

June 2009



Short-Term Energy Outlook

June 9, 2009 Release

Highlights

- Spot prices for crude oil and petroleum products have increased over the past month. The price of West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil is expected to average \$67 per barrel for the second half of 2009, an increase of about \$16 compared with the first half of the year.
- The average U.S. price for regular-grade gasoline, at \$2.62 per gallon on June 8, was almost 60 cents per gallon higher than its price at the end of April. Regular-grade gasoline prices are expected to reach their summer seasonal peak in July, with a monthly average close to \$2.70 per gallon. The annual average regular-grade gasoline retail price in 2009 is expected to be \$2.33 per gallon, rising to \$2.56 in 2010. The annual average diesel fuel retail prices are expected to be \$2.40 and \$2.67 per gallon in 2009 and 2010, respectively.
- The monthly average Henry Hub natural gas spot price is expected to stay under \$4 per thousand cubic feet (Mcf) until late in the year as abundant natural gas supplies converge with weak demand driven by an 8-percent decline in industrial sector consumption. The price is projected to increase from an average of \$4.13 per Mcf in 2009 to an average \$5.49 per Mcf in 2010 as expected economic growth boosts industrial consumption of natural gas.
- Based on the current Atlantic hurricane season outlook from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), EIA estimates expected production shut-ins on the U.S. Gulf Coast during the upcoming hurricane season (June through November) of about 4.5 million barrels for crude oil and 36 billion cubic feet for natural gas (see the [2009 Outlook for Hurricane Production Outages in the Gulf of Mexico](#)). Actual shut-ins are likely to differ significantly from this expectation depending on the number, track, and strength of hurricanes as the season progresses.

Global Petroleum

Overview. Oil prices rose for the third consecutive month in May, driven in part by expectations of a global economic recovery and future increases in oil consumption. In addition, a weaker dollar and increasing financial market activity are prompting higher prices for commodities, overshadowing weak oil supply and demand fundamentals. The weaker dollar may indicate that economic activity abroad, especially in Asia, is stronger than currently estimated, which would provide an upside risk to the oil price forecast. Downside risks, such as continuing weak demand as indicated by sluggish first quarter 2009 oil consumption data, high inventories, and increased surplus production capacity levels within the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) could moderate the upward price pressure, especially if the global economic recovery is delayed and/or weaker than expected.

Consumption. World crude oil and liquid fuels consumption remains below year-ago levels. Total consumption during the fourth quarter of 2008 was 2.8 million barrels per day (bbl/d) below fourth quarter 2007 levels because of the global economic downturn. The year-over-year decline in total consumption increased in the first quarter of 2009 to an estimated 3.4 million bbl/d. Oil consumption in countries that are members of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) fell by 2.4 million bbl/d in the first quarter of 2009, compared to the first quarter of 2008, accounting for more than 70 percent of the total decline. The rate of consumption decline is expected to moderate later in the year. After falling by an average 1.8 million bbl/d in 2009, global consumption is projected to grow by 0.7 million bbl/d in 2010 in response to expected positive global economic growth ([World Liquid Fuels Consumption Chart](#)).

Non-OPEC Supply. After falling by 270,000 bbl/d in 2008, total non-OPEC supply is projected to rise by 400,000 bbl/d in 2009 and remain almost flat at the 2009 level in 2010. Over the forecast period, higher output in a few countries, such as Brazil, the United States, and Azerbaijan, is expected to offset declining production in Mexico, the North Sea, and Russia ([Non-OPEC Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Production Growth Chart](#)).

OPEC Supply. OPEC crude oil production is estimated to have averaged approximately 28.7 million bbl/d in the first quarter of 2009 and is projected to average 28.6 million bbl/d in the second quarter. This represents a roughly two-thirds compliance rate with announced production cuts. OPEC, which held production targets steady at its May 28 meeting, plans to meet again on September 9 in Vienna to review market conditions. Over the forecast period, prospects for an economic recovery and a rebound in oil consumption signal higher demand for OPEC oil.

OPEC crude oil production is projected to average 28.5 million bbl/d in 2009, before rising slightly to 28.8 million bbl/d in 2010. However, OPEC production capacity is expected to rise by 1.2 million bbl/d by the end of next year, relative to the end of 2008, which will increase surplus production capacity and help mitigate upward price pressure.

Inventories. Revised data indicate that OECD commercial inventories at year-end 2008 stood at 2.7 billion barrels. At 57 days of forward cover, OECD commercial inventories were well above average levels for that time of year ([Days of Supply of OECD Commercial Stocks Chart](#)). Preliminary estimates suggest that OECD commercial inventories increased by 46 million barrels during the first quarter of 2009, rather than declining seasonally, reaching 60 days of forward cover. The United States was responsible for this counter-seasonal build in OECD commercial inventories, with other OECD-member commercial stocks declining slightly. However, with the expected global demand increase in 2010 not forecast to be fully matched by increased supply, global inventories are expected to fall slightly over the forecast period.

U.S. Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels

Consumption. Based on the weak economy, total consumption of liquid fuels and other petroleum products is projected to contract by 550,000 bbl/d (2.9 percent) in 2009 ([U.S. Petroleum Products Consumption Growth Chart](#)), including a decline of 220,000 bbl/d (5.5 percent) in distillate fuel consumption and about 100,000 bbl/d (6.9 percent) in jet fuel consumption. Motor gasoline, however, is projected to increase by 30,000 bbl/d (0.3 percent) as a result of the substantial declines in retail prices from last summer and the stabilization of real disposable income. The gradual economic recovery in 2010 is expected to contribute to a 300,000-bbl/d (1.6 percent) increase in total liquid fuels consumption.

Production. Total domestic crude oil production averaged 4.96 million bbl/d in 2008, down from 5.06 million bbl/d in 2007 ([U.S. Crude Oil Production Chart](#)). Production is expected to increase to an average of 5.27 million bbl/d in 2009 and 5.32 million bbl/d in 2010, including an estimated expectation, with a wide range of uncertainty, of hurricane-induced outage of about 4.5 million barrels for the offshore region in 2009 (see the [2009 Outlook for Hurricane Production Outages in the Gulf of Mexico](#)).

Prices. WTI crude oil prices, which averaged \$99.57 per barrel in 2008 ([Crude Oil Prices Chart](#)), are projected to average \$58.70 per barrel in 2009 and \$67.42 per barrel in 2010. As always, energy price forecasts are highly uncertain. One measure of how the market reflects this uncertainty is the sizable participation in near-term options on

crude oil futures contracts at strike prices that are significantly different from current futures market prices. This reflects the tendency for crude oil prices to fluctuate within a wide range in a relatively short period.

EIA projects that regular-grade motor gasoline retail prices, which averaged \$3.26 per gallon in 2008, will average \$2.33 per gallon this year, up 21 cents per gallon from last month's *Outlook* projection. These prices are projected to rise to \$2.56 per gallon in 2010, 26 cents above that projected in the previous *Outlook*. Diesel fuel retail prices, which averaged \$3.80 per gallon in 2008, are projected to average \$2.40 per gallon in 2009, up 14 cents from the previous *Outlook*. Diesel fuel retail prices are projected to average \$2.67 per gallon in 2010, up 19 cents per gallon from the previous *Outlook*.

Natural Gas

Consumption. Total natural gas consumption is projected to decline by 2.2 percent in 2009 and then increase slightly in 2010 ([Total U.S. Natural Gas Consumption Growth Chart](#)). While total natural gas consumption remains hampered by the broad economic downturn, the persistence of low natural gas prices into the fourth quarter of 2009 is expected to lead to a 2.7-percent increase in electric power sector consumption in 2009, offsetting a portion of the 8-percent decline expected in industrial sector consumption. Additional declines expected in the residential and commercial sectors this year also contribute to the lower 2009 consumption estimate. The anticipation of some economic recovery in 2010 is the basis for slight consumption increases in the commercial and industrial sectors next year, with little change expected in the residential sector. Furthermore, if the dollar remains weak and natural gas prices remain relatively low, consumption in the industrial sector may be bolstered by increased exports of natural-gas-intensive products. Finally, consumption in the electric power sector is expected to remain flat in 2010 as natural gas prices rise relative to coal prices.

Production and Imports. Total U.S. marketed natural gas production is expected to decline by 1.1 percent in 2009 and by 2.6 percent in 2010. Low natural gas prices brought about by the current economic slump have had a dramatic impact on recent drilling activity. According to Baker Hughes, total working natural gas rigs are now down 56 percent from the September 2008 peak. Although a corresponding decline in production has yet to appear in data through March 2009, total U.S. marketed production is expected to drop by nearly 5 billion cubic feet (Bcf) per day between the first and fourth quarters of 2009. The decline in annual production is expected to occur almost exclusively in the Lower-48 non-Gulf of Mexico (GOM) this year, more than offsetting the small expected increase in GOM output. This projection includes an estimated expectation of hurricane-induced outage of about 36 Bcf for the offshore

region in 2009 (see the [2009 Outlook for Hurricane Production Outages in the Gulf of Mexico](#))

The lagged effect of this year's drilling pullback is also expected to result in lower natural gas production in 2010. However, EIA does not anticipate that working rigs and natural gas prices need to return to 2008 levels for production to increase. Recent improvements in technology have reduced finding and development costs, lowered completion times, and greatly enhanced well productivity, increasing the production potential from domestic sources. As a result, production is expected to respond adequately, with a shorter lag, to sustained increases in demand.

U.S. liquefied natural gas (LNG) imports are expected to increase to about 495 Bcf in 2009, from 352 Bcf in 2008, due to weakness in demand for LNG in the global market. The severe economic contractions in the LNG-consuming countries of Asia have increased the amount of available LNG in the global market, elevating LNG purchases in Europe, where natural gas prices remain slightly above those in the United States. In the coming months, as storage facilities in Europe are replenished and new liquefaction capacity comes online, available LNG cargoes are expected to be directed to U.S. terminals. While there is still a degree of uncertainty associated with the start-up of new liquefaction capacity and the availability of shipments, higher than expected LNG imports would almost certainly have a dampening effect on prices and cause lower domestic natural gas production or pipeline imports.

Inventories. On May 29, 2009, working natural gas in storage was 2,337 Bcf ([U.S. Working Natural Gas in Storage Chart](#)). Current inventories are now 423 Bcf above the 5-year average (2003–2007) and 546 Bcf above the level during the corresponding week last year. The estimated inventory build in May was 465 Bcf, the largest increase for this particular month since at least 1976, when records were first kept. Working natural gas stocks are now expected to reach 3,659 Bcf at the end of the 2009 injection season (October 31), roughly 94 Bcf above the previous record of 3,565 Bcf reported for the end of October 2007.

Prices. The Henry Hub spot price averaged \$3.96 per Mcf in May, \$0.33 per Mcf above the average spot price in April. Prices remain low as natural gas supplies continue to seep into a weak market. As working natural gas inventory nears storage capacity limits, prices may need to decline further to induce necessary adjustments in supply or stimulate demand. Anticipated economic recovery and seasonal space-heating demand are expected to contribute to some price strength in early 2010, and enhanced production capability from domestic supply sources is expected to limit sustained upward price movements throughout the forecast period. The Henry Hub spot price is expected to average \$4.13 per Mcf in 2009 and \$5.49 per Mcf in 2010.

Electricity

Consumption. During the first quarter of 2009, total consumption of electricity fell by an estimated 3 percent compared to the same period last year primarily because of weak industrial consumption. Growth in residential retail sales during the second half of this year is expected to slightly offset continued declines in industrial electricity sales. Total consumption is projected to fall by 1.8 percent for the entire year of 2009 and then rise by 1.2 percent in 2010 ([U.S. Total Electricity Consumption Chart](#)).

Prices. Retail residential electricity prices increased an estimated 8 percent during the first quarter of 2009 compared to the first quarter of 2008 ([U.S. Residential Electricity Prices Chart](#)) because of regulatory lags in the pass-through of fuel costs. However, lower fuel costs for generation are expected to be passed through to retail consumers later this year, keeping the annual 2009 growth in prices around 5.0 percent. Residential prices are expected to grow by just 2.4 percent during 2010.

Coal

Consumption. A decline in overall electricity generation, combined with projected increases from natural gas, nuclear, and renewable (hydroelectric and wind) generation sources, are projected to lead to a 4.6-percent decline in coal consumption in the electric power sector this year. The projected electric power sector consumption of 994 million short tons (MMst) in 2009 is the first time since 2002 that annual consumption would be below the billion short ton level. An expected increase in total electricity generation of 1.5 percent in 2010 is expected to lead to a 1.7-percent increase in electric-power-sector coal consumption. Non-power-sector coal consumption, for both steam and coke production, is projected to decline by 33 percent in 2009, reflecting very weak industrial activity ([U.S. Coal Consumption Growth Chart](#)).

Production. Production is expected to fall by about 7 percent in 2009 in response to lower total domestic coal consumption, export declines, and high coal inventories. The April 2009 production estimate of 88.3 MMst is the lowest monthly coal production figure since May 2004. Conversely, the estimated March 2009 secondary coal inventories of 183.9 MMst is the highest in over 20 years (secondary inventories were 185.5 MMst in December 1987). Production is projected to increase slightly (0.6 percent) in 2010 as domestic consumption and exports increase with an improving economy ([U.S. Annual Coal Production Chart](#)).

Exports. Reductions in global coal demand are expected to reduce U.S. coal exports by about 16.5 million short tons, a 20-percent decrease, in 2009. The projected

rebound in global economic activity is expected to increase global coal demand and lead to a 24-percent increase in exports in 2010.

Prices. Despite declines in electricity demand and lower fuel costs, the annual average delivered coal price is projected to increase to \$2.16 per million Btu (MMBtu) in 2009 due to a pricing lag between mine-mouth and delivered coal prices caused by long-term coal contracts. Current delivered prices were set when contracts were entered into during a period of high prices for all fuels one year or more ago. Although record increases in spot prices (some well over 100 percent) for several types of coal contributed to the increase in the cost of coal, spot market purchases make up only a small portion of total coal consumed. The average delivered coal price is expected to decline to \$1.98 per MMBtu in 2010, as expiring high-priced contracts are replaced.

