### 2013 Summer Fuels Outlook













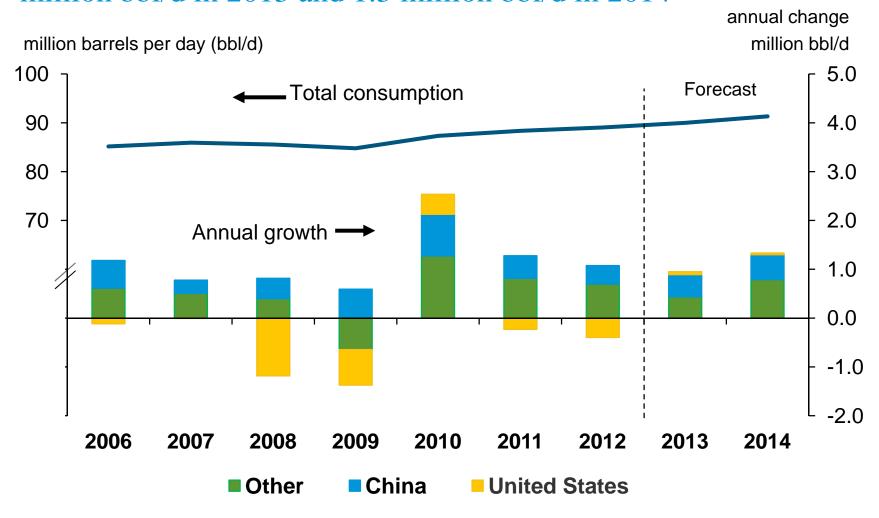


April 9, 2013

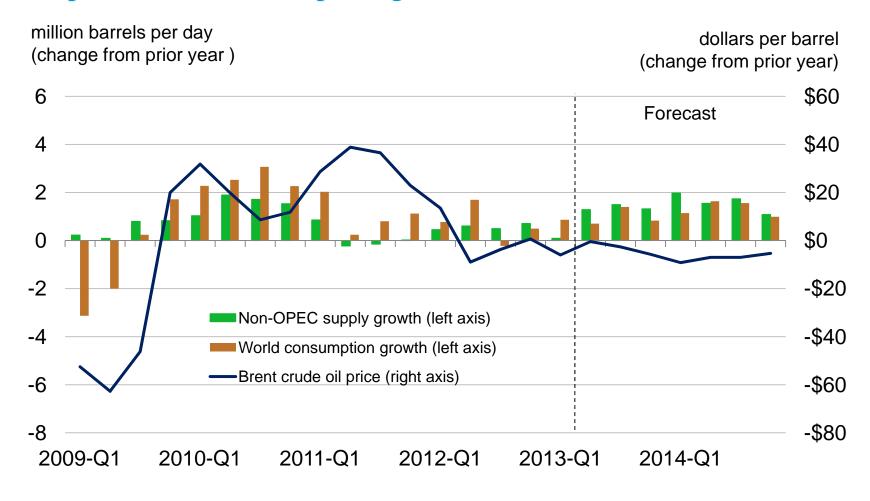
### Key factors driving the short-term outlook

- World liquid fuels consumption growth driven by emerging economies, with continuing consumption declines in OECD countries.
- Non-OPEC supply growth, particularly in North America, expected to keep pace with world liquid fuels consumption growth and contribute to modest declines in world crude oil prices.
- Brent crude oil prices fall gradually over the forecast, averaging, from \$112 per barrel in 2012 to \$108 per barrel in 2013 and \$101 per barrel in 2014. The discount for West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil relative to other world crudes narrows later in 2013 as transport bottlenecks ease.

