.82
Michigan	3.88	3.90	4.14	3.97	3.93	3.86	3.87	3.95
Minnesota	2.35	2.90	2.87	3.04	2.87	2.67	2.84	2.80
Mississippi	2.60	2.51	2.59	2.74	2.98	2.81	2.81	2.61
Missouri	3.36	3.47	3.69	3.78	4.18	3.69	3.46	3.59
Montana	4.87	4.84	4.83	4.86	4.91	4.93	4.94	5.03
Nebraska	2.67	2.90	2.89	2.95	3.12	2.95	2.81	2.53
Nevada	5.42	5.43	5.59	5.41	5.67	5.71	5.85	5.60
New Hampshire	3.52	4.13	6.52	5.98	4.44	4.88	3.86	3.18
New Jersey	2.98	3.49	3.29	3.59	3.64	3.85	3.64	2.93
New Mexico	4.42	5.73	6.35	4.59	3.39	3.16	2.70	2.70
New York	4.63	4.87	4.89	4.91	5.22	4.94	4.53	4.22
North Carolina	2.96	3.40	3.83	3.81	3.68	3.73	3.42	3.22
North Dakota	2.77	2.77	2.90	3.07	3.31	2.78	3.15	3.05
Ohio	4.49	4.34	4.70	4.99	4.45	4.49	4.30	4.18
Oklahoma	2.50	2.50	2.09	2.58	2.14	2.33	2.71	1.69
Oregon	3.38	3.41	3.48	3.47	3.61	3.60	3.74	3.68
Pennsylvania	3.66	3.84	4.54	4.06	4.01	3.82	3.61	3.72
Rhode Island	4.67	5.37	7.10	6.51	4.43	4.40	3.95	3.46
South Carolina	2.88	2.99	2.76	4.33	3.32	3.52	3.32	3.19
South Dakota	2.92	3.20	3.15	3.39	3.72	3.48	3.30	3.59
Tennessee	3.09	3.10	3.74	3.59	3.84	3.46	3.53	3.59
Texas	1.80	1.76	1.99	1.93	2.20	1.91	1.87	1.62
Utah	2.54	2.61	2.63	2.63	2.74	2.03	2.57	2.42
Vermont	3.38	3.47	3.56	3.38	3.47	3.44	3.32	3.36
Virginia	3.69	3.92	4.43	4.29	3.15	3.20	3.58	3.63
Washington	2.64	2.66	2.79	2.93	2.95	3.08	2.97	2.78
West Virginia	2.55	2.51	2.66	2.76	2.93	2.77	2.70	2.51
Wisconsin	3.07	3.28	3.48	3.57	3.36	3.44	3.22	2.56
Wyoming	3.43	3.49	3.37	3.33	3.51	3.64	3.52	3.50
Total	2.58	2.75	2.95	2.94	3.05	2.99	2.86	2.50

^{NA} = Not Available.

— = Not Applicable.

Notes: Data for 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Average prices for gas delivered to industrial consumers reflect onsystem sales prices only. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5 for discussion of computations and revision policy. See Table 24 for data on onsystem sales expressed as a percentage of both total commercial and total industrial deliveries.

Source: Form EIA-857.

Table 23. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Electric Utility^a Consumers, by State, 1995-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

State	YTD 1996	YTD 1995	YTD 1994	1996			1995	
				March	February	January	Total	December
Alabama	3.23	1.99	3.06	3.29	2.82	3.71	2.01	2.68
Alaska	1.28	1.34	0.75	1.22	^R 1.29	^R 1.32	^R 1.29	^R 1.24
Arizona	2.71	1.69	2.65	2.31	3.19	2.71	1.77	2.35
Arkansas	3.63	1.42	1.77	2.71	7.11	2.02	1.74	2.68
California	2.76	2.39	2.95	2.55	3.03	2.69	2.28	2.57
Colorado	1.78	1.66	2.57	1.79	1.75	1.80	1.74	1.90
Connecticut	—	2.10	6.24	—	—	—	—	—
Delaware	4.06	2.40	3.15	2.89	4.63	4.63	2.34	3.70
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	3.43	1.96	2.39	3.50	2.83	3.87	2.26	3.07
Georgia	5.37	4.88	3.76	5.18	4.90	7.30	2.79	4.55
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Illinois	3.17	1.55	2.65	3.12	3.24	3.19	1.71	2.48
Indiana	3.71	2.45	3.79	3.85	^R 3.98	^R 3.39	2.49	3.01
Iowa	4.32	2.97	3.63	5.45	3.44	3.36	2.72	2.94
Kansas	2.30	1.65	2.37	2.18	2.46	2.28	1.58	2.06
Kentucky	3.82	2.61	3.14	3.72	3.57	3.96	3.01	3.14
Louisiana	3.66	1.78	2.74	3.25	4.04	3.72	1.88	2.72
Maine	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	6.01	2.50	3.66	5.72	6.54	6.01	2.24	5.16
Massachusetts	4.56	2.16	3.36	4.17	3.70	6.47	2.06	3.92
Michigan	0.78	0.84	0.91	0.83	0.90	0.65	0.73	0.61
Minnesota	2.26	1.96	2.53	2.43	2.13	2.10	1.77	2.11
Mississippi	5.04	1.66	2.76	3.50	^R 8.16	^R 4.08	1.78	2.76
Missouri	3.19	1.50	2.66	3.37	^R 3.12	^R 3.11	1.69	2.38
Montana	8.77	14.27	1.43	20.05	3.68	1.86	3.84	3.84
Nebraska	2.19	1.95	2.80	2.39	2.19	1.96	1.65	1.91
Nevada	2.11	1.63	2.48	2.14	2.22	1.99	1.71	2.02
New Hampshire	—	1.85	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Jersey	2.90	1.80	2.77	3.67	2.85	2.76	2.18	3.12
New Mexico	2.16	1.58	2.31	2.23	2.16	^R 2.07	1.57	1.83
New York	3.85	2.22	3.02	3.42	3.91	4.49	2.13	3.10
North Carolina	3.07	2.97	4.05	—	—	3.07	—	—
North Dakota	3.58	3.66	4.49	—	—	3.58	3.71	3.58
Ohio	3.80	2.44	4.39	3.74	3.54	3.94	2.34	3.04
Oklahoma	3.50	2.35	3.39	3.35	4.13	3.13	2.34	2.88
Oregon	—	1.45	2.21	—	—	—	1.31	1.53
Pennsylvania	4.40	2.48	3.54	3.61	^R 5.41	^R 4.57	2.04	2.63
Rhode Island	2.39	—	2.45	2.37	2.45	2.38	1.90	2.06
South Carolina	4.50	1.46	3.65	4.72	4.35	4.23	1.64	3.70
South Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.58	2.39
Tennessee	—	—	1.20	—	—	—	—	—
Texas	2.47	1.93	2.59	2.35	^R 2.60	^R 2.48	1.93	2.42
Utah	20.25	2.66	2.81	—	20.25	—	—	—
Vermont	3.06	1.85	3.79	—	—	3.06	1.95	1.96
Virginia	2.37	2.71	3.60	3.09	1.99	2.41	2.67	3.32
Washington	5.17	4.63	4.08	5.51	4.90	4.98	4.60	4.21
West Virginia	3.93	3.57	4.55	2.70	2.75	5.00	3.58	3.09
Wisconsin	3.22	2.31	3.46	4.19	2.88	^R 2.64	2.23	2.65
Wyoming	—	8.40	3.61	—	—	—	8.32	16.25
Total	2.87	2.01	2.71	2.70	^R3.06	^R2.88	^R2.02	^R2.58

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Electric Utility^a Consumers, by State, 1995-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995							
	November	October	September	August	July	June	May	April
Alabama	2.19	2.02	1.94	1.75	1.86	2.07	2.05	1.95
Alaska	^R 1.30	^R 1.28	^R 1.29	^R 1.13	^R 1.22	^R 1.33	^R 1.43	^R 1.28
Arizona	1.94	1.84	1.92	1.59	1.63	2.31	2.48	1.56
Arkansas	1.80	1.83	1.68	1.63	1.62	2.01	1.88	1.63
California	2.32	2.37	2.08	2.02	2.18	2.56	2.45	2.28
Colorado	1.73	1.82	1.90	1.72	1.48	1.91	1.79	1.68
Connecticut	2.10	1.85	1.80	1.82	1.95	2.11	2.10	2.07
Delaware	2.64	2.13	2.06	2.00	2.00	2.40	2.42	2.18
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	2.43	2.29	2.22	2.11	2.20	2.39	2.36	2.16
Georgia	3.67	3.14	3.06	2.76	2.62	2.78	2.92	2.99
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Illinois	2.04	1.78	1.68	1.59	1.53	1.64	1.71	1.64
Indiana	2.72	2.78	2.49	2.31	2.36	2.38	2.33	2.88
Iowa	3.02	2.73	2.71	2.52	2.38	2.61	3.31	2.73
Kansas	1.58	1.50	1.57	1.49	1.43	1.70	1.85	1.64
Kentucky	2.57	2.87	2.50	2.42	2.54	2.90	4.08	3.89
Louisiana	2.08	1.93	1.85	1.67	1.78	1.95	1.91	1.78
Maine	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	2.80	2.51	2.03	2.10	2.16	2.38	2.64	2.64
Massachusetts	2.59	2.02	1.93	1.81	1.88	1.97	2.09	2.07
Michigan	0.71	0.43	0.77	1.09	0.79	0.48	0.48	0.55
Minnesota	2.19	1.60	1.67	1.69	1.65	1.72	1.78	1.62
Mississippi	^R 1.96	1.90	1.73	1.60	1.64	1.85	1.84	1.74
Missouri	2.10	1.88	1.91	1.71	^R 1.64	1.62	1.62	1.56
Montana	1.40	7.42	2.07	1.55	7.37	2.30	4.66	25.80
Nebraska	1.67	1.50	1.51	1.54	1.50	1.96	1.94	1.60
Nevada	1.80	1.82	1.75	1.53	1.56	1.77	1.80	1.85
New Hampshire	—	1.93	1.81	1.71	1.79	1.98	1.98	1.98
New Jersey	2.63	2.26	2.12	2.09	2.03	2.54	2.44	1.90
New Mexico	1.74	^R 1.65	1.64	1.44	^R 1.41	1.53	1.57	1.50
New York	2.58	2.03	1.93	1.89	1.94	2.12	2.20	2.14
North Carolina	3.04	2.07	2.00	2.45	2.43	2.16	2.17	2.50
North Dakota	3.59	—	4.07	—	3.95	3.89	—	3.77
Ohio	2.28	2.66	2.16	2.38	2.09	2.13	2.18	2.47
Oklahoma	2.78	2.95	2.16	2.07	2.09	2.42	2.46	2.28
Oregon	1.73	1.42	1.01	0.94	0.93	—	1.13	1.25
Pennsylvania	2.72	1.90	1.80	1.77	1.99	2.05	2.29	1.86
Rhode Island	1.70	1.76	2.05	2.00	—	1.93	—	—
South Carolina	3.55	1.55	1.59	1.56	1.90	1.96	2.50	2.73
South Dakota	2.02	—	1.64	1.37	1.43	2.13	—	—
Tennessee	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Texas	2.09	1.96	1.89	1.79	1.85	1.93	1.92	1.86
Utah	2.40	1.80	1.52	1.43	3.65	6.27	2.69	2.70
Vermont	1.85	2.13	2.31	2.29	2.33	2.31	2.31	2.23
Virginia	2.44	2.58	2.36	2.24	3.12	7.84	2.41	2.60
Washington	3.99	5.97	3.54	4.37	4.37	3.87	5.83	29.07
West Virginia	4.92	2.57	3.30	1.86	3.68	3.89	4.08	4.09
Wisconsin	2.51	2.30	2.37	2.06	1.89	2.17	2.25	2.22
Wyoming	12.28	4.15	4.56	14.93	3.25	15.69	11.58	10.51
Total	^R 2.22	^R 2.09	1.95	^R 1.84	^R 1.90	^R 2.06	2.06	^R 1.97

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Average Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Electric Utility^a Consumers, by State, 1995-1996