Table SF01. U.S. Motor Gasoline Summer Outlook

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook -- June 2009

	2008			2009			Year-over-year Change (percent)		
	Q2	Q3	Season	Q2	Q3	Season	Q2	Q3	Season
Prices (dollars per gallon)									
WTI Crude Oil (Spot) ^a	2.95	2.81	2.88	1.40	1.60	1.50	-52.5	-43.2	-48.0
Imported Crude Oil Price ^b	2.76	2.69	2.72	1.33	1.52	1.42	-51.9	-43.3	-47.7
U.S. Refiner Average Crude Oil Cost	2.79	2.74	2.76	1.35	1.55	1.45	-51.6	-43.4	-47.6
Wholesale Gasoline Price ^c	3.15	3.15	3.15	1.80	2.00	1.90	-42.7	-36.5	-39.6
Wholesale Diesel Fuel Price ^c	3.65	3.47	3.56	1.60	1.80	1.70	-56.2	-48.2	-52.3
Regular Gasoline Retail Price ^d	3.76	3.85	3.81	2.31	2.63	2.47	-38.6	-31.6	-35.0
Diesel Fuel Retail Price ^d	4.39	4.34	4.37	2.29	2.50	2.40	-47.8	-42.4	-45.1
Gasoline Consumption/Supply (million barrels per day)									
Total Consumption	9.135	8.882	9.008	9.114	9.068	9.091	-0.2	2.1	0.9
Total Refinery Output ^e	7.339	7.102	7.220	7.418	7.366	7.392	1.1	3.7	2.4
Fuel Ethanol Blending	0.615	0.656	0.635	0.660	0.679	0.669	7.4	3.4	5.3
Total Stock Withdrawal ^f	0.126	0.221	0.173	0.110	0.062	0.086			
Net Imports ^f	1.056	0.902	0.979	0.926	0.962	0.944	-12.3	6.6	-3.5
Refinery Utilization (percent)	88.2	83.6	85.9	83.7	82.8	83.3			
Gasoline Stocks, Including Blending Components (million barrels)									
Beginning	221.2	209.8	221.2	216.7	206.7	216.7			
Ending	209.8	189.5	189.5	206.7	201.0	201.0			
Economic Indicators (annualized billion 2000 dollars)									
Real GDP	11,727	11,712	11,720	11,265	11,263	11,264	-3.9	-3.8	-3.9
Real Income	8,891	8,696	8,794	8,970	8,915	8,942	0.9	2.5	1.7

^a Spot Price of West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil.^b Cost of imported crude oil to U.S. refineries.^c Price product sold by refiners to resellers.^d Average pump price including taxes.^e Refinery output plus motor gasoline adjustment for blending components.^f Total stock withdrawal and net imports includes both finished gasoline and gasoline blend components.

GDP = gross domestic product.

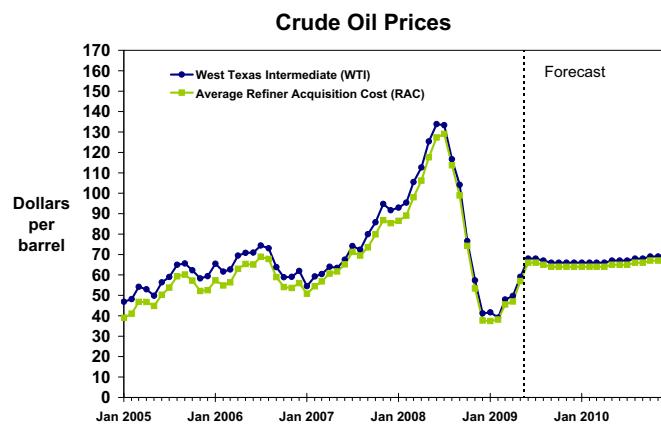
Notes: Minor discrepancies with other Energy Information Administration (EIA) published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold. Forecasts are in italic. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: EIA Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109; Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035; U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve System. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Macroeconomic Forecast Model.



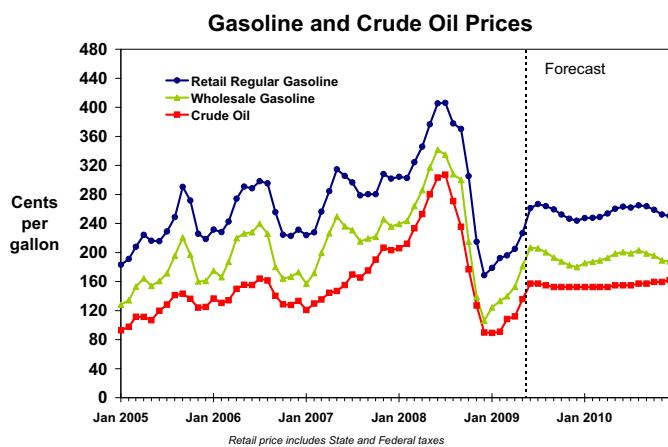
Short-Term Energy Outlook

Chart Gallery for June 2009



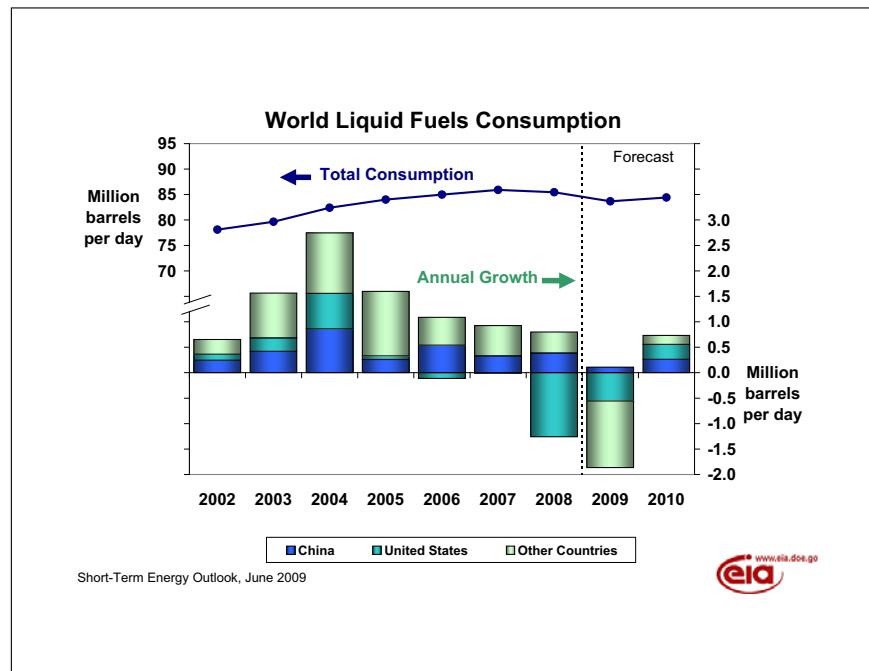
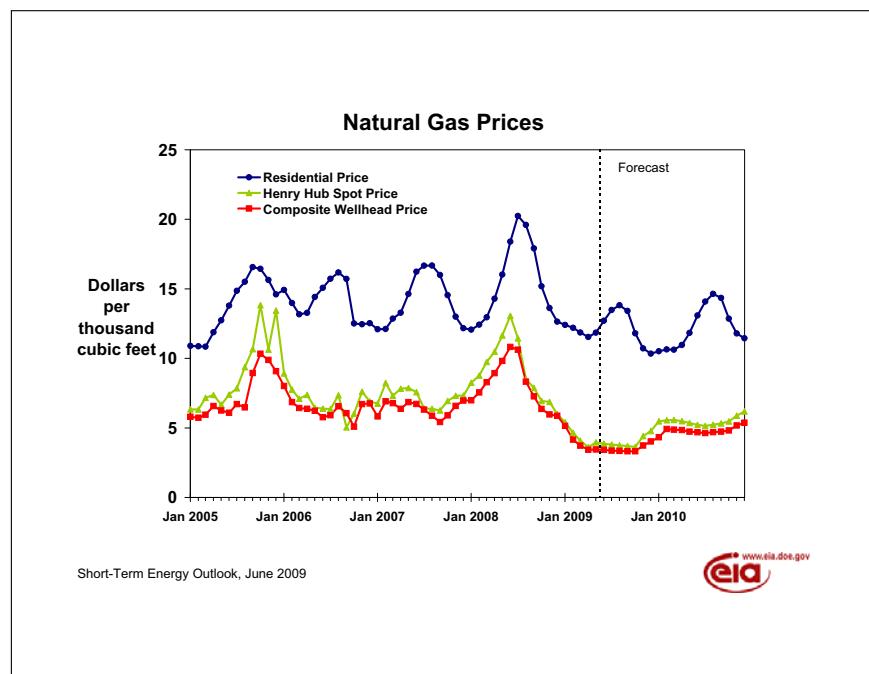
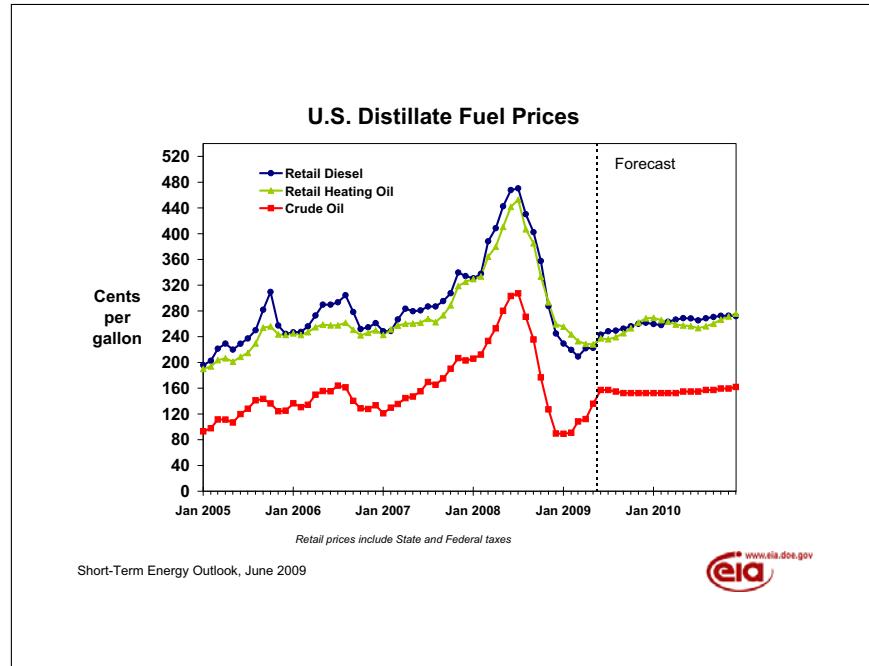
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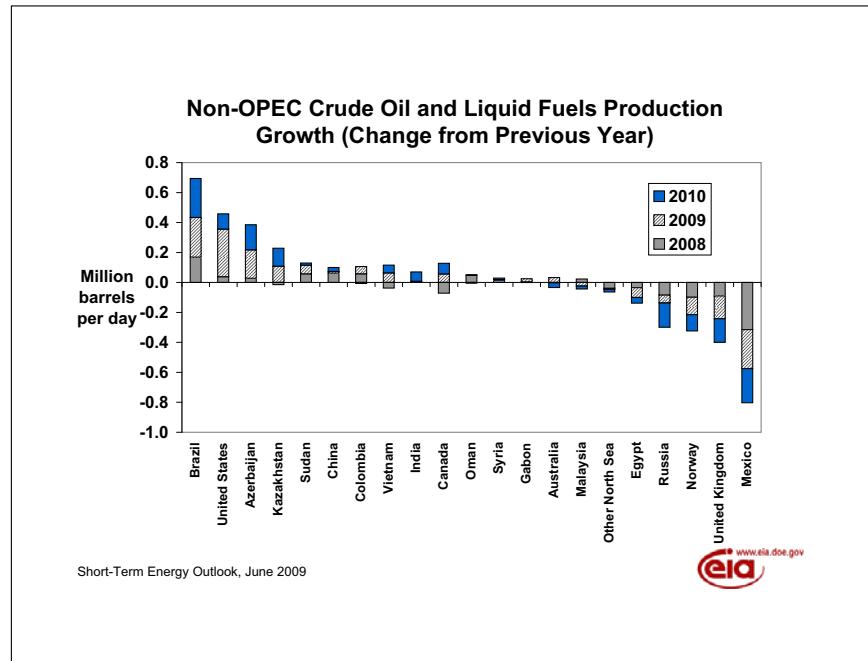
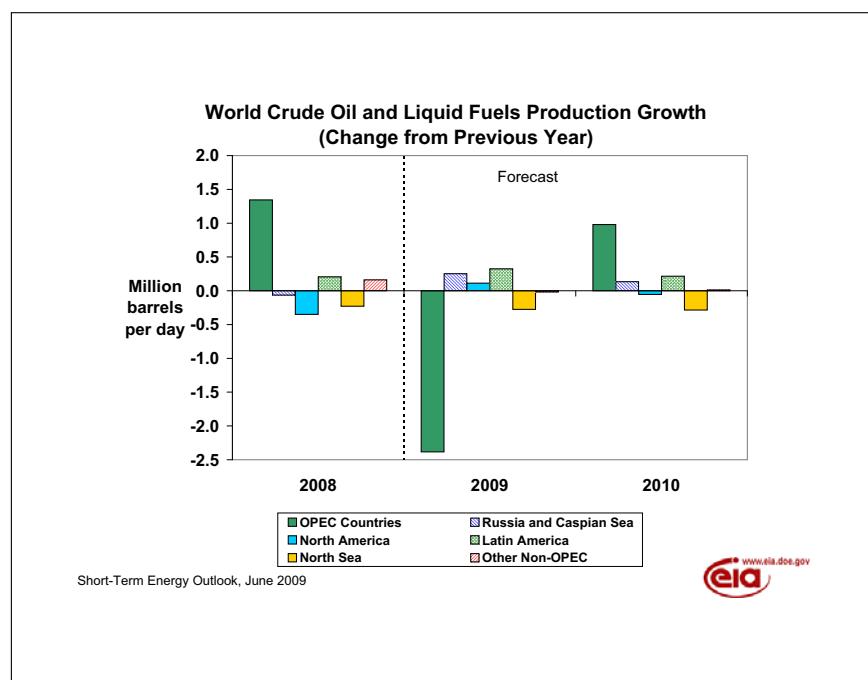
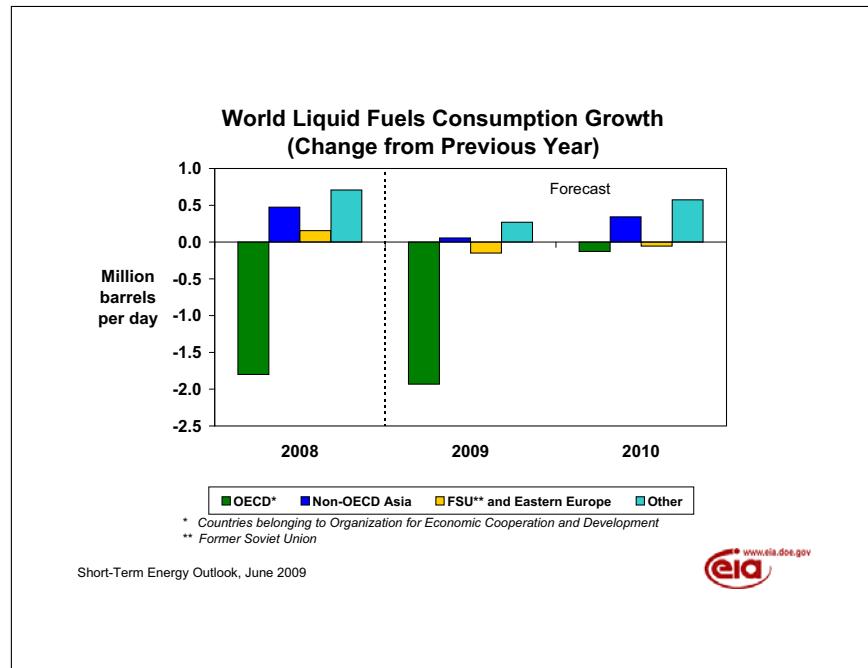
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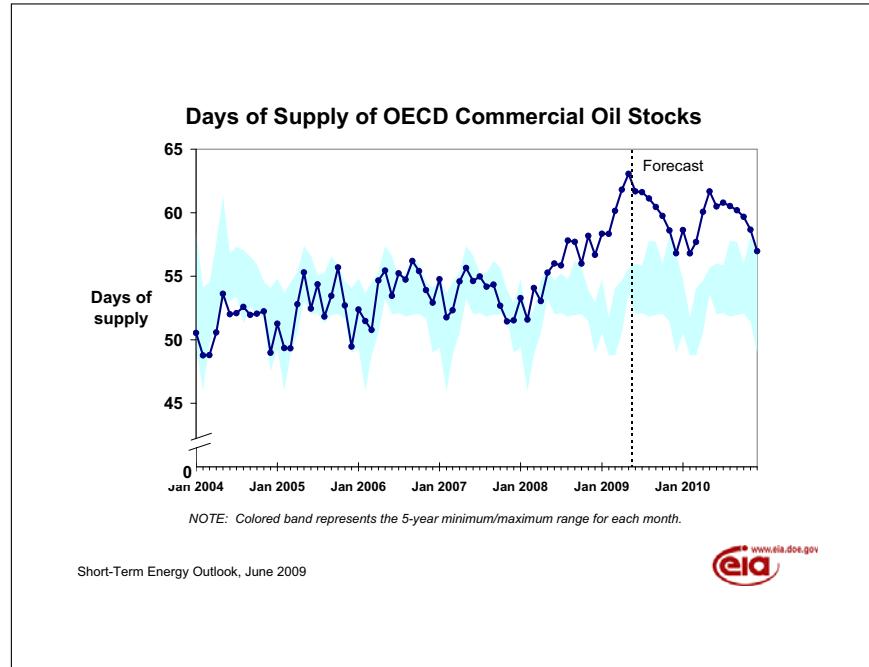
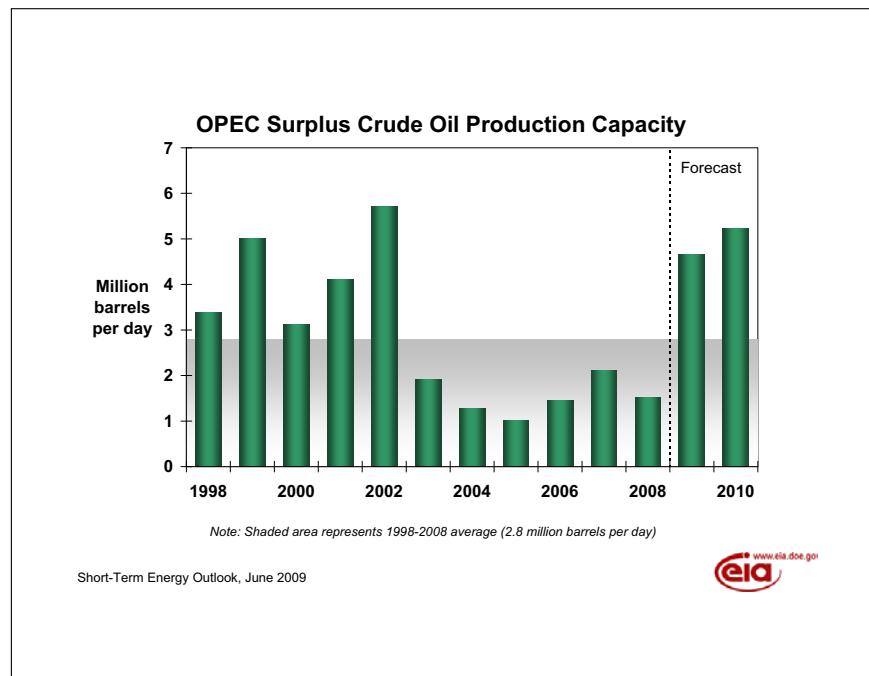
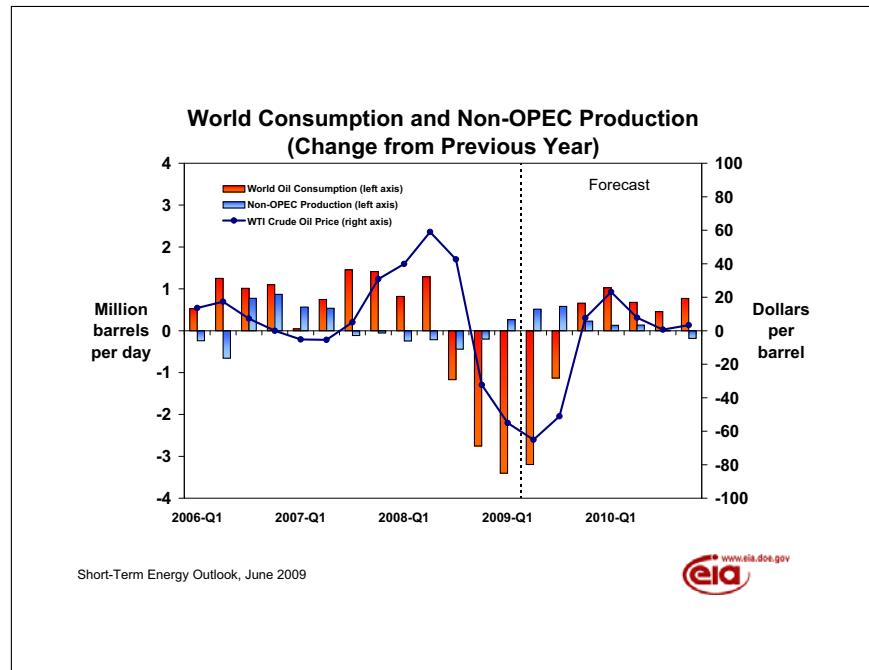