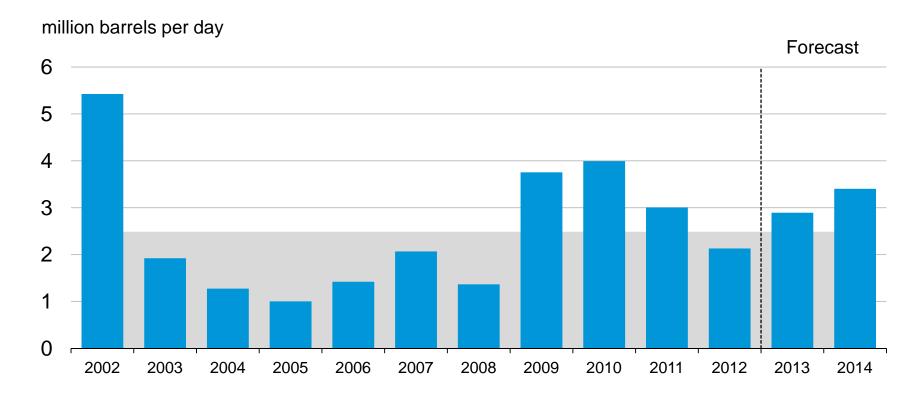
### World liquid fuels consumption is projected to increase by 0.95 million bbl/d in 2013 and 1.3 million bbl/d in 2014



## Non-OPEC production growth in 2013 and 2014 expected to outpace world consumption growth for first time since 2009

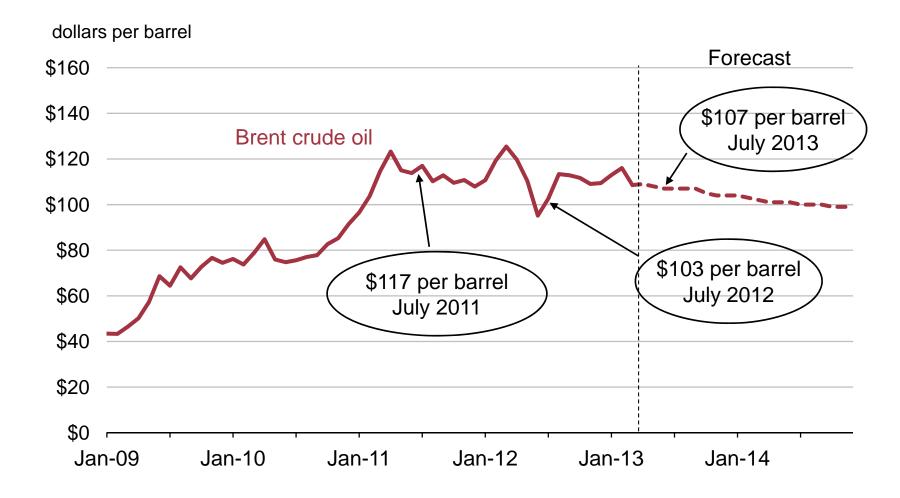


### Expected world oil spare production capacity increases as non-OPEC supply growth supports cutbacks in OPEC production



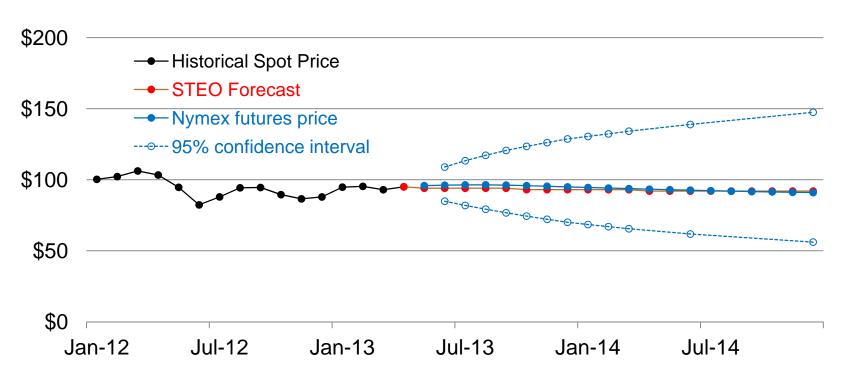
Note: Shaded area represents 2002 – 2012 average (2.5 million barrels per day)

### EIA expects Brent crude oil prices will average \$108 per barrel this summer (April-September), compared with \$109 per barrel last summer