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet) — Continued

State	1995			1994				
	March	February	January	Total	December	November	October	September
Alabama	1.84	1.97	2.19	2.37	2.23	2.16	2.10	1.94
Alaska	^R 1.39	^R 1.29	^R 1.32	0.72	0.70	0.70	0.71	0.72
Arizona	1.71	1.68	1.67	2.23	2.19	2.07	1.81	2.07
Arkansas	1.41	1.41	1.52	1.87	1.60	1.56	1.43	1.59
California	2.36	2.37	2.43	2.56	2.30	2.44	2.38	2.40
Colorado	1.61	1.60	1.76	2.21	2.10	1.92	1.83	1.96
Connecticut	1.99	2.04	2.31	1.99	2.22	2.03	1.64	1.71
Delaware	2.19	2.52	2.55	2.43	2.49	2.25	1.75	1.93
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	1.96	2.00	1.94	2.18	2.35	2.01	1.82	1.77
Georgia	3.00	3.80	7.97	3.29	4.24	5.18	2.83	2.96
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Illinois	1.51	1.55	1.64	2.04	1.83	1.72	1.59	1.63
Indiana	2.31	2.48	2.52	2.72	2.48	2.29	2.05	2.03
Iowa	3.01	3.04	2.89	3.18	2.95	2.86	2.75	3.03
Kansas	1.51	1.62	1.82	1.89	2.00	1.80	1.40	1.71
Kentucky	2.95	2.37	2.63	2.93	2.87	2.91	2.45	2.39
Louisiana	1.69	1.76	1.88	2.17	1.96	1.88	1.72	1.73
Maine	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	2.54	2.35	2.76	2.57	2.69	2.36	2.38	2.21
Massachusetts	2.00	2.27	2.74	2.32	2.15	2.24	1.95	2.02
Michigan	0.86	0.99	0.64	0.97	0.45	0.50	1.13	0.85
Minnesota	1.74	1.97	2.10	2.14	2.08	2.22	1.88	2.03
Mississippi	1.59	1.60	1.78	1.98	1.87	1.72	1.58	1.75
Missouri	1.43	1.48	1.85	1.90	2.12	2.13	1.40	1.54
Montana	12.45	37.93	6.70	1.21	3.25	0.65	2.40	0.35
Nebraska	1.90	1.90	2.09	2.02	1.93	1.86	1.51	2.03
Nevada	1.51	1.57	1.89	1.99	1.92	1.96	1.54	1.69
New Hampshire	—	—	1.85	2.13	1.97	1.90	1.62	1.74
New Jersey	1.74	1.72	1.96	2.17	1.91	1.88	1.70	1.72
New Mexico	1.44	1.48	1.84	1.99	1.95	1.79	1.55	1.74
New York	2.08	2.20	2.40	2.30	2.35	2.19	1.95	2.00
North Carolina	2.89	3.42	—	3.38	3.52	3.52	2.74	2.47
North Dakota	3.68	3.68	3.64	4.11	3.57	3.64	—	—
Ohio	2.28	2.16	4.03	3.85	4.98	4.38	4.06	4.80
Oklahoma	2.27	2.34	2.46	2.76	2.56	2.55	2.64	2.43
Oregon	1.15	1.60	1.54	1.85	1.88	1.77	1.61	1.46
Pennsylvania	2.38	2.54	2.52	2.36	2.54	2.19	1.99	1.92
Rhode Island	—	—	—	2.29	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	1.43	3.83	3.42	1.71	1.51	1.61	1.53	2.32
South Dakota	—	—	—	2.65	—	—	—	—
Tennessee	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Texas	1.85	1.92	2.06	2.20	2.13	2.02	1.85	1.93
Utah	2.63	2.71	2.66	2.42	2.59	2.62	2.20	2.18
Vermont	1.86	1.90	1.82	2.31	2.09	2.08	2.05	1.92
Virginia	2.57	2.70	2.83	2.66	2.67	2.24	1.96	2.10
Washington	6.51	4.28	4.49	4.95	8.64	4.77	6.41	4.47
West Virginia	3.52	3.51	3.63	4.00	3.90	3.61	3.99	3.97
Wisconsin	2.18	2.42	2.30	2.66	2.55	2.23	2.10	2.15
Wyoming	5.93	16.27	7.69	5.80	5.54	43.55	5.55	10.65
Total	^R 1.92	^R 2.00	^R 2.13	2.28	2.17	2.10	1.95	2.00

^a Includes all steam electric utility generating plants with a combined capacity of 50 megawatts or greater.

^R = Revised Data.

— = Not Applicable.

Notes: Data for 1994 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 5 for discussion of computations and revision policy.

Sources: Form FERC-423 and Form EIA-176.

Table 24. Percentage of Total Deliveries Represented by Onsystem Sales, by State, 1994-1996

State	YTD 1996		YTD 1995		YTD 1994		1996	
	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	April	
							Commercial	Industrial
Alabama	82.4	17.2	80.0	19.2	85.7	28.6	80.5	16.6
Alaska	76.3	97.8	87.4	94.9	100.0	61.9	71.9	98.5
Arizona	88.1	24.4	90.2	29.4	92.4	24.6	84.5	22.7
Arkansas	96.3	16.1	97.5	15.1	95.0	14.5	96.3	17.9
California	59.6	12.0	60.2	15.7	48.0	21.8	63.7	12.4
Colorado	NA	NA	95.1	22.6	95.7	30.5	NA	NA
Connecticut	92.6	94.4	85.8	86.4	89.3	97.2	89.9	94.5
Delaware	100.0	51.0	100.0	67.2	100.0	65.0	100.0	28.5
District of Columbia	84.0	—	82.4	—	99.6	—	87.8	—
Florida	97.7	12.6	97.2	12.0	97.7	17.2	97.7	11.0
Georgia	97.6	27.5	94.5	33.3	94.5	40.7	94.4	27.9
Hawaii	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—
Idaho	88.8	1.3	78.0	2.5	87.7	2.6	87.2	1.3
Illinois	58.0	15.3	52.4	12.3	57.9	17.2	53.4	12.4
Indiana	NA	NA	88.8	19.3	94.7	18.7	NA	NA
Iowa	90.0	8.7	84.8	9.8	92.7	12.7	89.4	7.3
Kansas	NA	13.7	74.5	14.8	82.1	4.0	63.7	13.2
Kentucky	91.3	31.0	89.5	22.6	94.3	38.8	88.8	27.9
Louisiana	98.4	14.2	98.0	31.6	97.9	23.5	98.9	10.0
Maine	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Maryland	93.8	15.3	97.9	19.5	97.9	29.8	90.9	17.5
Massachusetts	82.6	30.3	88.9	31.3	74.5	26.2	80.0	43.3
Michigan	70.6	9.6	69.7	10.0	71.2	15.8	66.8	11.1
Minnesota	96.3	38.3	94.0	28.6	97.3	57.1	97.0	49.3
Mississippi	NA	NA	92.6	41.2	97.3	40.9	NA	NA
Missouri	87.1	27.3	85.7	26.2	87.5	27.5	84.6	25.8
Montana	92.4	4.7	92.5	4.5	92.6	5.1	92.4	4.0
Nebraska	NA	27.8	77.8	22.5	87.0	27.8	NA	24.3
Nevada	79.4	2.1	81.1	2.4	88.4	2.3	77.3	8.5
New Hampshire	99.2	64.3	99.6	65.4	100.0	100.0	99.1	68.1
New Jersey	77.6	50.7	90.8	54.6	94.8	66.7	72.2	34.8
New Mexico	63.1	1.3	55.9	0.7	65.9	6.2	57.1	0.9
New York	NA	NA	NA	15.0	82.4	22.2	NA	25.7
North Carolina	99.8	81.8	92.1	47.1	99.4	75.6	99.7	76.9
North Dakota	90.0	26.3	84.4	22.3	83.9	33.5	84.6	27.0
Ohio	75.8	7.7	79.3	7.3	85.3	13.5	72.2	5.9
Oklahoma	92.2	9.2	90.5	21.7	92.1	26.1	93.0	8.8
Oregon	96.7	21.0	98.4	28.9	98.3	35.5	98.1	23.7
Pennsylvania	76.0	20.3	73.9	18.5	78.2	25.1	72.2	18.6
Rhode Island	98.7	11.4	100.0	10.2	100.0	7.9	97.8	59.4
South Carolina	100.0	83.5	96.4	78.5	100.0	66.8	100.0	86.4
South Dakota	87.2	49.5	90.3	36.8	91.9	44.1	85.0	25.0
Tennessee	NA	NA	93.5	33.4	97.0	49.6	NA	NA
Texas	69.5	NA	70.4	25.5	82.7	29.9	64.4	16.7
Utah	84.0	9.8	84.4	12.2	83.9	9.1	82.3	10.2
Vermont	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Virginia	92.9	12.0	86.2	14.7	93.0	35.5	83.7	14.6
Washington	88.0	30.4	93.8	39.0	97.6	45.9	84.4	26.0
West Virginia	64.9	20.3	53.9	12.6	64.1	14.4	51.4	12.8
Wisconsin	95.3	40.7	94.6	52.6	97.2	53.4	93.4	35.6
Wyoming	NA	NA	93.7	0.8	97.0	2.1	NA	NA
Total	73.4	19.6	75.0	23.1	82.8	27.9	71.7	18.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Percentage of Total Deliveries Represented by Onsystem Sales, by State, 1994-1996 — Continued

State	1996						1995	
	March		February		January		Total	
	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial
Alabama	80.8	17.3	85.6	18.5	81.5	16.5	60.3	14.8
Alaska	76.3	97.7	81.0	98.4	73.7	96.3	79.9	94.4
Arizona	87.2	24.0	90.1	26.9	89.5	24.4	85.8	27.0
Arkansas	95.6	15.0	96.9	16.5	96.4	15.6	84.9	13.1
California	63.3	12.5	58.8	15.3	52.5	12.0	51.4	12.4
Colorado	94.8	16.8	96.2	17.6	95.3	25.1	87.1	18.6
Connecticut	93.1	96.6	93.2	98.2	93.4	95.1	80.4	78.5
Delaware	100.0	56.9	100.0	57.6	100.0	58.3	100.0	79.0
District of Columbia	84.6	—	83.8	—	80.5	—	76.8	—
Florida	96.9	10.9	97.1	11.7	98.8	17.4	76.8	10.3
Georgia	96.6	29.6	97.9	33.0	99.4	18.6	84.8	27.3
Hawaii	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—
Idaho	88.2	1.4	90.1	1.3	88.8	1.1	80.9	2.2
Illinois	59.3	16.5	59.3	16.3	58.1	15.5	48.8	9.8
Indiana	95.8	24.1	96.8	25.6	95.7	26.6	80.4	14.5
Iowa	88.2	8.1	91.6	8.1	90.2	10.9	86.4	8.1
Kansas	NA	14.9	78.9	14.3	NA	12.5	55.3	16.9
Kentucky	91.2	32.3	94.3	32.4	90.1	31.2	80.1	21.9
Louisiana	97.6	9.5	97.6	9.1	99.7	30.3	89.0	29.1
Maine	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Maryland	91.1	4.9	96.9	18.8	94.7	20.3	96.8	12.7
Massachusetts	82.2	35.2	83.2	49.6	84.3	41.5	80.5	30.1
Michigan	71.6	11.7	70.5	13.7	72.2	13.7	63.0	6.6
Minnesota	96.8	35.7	95.8	27.5	96.0	38.9	80.1	31.0
Mississippi	96.6	38.1	97.8	38.7	97.9	47.8	82.1	35.4
Missouri	85.4	24.2	89.8	33.0	87.3	26.1	75.0	20.5
Montana	91.6	4.8	93.5	5.5	92.0	4.4	91.5	3.2
Nebraska	NA	25.9	NA	29.5	NA	31.2	NA	18.6
Nevada	78.9	8.7	81.1	10.0	79.7	10.0	77.1	1.8
New Hampshire	99.2	63.6	99.3	61.1	99.3	64.0	99.2	64.8
New Jersey	77.3	41.2	79.1	35.1	79.9	36.8	85.1	52.5
New Mexico	60.3	0.4	60.8	0.9	70.5	2.8	46.6	1.6
New York	NA	NA	NA	18.4	NA	34.7	60.7	7.8
North Carolina	99.9	88.4	99.8	66.9	99.9	93.5	83.4	40.7
North Dakota	90.5	21.9	92.9	25.0	90.4	31.7	82.6	NA
Ohio	76.0	7.2	76.0	9.8	77.3	8.3	71.6	4.8
Oklahoma	91.4	9.0	93.2	11.1	91.5	8.2	82.1	15.1
Oregon	98.6	25.5	98.8	26.6	92.0	10.4	94.5	25.1
Pennsylvania	76.5	25.5	77.2	24.5	76.4	15.6	67.2	14.6
Rhode Island	98.5	90.7	99.3	84.1	98.8	32.5	99.8	11.1
South Carolina	100.0	83.6	100.0	81.3	100.0	81.4	78.6	61.6
South Dakota	84.7	71.4	87.9	32.6	89.8	31.0	88.3	27.1
Tennessee	91.7	45.4	96.8	38.1	96.7	38.9	73.7	28.8
Texas	63.2	17.8	78.0	NA	73.0	19.9	62.3	22.5
Utah	82.8	9.4	85.6	10.0	84.0	9.4	81.8	11.2
Vermont	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	NA	100.0
Virginia	90.8	12.5	96.5	10.6	96.9	13.0	71.3	11.1
Washington	87.6	31.3	89.8	31.0	88.9	33.0	90.8	NA
West Virginia	60.7	14.7	62.3	16.6	74.7	33.7	47.3	12.5
Wisconsin	95.6	42.8	96.1	42.8	95.4	40.9	76.6	43.0
Wyoming	NA							
Total	74.6	19.3	74.8	20.2	72.2	20.4	70.3	21.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Percentage of Total Deliveries Represented by Onsystem Sales, by State, 1994-1996 — Continued