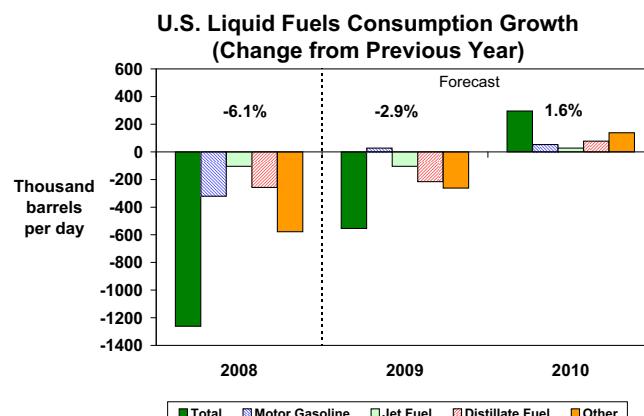
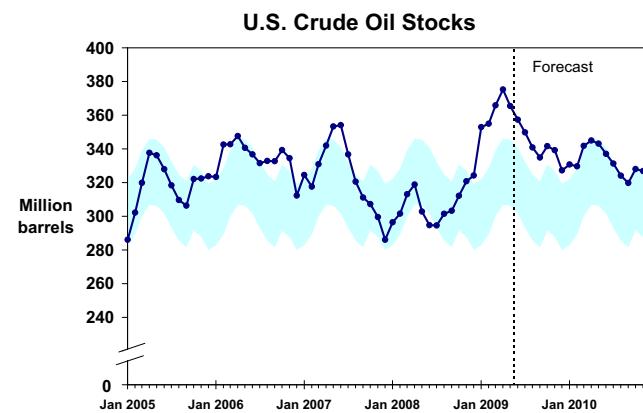
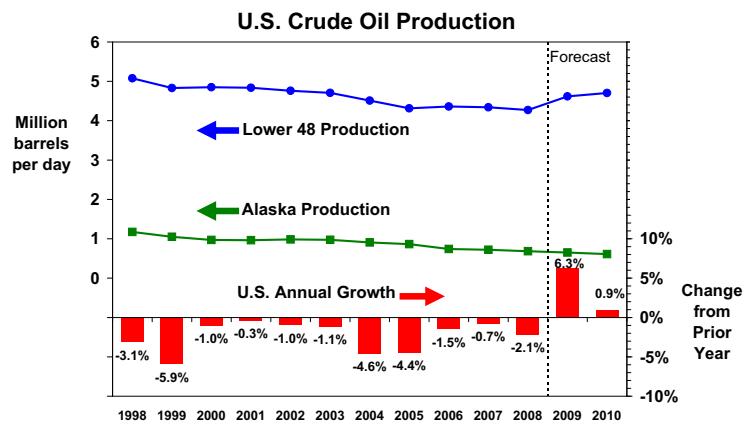
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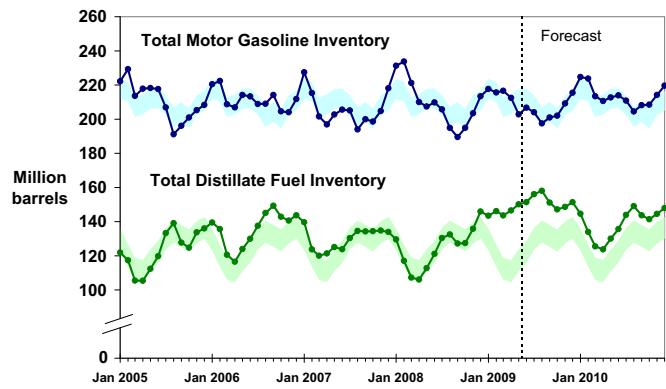








U.S. Gasoline and Distillate Inventories

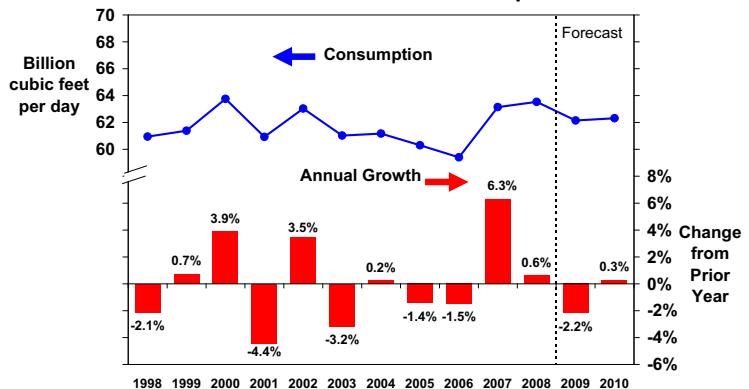


NOTE: Colored bands represent "normal" range published in EIA Weekly Petroleum Status Report, Appendix A.