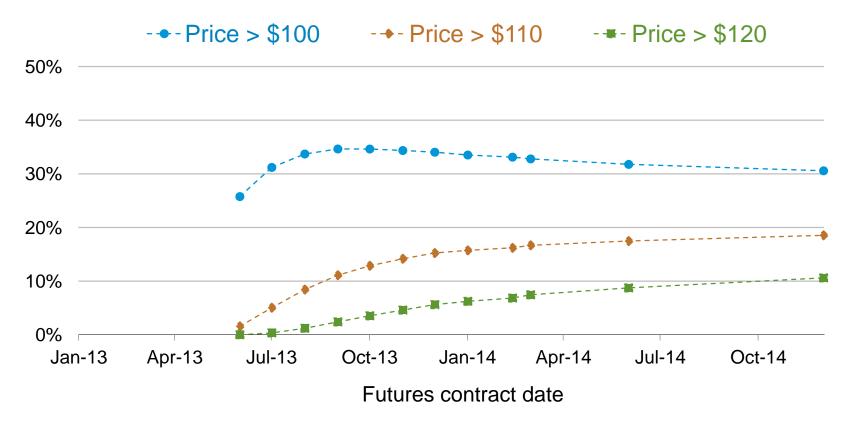
#### Uncertainty over crude oil price forecasts remains high

#### dollars per barrel



Notes: Price probabilities are calculated using Nymex market data for the five trading days ending April 4, 2013. Values not calculated for months with sparse trading in near-the-money options contracts

### Probabilities the West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil price may exceed given levels



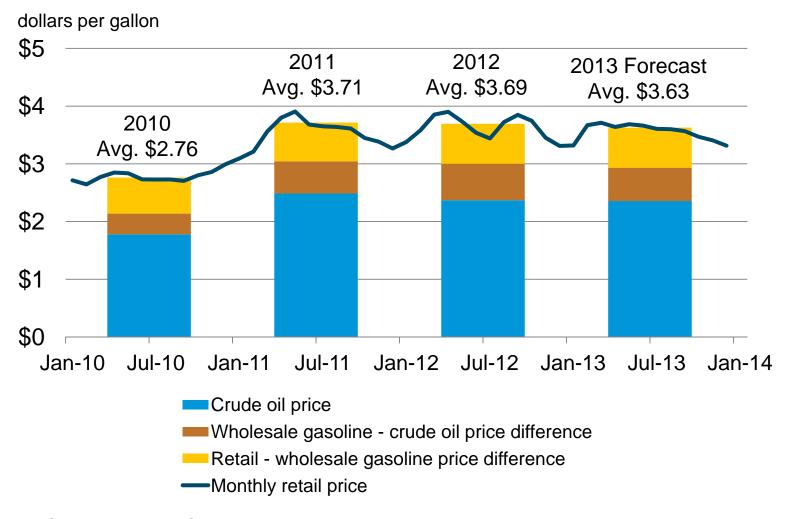
Notes: Price probabilities calculated using Nymex market data for the five trading days ending April 4, 2013. Values not calculated for months with little trading in close-to-the-money options contracts.

# Major characteristics of 2013 U.S. summer (April-September) outlook for gasoline

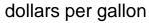
- Slightly lower Brent crude oil prices compared with last summer
- Small decline in gasoline consumption as fuel economy improvements more than offset growth in miles traveled
- Fuel ethanol blending doesn't recover from the drought until the end of this summer.

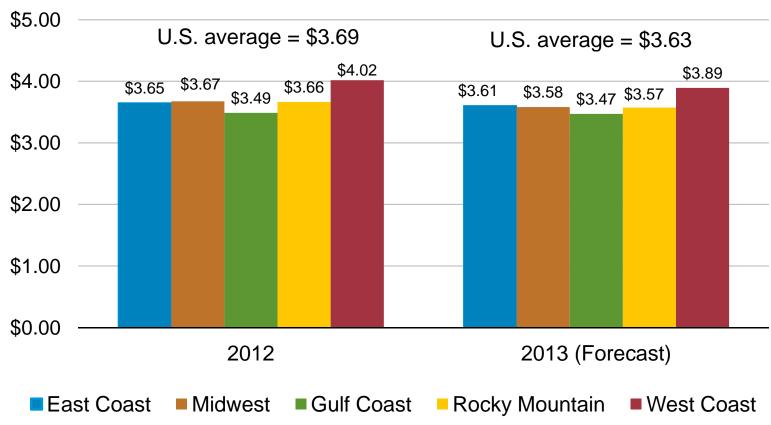
•

## Regular-grade gasoline retail price forecast averages \$3.63 per gallon this summer compared with \$3.69 per gallon last summer