State	1995							
	December		November		October		September	
	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial
Alabama	76.2	18.4	66.7	15.2	65.8	16.2	67.1	16.1
Alaska	77.9	96.1	72.9	96.6	69.2	95.6	72.1	87.8
Arizona	86.6	27.5	87.3	23.4	87.6	21.1	86.4	21.4
Arkansas	100.0	9.4	93.9	15.0	93.2	14.8	93.6	13.2
California	50.7	10.9	47.7	10.7	41.7	10.9	40.7	9.7
Colorado	93.5	23.7	93.1	28.6	89.6	28.4	88.7	23.4
Connecticut	87.5	100.0	87.7	99.6	99.7	95.5	100.0	75.5
Delaware	100.0	57.2	100.0	65.4	100.0	69.1	100.0	67.7
District of Columbia	77.5	—	74.6	—	64.8	—	61.6	—
Florida	96.5	12.2	97.2	12.5	97.6	10.4	98.0	9.8
Georgia	96.9	35.8	94.2	30.6	90.2	26.9	86.8	27.5
Hawaii	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—
Idaho	85.5	1.1	85.9	1.3	77.2	0.6	80.4	2.8
Illinois	52.6	13.2	51.2	12.1	46.4	7.7	40.2	5.7
Indiana	93.0	19.3	90.2	17.9	80.1	12.1	76.0	9.4
Iowa	91.0	10.0	89.3	12.1	86.6	10.2	80.3	6.3
Kansas	64.1	19.8	86.7	20.5	59.7	21.1	31.9	25.3
Kentucky	91.6	29.5	90.3	26.5	84.6	24.5	80.4	27.5
Louisiana	96.9	31.3	97.2	32.2	98.5	28.8	98.2	28.9
Maine	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Maryland	97.0	3.6	95.6	9.3	94.7	8.0	95.5	9.1
Massachusetts	79.2	37.6	80.6	43.8	80.0	43.2	76.4	38.3
Michigan	71.1	13.2	66.5	9.7	55.4	5.8	44.9	6.2
Minnesota	94.6	35.9	89.1	31.7	93.5	32.5	41.4	63.5
Mississippi	91.6	38.6	90.2	40.1	87.0	27.3	89.6	27.7
Missouri	82.6	16.9	76.5	20.3	69.5	17.2	68.0	19.7
Montana	91.9	4.6	91.8	3.5	88.8	2.6	88.2	2.2
Nebraska	NA	29.1	NA	19.7	NA	22.3	NA	15.6
Nevada	76.0	8.3	71.6	7.7	68.7	6.3	72.1	6.7
New Hampshire	99.1	65.0	98.9	70.2	98.6	68.2	98.3	66.6
New Jersey	80.5	37.0	82.0	33.5	70.3	37.7	82.5	33.1
New Mexico	61.7	4.3	58.6	4.4	50.8	3.3	47.4	1.9
New York	78.9	17.5	78.1	15.6	68.6	NA	66.8	11.2
North Carolina	99.9	92.4	93.4	47.6	87.8	37.8	87.0	27.8
North Dakota	86.3	26.0	90.0	66.7	64.0	NA	70.7	11.4
Ohio	77.1	4.5	77.7	5.2	69.7	3.7	58.1	3.1
Oklahoma	92.7	9.3	86.0	7.6	77.2	7.0	81.5	12.8
Oregon	98.4	25.2	98.0	19.2	54.9	28.2	98.1	24.1
Pennsylvania	71.5	22.0	48.9	12.9	67.5	13.0	62.5	12.3
Rhode Island	98.6	36.1	100.0	51.4	100.0	59.3	100.0	49.2
South Carolina	100.0	90.1	95.1	78.6	94.3	79.9	94.3	82.7
South Dakota	88.5	31.4	85.8	35.0	82.4	21.4	75.9	20.0
Tennessee	94.5	47.0	95.8	49.7	87.0	33.9	85.5	27.4
Texas	74.6	21.5	72.7	23.9	55.3	22.0	71.5	24.1
Utah	82.8	9.1	80.3	10.6	79.4	11.3	75.3	11.1
Vermont	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	NA	100.0	100.0	100.0
Virginia	90.5	13.9	83.1	15.4	70.7	7.8	70.7	11.1
Washington	89.5	29.1	88.6	28.4	87.7	NA	72.6	NA
West Virginia	58.7	14.5	92.0	14.2	40.0	12.6	36.9	11.6
Wisconsin	94.9	44.7	94.8	44.8	91.1	45.5	86.9	47.0
Wyoming	NA	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	70.6	20.6	70.7	21.4	64.0	19.5	59.1	19.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Percentage of Total Deliveries Represented by Onsystem Sales, by State, 1994-1996 — Continued

State	1995							
	August		July		June		May	
	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial
Alabama	68.3	14.9	69.4	13.7	70.1	15.1	72.1	15.4
Alaska	71.2	85.2	72.0	91.3	76.4	91.6	81.9	98.4
Arizona	84.7	21.7	84.3	27.2	87.8	35.1	87.6	27.0
Arkansas	94.5	12.4	92.9	12.1	94.3	13.1	94.4	13.2
California	43.2	11.8	43.4	13.2	52.8	15.0	50.0	15.0
Colorado	89.2	19.2	91.8	19.5	95.3	15.0	94.8	19.5
Connecticut	63.7	75.6	61.8	80.9	66.1	83.3	75.4	90.0
Delaware	100.0	65.2	100.0	62.4	100.0	67.9	100.0	79.0
District of Columbia	66.2	—	68.1	—	69.6	—	73.3	—
Florida	97.7	9.4	98.0	9.0	98.0	10.3	97.8	11.3
Georgia	87.4	31.6	86.3	35.7	87.4	30.5	88.8	29.2
Hawaii	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—
Idaho	82.5	2.5	83.7	3.0	85.3	3.2	86.0	2.5
Illinois	38.9	4.2	39.5	5.4	43.5	8.0	40.4	8.4
Indiana	71.5	9.7	72.5	8.0	75.1	8.8	82.6	10.1
Iowa	77.2	5.8	79.6	6.0	81.5	5.6	85.8	5.0
Kansas	39.4	14.8	61.7	17.8	61.5	20.4	58.9	15.2
Kentucky	80.2	21.1	75.0	19.0	79.2	23.3	86.4	21.8
Louisiana	98.3	26.5	97.9	26.7	97.9	31.3	98.1	30.0
Maine	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Maryland	94.9	8.3	94.4	9.9	96.2	10.6	95.9	13.9
Massachusetts	76.3	42.0	73.5	38.5	81.8	59.4	87.4	46.1
Michigan	37.7	4.9	39.9	4.7	43.7	4.9	59.5	6.5
Minnesota	29.0	58.9	91.0	27.3	92.7	34.3	95.3	34.6
Mississippi	94.6	36.7	92.8	35.5	88.2	36.7	92.2	41.9
Missouri	67.9	18.1	69.6	20.4	73.1	20.0	79.4	21.0
Montana	88.9	1.4	89.6	1.7	90.2	1.5	92.0	2.5
Nebraska	68.6	14.8	70.4	11.8	65.2	16.0	67.0	15.3
Nevada	70.8	6.9	73.6	7.5	77.2	7.2	77.8	7.2
New Hampshire	98.1	65.3	98.4	57.6	98.5	59.7	98.9	62.2
New Jersey	73.4	35.5	77.1	33.9	78.5	35.2	83.3	42.5
New Mexico	54.2	1.3	57.0	1.0	50.5	0.8	43.9	0.5
New York	62.8	10.0	65.2	10.3	65.2	10.8	70.7	12.1
North Carolina	86.7	25.7	87.7	27.3	86.0	41.2	90.3	42.1
North Dakota	58.7	9.8	61.4	7.0	70.5	13.2	79.9	14.0
Ohio	58.7	3.1	62.7	2.6	61.2	4.0	67.6	4.2
Oklahoma	75.8	7.5	80.1	17.1	81.5	16.0	86.6	19.0
Oregon	97.9	22.5	98.1	22.2	97.8	23.8	97.9	24.0
Pennsylvania	63.7	12.2	64.9	12.8	66.2	11.9	68.4	13.9
Rhode Island	100.0	47.6	100.0	39.8	100.0	52.4	100.0	48.1
South Carolina	94.1	81.0	94.0	85.5	92.2	81.9	94.7	83.1
South Dakota	75.6	14.4	76.5	15.0	77.1	17.3	82.8	21.8
Tennessee	84.0	22.8	36.5	40.4	90.3	38.3	86.2	40.9
Texas	59.7	25.9	64.4	23.6	70.2	24.7	50.5	21.5
Utah	71.4	11.4	74.0	10.8	79.4	11.0	80.1	9.3
Vermont	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Virginia	72.8	10.1	69.1	8.3	71.8	10.5	73.4	9.2
Washington	90.6	29.5	90.7	33.1	91.2	33.7	91.7	33.3
West Virginia	36.2	11.9	34.7	13.1	33.1	12.4	40.0	12.5
Wisconsin	88.2	42.5	87.2	43.0	88.3	45.1	92.4	47.8
Wyoming	99.0	0.8	89.3	0.8	91.8	0.8	90.6	0.7
Total	58.1	19.3	60.7	19.7	66.0	21.5	66.1	20.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Percentage of Total Deliveries Represented by Onsystem Sales, by State, 1994-1996 — Continued

State	1995							
	April		March		February		January	
	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial
Alabama	76.7	17.1	81.9	18.1	81.8	20.4	77.9	21.2
Alaska	83.8	97.9	83.2	98.3	83.9	98.0	100.0	97.5
Arizona	86.7	32.9	88.6	33.0	92.7	24.8	91.6	25.7
Arkansas	95.9	14.5	96.9	14.4	98.3	16.6	97.7	15.3
California	56.6	15.0	64.5	17.3	58.4	18.8	61.2	16.9
Colorado	94.0	24.1	94.8	24.8	95.8	22.0	95.6	24.3
Connecticut	81.5	81.1	85.6	87.7	88.1	92.8	86.6	88.8
Delaware	100.0	75.6	100.0	62.9	100.0	64.9	100.0	63.4
District of Columbia	76.5	—	82.8	—	86.4	—	81.7	—
Florida	97.8	11.8	97.3	12.0	97.2	11.7	96.5	12.5
Georgia	89.9	26.3	92.7	30.3	96.8	37.1	95.7	41.1
Hawaii	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—
Idaho	85.5	3.0	54.9	2.3	89.1	2.7	89.7	1.8
Illinois	48.9	10.6	52.3	10.1	52.5	14.0	54.0	13.9
Indiana	86.5	13.8	89.0	13.5	89.4	16.4	89.2	29.8
Iowa	88.5	7.6	90.9	8.1	91.8	10.8	74.9	13.3
Kansas	65.4	16.7	80.4	14.8	69.6	17.5	79.5	11.8
Kentucky	85.3	22.4	89.2	20.0	90.5	24.0	90.1	23.6
Louisiana	98.5	29.4	98.0	30.8	98.1	35.1	97.6	31.3
Maine	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Maryland	96.7	7.2	97.8	30.0	98.5	23.6	97.9	14.5
Massachusetts	87.7	44.7	91.6	46.2	88.8	46.5	87.3	42.4
Michigan	66.4	10.8	69.7	12.7	70.4	14.1	71.1	14.2
Minnesota	96.0	35.3	94.8	22.5	93.2	25.7	93.0	30.7
Mississippi	92.4	39.2	93.1	40.9	93.1	43.5	92.1	41.7
Missouri	80.5	21.8	86.2	25.2	87.9	29.5	85.5	27.3
Montana	91.9	8.6	92.5	1.8	92.5	2.3	93.0	4.9
Nebraska	73.9	17.2	76.0	20.1	79.3	25.5	80.1	26.9
Nevada	79.6	8.6	78.1	8.0	83.7	9.8	82.1	10.5
New Hampshire	99.3	66.8	99.3	70.7	99.6	53.6	100.0	66.2
New Jersey	86.3	39.8	90.6	44.8	91.7	43.2	93.1	43.7
New Mexico	49.8	0.7	52.7	0.6	67.2	0.4	54.2	1.0
New York	78.5	13.2	NA	13.5	82.0	16.6	79.8	17.5
North Carolina	75.4	45.3	94.3	48.8	95.9	47.6	95.6	46.5
North Dakota	83.1	18.1	84.2	20.7	85.7	25.1	84.2	25.0
Ohio	76.6	5.9	78.5	6.9	79.9	8.6	80.9	8.1
Oklahoma	87.0	24.2	90.9	20.9	91.0	25.9	91.4	17.5
Oregon	98.2	28.2	98.2	29.5	98.4	29.5	98.5	28.4
Pennsylvania	71.0	17.1	74.6	19.4	74.1	18.2	74.8	19.1
Rhode Island	100.0	47.3	100.0	45.3	100.0	37.4	100.0	38.1
South Carolina	94.0	79.7	96.0	80.8	97.1	76.1	97.4	76.2
South Dakota	87.2	31.5	89.7	39.4	90.8	38.2	92.1	38.2
Tennessee	89.3	27.9	92.6	36.5	94.8	33.8	94.6	35.9
Texas	65.6	26.2	72.6	26.1	70.4	22.4	72.3	27.0
Utah	83.2	10.1	82.5	15.6	85.6	13.2	85.6	10.8
Vermont	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Virginia	74.9	11.8	87.1	14.3	88.6	16.4	89.4	16.1
Washington	92.5	37.8	94.1	41.2	93.9	39.2	94.2	38.0
West Virginia	48.3	12.3	53.8	12.5	57.4	13.0	53.2	12.5
Wisconsin	94.1	52.4	94.7	51.6	95.1	53.5	94.5	52.7
Wyoming	93.4	0.7	94.5	0.8	98.4	0.7	89.9	0.9
Total	71.8	22.2	75.4	23.0	76.0	23.3	75.7	23.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Percentage of Total Deliveries Represented by Onsystem Sales, by State, 1994-1996 — Continued