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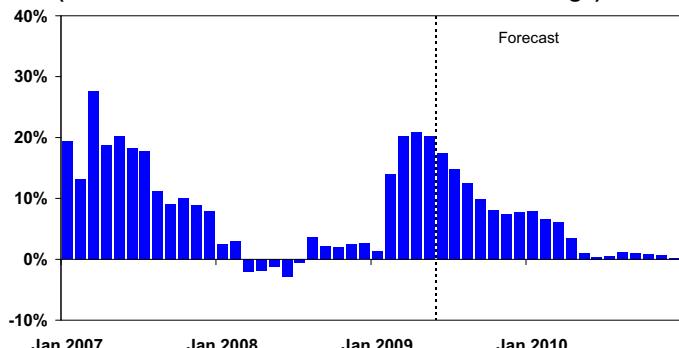
U.S. Total Natural Gas Consumption



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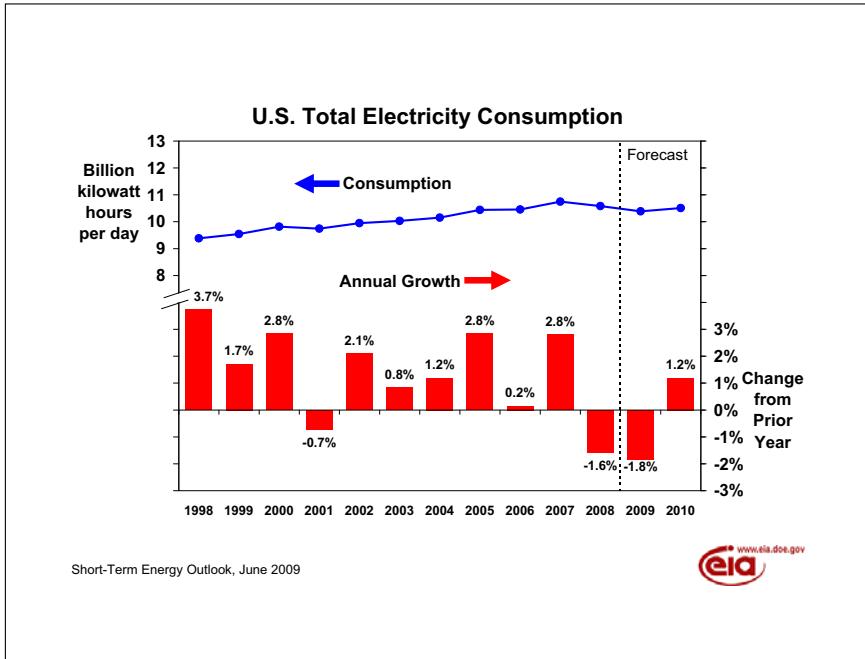
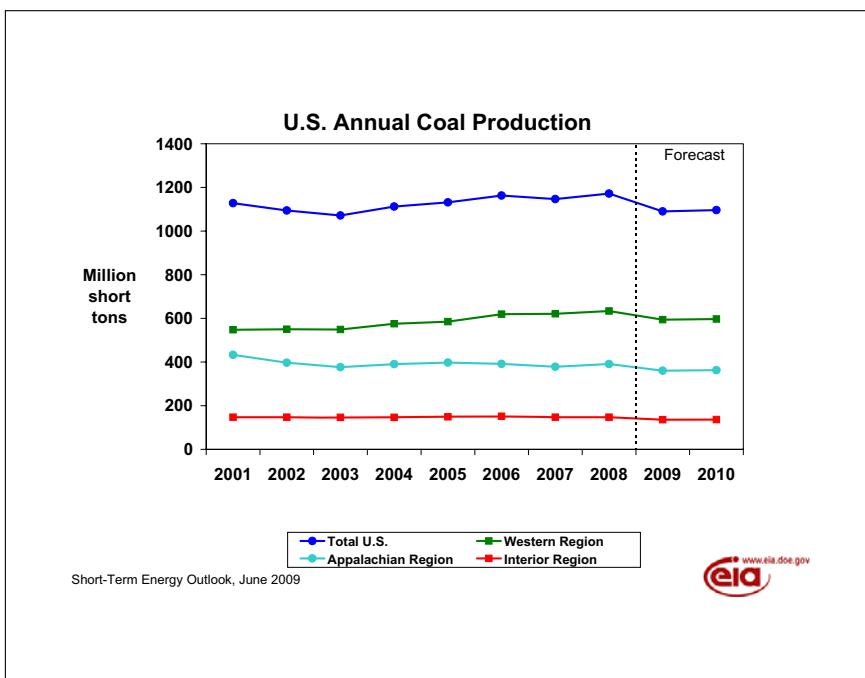
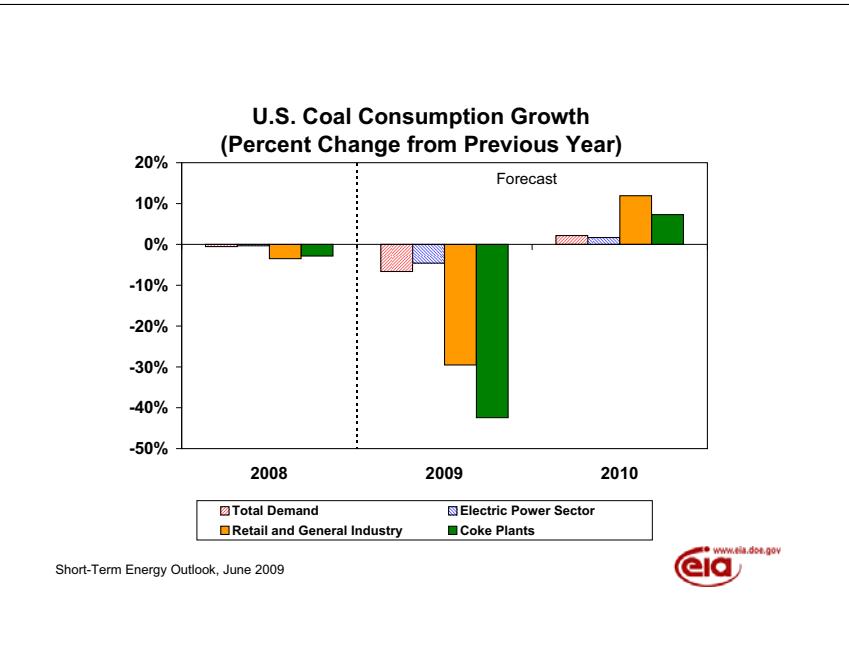


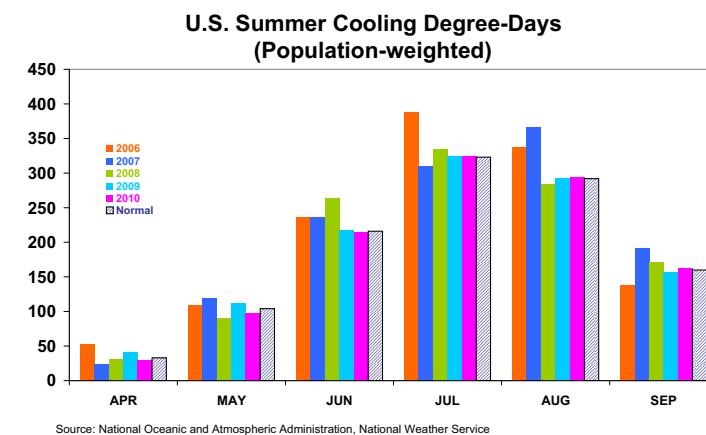
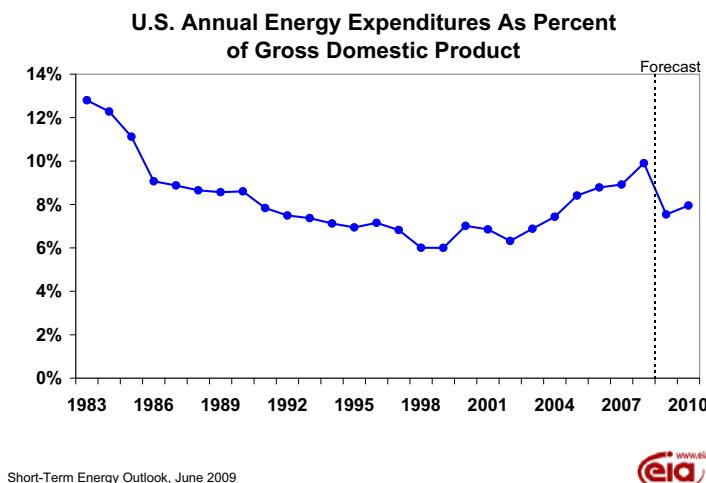
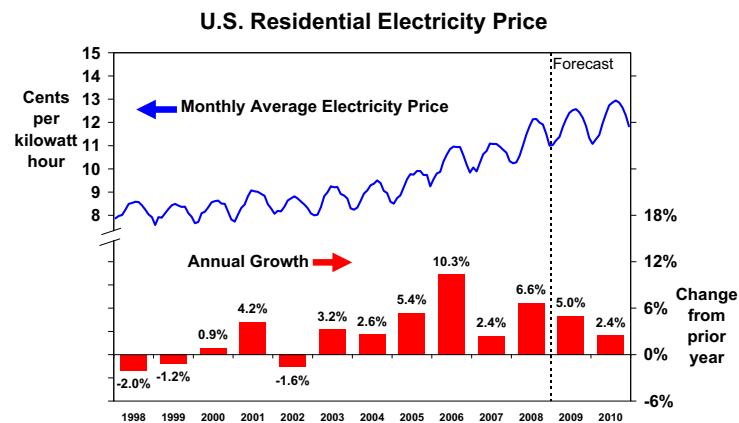
U.S. Working Natural Gas in Storage (Percent Difference from Previous 5-Year Average)



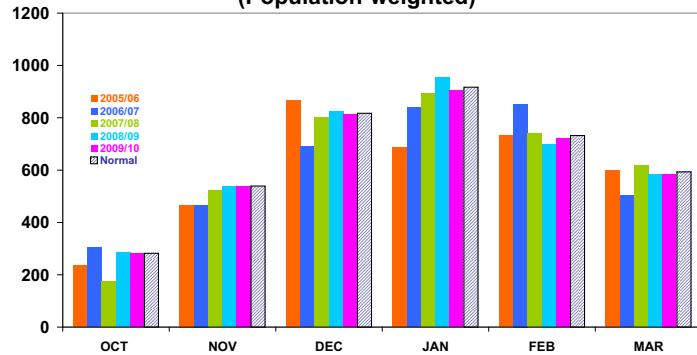
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U.S. Winter Heating Degree-Days (Population-weighted)

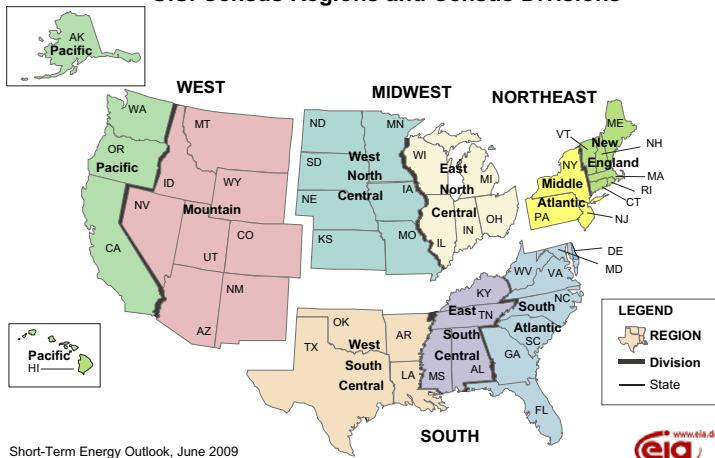


Source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Weather Service
http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/analysis_monitoring/cdus/degree_days/

Short-Term Energy Outlook, June 2009



U.S. Census Regions and Census Divisions



Short-Term Energy Outlook, June 2009



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Total Consumption	9.135	8.882	9.008	9.114	9.068	9.091	-0.2	2.1	0.9
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Fuel Ethanol Blending	0.615	0.656	0.635	0.660	0.679	0.669	7.4	3.4	5.3
Total Stock Withdrawal ^f	0.126	0.221	0.173	0.110	0.062	0.086			
Net Imports ^f	1.056	0.902	0.979	0.926	0.962	0.944	-12.3	6.6	-3.5
Refinery Utilization (percent)	88.2	83.6	85.9	83.7	82.8	83.3			
Gasoline Stocks, Including Blending Components (million barrels)									
Beginning	221.2	209.8	221.2	216.7	206.7	216.7			
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GDP = gross domestic product.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other Energy Information Administration (EIA) published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold. Forecasts are in italic. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

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Table 1. U.S. Energy Markets Summary

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Energy Supply															
Crude Oil Production (a) (million barrels per day)	5.12	5.15	4.66	4.90	5.24	5.32	5.22	5.30	5.32	5.37	5.33	5.25	4.96	5.27	5.32
Dry Natural Gas Production (billion cubic feet per day)	55.88	56.36	55.52	56.95	57.77	56.67	54.70	53.20	53.17	53.79	54.48	55.03	56.18	55.57	54.12
Coal Production (million short tons)	289	284	299	299	283	264	269	275	268	263	274	291	1,171	1,090	1,096
Energy Consumption															
Liquid Fuels (million barrels per day)	19.88	19.68	18.84	19.28	18.84	18.74	18.83	19.05	19.11	19.07	19.13	19.32	19.42	18.86	19.16
Natural Gas (billion cubic feet per day)	82.19	55.17	52.98	63.89	79.33	53.36	54.06	62.13	78.29	53.54	54.64	63.04	63.53	62.15	62.31
Coal (b) (million short tons)	284	268	299	270	250	247	286	264	265	251	289	265	1,122	1,047	1,070
Electricity (billion kilowatt hours per day)	10.57	10.21	11.64	9.90	10.24	9.89	11.59	9.82	10.31	10.01	11.75	9.95	10.58	10.39	10.51
Renewables (c) (quadrillion Btu)	1.62	1.84	1.67	1.62	1.68	1.83	1.71	1.66	1.85	1.96	1.80	1.72	6.74	6.87	7.33
Total Energy Consumption (d) (quadrillion Btu)	26.71	23.97	24.19	24.63	25.92	23.03	24.05	24.21	25.65	23.36	24.41	24.52	99.50	97.20	97.93
Nominal Energy Prices															
Crude Oil (e) (dollars per barrel)	91.17	117.20	114.89	55.19	40.43	56.72	65.03	64.00	64.00	64.67	65.66	67.34	94.68	56.65	65.43
Natural Gas Wellhead (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	7.62	9.86	8.81	6.06	4.35	3.43	3.34	3.69	4.70	4.75	4.68	5.12	8.08	3.71	4.82
Coal (dollars per million Btu)	1.91	2.04	2.16	2.18	2.27	2.22	2.12	2.05	2.02	1.99	1.97	1.95	2.07	2.16	1.98
Macroeconomic															
Real Gross Domestic Product (billion chained 2000 dollars - SAAR)	11,646	11,727	11,712	11,522	11,341	11,265	11,263	11,273	11,297	11,371	11,449	11,562	11,652	11,286	11,420
Percent change from prior year	2.5	2.1	0.7	-0.8	-2.6	-3.9	-3.8	-2.2	-0.4	0.9	1.6	2.6	1.1	-3.1	1.2
GDP Implicit Price Deflator (Index, 2000=100)	121.6	122.0	123.1	123.3	124.2	124.0	124.0	124.5	125.1	125.2	125.5	126.2	122.5	124.2	125.5
Percent change from prior year	2.3	2.0	2.6	2.0	2.1	1.6	0.7	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	2.2	1.4	1.1
Real Disposable Personal Income (billion chained 2000 dollars - SAAR)	8,668	8,891	8,696	8,754	8,887	8,970	8,915	8,912	8,863	8,919	8,954	8,953	8,752	8,921	8,922
Percent change from prior year	0.6	3.3	0.3	0.8	2.5	0.9	2.5	1.8	-0.3	-0.6	0.4	0.5	1.3	1.9	0.0
Manufacturing Production Index (Index, 2002=100)	114.1	112.6	109.9	104.6	98.2	95.7	96.1	96.2	96.2	96.6	97.8	99.2	110.3	96.5	97.5
Percent change from prior year	1.3	-0.9	-3.9	-8.6	-14.0	-15.0	-12.5	-8.1	-2.0	1.0	1.8	3.2	-3.0	-12.5	1.0
Weather															
U.S. Heating Degree-Days	2,251	528	70	1,647	2,235	499	97	1,628	2,208	539	99	1,620	4,496	4,459	4,466
U.S. Cooling Degree-Days	35	385	789	69	27	370	775	77	35	343	781	83	1,277	1,249	1,242

- = no data available

(a) Includes lease condensate.