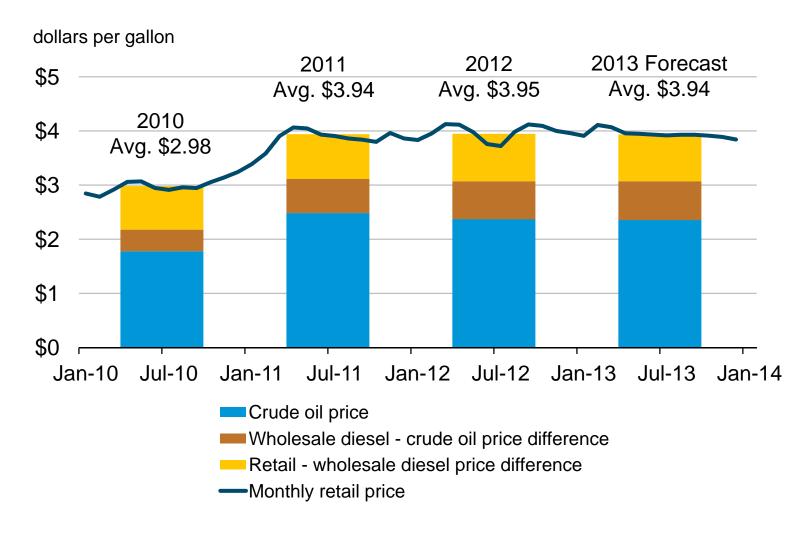


### Regular gasoline summer prices vary by region



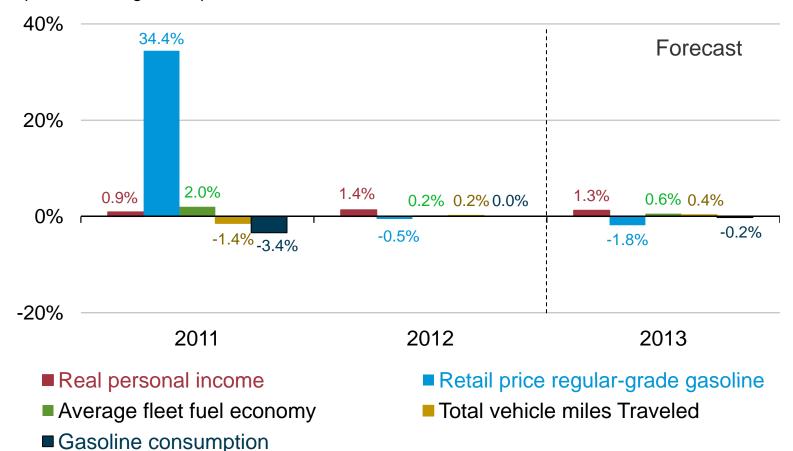


## Summer retail diesel price forecast averages \$3.94 per gallon, down \$0.01 per gallon from last summer



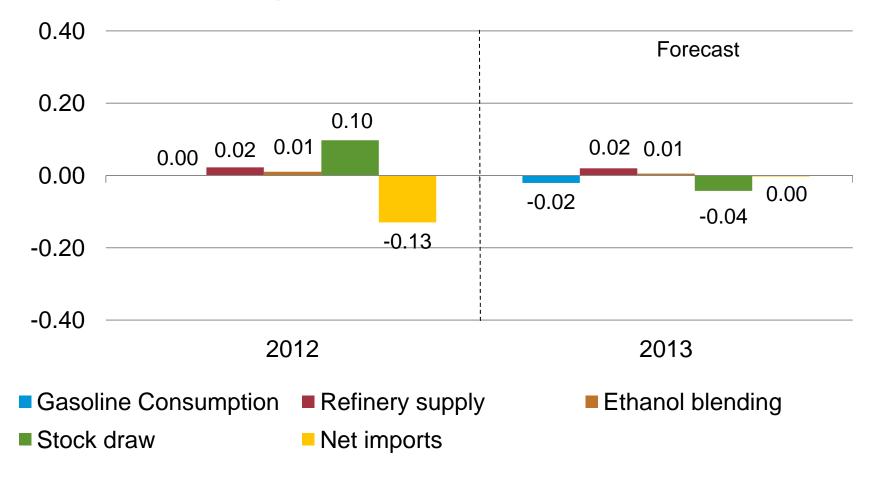
### Gasoline consumption falls slightly as increasing fuel economy of the vehicle fleet more than offsets growth in miles traveled