State	1994							
	Total		December		November		October	
	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial
Alabama	80.3	27.3	76.7	28.1	73.6	26.4	70.0	28.2
Alaska	100.0	58.4	100.0	96.8	100.0	59.1	100.0	57.3
Arizona	90.7	30.3	91.4	29.7	89.9	34.6	90.4	35.4
Arkansas	95.1	14.1	97.4	13.6	96.4	15.1	95.3	14.8
California	48.8	19.5	68.3	16.0	57.8	13.3	52.2	18.5
Colorado	94.8	14.7	95.6	14.2	93.2	14.7	91.5	15.8
Connecticut	80.9	95.3	83.4	99.1	77.9	99.9	68.8	91.5
Delaware	100.0	67.3	100.0	66.8	100.0	73.3	100.0	70.2
District of Columbia	90.9	—	82.0	—	76.4	—	72.0	—
Florida	97.9	17.3	97.0	18.0	97.8	18.9	97.9	14.2
Georgia	92.0	37.4	92.6	38.8	91.6	39.2	88.6	34.5
Hawaii	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—	100.0	—
Idaho	85.8	2.9	88.0	2.4	84.0	2.4	79.3	2.5
Illinois	52.8	12.4	52.0	11.1	49.9	13.8	47.5	10.5
Indiana	92.3	13.4	91.3	14.5	91.3	13.6	86.8	10.7
Iowa	90.4	11.5	91.0	10.0	90.4	11.4	86.0	18.8
Kansas	78.4	6.6	79.5	9.8	83.9	6.8	77.1	10.1
Kentucky	91.4	31.2	89.9	26.5	87.9	24.0	87.6	23.7
Louisiana	97.9	24.9	97.5	25.4	97.9	26.2	97.9	25.1
Maine	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Maryland	97.1	16.8	97.7	18.0	96.5	13.5	96.2	7.0
Massachusetts	76.2	39.3	87.1	39.9	81.2	42.9	90.6	45.3
Michigan	65.7	15.1	69.8	18.7	63.4	12.1	55.4	8.5
Minnesota	96.0	42.9	95.2	36.1	95.6	29.0	92.0	21.7
Mississippi	96.6	39.1	96.6	37.4	96.2	39.8	94.3	39.0
Missouri	83.3	20.9	82.0	18.9	77.0	14.0	70.2	12.8
Montana	91.8	3.9	93.1	5.6	91.2	3.7	89.0	3.6
Nebraska	80.2	21.6	80.6	21.6	73.5	16.5	62.2	21.2
Nevada	82.5	9.3	81.2	11.4	76.8	9.5	73.9	7.4
New Hampshire	100.0	95.0	100.0	75.1	100.0	82.8	100.0	84.9
New Jersey	91.6	57.5	92.1	55.7	89.6	52.0	88.0	50.4
New Mexico	62.4	9.7	68.4	12.6	64.2	12.5	60.3	11.0
New York	79.6	21.0	81.9	22.8	78.0	19.5	76.4	16.2
North Carolina	96.6	59.0	99.4	66.8	94.1	53.1	88.0	40.8
North Dakota	79.6	24.7	76.7	19.2	82.2	24.2	64.0	12.9
Ohio	81.5	9.7	81.4	9.1	78.7	7.7	75.1	6.1
Oklahoma	88.5	24.3	91.0	20.6	85.0	21.7	78.2	20.4
Oregon	98.1	31.5	98.6	30.7	97.8	29.5	97.0	27.7
Pennsylvania	74.4	20.5	72.1	20.3	68.7	17.7	62.7	15.9
Rhode Island	100.0	9.0	100.0	9.2	100.0	11.5	100.0	9.7
South Carolina	98.5	76.8	99.9	83.9	96.2	82.7	95.6	82.2
South Dakota	89.1	37.4	92.1	39.6	88.4	41.0	83.4	33.4
Tennessee	94.1	45.6	94.4	46.6	91.7	43.2	88.4	41.8
Texas	82.4	25.7	89.0	26.1	78.9	24.4	75.1	25.5
Utah	83.3	12.0	85.8	11.4	83.9	18.5	83.8	17.1
Vermont	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Virginia	86.7	21.5	86.0	19.2	79.4	16.9	76.1	13.3
Washington	95.4	41.6	94.6	39.0	94.1	36.7	93.9	38.4
West Virginia	55.2	13.0	55.7	13.7	47.5	11.6	41.3	11.8
Wisconsin	93.5	48.8	84.4	60.7	94.4	47.7	90.8	44.2
Wyoming	96.1	2.2	96.8	2.2	96.1	2.6	95.6	1.7
Total	79.3	25.5	82.3	25.7	77.9	24.1	74.0	23.9

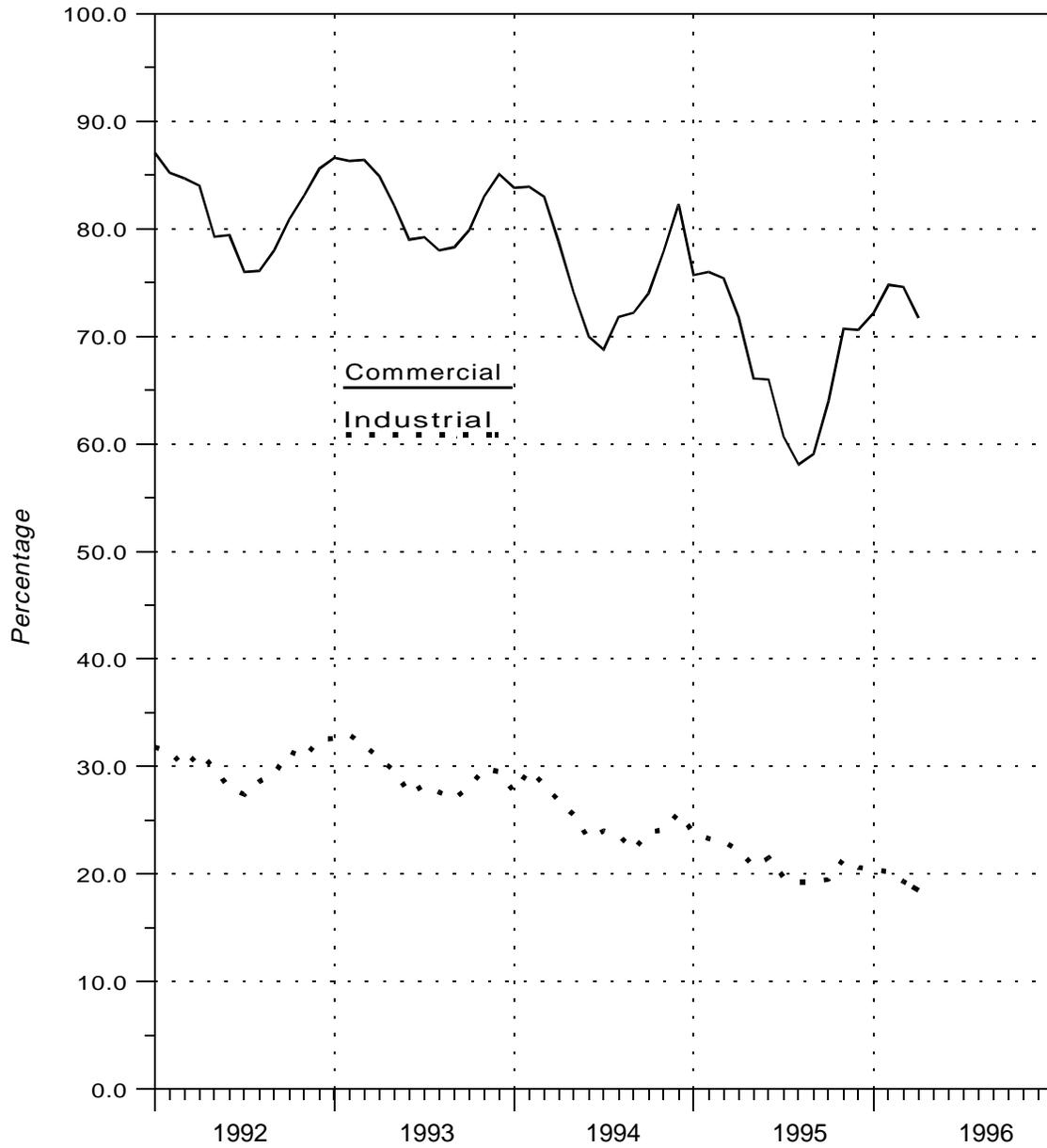
NA = Not Available.

— = Not Applicable.

Notes: Volumes of natural gas reported for the commercial and industrial sectors in this publication include data for both sales and deliveries for the account of others. This table shows the percent of the total State volume that represents natural gas sales to the commercial and industrial sectors. This information may be helpful in evaluating commercial and industrial price data which are based on sales data only. See Appendix C, Statistical Considerations, for a discussion of the computation of natural gas prices.

Source: Form EIA-857.

Figure 6. Percentage of Total Deliveries Represented by Onsystem Sales, 1992-1996



Source: Form EIA-857.

Appendix A

Explanatory Notes

Appendix A

Explanatory Notes

The Energy Information Administration (EIA) publishes monthly data for the supply and disposition of natural gas in the United States in the *Natural Gas Monthly*. These data are preliminary when initially published. Some of these monthly data are estimates

developed by EIA staff. Others are taken or estimated from submitted reports. The table below lists the methodologies for deriving the monthly data to be published initially for the components of supply and disposition.

Table A1. Methodology for Reporting Initial Monthly Natural Gas Supply and Disposition Data

Components	Reporting Methodology
Supply and Disposition	
Marketed Production	Reported on Form EIA-895 and Estimated from Historical Data
Extraction Loss	Derived from Marketed Production
Dry Production	Marketed Production minus Extraction Loss
Withdrawals from Storage	Reported on Form EIA-191
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	Derived from Supply Estimates and Coal Gasification Information
Imports	Estimated from National Energy Board of Canada Information and Liquefied Natural Gas Information
Additions to Storage	Reported on Form EIA-191
Exports	Estimated from Industry Trends and Liquefied Natural Gas Information
Current-Month Consumption	Estimated from Historical Month-to-Month Percent Changes
Prior-Month Consumption	
Lease and Plant Fuel	Derived from Marketed Production
Pipeline Fuel	Derived from Estimates for Lease and Plant Fuel and Deliveries to Consumers
Residential	Estimated from Reports to the Sample Survey Form EIA-857
Commercial	Estimated from Reports to the Sample Survey Form EIA-857
Industrial	Estimated from Reports to the Sample Survey Form EIA-857
Electric Utilities	Reported on Form EIA-759

Note 1. Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed

Annual Data

Data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed from marketed production—carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen—are reported by State agencies on the voluntary Form EIA-627. For 1994, of the 33 producing States, 22 reported data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed. The 22 States accounted for 57 percent of total 1994 gross withdrawals. Of the 22 States reporting nonhydrocarbon gases removed, 11 reported zero values: Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Illinois, Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, New York, South Dakota, and Virginia. The ten States reporting volumes greater than zero are Alabama, California, Florida, Kentucky, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Texas, and Wyoming. In addition, Kansas, Louisiana, Montana, and Oklahoma, which together accounted for 34 percent of gross withdrawals, did not report nonhydrocarbon gases removed separately. However, their gross withdrawal data excluded all or most of the nonhydrocarbon gases removed on leases. No estimates are made for States not reporting nonhydrocarbon gases removed.