(b) Total consumption includes Independent Power Producer (IPP) consumption.

(c) Renewable energy includes minor components of non-marketed renewable energy that is neither bought nor sold, either directly or indirectly, as inputs to marketed energy.

EIA does not estimate or project end-use consumption of non-marketed renewable energy.

(d) The conversion from physical units to Btu is calculated using a subset of conversion factors used in the calculations of gross energy consumption in EIA's Monthly Energy Review (MER). Consequently, the historical data may not precisely match those published in the MER or the Annual Energy Review (AER).

(e) Refers to the refiner average acquisition cost (RAC) of crude oil.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.**Historical data:** Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208; *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380; *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; *Quarterly Coal Report*, DOE/EIA-0121; and *International Petroleum Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0520.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy.

Weather projections from National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

Table 2. U.S. Energy Nominal Prices

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Crude Oil (dollars per barrel)															
West Texas Intermediate Spot Average	97.94	123.95	118.05	58.35	42.90	58.90	67.00	66.00	66.00	66.67	67.67	69.33	99.57	58.70	67.42
Imported Average	89.74	115.93	112.85	52.31	40.46	55.77	64.03	63.00	63.00	63.67	64.66	66.33	92.59	55.59	64.42
Refiner Average Acquisition Cost	91.17	117.20	114.89	55.19	40.43	56.72	65.03	64.00	64.00	64.67	65.66	67.34	94.68	56.65	65.43
Liquid Fuels (cents per gallon)															
Refiner Prices for Resale															
Gasoline	249	315	315	154	132	180	200	183	187	197	200	191	258	175	194
Diesel Fuel	283	365	347	200	137	160	180	186	189	197	196	199	303	166	195
Heating Oil	269	347	337	189	145	155	177	186	187	191	191	196	275	162	191
Refiner Prices to End Users															
Jet Fuel	284	364	357	204	137	159	179	186	191	196	196	199	305	166	195
No. 6 Residual Fuel Oil (a)	187	218	262	134	105	131	145	147	147	146	146	152	200	131	148
Propane to Petrochemical Sector	145	166	172	83	68	75	85	88	89	88	88	93	139	79	90
Retail Prices Including Taxes															
Gasoline Regular Grade (b)	311	376	385	230	189	231	263	248	248	259	263	254	326	233	256
Gasoline All Grades (b)	316	381	391	236	194	236	268	253	253	264	269	259	331	238	261
On-highway Diesel Fuel	352	439	434	299	220	229	250	259	260	268	268	272	380	240	267
Heating Oil	340	401	409	286	246	230	241	263	266	258	257	273	338	249	266
Propane	250	265	270	241	235	215	192	200	206	196	183	198	251	215	199
Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feet)															
Average Wellhead	7.62	9.86	8.81	6.06	4.35	3.43	3.34	3.69	4.70	4.75	4.68	5.12	8.08	3.71	4.82
Henry Hub Spot	8.92	11.73	9.29	6.60	4.71	3.81	3.75	4.27	5.53	5.35	5.23	5.85	9.13	4.13	5.49
End-Use Prices															
Industrial Sector	8.91	11.10	10.76	7.71	6.55	4.84	4.51	5.14	6.34	5.90	5.65	6.54	9.61	5.24	6.12
Commercial Sector	11.35	13.12	14.17	11.46	10.67	9.01	8.41	8.69	9.26	9.19	9.38	9.83	11.99	9.50	9.40
Residential Sector	12.44	15.58	19.25	13.32	12.20	11.85	13.56	10.68	10.59	11.63	14.35	11.77	13.67	11.81	11.38
Electricity															
Power Generation Fuel Costs (dollars per million Btu)															
Coal	1.91	2.04	2.16	2.18	2.27	2.22	2.12	2.05	2.02	1.99	1.97	1.95	2.07	2.16	1.98
Natural Gas	8.57	11.08	9.75	6.67	5.41	4.06	3.90	4.34	5.58	5.45	5.35	5.83	9.13	4.35	5.53
Residual Fuel Oil (c)	12.90	15.44	17.75	10.28	7.34	8.80	10.08	10.14	10.19	10.22	10.17	10.46	14.40	8.60	10.26
Distillate Fuel Oil	18.86	23.38	23.99	14.88	11.52	11.17	12.87	13.33	13.40	13.65	13.81	14.08	20.27	12.23	13.74
End-Use Prices (cents per kilowatthour)															
Industrial Sector	6.4	6.9	7.6	7.1	6.9	7.2	7.8	7.3	7.0	7.4	8.0	7.6	7.0	7.3	7.5
Commercial Sector	9.5	10.3	11.0	10.2	10.1	10.6	11.3	10.6	10.3	10.9	11.6	11.0	10.3	10.7	11.0
Residential Sector	10.4	11.5	12.1	11.4	11.2	12.1	12.5	11.8	11.3	12.4	12.9	12.2	11.4	11.9	12.2

- = no data available

(a) Average for all sulfur contents.

(b) Average self-service cash price.

(c) Includes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, and topped crude.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Prices exclude taxes unless otherwise noted

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380;*Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208; *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Monthly Energy Review*, DOE/EIA-0035.Natural gas Henry Hub spot price from NGI's *Daily Gas Price Index* (<http://Intelligencepress.com>); WTI crude oil price from Reuter's News Service (<http://www.reuters.com>).

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 3a. International Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Supply, Consumption, and Inventories

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Supply (million barrels per day) (a)															
OECD	21.29	21.08	20.38	20.93	21.20	20.80	20.31	20.54	20.56	20.50	20.07	20.10	20.92	20.71	20.31
U.S. (50 States)	8.62	8.75	8.18	8.43	8.78	8.87	8.76	8.84	8.83	8.97	8.96	8.89	8.49	8.81	8.91
Canada	3.38	3.22	3.40	3.40	3.39	3.40	3.40	3.45	3.50	3.49	3.45	3.47	3.35	3.41	3.48
Mexico	3.29	3.19	3.15	3.12	3.06	2.99	2.85	2.80	2.75	2.77	2.66	2.61	3.19	2.92	2.70
North Sea (b)	4.47	4.33	4.07	4.39	4.42	4.00	3.77	3.97	4.00	3.79	3.54	3.70	4.32	4.04	3.75
Other OECD	1.53	1.58	1.59	1.60	1.55	1.54	1.53	1.49	1.48	1.48	1.47	1.43	1.57	1.53	1.46
Non-OECD	64.43	64.62	65.05	64.17	62.37	63.06	62.84	62.88	63.78	64.09	64.32	64.58	64.57	62.79	64.19
OPEC	35.66	35.83	36.24	35.21	33.24	33.46	33.39	33.31	33.89	34.06	34.62	34.74	35.73	33.35	34.33
Crude Oil Portion	31.25	31.40	31.74	30.72	28.71	28.64	28.41	28.19	28.53	28.52	29.02	29.02	31.28	28.49	28.78
Other Liquids	4.41	4.42	4.50	4.49	4.53	4.82	4.98	5.12	5.35	5.54	5.60	5.72	4.46	4.86	5.55
Former Soviet Union	12.59	12.60	12.42	12.46	12.60	12.87	12.77	12.77	12.90	12.96	12.81	12.82	12.52	12.75	12.87
China	3.94	4.00	3.97	3.98	3.91	4.00	4.00	4.03	4.02	4.04	3.99	4.00	3.97	3.98	4.01
Other Non-OECD	12.24	12.20	12.41	12.51	12.62	12.72	12.69	12.77	12.98	13.02	12.91	13.02	12.34	12.70	12.98
Total World Production	85.72	85.70	85.43	85.10	83.57	83.86	83.16	83.43	84.34	84.59	84.39	84.68	85.49	83.50	84.50
Non-OPEC Production	50.06	49.88	49.19	49.89	50.33	50.39	49.77	50.12	50.46	50.53	49.77	49.94	49.75	50.15	50.17
Consumption (million barrels per day) (c)															
OECD	48.69	47.09	46.45	47.08	46.25	44.35	44.94	46.05	45.89	44.30	44.87	46.00	47.33	45.39	45.26
U.S. (50 States)	19.88	19.68	18.84	19.28	18.84	18.74	18.83	19.05	19.11	19.07	19.13	19.32	19.42	18.86	19.16
U.S. Territories	0.27	0.28	0.29	0.23	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.25	0.27	0.25	0.25
Canada	2.37	2.25	2.34	2.31	2.30	2.13	2.23	2.23	2.13	2.07	2.16	2.17	2.32	2.22	2.13
Europe	15.22	14.89	15.37	15.28	14.75	14.25	14.69	14.87	14.41	14.05	14.48	14.66	15.19	14.64	14.40
Japan	5.41	4.59	4.30	4.67	4.69	3.84	3.90	4.32	4.68	3.81	3.87	4.29	4.74	4.19	4.16
Other OECD	5.55	5.39	5.31	5.30	5.42	5.13	5.03	5.32	5.30	5.05	4.97	5.31	5.39	5.23	5.16
Non-OECD	37.83	38.97	38.65	36.99	36.87	38.52	39.03	38.68	38.26	39.25	39.56	39.50	38.11	38.28	39.14
Former Soviet Union	4.31	4.31	4.35	4.38	4.12	4.17	4.20	4.27	4.08	4.09	4.12	4.19	4.34	4.19	4.12
Europe	0.79	0.79	0.80	0.80	0.77	0.77	0.83	0.81	0.79	0.78	0.84	0.82	0.80	0.80	0.81
China	8.07	8.19	8.10	7.46	7.63	8.17	8.27	8.17	8.15	8.32	8.41	8.41	7.95	8.06	8.32
Other Asia	9.51	9.60	8.95	8.75	9.07	9.26	9.05	9.22	9.22	9.29	9.02	9.40	9.20	9.15	9.23
Other Non-OECD	15.15	16.07	16.44	15.60	15.29	16.15	16.68	16.21	16.01	16.77	17.17	16.68	15.82	16.09	16.66
Total World Consumption	86.52	86.07	85.10	84.07	83.12	82.87	83.97	84.73	84.15	83.55	84.42	85.50	85.43	83.68	84.41
Inventory Net Withdrawals (million barrels per day)															
U.S. (50 States)	0.14	-0.36	-0.22	-0.32	-0.66	-0.31	0.16	0.31	0.33	-0.43	-0.05	0.28	-0.19	-0.12	0.03
Other OECD	-0.25	0.04	-0.30	-0.17	-0.04	-0.10	0.26	0.41	-0.22	-0.24	0.03	0.22	-0.17	0.13	-0.05
Other Stock Draws and Balance	0.92	0.68	0.18	-0.53	0.26	-0.58	0.39	0.58	-0.31	-0.37	0.05	0.32	0.31	0.16	-0.08
Total Stock Draw	0.80	0.36	-0.33	-1.03	-0.45	-0.98	0.81	1.30	-0.20	-1.04	0.04	0.82	-0.05	0.18	-0.09
End-of-period Inventories (million barrels)															
U.S. Commercial Inventory	953	980	1,003	1,033	1,082	1,100	1,084	1,052	1,023	1,062	1,066	1,040	1,033	1,052	1,040
OECD Commercial Inventory	2,569	2,599	2,651	2,693	2,739	2,765	2,726	2,657	2,646	2,707	2,709	2,662	2,693	2,657	2,662

- = no data available

OECD = Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland,

France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal,
Slovakia, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Venezuela.

Former Soviet Union = Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan.

(a) Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensates), natural gas plant liquids, other liquids, and refinery processing gains, alcohol.

(b) Includes offshore supply from Denmark, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and the United Kingdom.

(c) Consumption of petroleum by the OECD countries is synonymous with "petroleum product supplied," defined in the glossary of the EIA *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109.