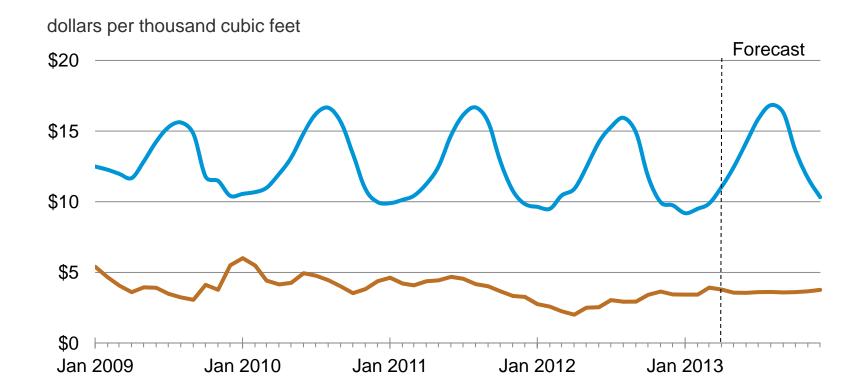


## Smaller gasoline stock draw this summer results from lower gasoline consumption and higher refinery output

million barrels per day (change from prior summer)



# Residential natural gas price averages \$10.90 per thousand cubic feet in 2013, about 2% higher than last year



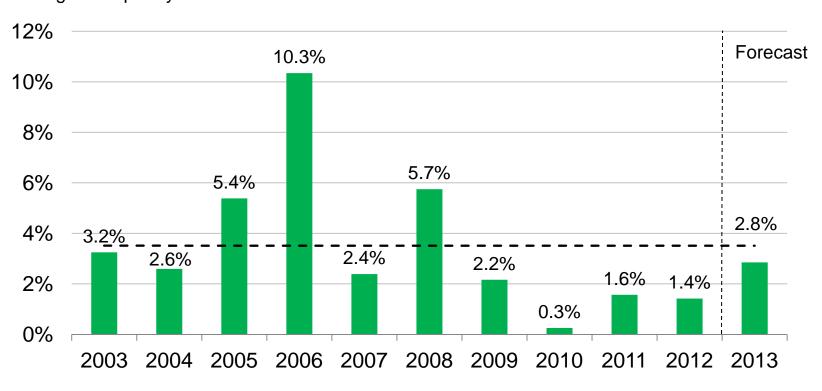
—Henry Hub Spot Price

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, April 2013

Residential Price

#### Residential electricity average price increase in 2013 is lower than the previous 10-year average

#### change from prior year



Dashed line represents prior 10-year average



### Summary

**Liquid Fuels:** Non-OPEC supply growth expected to outpace world consumption growth and keep oil prices from rising.

- Brent crude oil prices expected to average \$108 per barrel this summer compared with \$109 per barrel last summer.
- Regular gasoline retail prices expected to average \$3.63 per gallon this summer, compared with \$3.69 per gallon last summer.
- Diesel fuel prices decrease from an average \$3.95 per gallon last summer to \$3.94 per gallon this summer.
- Multiple market uncertainties have the potential to significantly affect prices and supplies during the rest of 2013.

**Natural Gas.** Henry Hub spot price expected to average \$3.63 per thousand cubic feet in 2013, \$0.79 per thousand cubic feet above the 2012 average.

**Electricity Prices.** Slight increase in average residential electricity price expected in 2012.

### For more information

U.S. Energy Information Administration home page | www.eia.gov

Short-Term Energy Outlook | www.eia.gov/steo

Annual Energy Outlook | www.eia.gov/aeo

International Energy Outlook | www.eia.gov/ieo

Monthly Energy Review | www.eia.gov/mer

Today in Energy | www.eia.gov/todayinenergy