Preliminary Monthly Data

All monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the *Natural Gas Annual* for the year in which the report month falls. Three States report monthly data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed: Alabama, Texas, and Mississippi. Monthly data for California, Colorado, Florida, New Mexico, North Dakota, and Wyoming are estimated based on annual data reported on Form EIA-627. Nonhydrocarbon gases as an annual percentage of gross withdrawals reported by each of the six States is applied to each State's monthly gross withdrawal data to produce an estimate of nonhydrocarbon gases removed.

Final Monthly Data

Beginning with report year 1990, States filing the Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report," were asked to supply monthly breakdowns of all data previously reported on an annual basis. The sums of the reported figures were used to calculate monthly volumes.

For States not supplying monthly data on the EIA-627, final monthly data are calculated by proportionally allocating the differences between total annual data reported on the Form EIA-627 and the sum of monthly data (January-December).

Note 2. Supplemental Gaseous Fuels

Annual Data

Annual data are published from Form EIA-176.

Preliminary Monthly Data

All monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the *Natural Gas Annual* for the year in which the report month falls. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. This ratio is applied to the monthly sum of these three elements to compute a monthly supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

Final Monthly Data

Monthly data are revised after publication of the *Natural Gas Annual*. Final monthly data are estimated based on the revised annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. This ratio is applied to the revised monthly sum of these three elements to compute final monthly data.

Note 3. Production

Annual Data

Natural gas production data are collected from 33 gas-producing States on Form EIA-627 which includes gross withdrawals, vented and flared, repressuring, nonhydrocarbon gases removed, fuel used on leases, marketed production (wet), and extraction loss. The U.S. Minerals Management Service (MMS) also supplies data on the quantity and value of natural gas production on the Gulf of Mexico and Outer Continental Shelf. No adjustments are made to the data.

Estimated Monthly Data

State marketed production data for a particular month are estimated if data are unavailable at the time of publication. The data are estimated based on final monthly data reported on the Form EIA-627 for the previous year.

Estimates for total U.S. marketed production are based on final monthly data reported on the Form EIA-627 for the previous year. State estimates for non-hydrocarbon gas removed, gas used for repressuring, and gas vented and flared are based on the ratio of the item to gross withdrawals as reported on the EIA-627. These ratios are applied to the month's estimates for gross withdrawals to calculate figures for non-hydrocarbon gases removed, gas used for repressuring, and gas vented and flared. Estimates for gross withdrawal data are calculated from final monthly data filed on Form EIA-627 for the previous year.

Preliminary Monthly Data

All monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the *Natural Gas Annual* for the year in which the report month falls. Preliminary monthly data are published from reports from the Form EIA-895 and the MMS. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psia pressure base. Data are revised as Table 7 monthly data are updated.

Final Monthly Data

Final monthly data for 1993 and 1994 are the sums of monthly data reported on the annual Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report." For prior years, the differences between each State's annual production data reported on the EIA-627 and the sum of its monthly IOGCC reports for the year were allocated proportionally to the monthly IOGCC data.

Note 4. Imports and Exports

Annual Data and Final Monthly Data

Annual and final monthly data are published from the annual Form FPC-14, which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary Monthly Data - Imports

Preliminary monthly import data are based on data from the National Energy Board of Canada and responses to informal industry contacts and EIA estimates. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the article "U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas" for the calendar year.

Preliminary Monthly Data - Exports

Preliminary monthly export data are based on historical data from the Form FPC-14, informal industry contacts, and information gathered from natural gas industry trade publications. Preliminary monthly data are revised after publication of "U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas" for the calendar year in which the report month falls.

Note 5. Consumption

All Annual Data

All consumption data except electric utility data are from the Form EIA-857 and Form EIA-176. No adjustments are made to the data. Electric utility data are reported on Form EIA-759.

Monthly Data

All monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the *Natural Gas Annual*.

Total Consumption

Preliminary Monthly Data

The most current month estimate is calculated based on the arithmetic average change from the previous month for the previous 3 years. The following month this estimate is revised by summing the components (pipeline fuel, lease and plant fuel, and deliveries to consumers).

Final Monthly Data

Monthly data are revised after publication of the *Natural Gas Annual*. Final monthly total consumption is obtained by summing its components.

Residential, Commercial, and Industrial Sector Consumption

Preliminary Monthly Data

Preliminary monthly residential, commercial, and industrial data are from Form EIA-857. See Appendix C, "Statistical Considerations," for a detailed explanation of sample selection and estimation procedures.

Average Price of Deliveries to Consumers

Price data are representative of prices for gas sold and delivered to residential, commercial, and industrial consumers. These prices do not reflect average prices of natural gas transported to consumers for the account of third parties or "spot-market" prices.

Final Monthly Data

Monthly data are revised after the publication of the *Natural Gas Annual*. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual consumption data from the Form EIA-176 to each month in proportion to monthly volumes reported in Form EIA-857.

Electric Utility Sector Consumption

All Monthly Data

Monthly data published are from Form EIA-759.

Pipeline Fuel Consumption

Preliminary Monthly Data

Preliminary data are estimated based on the pipeline fuel consumption as an annual percentage of total consumption from the previous year's Form EIA-176. This percentage is applied to each month's total consumption figure to compute the monthly estimate.

Final Monthly Data

Monthly data are revised after the publication of the *Natural Gas Annual*. Final monthly data are based on the revised annual ratio of pipeline fuel consumption to total consumption from the Form EIA-176. This ratio is applied to each month's revised total consumption figure to compute final monthly pipeline fuel consumption estimates.

Lease and Plant Fuel Consumption

Preliminary Monthly Data

Preliminary monthly data are estimated based on lease and plant fuel consumption as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production figure to compute estimated lease and plant fuel consumption.

Final Monthly Data

Monthly data are revised after publication of the *Natural Gas Annual*. Final monthly plant fuel data are based on a revised annual ratio of lease and plant fuel consumption to marketed production from Form EIA-176. This ratio is applied to each month's revised marketed production figure to compute final monthly plant fuel consumption estimates. Final monthly lease data are collected on the Form EIA-627 and estimates from the Form EIA-176. See the *Natural Gas Annual* for a complete discussion of this process.

Note 6. Extraction Loss

Annual Data

Extraction loss data are calculated from filings of Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production." For a fuller discussion, see the *Natural Gas Annual*.

Preliminary Monthly Data

Preliminary data are estimated based on extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Final Monthly Data

Monthly data are revised after the publication of the *Natural Gas Annual*. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to each month based on its total natural gas marketed production.

Note 7. Natural Gas Storage

Underground Natural Gas Storage

All monthly data concerning underground storage are published from the EIA-191. A new EIA-191 became effective in January 1994. Injection and withdrawal data from the EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the *Natural Gas Annual*.

Underground and Liquefied Natural Gas Storage

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1988 through 1994 shown in Table 2 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Underground storage data are obtained from the EIA-191 and EIA-176 surveys in the manner described earlier. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are taken from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying it to annual LNG data.

Note 8. Average Wellhead Value

Annual Data

Form EIA-627 requests State agencies to report the quantity and value of marketed production. When complete data are unavailable, the form instructs the State agency to report the available value and the quantity of marketed production associated with this value. A number of States reported volumes of production and associated values for other than marketed production. In addition, information for several States which were unable to provide data was obtained from Form EIA-176. It should be noted that Form EIA-176 reports a fraction of State production. The imputed value of marketed production in each State is calculated by dividing the State's reported value by its associated production. This unit price is then applied to the quantity of the State's marketed production to derive the imputed value of marketed production.

Initial Monthly Data

An initial estimate is calculated based on the statistical relationship between U.S. monthly wellhead gas prices and the monthly composite spot wellhead prices published in the *Natural Gas Week*. The estimate is prepared using the same methodology that generates monthly gas price estimates for EIA's *Short-Term Energy Outlook*. The initial estimate is the latest monthly estimate presented.

Preliminary Monthly Data

A preliminary estimate of the U.S. gas price is made each month based on the change in the production-weighted gas price from five States: Kansas, Mississippi, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas. Gas prices for these five States are used because both their gas production and value represent a substantial sample of the U.S. gas production and value (roughly 50 percent), and their prices are readily available and provide a consistent series. The latest preliminary U.S. gas price estimate is calculated by multiplying the preliminary U.S. gas price estimate for the prior month by the ratio of the five States' gas price for the latest month to that of the prior month. This estimate replaces the initial gas price estimate.

Final Monthly Data

Preliminary monthly gas price data for Kansas, Mississippi, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas are replaced by final monthly data that are adjusted to match the annual prices published in the *Natural Gas Annual* for each State. A revised set of the monthly U.S. gas price estimates are derived based on the monthly change in the production-weighted prices for these five States and adjusted to match the U.S. gas price published in the *Natural Gas Annual*.

Note 9. Balancing Item

The "balancing item" category represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of the components of natural gas disposition. These differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data metered at varying temperatures and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycles and calendar periods; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems, which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

Annual Data

Annual data are from the *Natural Gas Annual*. For an explanation of the methodology involved in calculating annual "balancing item" data, see the *Natural Gas Annual*.

Preliminary Monthly Data

Preliminary monthly data in the "balancing item" category are calculated by subtracting dry gas production, withdrawals from storage, supplemental gaseous fuels, and imports from total supply/disposition.

Note 10. Heating Degree-Days

Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature. Heating degree-days are deviations of the mean daily temperature below 65 degrees Fahrenheit. A weather station recording a mean daily temper-

ature of 40 degrees Fahrenheit would report 25 heating degree-days. There are several degree-day data bases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published in the *Natural Gas Monthly* is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Analysis Center, Camp Springs, Maryland.

The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at these weather stations is used to calculate Statewide degree-day averages weighted by gas home customers. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average.

Appendix B

Data Sources

Data Sources

The data in this publication are taken from survey reports authorized by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Energy Information Administration (EIA) and by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). The EIA is the independent statistical and analytical agency within the DOE. The FERC is an independent regulatory commission within the DOE which has jurisdiction primarily in the regulation of electric utilities and the interstate natural gas industry. The EIA conducts and processes some of the surveys authorized by the FERC. Data are collected from two annual surveys and four monthly surveys.

The annual reports are the Form EIA-176, a mandatory survey of all companies that deliver natural gas to consumers or that transport gas across State lines, and the Form EIA-627, a voluntary survey completed by energy or conservation agencies in the gas-producing States.

The monthly reports include two surveys of the natural gas industry and two surveys of the electric utility industry. The natural gas industry survey is the Form EIA-191 filed by companies that operate underground storage facilities, and the Form EIA-857 filed by a sample of companies that deliver natural gas to consumers. The electric utility industry surveys are the Form EIA-759 filed by all generating electric utilities and the Form FERC-423 filed by fossil fueled plants. Responses to these four monthly surveys are mandatory.

A description of the survey respondents, reporting requirements, and processing and editing of the data is given on the following pages for each of the surveys.

Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"

Survey Design

The original version of Form EIA-176 was approved in 1980 with a mandatory response requirement. Prior to 1980, published data were based on voluntary responses to Bureau of Mines, U.S. Department of the Interior predecessor Forms BOM-6-1340-A and BOM-6-1341-A of the same title.

In 1982, the scope of the revised EIA-176 survey was expanded to collect the number of electric utility consumers in each State, volumes of gas transported to industrial and electric utility consumers, detailed information on volumes transported across State borders by the respondent for others and for the responding company, and detailed information on other disposition. These changes were incorporated to provide more complete survey information with a minimal change in respondent burden. The 1982 version of the Form EIA-176 continues to be the basis for the current version of this form.

In 1988, the Form EIA-176 was revised to include data collection for deliveries of natural gas to commercial and industrial consumers for the account of others. A short version of Form EIA-176 was also approved in 1988. Companies engaged in purchase and delivery activities but not in transportation and storage activities may file the short form. Usually, these companies are municipals handling small volumes of gas.

In 1990, the Form EIA-176 was revised to include more detailed information for gas withdrawn from storage facilities, gas added to storage facilities, deliveries of company-owned natural gas and natural gas transported for the account of others. The revised form was approved for use beginning with report year 1990.

Upon the Office of Management and Budget's approval in 1993, the Form EIA-176 was again revised. All deliveries to consumers are now categorized as firm or interruptible. Commercial and industrial consumers are further categorized as nonutility power producers or as those excluding nonutility power producers.

Data reported on this form are no longer considered proprietary. Response to the form continues to be mandatory.

Survey Universe and Response Statistics

The Form EIA-176 is mailed to all identified interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, investor and municipally owned natural gas distributors, underground natural gas storage operators, synthetic natural gas plant operators, and field, well, or processing plant operators that deliver natural gas directly to consumers (including their own industrial facilities) and/or that transport gas to, across, or from a State border through field or gathering facilities.