Consumption of petroleum by the non-OECD countries is "apparent consumption," which includes internal consumption, refinery fuel and loss, and bunkering.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *International Petroleum Monthly*; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, latest monthly release.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 3b. Non-OPEC Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Supply (million barrels per day)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
North America	15.29	15.17	14.72	14.94	15.23	15.25	15.01	15.08	15.08	15.23	15.07	14.97	15.03	15.14	15.09
Canada	3.38	3.22	3.40	3.40	3.39	3.40	3.40	3.45	3.50	3.49	3.45	3.47	3.35	3.41	3.48
Mexico	3.29	3.19	3.15	3.12	3.06	2.99	2.85	2.80	2.75	2.77	2.66	2.61	3.19	2.92	2.70
United States	8.62	8.75	8.18	8.43	8.78	8.87	8.76	8.84	8.83	8.97	8.96	8.89	8.49	8.81	8.91
Central and South America	4.16	4.20	4.35	4.39	4.52	4.59	4.64	4.70	4.77	4.83	4.84	4.92	4.27	4.61	4.84
Argentina	0.81	0.75	0.81	0.81	0.80	0.80	0.79	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.77	0.76	0.79	0.79	0.77
Brazil	2.34	2.41	2.46	2.47	2.58	2.65	2.72	2.79	2.86	2.93	2.96	3.04	2.42	2.69	2.95
Colombia	0.57	0.59	0.61	0.63	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.60	0.65	0.64
Other Central and S. America	0.44	0.44	0.46	0.48	0.49	0.49	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.46	0.49	0.48
Europe	5.14	5.00	4.74	5.04	5.05	4.62	4.38	4.58	4.60	4.38	4.12	4.29	4.98	4.66	4.35
Norway	2.51	2.42	2.39	2.55	2.53	2.30	2.25	2.32	2.36	2.25	2.15	2.21	2.47	2.35	2.24
United Kingdom (offshore)	1.61	1.58	1.36	1.52	1.57	1.37	1.20	1.33	1.32	1.23	1.09	1.20	1.52	1.36	1.21
Other North Sea	0.35	0.33	0.33	0.32	0.32	0.33	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.33	0.32	0.31
FSU and Eastern Europe	12.83	12.83	12.66	12.70	12.83	13.10	12.99	13.00	13.12	13.18	13.02	13.03	12.76	12.98	13.09
Azerbaijan	0.91	0.98	0.85	0.77	0.93	1.07	1.10	1.15	1.19	1.23	1.24	1.27	0.88	1.07	1.23
Kazakhstan	1.47	1.44	1.33	1.47	1.48	1.54	1.55	1.58	1.65	1.67	1.65	1.66	1.43	1.54	1.66
Russia	9.78	9.75	9.82	9.81	9.77	9.84	9.70	9.64	9.65	9.65	9.51	9.49	9.79	9.74	9.57
Turkmenistan	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.19	0.20	0.20
Other FSU/Eastern Europe	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.65	0.64	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.61	0.61	0.66	0.64	0.62
Middle East	1.56	1.55	1.56	1.58	1.58	1.57	1.53	1.53	1.56	1.55	1.53	1.54	1.56	1.55	1.55
Oman	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.77	0.75	0.75	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.77	0.76
Syria	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.46	0.45	0.45	0.46	0.47	0.46	0.46	0.45	0.45	0.46
Yemen	0.32	0.30	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.30	0.28	0.27
Asia and Oceania	8.50	8.55	8.54	8.63	8.51	8.62	8.59	8.60	8.62	8.65	8.54	8.55	8.55	8.58	8.59
Australia	0.52	0.58	0.60	0.63	0.61	0.63	0.63	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.60	0.56	0.58	0.62	0.58
China	3.94	4.00	3.97	3.98	3.91	4.00	4.00	4.03	4.02	4.04	3.99	4.00	3.97	3.98	4.01
India	0.89	0.88	0.87	0.89	0.86	0.88	0.90	0.91	0.93	0.95	0.95	0.97	0.88	0.89	0.95
Indonesia	1.04	1.04	1.06	1.07	1.05	1.03	1.00	0.99	0.96	0.95	0.93	0.93	1.05	1.02	0.94
Malaysia	0.74	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.72	0.70	0.70	0.69	0.70	0.69	0.68	0.67	0.73	0.70	0.68
Vietnam	0.34	0.31	0.29	0.31	0.33	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.44	0.31	0.38	0.43
Africa	2.58	2.58	2.62	2.60	2.60	2.64	2.62	2.63	2.71	2.70	2.65	2.64	2.60	2.62	2.67
Egypt	0.63	0.62	0.65	0.62	0.59	0.57	0.56	0.54	0.54	0.53	0.52	0.51	0.63	0.56	0.53
Equatorial Guinea	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.36	0.35	0.36
Gabon	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.27	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.27	0.27
Sudan	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.53	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.59	0.60	0.60	0.59	0.59	0.52	0.58	0.60
Total non-OPEC liquids	50.06	49.88	49.19	49.89	50.33	50.39	49.77	50.12	50.46	50.53	49.77	49.94	49.75	50.15	50.17
OPEC non-crude liquids	4.41	4.42	4.50	4.49	4.53	4.82	4.98	5.12	5.35	5.54	5.60	5.72	4.46	4.86	5.55
Non-OPEC + OPEC non-crude	54.47	54.30	53.69	54.38	54.86	55.21	54.75	55.24	55.81	56.07	55.37	55.66	54.21	55.01	55.73

- = no data available

FSU = Former Soviet Union

OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Venezuela.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensates), natural gas plant liquids, other liquids, and refinery processing gains, alcohol.

Not all countries are shown in each region and sum of reported country volumes may not equal regional volumes.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *International Petroleum Monthly*; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, latest monthly release.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 3c. OPEC Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Supply (million barrels per day)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Crude Oil															
Algeria	1.41	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.42	-	-
Angola	1.91	1.92	1.85	1.88	1.78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.89	-	-
Ecuador	0.52	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-
Iran	3.80	3.80	3.90	3.90	3.77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.85	-	-
Iraq	2.25	2.40	2.42	2.34	2.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.35	-	-
Kuwait	2.58	2.60	2.60	2.50	2.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.57	-	-
Libya	1.74	1.71	1.71	1.70	1.65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.71	-	-
Nigeria	1.99	1.90	1.95	1.92	1.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.94	-	-
Qatar	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.81	0.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-
Saudi Arabia	9.20	9.32	9.57	8.95	8.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.26	-	-
United Arab Emirates	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.48	2.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.57	-	-
Venezuela	2.40	2.37	2.34	2.31	2.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.35	-	-
OPEC Total	31.25	31.40	31.74	30.72	28.71	28.64	28.41	28.19	28.53	28.52	29.02	29.02	31.28	28.49	28.78
Other Liquids	4.41	4.42	4.50	4.49	4.53	4.82	4.98	5.12	5.35	5.54	5.60	5.72	4.46	4.86	5.55
Total OPEC Supply	35.66	35.83	36.24	35.21	33.24	33.46	33.39	33.31	33.89	34.06	34.62	34.74	35.73	33.35	34.33
Crude Oil Production Capacity															
Algeria	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.37	-	-
Angola	1.91	1.92	1.85	1.99	2.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.92	-	-
Ecuador	0.52	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-
Iran	3.80	3.80	3.90	3.90	3.90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.85	-	-
Iraq	2.30	2.42	2.42	2.34	2.28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.37	-	-
Kuwait	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.60	-	-
Libya	1.79	1.75	1.70	1.75	1.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.75	-	-
Nigeria	1.99	1.90	1.95	1.96	1.96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.95	-	-
Qatar	0.88	0.93	0.98	1.03	1.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.96	-	-
Saudi Arabia	10.57	10.60	10.60	10.60	10.60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.59	-	-
United Arab Emirates	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.55	2.60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.59	-	-
Venezuela	2.40	2.37	2.34	2.31	2.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.35	-	-
OPEC Total	32.72	32.76	32.82	32.90	32.81	32.98	33.32	33.44	33.90	33.92	34.07	34.09	32.80	33.14	33.99
Surplus Crude Oil Production Capacity															
Algeria	-0.04	-0.05	-0.05	-0.05	0.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0.05	-	-
Angola	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	-	-
Ecuador	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	-	-
Iran	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	-	-
Iraq	0.05	0.02	0.00	0.00	-0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	-	-
Kuwait	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	-	-
Libya	0.05	0.05	-0.01	0.05	0.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	-	-
Nigeria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	-	-
Qatar	0.03	0.06	0.11	0.22	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.11	-	-
Saudi Arabia	1.37	1.28	1.03	1.65	2.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.33	-	-
United Arab Emirates	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	-	-
Venezuela	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	-	-
OPEC Total	1.47	1.36	1.08	2.18	4.10	4.33	4.92	5.25	5.36	5.40	5.05	5.07	1.52	4.65	5.22

- = no data available

OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Venezuela.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *International Petroleum Monthly*; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, latest monthly release.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 3d. World Liquid Fuels Consumption (million barrels per day)
 Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				2008	2009	2010
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4			
North America	24.62	24.39	23.59	23.87	23.40	23.17	23.32	23.57	23.48	23.41	23.52	23.74	24.12	23.37	23.54
Canada	2.37	2.25	2.34	2.31	2.30	2.13	2.23	2.23	2.13	2.07	2.16	2.17	2.32	2.22	2.13
Mexico	2.10	2.16	2.11	2.04	2.01	2.04	2.00	2.02	1.97	2.01	1.96	1.98	2.10	2.02	1.98
United States	19.88	19.68	18.84	19.28	18.84	18.74	18.83	19.05	19.11	19.07	19.13	19.32	19.42	18.86	19.16
Central and South America	5.83	6.11	5.91	5.94	5.77	6.08	6.12	6.11	6.02	6.27	6.32	6.30	5.95	6.02	6.23
Brazil	2.45	2.59	2.60	2.53	2.41	2.53	2.62	2.60	2.50	2.60	2.69	2.68	2.54	2.54	2.62
Europe	14.68	14.31	14.74	14.70	14.28	13.68	14.06	14.25	13.93	13.48	13.85	14.03	14.61	14.07	13.82
FSU and Eastern Europe	5.65	5.69	5.78	5.77	5.36	5.51	5.66	5.71	5.35	5.44	5.60	5.65	5.72	5.56	5.51
Russia	2.88	2.90	2.91	2.94	2.70	2.75	2.76	2.79	2.66	2.68	2.69	2.72	2.91	2.75	2.69
Middle East	6.07	6.75	7.30	6.46	6.25	6.82	7.35	6.82	6.62	7.18	7.58	7.03	6.64	6.82	7.11
Asia and Oceania	26.45	25.61	24.55	24.14	24.80	24.37	24.25	25.01	25.37	24.46	24.30	25.42	25.18	24.61	24.89
China	8.07	8.19	8.10	7.46	7.63	8.17	8.27	8.17	8.15	8.32	8.41	8.41	7.95	8.06	8.32
Japan	5.41	4.59	4.30	4.67	4.69	3.84	3.90	4.32	4.68	3.81	3.87	4.29	4.74	4.19	4.16
India	3.01	3.01	2.83	2.88	3.08	3.09	2.92	3.00	3.20	3.15	2.92	3.21	2.93	3.02	3.12
Africa	3.25	3.20	3.22	3.20	3.25	3.24	3.20	3.27	3.36	3.31	3.26	3.34	3.22	3.24	3.32
Total OECD Liquid Fuels Consumption	48.69	47.09	46.45	47.08	46.25	44.35	44.94	46.05	45.89	44.30	44.87	46.00	47.33	45.39	45.26
Total non-OECD Liquid Fuels Consumption	37.83	38.97	38.65	36.99	36.87	38.52	39.03	38.68	38.26	39.25	39.56	39.50	38.11	38.28	39.14
Total World Liquid Fuels Consumption	86.52	86.07	85.10	84.07	83.12	82.87	83.97	84.73	84.15	83.55	84.42	85.50	85.43	83.68	84.41
World Oil-Consumption-Weighted GDP															
Index, 2006 Q1 = 100	109.33	110.27	110.39	109.16	108.35	108.74	109.19	109.39	110.02	111.44	112.52	113.14	109.79	108.92	111.79
Percent change from prior year	4.5	3.9	2.8	0.7	-0.9	-1.4	-1.1	0.2	1.5	2.5	3.1	3.4	3.0	-0.8	2.6

- = no data available

FSU = Former Soviet Union

OECD = Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *International Petroleum Monthly*; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, latest Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 4a. U.S. Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Supply, Consumption, and Inventories