Each company and its parent company or subsidiaries were required to file if they met the survey specifications. The original mailing in 1995 for report year 1994 totaled 2,050 questionnaire packages. To this original mailing, 23 names were added and 97 were deleted as a result of the survey processing. Additions were the result of comparisons of the mailing list to other survey mailing lists. Deletions resulted from post office returns and determinations that companies were out of business, sold, or not within the scope of the survey. After all updates, the survey universe was 1,976 responses from approximately 1,800 companies. Following the original mailing, second request mailing, and nonrespondents followup, 1,962 responses were entered into the data base, and there were fourteen nonrespondents.

Summary of Form EIA-176 Data Reporting Requirements

The EIA-176 is a multiline schedule for reporting all supplies of natural gas and supplemental gaseous fuels

and their disposition within the State indicated. Respondents file completed forms with EIA in Wash-

ington, DC. Data for the report year are due by April 1 of the following year. Extensions of the filing deadline for up to 45 days are granted to any respondent on request.

All natural gas and supplemental gaseous fuels volumes are reported on a physical custody basis in thousand cubic feet (Mcf), and dollar values are reported to the nearest whole dollar. All volumes are reported at 14.73 pounds per square inch absolute pressure (psia) and 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

Routine Form EIA-176 Edit Checks

A series of manual and computerized edit checks are used to screen the Form EIA-176. The edits performed include validity, arithmetic, and analytical checks.

The incoming forms are reviewed prior to keying. This prescan determines if the respondent identification (ID) number and the company name and address are correct, if the data on the form appear complete and reasonable, and if the certifying information is complete.

Manual checks on the data are also made. Each form is prescanned to determine that data were reported on the correct lines. The flow of gas through interstate pipelines is checked at the company level to ensure that each delivery from a State is matched with a corresponding receipt in an adjoining State.

After the data are keyed, computer edit procedures are performed. Edit programs verify the report year, State code, and arithmetic totals. Further tests are made to ensure that all necessary data elements are present and that the data are reasonable and internally consistent. The computerized edit system produces error listings with messages for each failed edit test. When problems occur, respondents are contacted by telephone and required to file amended forms with corrected data.

Other EIA Publications Referencing Form EIA-176

Data from Form EIA-176 are also published in the *Natural Gas Annual*.

Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"

60 degrees Fahrenheit. All dollar values are reported in thousands.

Survey Design

Beginning with 1980, natural gas production data previously obtained on an informal basis from State conservation agencies were collected on Form EIA-627. This form was designed by EIA to collect annual natural gas production data from the appropriate State agencies under a standard data reporting system within the limits imposed by the diversity of data collection systems of the various producing States. The form was redesigned in 1990 to collect monthly breakdowns of all annual data elements. Data are not considered proprietary. It was also designed to avoid duplication of effort in collecting production and value data by producing States and to avoid an unnecessary respondent burden on gas and oil well operators. In 1993, value and associated volume of marketed production by month was added to the EIA-627.

Survey Universe and Response Statistics

Form EIA-627 is mailed to energy or conservation agencies in all 33 natural gas producing States. All producing States participate voluntarily in the EIA-627 survey by filing the completed form or by responding to telephone contacts. For 1994, data on the quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases removed were reported by the appropriate agencies of 22 of the 33 States. These 22 States accounted for 57 percent of total 1994 gross withdrawals. In addition, gross withdrawal data from Kansas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, and Montana, which together accounted for 40 percent of total production, excluded all or most of the nonhydrocarbon gases removed on leases.

Summary of Form EIA-627 Data Reporting Requirements

Form EIA-627 is a multipart annual form that collects data on the monthly and annual production volume of natural gas (including gross withdrawals from both gas and oil wells); volumes returned to formation for repressuring, pressure maintenance, and cycling; quantities vented and flared; quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases removed; quantities of fuel used on leases; marketed production; the value of marketed production; and the number of producing gas wells.

Respondents are asked to report all volumes in million cubic feet at the State's standard pressure base and at

Routine Form EIA-627 Edit Checks

Each filing of Form EIA-627 is manually checked for reasonableness and mathematical accuracy. Information on the forms is compared to totals of monthly data reported to the Interstate Oil and Gas Compact Commission (see Appendix B, "Data Sources"). Volumes are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psia pressure base. Reasonableness of data is assessed by comparing reported data to the previous year's data. State agencies are contacted by telephone to correct errors. Amended filings or resubmissions are not a requirement, since participation in the survey is voluntary.

Other EIA Publications Referencing Form EIA-627

Data from Form EIA-627 are also published in the EIA publication, *Natural Gas Annual*.

Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity of Natural Gas Report"

Survey Design

Data collection on the Form EIA-895 began in January 1995. This form was designed to replace the Interstate Oil and Gas Compact Commission (IOGCC) form, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Production." In 1994, the IOGCC decided to discontinue collection of their form. All gas producing States are requested to report on the Form EIA-895; a voluntary report. Data are reported by State agencies. The form was designed to provide a standard reporting system, to the extent possible, for the natural gas data reported by the States. Data are not considered proprietary.

Survey Universe and Response Statistics

Reports on State production are due 20 days after the end of the report month. (In most cases, the data are not available to the States until after this time period. Therefore, States are requested to send the report within 80 days after the end of the report month.)

Summary of Data Requirements

The Form EIA-895 consists of seven questions on one page, and requires volumetric information on gross production (gas and oil wells individually), gas used for repressuring, gas vented and flared, non-hydrocarbon gases removed, natural gas used as fuel on leases, and marketed production.

Routine Edit Checks

State data are checked for reasonableness and, in the event of problems, the appropriate State agency is called.

EIA-191 Survey, "Underground Natural Gas Storage Report"

Survey Design

The Form EIA-191, "Underground Natural Gas Storage Report," was revised effective January 1994. Among the changes from the form used from 1991 through 1993 are a distinction between a monthly and annual survey. Prior to 1991, data on the storage of natural gas was collected on a survey jointly implemented in 1975 by the Federal Power Commission (FPC), the Federal Energy Administration (FEA), and the Bureau of Mines (BOM) as the FPC-8/ FEA-G-318 system. The data received on both the FPC-8 and FEA-G-318 were computerized and aggregated by FPC. The form was previously revised in 1991 to include storage data by State, field, and reservoir.

At the beginning of 1979, the EIA assumed responsibility for the collection, processing, and publication of the data gathered in the survey. Form FEA-G-318 was renewed on July 1, 1979, as Form EIA-191 and the survey was retitled the FPC-8/EIA-191 Survey (Figure D4 shows the EIA-191). Form FPC-8 was renewed in December 1985 and the survey retitled FERC-8/EIA-191 Survey. The forms were not merged because of FERC's stated desire to maintain the separate identity of the FERC-8 for administrative reasons. In September 1995, the FERC discontinued the reporting requirements of Form FERC-8. FERC jurisdictional firms will continue to file Form EIA-191.

Survey Universe and Response Statistics

The 103 companies that operate underground facilities will file the Form EIA-191. Of these companies, 42 are subject to the jurisdiction of FERC and are required to report data on Form FERC-191.

The response rate as of the filing deadline is approximately 20 percent. Data from the remaining 80 percent of respondents are received in writing and/or by telephone within 3 to 4 days after the filing deadline. All data supplied by telephone are subsequently filed in writing, generally within 15 days of the filing deadline. The final response rate is 100 percent.

Summary of EIA-191 Data Reporting Requirements

The EIA-191 monthly schedule contains current month and prior month's data on the total quantities of gas in storage, injections and withdrawals, the location (including State and county, field, reservoir) and peak day withdrawals during the reporting period. Prior month's data are required only when data are revised. Information on co-owners of storage fields has been eliminated. The annual schedule contains type of facility, storage field capacity, maximum deliverability and pipelines to which each field is connected. The annual schedule is filed with the January submission.

Collection of the survey is on a custody basis. Information requested must be provided within 20 days after the first day of each month. Twelve reports are required per calendar year. Respondents are required to indicate whether the data reported are actual or estimated. For most of the estimated filings, the actual data or necessary revisions are reflected in the prior month section of the monthly form. Actual data on natural gas injections and withdrawals from underground storage are based on metered quantities. Data on quantities of gas in storage and on storage capacity represent, in part, reservoir engineering evaluations. All volumes are reported at 14.73 psia and 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

Routine Form EIA-191 Edit Checks

Data received on Form EIA-191 are entered into the survey processing system. The survey's five principal data elements (total, base, and working gas in storage, injections, and withdrawals) receive a preliminary visual edit to eliminate and correct obvious errors or omissions. Respondents are required to refile reports containing any inconsistencies or errors.

Other EIA Publications Referencing Form EIA-191

The EIA publication *Monthly Energy Review* and *Winter Fuels Report* contain data from the EIA-191 survey.

Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas"

Survey Design

The collection of data covering natural gas imports and exports was begun in 1973 by the Federal Power Commission (FPC). On October 1977, FPC ceased to exist and its data collection functions were transferred to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) within the Department of Energy (DOE). Since 1979, the Energy Information Administration (EIA) has had the responsibility for collecting Form FPC-14. Data are not considered proprietary. The Form FPC-14 was discontinued in 1995.

Survey Universe and Response Statistics

The Form FPC-14 is filed annually by each organization or individual having authority to import and export natural gas regardless of whether any activity took place during the reporting year. Authorizations to import and export was originally granted by the FPC. In 1977, the authority to grant authorizations transferred to the Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA). It now resides with the Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy. In 1994, there were 409 authorizations to import or export natural gas, but only 214 reported activity during the year.

The respondent list for the Form FPC-14 is updated at the beginning of each year. All new respondents with authorization to import or export natural gas are added to the list and respondents whose licenses have expired are deleted. Five copies of Form FPC-14 are mailed in February to all companies authorized to import or export natural gas. The completed original and three copies are to be filed with the EIA on or before March 31 of each year, for the preceding calendar year. Companies that have not filed by March 31 are contacted.

Routine Form FPC-14 Edit Checks

Respondents are required to certify the accuracy of all data reported. The survey forms are checked at the EIA for reasonableness and accuracy. If errors are found, the companies are required to file corrected data. The data are processed at the EIA and published as reported. All natural gas volumes in this report are expressed at a pressure base of 14.73 pounds per square inch absolute and temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit, except as noted. All import and export prices are in U.S. dollars and, except for LNG exports, are those

paid at the U.S. border. LNG export prices are those paid at the point of sale and delivery in Yokohama, Japan.

"Quarterly Natural Gas Import and Export Sales and Price Report"

This report is prepared quarterly by the Office of Fuels Programs in the Office of Fossil Energy based on information submitted by all firms having authorization to import or export natural gas. All data on this report are considered preliminary until the annual data on the Form FPC-14 are final, usually in September of the following year.

Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"

Survey Design

The original Form EIA-857 was approved for use in December 1984. Response to the Form EIA-857 is mandatory on a monthly basis. Data collected on the Form EIA-857 cover the 50 States and the District of Columbia and include both price and volume data. Data are considered proprietary.

Survey Universe and Response Statistics

A sample of 382 natural gas companies, including interstate pipelines, intrastate pipelines, and local distribution companies, report to the survey. The sample was selected independently for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia from a frame consisting of all respondents to Form EIA-176 who reported deliveries of natural gas to consumers in the residential, commercial, or industrial sectors. Each selected company is required to complete and file the Form EIA-857 on a monthly basis. Initial response statistics on a monthly basis are as follows: responses received by due date, approximately 50 percent, and responses received after follow-up, 100 percent. Virtually all are received in time for incorporation in the current month's processing cycle. When a response is extremely late, and the company represents less than 25 percent of the natural gas volumes delivered by all sampled companies in the State, values are imputed as described in Appendix C. When the company's submission is eventually received, the submitted data are used for future processing and revisions.

The Form EIA-857 is a monthly sample survey of firms delivering natural gas to consumers. It provides data that are used to estimate monthly sales of natural gas (volume and price) by State and monthly deliveries of natural gas on behalf of others (volume) by State to three consumer sectors - residential, commercial, and industrial. (Monthly deliveries and prices of natural gas to electric utilities are reported on the Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants," and the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report.") See Appendix C for a discussion of the sample design and estimation procedures.

Summary of Form EIA-857 Data Reporting Requirements

Data collected monthly on the Form EIA-857 on a State level include the volume and cost of purchased gas, the

volume and cost of natural gas consumed by sector (residential, commercial, and industrial), and the average heat content of all gas consumed. Respondents file completed forms with EIA in Washington, DC on or before the 30th day after the end of the report month.

All natural gas volumes are reported in thousand cubic feet at 14.73 psia at 60 degrees Fahrenheit and dollar values are reported to the nearest whole dollar.

Routine Form EIA-857 Edit Checks

A series of manual and computerized edit checks are used to screen the Form EIA-857. The edits performed include validity and analytical checks.

Appendix C

Statistical Considerations

Statistical Considerations

The monthly sales (volume and price) and monthly deliveries (volume) of natural gas to residential, commercial and industrial consumers presented in this report by State are estimated from data reported on the Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers." (See Appendix B for a description of this Form.) These estimations must be made from the reported data since the Form EIA-857 is a sample survey. A description of the sample design and the estimation procedures is given below.

Sample Design

The Form EIA-857 is a monthly sample survey of companies delivering natural gas to consumers. It includes inter- and intrastate companies, and producers, as well as local distribution companies. The survey provides data that are used each month to estimate the volume of natural gas delivered and the price for onsystem sales of natural gas by State to three consumer sectors--residential, commercial, and industrial. Monthly deliveries and prices of natural gas to electric utilities are reported on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and the Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Costs and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Sample Universe. The sample currently in use was selected from a universe of 1,563 companies. These companies were respondents to the Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition," for reporting year 1994 who reported sales or deliveries to consumers in the residential, commercial or industrial sectors. (See Appendix B for a description of the Form EIA-176.)

Sampling Plan. The goal was a sample that would provide estimates of monthly natural gas consumption by the three consuming sectors within each State and the District of Columbia. A stratified sample using a single stage and systematic selection with probability proportional to size was designed. The measure of size was the volume of natural gas physically delivered in the State to the three consuming sectors by the company in 1994. There were two strata--companies selected with certainty and companies selected under the systematic probability proportional to size design.

Initial calculations showed that a 25 percent sample of companies would yield reasonably accurate estimates. The sample was selected independently in each State, resulting in a national total of 390 respondent companies. Unlike previous years, no mergers or acquisitions were uncovered as a result of the initial mail-out. Therefore there was no need for either substitution of respondent companies or a reduction in the total number of respondents.

Certainty Stratum. Since estimates were needed for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia, the strata were established independently within each State. In 16 States and the District of Columbia where sampling was not feasible due to small numbers of companies and/or small volumes of gas deliveries, all companies were selected. The 16 States were: Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Idaho, Maine, North Dakota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Nevada, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, and Washington.

For each of the remaining States, the total volumes of industrial sales and deliveries and of the combined residential/commercial sales and deliveries were determined. Companies with natural gas deliveries to the industrial sector or to the combined residential/commercial sector above a certain level were selected with certainty. Since a few large companies often account for most of the natural gas delivered within a State, this ensures those companies' inclusion in the sample. The formula for determining certainty was applied independently in the two consumer sectors--the industrial and the combined residential/commercial. These selected companies, together with the companies in the jurisdictions discussed where sampling was not feasible, formed the certainty stratum.

All companies with natural gas deliveries in sector j greater than the cut-off value (C_j) were included in the certainty stratum. The formula for C_j was:

$$C_j = \frac{X_j}{2n} \quad (1)$$

where:

C_j = cutoff value for consumer sector j,

n = target sample size to be selected for the State, 25 percent of the companies in the State,

X_{ij} = the annual volume of natural gas deliveries by company i to customers in consumer sector j,

X_i = the sum within State of annual gas volumes for company i,

X_j = the sum within State of annual gas volumes in consumer sector j,

$X_{..}$ = the sum within State of annual gas volumes in all consumer sectors.

Noncertainty Stratum. All other companies formed the noncertainty stratum. They were systematically sampled with probability proportional to size. The measure of size for each company was the total volume of gas sales to all consumer sectors (X_i). The number of companies to be selected from the noncertainty stratum was calculated for each State, with a minimum of 2.

The formula for selecting the number of noncertainty stratum companies was:

$$m = n \frac{X_2}{X_{..}} \quad (2)$$

where:

m = the sample size for the noncertainty stratum within a State,

X_2 = the sum within State of the X_i for all companies in the noncertainty stratum.

Companies were listed in ascending order according to their measure of size and then a cumulative measure of size in the stratum was calculated for each company. The cumulative measure of size was the sum of the measures of size for that company and all preceding companies on the list. An interval of width I for selecting the companies systematically was calculated using

($I = \frac{X_2}{m}$). A uniform random number R was selected

between zero and I. The first sampled company was the first company on the list to have a cumulative measure of size greater than R. The second company selected was the first company on the list to have a cumulative measure of size greater than $R + I$. $R + I$ was increased again by I to determine the third company to be selected. This procedure was repeated until the entire sample was drawn.

Subgroups. In eight States, the noncertainty stratum was divided into subgroups to ensure that gas in each consumer sector could be estimated. The systematic sample with probability proportional to size design described above was applied independently in each subgroup. The methods for determining the subgroup sample size and calculating the subgroup interval for sample selection were the same as the methods described above for the noncertainty stratum, except that X_2 was the sum within State of the X_i for only those companies in the subgroup.

These subgroups were defined only for the purpose of sample selection. They are:

California: companies handling only industrial gas and all other companies.

Iowa: companies handling only industrial gas and all other companies.

Louisiana: companies handling only industrial gas and all other companies, with the latter being further subdivided according to size. The larger group is comprised of all companies with total deliveries of at least 200 million cubic feet while the smaller group consists of companies with less than that volume of delivered gas (three subgroups).

Texas: companies handling only residential/commercial gas, companies handling only industrial gas, and all other companies (three subgroups).

Oklahoma: Companies delivering less than 500 million cubic feet of gas and those delivering more than that volume.

Estimation Procedures

Estimates of Volumes. A ratio estimator is applied to the volumes reported in each State by the sampled companies to estimate the total gas sales and deliveries for the State. Ratio estimators are calculated for each consumer sector—residential, commercial, and industrial—in each State where companies are sampled.

The following annual data are taken from the most recent 1990 submissions of Form EIA-176:

The formula for calculating the ratio estimator (E_{vj}) for the volume of gas in consumer sector j is:

$$E_{vj} = \frac{Y_j}{Y'_{j}} \quad (3)$$

where:

Y_j = the sum within State of annual gas volumes in consumer sector j for all companies,

Y'_{j} = the sum within State of annual gas volumes in consumer sector j for those companies in the sample.

The ratio estimator is applied as follows:

$$V_j = y_j \times E_{vj} \quad (4)$$

where:

V_j = the State estimate of monthly gas volumes in consumer sector j,

y_j = the sum within State of reported monthly gas volumes in consumer sector j.

Computation of Natural Gas Prices. The natural gas volumes that are included in the computation of prices represent only those volumes associated with natural gas sales.

The price of natural gas for a State within a sector is calculated as follows:

$$P_j = \frac{R_j}{V_j}$$

where:

P_j = the average price for gas sales within the State in consumer sector j,

R_j = the reported revenue from natural gas sales within the State in consumer sector j,

V_j = the reported volume of natural gas sales within the State in consumer sector j.

All average prices are weighted by their corresponding sales volume estimates when national average prices are computed.

The monthly average prices of natural gas are based on sales data only. Volumes of gas delivered for the account of others to these consumer sectors are not included in the State or national average prices.

Table 28 shows the percent of the total State volume that represents volumes from natural gas sales to the commercial and industrial sectors. This table may be helpful in evaluating commercial and industrial price data. Virtually all natural gas deliveries to the residential sector represent onsystem sales volumes only.

See the section on consumer price calculations in this Appendix for further price information.

Estimation for Nonrespondents. A volume for each consumer category is imputed for companies that fail to respond. The imputation is based on the previous month's value reported by the non-responding company and the change from the previous month to the current month in volumes reported by other companies in the State. The imputed volumes are included in the State totals. To estimate prices for non-respondents, the unit price (dollars per thousand cubic feet) reported by the company in the previous month is used.

The formula for imputing volumes of gas sales for nonrespondents was:

$$F_t = F_{t-1} \times \frac{y_{jt}}{y_{jt-1}} \quad (5)$$

where:

F_t = imputed gas volume for current month t,

F_{t-1} = gas volume for the company for the previous month,

y_{jt} = gas volume reported by companies in the State stratum for report month t,

y_{jt-1} = gas volume in the previous month for companies in the State stratum that reported in month t.

Final Revisions

Adjusting Monthly Data to Annual Data. After the annual data reported on the Form EIA-176 have been submitted, edited, and prepared for publication in the *Natural Gas Annual*, revisions are made to monthly data. The revisions are made to the volumes and prices of natural gas delivered to consumers that have appeared in the *Natural Gas Monthly* to match them to the annual values appearing in the *Natural Gas Annual*. The revised monthly estimates allocate the difference between the sum of monthly estimates and the annual reports according to the distribution of the estimated values across the months.

Before the final revisions are made, changes or additions to submitted data received after publication of the monthly estimate and not sufficiently large to require a revision to be published in the *Natural Gas Monthly*, are used to derive an updated estimate of monthly consumption and revenues for each State's residential, commercial, or industrial natural gas consumption.

For each State, two numbers are revised, the estimated consumption and the estimated price per thousand cubic feet.

The formula for revising the estimated consumption is:

$$V_{jm}^* = V_{jm} + \left[(V_{ja} - V'_{jm}) \left(\frac{V_{jm}}{V'_{jm}} \right) \right] \quad (6)$$

where:

V_{jm}^* = the final volume estimate for month m in consumer sector j,

V_{jm} = the estimated volume for month m in consumer sector j,

V_{ja} = the volume for the year reported on Form EIA-176,

V'_{jm} = The annual sum of estimated monthly volumes.

The price is calculated as described above in the Estimation Procedures section, using the final revised consumption estimate and a revised revenue estimate.

The formula for revising the estimated revenue is:

$$R_{jm}^* = R_{jm} + \left[(R_{ja} - R'_{jm}) \left(\frac{R_{jm}}{R'_{jm}} \right) \right] \quad (7)$$

where:

R_{jm}^* = the final revenue estimate for month m in consumer sector j,

R_{jm} = the estimated revenue for month m in consumer sector j,

R_{ja} = the revenue for the year reported on Form EIA-176,

R'_{jm} = The annual sum of estimated monthly revenues.

Revision of Volumes and Prices for Deliveries to Electric Utilities. Revisions to monthly electric utilities data are published throughout the year as they become available.

Reliability of Monthly Data

The monthly data published in this report are subject to two sources of error - nonsampling error and sampling error. Nonsampling errors occur in the collection and processing of the data. See the discussion of the Form EIA-857 in Appendix B for a description of nonsampling errors for monthly data.

Sampling error may be defined as the difference between the results obtained from a sample and the results that a complete enumeration would provide. The standard error statistic is a measurement of sampling error.

Standard Errors. A standard error of an estimate is a statistical measure that indicates how the estimate from the sample compares to the result from a complete enumeration. Standard errors are calculated based on statistical theory that refers to all possible samples of the same size and design.

The standard errors for monthly natural gas volume estimates by State are given in Table C1. Ninety-five percent of the time, the volume that would have been obtained from a complete enumeration will lie in the range between the estimated volume minus two standard errors and the estimated volume plus two standard errors.

The standard error of the natural gas volume estimate is the square root of the variance of the estimate. The formula for calculating the variance of the volume estimate is:

$$V(\hat{Y}) = \sum_{h=1}^H \left[N_h^2 \frac{(1 - \frac{n_h}{N_h})}{n_h(n_h - 1)} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n_h} (y_i - T x_i)^2 \right) \right] \quad (8)$$

where:

H = the total number of strata

N_h = the total number of companies in stratum h

n_h = the sample size in stratum h

y_i = the reported monthly volume for company i

x_i = the reported annual volume for company i

T = the ratio of the sum of the reported monthly volumes for sample companies to the sum of the reported annual volumes for the sample companies.

Table C-1. Standard Error for Natural Gas Deliveries and Price to Consumers by State, April 1996

State	Volume Million Cubic Feet				Price Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet		
	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Total	Residential	Commercial	Industrial
Alabama	224	288	1,139	1,197	0.11	0.26	0.46
Alaska	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Arizona	47	38	0	60	0.08	0.03	—
Arkansas	24	11	10	28	0.03	0.03	0.01
California	295	62	344	457	0.05	0.06	0.05
Colorado	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Connecticut	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Delaware	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Florida	339	140	931	1,000	2.18	0.64	0.27
Georgia	1,187	119	9,764	9,837	0.14	0.17	6.79
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Idaho	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Illinois	1,191	528	92	1,306	0.03	0.08	0.36
Indiana	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Iowa	110	86	67	155	21.63	21.85	0.20
Kansas	913	318	43,136	43,147	0.77	0.35	9.83
Kentucky	1,585	1,835	3,861	4,559	1.56	0.35	4.62
Louisiana	479	230	1,373	1,473	0.18	0.14	0.06
Maine	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Maryland	6	9	1	11	—	—	0.05
Massachusetts	615	104	570	845	0.16	0.45	0.19
Michigan	2,814	1,150	5,240	6,058	0.06	0.08	0.11
Minnesota	732	572	365	998	0.03	0.02	0.03
Mississippi	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Missouri	587	368	892	1,129	0.11	0.12	8.34
Montana	4	6	0	8	0.02	0.01	—
Nebraska	0	NA	0	NA	—	NA	—
Nevada	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
New Jersey	NA	0	0	NA	NA	—	—
New Mexico	199	349	0	402	0.30	0.88	—
New York	8,248	NA	16,889	NA	0.45	NA	7.68
North Carolina	211	168	134	301	0.05	0.04	0.09
North Dakota	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Ohio	2,067	1,156	1,319	2,711	0.14	0.21	0.14
Oklahoma	140	1,419	297	1,456	0.22	0.12	0.13
Oregon	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Pennsylvania	1,592	559	1,778	2,451	0.19	0.29	0.26
Rhode Island	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
South Carolina	98	199	272	351	0.62	1.21	0.29
South Dakota	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Tennessee	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Texas	0	0	2,519	2,519	—	—	—
Utah	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Vermont	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
Virginia	434	571	3,313	3,390	0.55	0.39	6.24
Washington	0	0	0	0	—	—	—
West Virginia	1,227	1,419	301	1,900	0.77	0.85	0.12
Wisconsin	757	2,081	928	2,401	0.38	1.33	0.47
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	9,709	4,902	48,098	49,312	0.20	0.24	0.57

NA = Not Available.