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Supply (million barrels per day)															
Crude Oil Supply															
Domestic Production (a)	5.12	5.15	4.66	4.90	5.24	5.32	5.22	5.30	5.32	5.37	5.33	5.25	4.96	5.27	5.32
Alaska	0.71	0.68	0.62	0.72	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.66	0.65	0.62	0.60	0.58	0.68	0.65	0.61
Federal Gulf of Mexico (b)	1.33	1.35	0.93	1.04	1.39	1.54	1.56	1.61	1.56	1.54	1.54	1.50	1.16	1.53	1.53
Lower 48 States (excl GOM)	3.07	3.11	3.11	3.15	3.14	3.13	3.06	3.02	3.10	3.21	3.19	3.17	3.11	3.09	3.17
Crude Oil Net Imports (c)	9.72	9.84	9.57	9.78	9.48	9.20	8.84	8.66	8.70	9.09	8.89	8.83	9.73	9.04	8.88
SPR Net Withdrawals	-0.04	-0.06	0.04	0.01	-0.12	-0.11	-0.01	-0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01	-0.07	0.00
Commercial Inventory Net Withdrawals	-0.30	0.20	-0.09	-0.23	-0.46	0.09	0.24	0.08	-0.16	0.05	0.19	0.04	-0.10	-0.01	0.03
Crude Oil Adjustment (d)	0.09	0.04	0.15	0.04	-0.02	-0.03	0.00	-0.04	0.04	0.07	0.01	-0.03	0.08	-0.02	0.02
Total Crude Oil Input to Refineries	14.59	15.16	14.33	14.50	14.11	14.47	14.29	13.98	13.90	14.57	14.41	14.09	14.65	14.21	14.24
Other Supply															
Refinery Processing Gain	0.98	0.97	0.95	0.98	0.93	0.95	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.96	0.97	1.00	0.97	0.95	0.97
Natural Gas Liquids Production	1.82	1.87	1.75	1.69	1.79	1.80	1.75	1.69	1.67	1.74	1.77	1.73	1.78	1.76	1.73
Other HC/Oxygenates Adjustment (e)	0.70	0.77	0.82	0.86	0.82	0.81	0.84	0.86	0.88	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.79	0.83	0.90
Fuel Ethanol Production	0.53	0.58	0.63	0.66	0.64	0.64	0.66	0.68	0.70	0.72	0.72	0.73	0.60	0.66	0.72
Product Net Imports (c)	1.33	1.41	1.15	1.36	1.29	1.01	1.07	1.27	1.21	1.38	1.32	1.35	1.31	1.16	1.32
Pentanes Plus	-0.01	-0.01	-0.02	-0.01	-0.03	-0.03	-0.04	-0.02	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.00	-0.01	-0.03	-0.01
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.16	0.13	0.22	0.21	0.13	0.07	0.11	0.18	0.14	0.17	0.15	0.17	0.18	0.12	0.16
Unfinished Oils	0.75	0.76	0.74	0.80	0.68	0.78	0.81	0.72	0.74	0.76	0.80	0.72	0.76	0.75	0.75
Other HC/Oxygenates	-0.04	-0.02	0.00	-0.04	-0.04	-0.05	-0.06	-0.07	-0.06	-0.07	-0.05	-0.06	-0.03	-0.06	-0.06
Motor Gasoline Blend Comp.	0.59	0.84	0.80	0.85	0.85	0.78	0.77	0.79	0.75	0.89	0.80	0.78	0.77	0.80	0.81
Finished Motor Gasoline	0.21	0.21	0.10	0.01	0.09	0.15	0.19	0.14	0.11	0.17	0.16	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.14
Jet Fuel	0.06	0.07	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	-0.01	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.01
Distillate Fuel Oil	-0.10	-0.36	-0.47	-0.33	-0.26	-0.41	-0.34	-0.17	-0.16	-0.26	-0.22	-0.15	-0.32	-0.30	-0.20
Residual Fuel Oil	-0.03	-0.01	0.00	0.01	0.06	-0.02	-0.08	-0.02	-0.08	-0.06	-0.07	0.00	-0.01	-0.02	-0.05
Other Oils (f)	-0.26	-0.21	-0.23	-0.14	-0.21	-0.26	-0.29	-0.31	-0.23	-0.24	-0.24	-0.27	-0.21	-0.27	-0.24
Product Inventory Net Withdrawals	0.47	-0.50	-0.16	-0.10	-0.08	-0.29	-0.07	0.26	0.49	-0.48	-0.23	0.24	-0.07	-0.04	0.00
Total Supply	19.90	19.68	18.84	19.28	18.85	18.74	18.83	19.05	19.11	19.07	19.13	19.32	19.42	18.87	19.16
Consumption (million barrels per day)															
Natural Gas Liquids and Other Liquids															
Pentanes Plus	0.11	0.07	0.07	0.10	0.03	0.08	0.08	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.11	0.09	0.07	0.09
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	2.25	1.86	1.77	1.89	2.07	1.79	1.80	2.01	2.14	1.76	1.81	2.04	1.94	1.92	1.94
Unfinished Oils	0.00	-0.06	-0.13	0.11	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.00	-0.02	-0.01	0.00
Finished Liquid Fuels															
Motor Gasoline	8.91	9.14	8.88	8.93	8.79	9.11	9.07	8.99	8.84	9.19	9.11	9.03	8.96	8.99	9.04
Jet Fuel	1.54	1.58	1.54	1.41	1.38	1.43	1.42	1.43	1.42	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.52	1.41	1.44
Distillate Fuel Oil	4.20	3.92	3.69	3.94	3.91	3.57	3.61	3.81	3.97	3.68	3.67	3.88	3.94	3.72	3.80
Residual Fuel Oil	0.60	0.68	0.58	0.62	0.61	0.50	0.51	0.56	0.53	0.55	0.53	0.59	0.62	0.54	0.55
Other Oils (f)	2.27	2.49	2.44	2.28	2.05	2.27	2.36	2.15	2.11	2.36	2.46	2.22	2.37	2.21	2.29
Total Consumption	19.88	19.68	18.84	19.28	18.84	18.74	18.83	19.05	19.11	19.07	19.13	19.32	19.42	18.86	19.16
Total Liquid Fuels Net Imports	11.05	11.25	10.73	11.14	10.76	10.21	9.91	9.93	9.91	10.47	10.21	10.18	11.04	10.20	10.19
End-of-period Inventories (million barrels)															
Commercial Inventory															
Crude Oil (excluding SPR)	313.1	294.7	303.3	324.2	365.8	357.4	334.9	327.3	341.8	337.0	319.8	316.0	324.2	327.3	316.0
Pentanes Plus	9.1	12.9	15.8	13.7	15.8	16.0	16.1	13.1	12.5	13.8	14.6	12.1	13.7	13.1	12.1
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	64.7	103.1	137.9	113.2	90.2	122.5	145.4	113.4	76.9	115.4	143.1	111.6	113.2	113.4	111.6
Unfinished Oils	90.2	88.7	91.4	83.4	93.8	91.3	89.9	83.7	95.0	90.9	90.1	83.5	83.4	83.7	83.5
Other HC/Oxygenates	13.3	13.8	17.2	15.8	17.2	16.6	17.6	16.7	17.8	17.5	18.5	17.6	15.8	16.7	17.6
Total Motor Gasoline	221.2	209.8	189.5	213.4	216.7	206.7	201.0	215.5	213.4	213.9	208.2	219.6	213.4	215.5	219.6
Finished Motor Gasoline	110.0	107.0	92.3	98.2	88.2	88.2	91.2	101.5	96.7	100.6	99.1	105.3	98.2	101.5	105.3
Motor Gasoline Blend Comp.	111.2	102.8	97.1	115.2	128.5	118.5	109.8	113.9	116.6	113.3	109.0	114.3	115.2	113.9	114.3
Jet Fuel	38.4	39.7	37.5	38.2	41.6	40.9	40.9	40.1	39.1	40.0	40.5	39.9	38.2	40.1	39.9
Distillate Fuel Oil	107.2	121.1	127.2	145.9	143.6	151.4	151.1	151.4	125.5	135.6	143.7	147.9	145.9	151.4	147.9
Residual Fuel Oil	39.4	41.6	39.0	36.2	39.0	40.5	38.7	40.6	40.0	40.0	38.9	41.2	36.2	40.6	41.2
Other Oils (f)	56.1	54.2	44.2	49.3	58.5	56.7	48.4	50.6	60.7	57.8	49.0	50.8	49.3	50.6	50.8
Total Commercial Inventory	953	980	1,003	1,033	1,082	1,100	1,084	1,052	1,023	1,062	1,066	1,040	1,033	1,052	1,040
Crude Oil in SPR	700	706	702	702	713	723	724	727	727	727	727	727	702	727	727
Heating Oil Reserve	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0

- = no data available

(a) Includes lease condensate.

(b) Crude oil production from U.S. Federal leases in the Gulf of Mexico (GOM).

(c) Net imports equals gross imports minus gross exports.

(d) Crude oil adjustment balances supply and consumption and was previously referred to as "Unaccounted for Crude Oil."

(e) Other HC/oxygenates adjustment balances supply and consumption and includes MTBE and fuel ethanol production reported in the EIA-819M *Monthly Oxygenate Report*. This adjustment was previously referred to as "Field Production."

(f) "Other Oils" includes aviation gasoline blend components, finished aviation gasoline, kerosene, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt and road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve

HC: Hydrocarbons

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109,*Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 4b. U.S. Petroleum Refinery Balance (Million Barrels per Day, Except Utilization Factor)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Refinery and Blender Net Inputs															
Crude Oil	14.59	15.16	14.33	14.50	14.11	14.47	14.29	13.98	13.90	14.57	14.41	14.09	14.65	14.21	14.24
Pentanes Plus	0.15	0.16	0.15	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.15	0.15	0.16
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.36	0.29	0.27	0.41	0.35	0.29	0.30	0.41	0.36	0.28	0.29	0.40	0.33	0.34	0.33
Other Hydrocarbons/Oxygenates	0.54	0.60	0.66	0.74	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.79	0.80	0.79	0.64	0.73	0.79
Unfinished Oils	0.67	0.84	0.84	0.78	0.57	0.81	0.84	0.79	0.60	0.81	0.81	0.79	0.78	0.75	0.75
Motor Gasoline Blend Components	0.28	0.63	0.48	0.43	0.66	0.80	0.75	0.66	0.69	0.82	0.72	0.63	0.45	0.72	0.71
Aviation Gasoline Blend Components	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Refinery and Blender Net Inputs	16.58	17.68	16.73	17.04	16.56	17.25	17.05	16.75	16.46	17.44	17.18	16.88	17.01	16.90	16.99
Refinery Processing Gain	0.98	0.97	0.95	0.98	0.93	0.95	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.96	0.97	1.00	0.97	0.95	0.97
Refinery and Blender Net Production															
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.55	0.85	0.73	0.39	0.50	0.84	0.76	0.45	0.52	0.83	0.76	0.45	0.63	0.64	0.64
Finished Motor Gasoline	8.34	8.45	8.12	8.67	8.52	8.85	8.75	8.82	8.61	8.90	8.75	8.82	8.39	8.73	8.77
Jet Fuel	1.47	1.52	1.50	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.42	1.39	1.39	1.44	1.45	1.42	1.47	1.40	1.43
Distillate Fuel	4.01	4.44	4.22	4.48	4.14	4.06	3.95	3.99	3.84	4.05	3.98	4.07	4.29	4.04	3.99
Residual Fuel	0.63	0.71	0.55	0.59	0.58	0.54	0.57	0.59	0.60	0.61	0.59	0.61	0.62	0.57	0.60
Other Oils (a)	2.57	2.68	2.56	2.48	2.36	2.51	2.56	2.48	2.45	2.57	2.60	2.51	2.57	2.48	2.53
Total Refinery and Blender Net Production	17.57	18.65	17.68	18.01	17.49	18.20	18.01	17.73	17.42	18.40	18.14	17.87	17.98	17.86	17.96
Refinery Distillation Inputs	14.89	15.52	14.72	14.98	14.43	14.80	14.63	14.33	14.25	14.91	14.74	14.44	15.03	14.55	14.59
Refinery Operable Distillation Capacity	17.59	17.60	17.61	17.62	17.67	17.67	17.67	17.67	17.67	17.67	17.67	17.67	17.61	17.67	17.67
Refinery Distillation Utilization Factor	0.85	0.88	0.84	0.85	0.82	0.84	0.83	0.81	0.81	0.84	0.83	0.82	0.85	0.82	0.83

- = no data available

(a) "Other Oils" includes aviation gasoline blend components, finished aviation gasoline, kerosene, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt and road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.**Historical data:** Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109;*Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 4c. U.S. Regional Motor Gasoline Prices and Inventories

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Prices (cents per gallon)															
Refiner Wholesale Price	249	315	315	154	132	180	200	183	187	197	200	191	258	175	194
Gasoline Regular Grade Retail Prices Excluding Taxes															
PADD 1 (East Coast)	263	325	332	180	140	183	212	196	198	206	211	202	275	183	204
PADD 2 (Midwest)	260	325	331	170	142	185	212	194	196	207	212	201	271	184	204
PADD 3 (Gulf Coast)	260	323	330	172	136	179	208	193	195	205	209	201	271	180	203
PADD 4 (Rocky Mountain)	255	321	343	176	128	181	220	200	194	208	219	207	274	183	207
PADD 5 (West Coast)	268	339	343	191	157	194	224	212	211	226	225	217	285	197	220
U.S. Average	262	327	333	177	142	184	214	198	199	210	214	204	275	185	207
Gasoline Regular Grade Retail Prices Including Taxes															
PADD 1	312	374	383	234	187	229	263	246	247	256	261	252	326	232	254
PADD 2	307	373	381	218	187	229	259	241	243	255	260	249	320	230	252
PADD 3	301	364	374	218	178	220	251	236	237	247	252	243	314	222	245
PADD 4	302	367	391	230	173	226	268	248	242	256	268	255	323	229	255
PADD 5	327	398	406	253	210	248	281	270	268	283	282	274	346	253	277
U.S. Average	311	376	385	230	189	231	263	248	248	259	263	254	326	233	256
Gasoline All Grades Including Taxes	316	381	391	236	194	236	268	253	253	264	269	259	331	238	261
End-of-period Inventories (million barrels)															
Total Gasoline Inventories															
PADD 1	59.4	59.2	45.8	62.7	56.5	53.8	52.3	58.4	58.2	58.7	55.5	60.1	62.7	58.4	60.1
PADD 2	52.4	51.3	48.8	48.2	51.9	48.1	48.4	51.0	49.3	49.2	49.6	52.3	48.2	51.0	52.3
PADD 3	71.5	64.7	61.9	68.4	72.5	70.6	67.0	70.2	70.5	70.9	68.4	70.7	68.4	70.2	70.7
PADD 4	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.9	6.3	5.8	5.9	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.2	6.8	6.9	6.7	6.8
PADD 5	31.3	28.0	26.4	27.3	29.4	28.3	27.3	29.3	28.8	28.8	28.4	29.7	27.3	29.3	29.7
U.S. Total	221.2	209.8	189.5	213.4	216.7	206.7	201.0	215.5	213.4	213.9	208.2	219.6	213.4	215.5	219.6
Finished Gasoline Inventories															
PADD 1	27.0	28.8	20.1	25.7	18.6	18.8	20.0	24.0	21.6	23.3	22.5	25.0	25.7	24.0	25.0
PADD 2	34.5	33.6	30.3	29.5	28.4	27.6	29.8	33.1	30.7	30.7	31.5	34.2	29.5	33.1	34.2
PADD 3	36.1	33.8	31.6	33.9	31.5	31.7	31.1	34.5	33.4	34.8	33.7	35.4	33.9	34.5	35.4
PADD 4	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.7	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.7
PADD 5	7.7	6.3	6.0	4.6	5.8	6.3	6.2	5.4	6.4	7.2	6.9	6.0	4.6	5.4	6.0
U.S. Total	110.0	107.0	92.3	98.2	88.2	88.2	91.2	101.5	96.7	100.6	99.1	105.3	98.2	101.5	105.3
Gasoline Blending Components Inventories															
PADD 1	32.4	30.5	25.7	37.0	38.0	35.0	32.3	34.4	36.5	35.4	32.9	35.0	37.0	34.4	35.0
PADD 2	17.9	17.6	18.5	18.7	23.4	20.5	18.6	17.9	18.6	18.5	18.1	18.1	18.7	17.9	18.1
PADD 3	35.3	30.9	30.3	34.6	41.1	39.0	36.0	35.7	37.1	36.1	34.7	35.3	34.6	35.7	35.3
PADD 4	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.4	1.9	1.7	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1
PADD 5	23.6	21.7	20.4	22.7	23.6	22.0	21.2	23.8	22.4	21.6	21.6	23.7	22.7	23.8	23.7
U.S. Total	111.2	102.8	97.1	115.2	128.5	118.5	109.8	113.9	116.6	113.3	109.0	114.3	115.2	113.9	114.3

- = no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD).