— = Not Applicable.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers."

Appendix D

Natural Gas Reports and Feature Articles

Appendix D

Natural Gas Reports and Feature Articles

Reports Dealing Principally with Natural Gas and/or Natural Gas Liquids

- *Natural Gas Annual 1994*, DOE/EIA-0131(94), November 1995.
- *Natural Gas Annual 1993 Supplement: Company Profiles*, DOE/EIA-0131(93/S), February 1995.

Other Reports Covering Natural Gas, Natural Gas Liquids, and Other Energy Sources

- *U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves - 1994 Annual Report*, DOE/EIA-0216(94), October 1995.
- *Monthly Energy Review*, DOE/EIA-0035. Published monthly. Provides national aggregate data for natural gas, natural gas liquids, and other energy sources.
- *Annual Report to Congress 1994*, DOE/EIA-01733(94), April 1995. Published annually.
- *Annual Energy Outlook 1995*, DOE/EIA-0383(95), January 1995. Published annually.
- *Annual Energy Review 1994*, DOE/EIA-0384(94), July 1995. Published annually.
- *Short-Term Energy Outlook*, DOE/EIA-0202. Published quarterly. Provides forecasts for next six quarters for natural gas and other energy sources.

Selected One-Time Natural Gas and Related Reports

- *U.S. Production of Natural Gas from Tight Reservoirs*, DOE/EIA-TR-0574, October 1993.
- *Energy Policy Act Transportation Rate Study*, DOE/EIA-0571, October 1993.
- *Energy Policy Act Transportation Study: Interim Report of Natural Gas Flows and Rates*, DOE/EIA-0602, October 1995.
- *Largest U.S. Oil and Gas Fields*, DOE/EIA-TR-0567, August 1993.
- *Natural Gas 1995: Issues and Trends*, DOE/EIA-0560(95), November 1995.
- *Natural Gas Productive Capacity for the Lower 48 States, 1980 through 1995*, DOE/EIA-0542(95), July 1994.
- *The Value of Underground Storage in Today's Natural Gas Industry*, DOE/EIA-0591, March 1995.

Selected and Recurring Natural Gas and Related Data Reference Reports

- *Directory of Energy Data Collection Forms*, DOE/EIA-0249(94), December 1994.
- *Oil and Gas Field Code Master List, 1994*, EIA-0370(93), January 1995.

NGM Feature Articles

March 1992

Revisions to Monthly Natural Gas Data

(Discusses the revision errors for natural gas data.)

August 1992

U.S. Natural Gas Imports and Exports - 1991

(Contains final 1991 data on all U.S. imports and exports of natural gas.)

November 1992

Natural Gas Futures Contract Market - The First 2 Years

(Reviews the financial and economic significance of trading in natural gas futures markets.)

December 1992

Three-Dimensional Seismology — A New Perspective

(Describes the impact 3D seismology will have on future U.S. reserves and production.)

Imports of Canadian Gas Under Long-Term Contracts

(Addresses how regulatory changes have altered the contractual revisions of long-term agreements.)

March 1993

Natural Gas 1992: Issues and Trends

(Provides an overview of the natural gas industry in 1991 and 1992, focusing on trends in production, consumption, and pricing of natural gas.)

Natural Gas Productive Capacity

(Analyzes monthly natural gas wellhead productive capacity and projects this capacity for 1992 and 1993.)

April 1993

Revisions to Monthly Natural Gas Data

(Discusses the revision errors for natural gas data.)

August 1993

U.S. Natural Gas Imports and Exports - 1992

(Contains final 1992 data on all U.S. imports and exports of natural gas.)

October 1993

U.S. Production of Natural Gas from Tight Reservoirs

(Discusses the economic incentives offered to induce operators to explore for and develop gas reservoirs from unconventional sources.)

The Expanding Role of Underground Storage

(Discusses the expanded role of underground natural gas storage in the restructured natural gas industry.)

January 1994

U.S. Coalbed Methane Production

(Updates the Energy Information Administration's coalbed methane production information through 1992 and presents it by geologic basin and by State.)

February 1994

Contracting for Natural Gas Supplies

(Addresses the contractual relationships of producers with end users and distributors for the natural gas that is shipped along the interstate pipeline systems.)

May 1994

Opportunities with Fuel Cells

(Discusses the uses of fuel cells in today's market.)

Revisions to Monthly Natural Gas Data

(Discusses the revision errors for natural gas data.)

June 1994

Natural Gas 1994: Issues and Trends - Executive Summary

(Provides an overview of the natural gas industry in 1993 focusing on trends in production, consumption, and pricing of natural gas.)

August 1994

U.S. Natural Gas Imports and Exports - 1993

(Contains final 1993 data on all U.S. imports and exports of natural gas.)

March 1995

The Comparability of Resource and Reserve Data for Crude Oil, Natural Gas, Coal, and Uranium

(Clarifies which terms are equivalent among the four major energy minerals in the United States.)

July 1995

Revisions to Monthly Natural Gas Data

(Discusses the revision errors for natural gas data.)

August 1995

U.S. Natural Gas Imports and Exports - 1994

(Contains final 1994 data on all U.S. imports and exports of natural gas.)

Appendix E

Technical Contacts

Appendix E

Technical Contacts

Section	Tables		Principal Data Sources	Technical Contact
Summary Statistics: Natural Gas Production	1, 2, 3	Monthly:	EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity of Natural Gas Report"	Donna Guerrina (202) 586-6135
		Annual:	EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"	
		Monthly:	Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"	Roy Kass (202) 586-4790
Extraction Loss	1	Monthly:	EIA computations	Margo Natof (202) 586-6303
		Annual:	Form EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report" and Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production"	
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	2	Monthly:	EIA computations	Donna Guerrina (202) 586-6135 Margo Natof (202) 586-6303
		Annual:	Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition"	
Imports and Exports	2	Monthly:	EIA computations	Norman Crabtree (202) 586-6180
		Annual:	Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas"	
Price: City Gate, Residential, Commercial, and Industrial	4	Monthly:	Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"	Roy Kass (202) 586-4790
Wellhead	4	Monthly:	EIA computations	Donna Guerrina (202) 586-6135
		Annual:	Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"	
Electric Utility	4	Monthly:	Form FPC-423, "Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Power Plants"	Roy Kass (202) 586-4790
Summary of Natural Gas Imports and Exports	5,6	Monthly:	Quarterly Natural Gas Import and Export Sales and Price Report	Norman Crabtree (202) 586-6180
Producer Related Activities: Natural Gas Production	7,8	Monthly:	EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity of Natural Gas Report"	Donna Guerrina (202) 586-6135

Underground Storage:	9, 10, 11 12, 13	Monthly:	Forms FERC-8 and EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report"	Rosemary Jameson (202) 586-6229
Distribution and Consumption: Deliveries to:				
Residential,	14	Monthly:	Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"	Roy Kass (202) 586-4790
Commercial,	15			
Industrial,	16			
Electric Utility,	17		Form FERC-423, "Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Power Plants"	
All Consumers	18			
Average Price to:				
City Gate,	19	Monthly:	Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"	Roy Kass (202) 586-4790
Residential,	20			
Commercial,	21			
Industrial,	22		Form FERC-423, "Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Power Plants"	
Electric Utility	23			
Onsystem Sales	24	Monthly:	Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"	Roy Kass (202) 586-4790
Heating Degree Days	25	Seasonal:	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	Rosemary Jameson (202) 586-6229
Highlights				Mary Carlson (202) 586-4749
Industry Highlights				Eva Fleming (202) 586-6113

Glossary

Balancing Item: Represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of the components of natural gas disposition. These differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

Base (Cushion) Gas: The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The heat required to raise the temperature of one pound of water by one degree Fahrenheit at or near 39.2 degrees Fahrenheit.

City-gate: A point or measuring station at which a gas distribution company receives gas from a pipeline company or transmission system.

Commercial Consumption: Gas used by nonmanufacturing organizations such as hotels, restaurants, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises, and gas used by local, State, and Federal agencies engaged in nonmanufacturing activities.

Depletion: The loss in service value incurred in connection with the exhaustion of the natural gas reserves in the course of service.

Depreciation: The loss in service value not restored by current maintenance, incurred in connection with the consumption or respective retirement of a gas plant in the course of service from causes that are known to be in current operation and against which the utility is not protected by insurance; for example, wear and tear, decay, obsolescence, changes in demand and requirements of public authorities, and the exhaustion of natural resources.

Dry Natural Gas Production: Marketed production less extraction loss.

Electric Utility Consumption: Gas used as fuel in electric utility plants.

Exports: Natural gas deliveries out of the continental United States and Alaska to foreign countries.

Extraction Loss: The reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Flared: The volume of gas burned in flares on the base site or at gas processing plants.

Gross Withdrawals: Full well stream volume, including all natural gas plant liquid and nonhydrocarbon gases, but excluding lease condensate. Also includes amounts delivered as royalty payments or consumed in field operations.

Hinshaw Pipeline: A pipeline or local distribution company that has received exemption, (by Section 1 (c) of the Natural Gas Act), from regulations pursuant to the Natural Gas Act. These companies transport interstate natural gas not subject to regulations under NGA.

Imports: Natural gas received in the Continental United States (including Alaska) from a foreign country.

Independent Producers: Any person who is engaged in the production or gathering of natural gas and who sells natural gas in interstate commerce for resale but who is not engaged in the transportation of natural gas (other than gathering) by pipeline in interstate commerce.

Industrial Consumption: Natural gas used by manufacturing and mining establishments for heat, power, and chemical feedstock.

Interstate Companies: Natural gas pipeline companies subject to FERC jurisdiction.

Intransit Deliveries: Redeliveries to a foreign country of foreign gas received for transportation across U.S. territory and deliveries of U.S. gas to a foreign country for transportation across its territory and redelivery to the United States.

Intransit Receipts: Receipts of foreign gas for transportation across U.S. territory and redelivery to a foreign country and redeliveries to the United States of U.S. gas transported across foreign territory.

Intrastate Companies: Companies not subject to FERC jurisdiction.

Lease and Plant Fuel: Natural gas used in well, field, lease operations and as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG): Natural gas that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to minus 260 degrees Fahrenheit at atmospheric pressure.

Major Interstate Pipeline Company: A company whose combined sales for resale, and gas transported interstate or stored for a fee, exceeded 50 million thousand cubic feet in the previous year.

Marketed Production: Gross withdrawals less gas used for repressuring, quantities vented and flared, and nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating or processing operations. Includes all quantities of gas used in field and processing operations. See Explanatory Note 1 for discussion of coverage of data concerning nonhydrocarbon gases removed.

Native Gas: Gas in place at the time that a reservoir was converted to use as an underground storage reservoir as in contrast to injected gas volumes.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbon compounds and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or solution with oil in natural underground reservoirs at reservoir conditions.

Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 (NGPA): Signed into law on November 9, 1978, the NGPA is a framework for the regulation of most facets of the natural gas industry.

Nonhydrocarbon Gases: Typical nonhydrocarbon gases that may be present in reservoir natural gas are carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen.

Onsystem Sales: Sales to customers where the delivery point is a point on, or directly interconnected with, a transportation, storage, and/or distribution system operated by the reporting company.

Pipeline Fuel: Gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

Repressuring: The injection of gas into oil or gas formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

Residential Consumption: Gas used in private dwellings, including apartments, for heating, cooking, water heating, and other household uses.

Storage Additions: The volume of gas injected or otherwise added to underground natural gas or liquefied natural gas storage during the applicable reporting period.

Storage Withdrawals: Total volume of gas withdrawn from underground storage or liquefied natural gas storage during the applicable reporting period.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels Supplies: Synthetic natural gas, propane-air, refinery gas, biomass gas, air injected for stabilization of heating content, and manufactured gas commingled and distributed with natural gas.