See "Petroleum for Administration Defense District" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.**Historical data:** Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380;*Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 4d. U.S. Regional Heating Oil Prices and Distillate Inventories

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Prices (cents per gallon)															
Refiner Wholesale Prices															
Heating Oil	269	347	337	189	145	155	177	186	187	191	191	196	275	162	191
Diesel Fuel	283	365	347	200	137	160	180	186	189	197	196	199	303	166	195
Heating Oil Residential Prices Excluding Taxes															
Northeast	324	381	390	274	237	222	231	252	255	246	246	261	322	239	255
South	327	386	393	272	228	211	226	249	251	240	242	260	322	233	251
Midwest	319	389	382	246	190	191	222	235	238	242	241	249	310	210	242
West	330	399	399	263	217	209	239	250	253	252	252	259	331	231	255
U.S. Average	324	382	390	272	234	219	230	251	254	246	245	260	322	237	254
Heating Oil Residential Prices Including State Taxes															
Northeast	340	400	409	288	249	233	242	265	268	259	258	273	338	251	267
South	341	403	410	283	238	220	235	260	261	250	252	271	335	243	262
Midwest	338	412	404	261	201	202	235	249	252	256	255	263	328	223	256
West	339	410	410	269	223	214	245	256	260	258	259	266	340	237	262
U.S. Average	340	401	409	286	246	230	241	263	266	258	257	273	338	249	266
Total Distillate End-of-period Inventories (million barrels)															
PADD 1 (East Coast)	33.2	41.9	50.5	56.8	54.2	63.8	71.0	69.1	48.0	54.0	65.4	65.7	56.8	69.1	65.7
PADD 2 (Midwest)	28.5	30.3	27.9	32.6	34.6	32.0	30.0	29.5	28.6	30.8	29.5	29.7	32.6	29.5	29.7
PADD 3 (Gulf Coast)	29.9	32.4	33.1	39.6	38.8	40.4	35.4	36.5	33.7	35.2	33.7	36.0	39.6	36.5	36.0
PADD 4 (Rocky Mountain)	3.1	3.4	2.9	2.9	3.4	2.8	2.5	3.1	3.1	2.7	3.2	2.9	3.1	3.2	
PADD 5 (West Coast)	12.5	13.2	12.8	13.9	12.6	12.5	12.2	13.2	12.1	12.5	12.4	13.3	13.9	13.2	13.3
U.S. Total	107.2	121.1	127.2	145.9	143.6	151.4	151.1	151.4	125.5	135.6	143.7	147.9	145.9	151.4	147.9

- = no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD) for inventories and to U.S. Census regions for prices.

See "Petroleum for Administration Defense District" and "Census region" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.**Historical data:** Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380;*Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 4e. U.S. Regional Propane Prices and Inventories

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Prices (cents per gallon)															
Propane Wholesale Price (a)	145	166	172	83	68	75	85	88	89	88	88	93	139	79	90
Propane Residential Prices excluding Taxes															
Northeast	270	289	313	267	255	237	222	221	224	220	217	222	277	238	222
South	257	267	273	246	237	213	192	202	208	196	187	203	257	216	202
Midwest	204	217	227	207	204	184	165	170	172	159	150	163	209	185	165
West	258	255	257	224	218	197	177	196	203	184	176	200	248	201	195
U.S. Average	237	251	257	229	223	204	182	190	196	186	174	189	239	205	189
Propane Residential Prices including State Taxes															
Northeast	282	302	327	279	267	247	231	234	230	227	232	289	249	232	
South	270	280	287	258	248	223	202	212	219	205	196	213	269	227	212
Midwest	216	229	240	218	215	195	174	179	182	168	159	172	221	195	174
West	273	270	271	237	230	208	187	207	215	195	186	211	262	213	206
U.S. Average	250	265	270	241	235	215	192	200	206	196	183	198	251	215	199
Propane End-of-period Inventories (million barrels)															
PADD 1 (East Coast)	2.5	3.8	4.4	3.4	3.1	4.5	5.0	4.5	2.6	4.1	4.9	4.5	3.4	4.5	4.5
PADD 2 (Midwest)	9.0	17.8	24.5	18.4	13.4	22.1	26.7	21.7	10.5	18.7	24.9	20.6	18.4	21.7	20.6
PADD 3 (Gulf Coast)	13.3	19.7	27.8	31.3	22.5	28.4	33.9	29.3	16.1	25.6	33.6	28.3	31.3	29.3	28.3
PADD 4 (Rocky Mountain)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4
PADD 5 (West Coast)	0.4	0.9	2.0	1.8	0.5	1.1	2.3	1.6	0.4	1.2	2.4	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.7
U.S. Total	25.6	42.6	59.2	55.4	40.0	56.5	68.4	57.6	30.0	50.1	66.2	55.5	55.4	57.6	55.5

- = no data available

(a) Propane price to petrochemical sector.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD) for inventories and to U.S. Census regions for prices.

See "Petroleum for Administration Defense District" and "Census region" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380;*Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 5a. U.S. Natural Gas Supply, Consumption, and Inventories

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Supply (billion cubic feet per day)															
Total Marketed Production	58.34	58.88	57.87	59.26	60.21	59.08	57.03	55.47	55.43	56.08	56.79	57.37	58.59	57.93	56.42
Alaska	1.23	1.03	0.97	1.19	1.22	1.02	0.99	1.16	1.23	1.03	1.01	1.19	1.10	1.09	1.11
Federal GOM (a)	7.81	6.97	5.58	5.28	6.44	6.87	6.58	6.64	6.69	6.61	6.33	6.38	6.41	6.63	6.50
Lower 48 States (excl GOM)	49.30	50.87	51.32	52.79	52.55	51.19	49.46	47.67	47.50	48.44	49.45	49.80	51.07	50.20	48.81
Total Dry Gas Production	55.88	56.36	55.52	56.95	57.77	56.67	54.70	53.20	53.17	53.79	54.48	55.03	56.18	55.57	54.12
Gross Imports	12.12	9.92	10.46	11.01	11.28	10.43	10.37	10.09	10.87	10.41	10.99	10.77	10.88	10.54	10.76
Pipeline	11.29	8.86	9.39	10.13	10.32	8.50	8.85	9.11	9.50	8.17	8.95	9.29	9.92	9.19	8.98
LNG	0.83	1.06	1.07	0.88	1.00	1.93	1.52	0.98	1.37	2.24	2.04	1.48	0.96	1.36	1.78
Gross Exports	3.52	2.39	2.10	2.98	3.44	1.93	1.88	2.64	2.98	2.02	1.94	2.74	2.75	2.47	2.42
Net Imports	8.60	7.53	8.36	8.03	7.84	8.49	8.49	7.46	7.90	8.39	9.05	8.03	8.13	8.07	8.34
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	0.12	0.14	0.16	0.17	0.20	0.13	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.14	0.15	0.17	0.15	0.16	0.16
Net Inventory Withdrawals	18.08	-10.25	-10.79	3.53	12.96	-11.73	-8.13	4.63	16.18	-9.68	-8.76	4.05	0.12	-0.61	0.39
Total Supply	82.67	53.79	53.25	68.68	78.77	53.57	55.21	65.45	77.41	52.64	54.92	67.28	64.58	63.19	63.01
Balancing Item (b)	-0.49	1.39	-0.27	-4.79	0.56	-0.20	-1.15	-3.32	0.88	0.90	-0.28	-4.24	-1.05	-1.04	-0.70
Total Primary Supply	82.19	55.17	52.98	63.89	79.33	53.36	54.06	62.13	78.29	53.54	54.64	63.04	63.53	62.15	62.31
Consumption (billion cubic feet per day)															
Residential	25.89	8.52	3.77	15.23	25.42	8.25	3.85	14.97	25.28	8.40	3.87	14.91	13.33	13.07	13.06
Commercial	14.31	6.26	4.15	9.48	14.29	6.13	4.31	9.16	14.29	6.34	4.30	9.15	8.54	8.44	8.50
Industrial	20.56	17.65	16.71	17.71	18.10	16.00	15.73	17.00	18.49	16.29	15.76	17.11	18.15	16.70	16.90
Electric Power (c)	15.63	17.65	23.36	16.12	15.70	17.89	25.22	15.91	14.64	17.63	25.79	16.64	18.20	18.70	18.70
Lease and Plant Fuel	3.49	3.53	3.46	3.55	3.61	3.54	3.41	3.32	3.32	3.36	3.40	3.44	3.51	3.47	3.38
Pipeline and Distribution Use	2.22	1.48	1.43	1.73	2.13	1.46	1.46	1.69	2.17	1.44	1.43	1.70	1.71	1.68	1.68
Vehicle Use	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.08	0.09	0.09
Total Consumption	82.19	55.17	52.98	63.89	79.33	53.36	54.06	62.13	78.29	53.54	54.64	63.04	63.53	62.15	62.31
End-of-period Inventories (billion cubic feet)															
Working Gas Inventory	1,247	2,171	3,163	2,840	1,656	2,723	3,471	3,045	1,589	2,469	3,275	2,902	2,840	3,045	2,902
Producing Region (d)	497	705	845	901	734	1,015	1,073	1,001	679	876	974	914	901	1,001	914
East Consuming Region (d)	574	1,157	1,887	1,552	641	1,286	1,919	1,637	663	1,227	1,850	1,591	1,552	1,637	1,591
West Consuming Region (d)	176	310	431	388	281	422	479	408	247	366	451	397	388	408	397

- = no data available

(a) Marketed production from U.S. Federal leases in the Gulf of Mexico.

(b) The balancing item represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas demand.

(c) Natural gas used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

(d) For a list of States in each inventory region refer to *Methodology for EIA Weekly Underground Natural Gas Storage Estimates* (<http://tonto.eia.doe.gov/oog/info/ngs/methodology.html>).

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

LNG: liquefied natural gas.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; and *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 5b. U.S. Regional Natural Gas Consumption (Billion Cubic Feet/ Day)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Residential Sector															
New England	0.98	0.39	0.16	0.50	0.98	0.40	0.15	0.51	1.03	0.41	0.15	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.52
Middle Atlantic	4.46	1.57	0.63	2.66	4.78	1.56	0.64	2.59	4.58	1.63	0.65	2.60	2.33	2.38	2.35
E. N. Central	7.65	2.32	0.85	4.57	7.50	2.11	0.87	4.41	7.12	2.14	0.86	4.32	3.84	3.71	3.59
W. N. Central	2.65	0.79	0.27	1.40	2.51	0.68	0.27	1.34	2.44	0.68	0.27	1.35	1.28	1.19	1.18
S. Atlantic	2.25	0.58	0.32	1.61	2.45	0.62	0.33	1.49	2.41	0.63	0.34	1.51	1.19	1.22	1.22
E. S. Central	1.06	0.26	0.11	0.60	1.03	0.26	0.12	0.54	1.05	0.26	0.12	0.53	0.51	0.48	0.49
W. S. Central	1.88	0.51	0.28	0.95	1.70	0.54	0.30	0.87	1.84	0.54	0.31	0.89	0.91	0.85	0.89
Mountain	1.98	0.70	0.31	1.13	1.67	0.67	0.32	1.27	1.95	0.69	0.33	1.26	1.03	0.98	1.05
Pacific	2.97	1.41	0.83	1.80	2.80	1.41	0.84	1.94	2.87	1.42	0.85	1.95	1.75	1.74	1.77
Total	25.89	8.52	3.77	15.23	25.42	8.25	3.85	14.97	25.28	8.40	3.87	14.91	13.33	13.07	13.06
Commercial Sector															
New England	0.60	0.26	0.15	0.33	0.61	0.26	0.15	0.34	0.61	0.26	0.14	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.33
Middle Atlantic	2.70	1.19	0.86	1.86	2.81	1.27	0.92	1.72	2.80	1.30	0.90	1.71	1.65	1.67	1.67
E. N. Central	3.71	1.30	0.69	2.34	3.75	1.19	0.73	2.20	3.65	1.29	0.73	2.20	2.01	1.96	1.96
W. N. Central	1.56	0.55	0.29	0.95	1.53	0.52	0.31	0.91	1.49	0.53	0.31	0.91	0.84	0.82	0.81
S. Atlantic	1.51	0.71	0.56	1.20	1.61	0.73	0.57	1.14	1.62	0.75	0.56	1.13	0.99	1.01	1.01
E. S. Central	0.65	0.25	0.17	0.42	0.63	0.23	0.18	0.38	0.64	0.24	0.18	0.38	0.37	0.35	0.36
W. S. Central	1.13	0.60	0.47	0.74	1.08	0.57	0.48	0.74	1.13	0.58	0.49	0.75	0.73	0.72	0.74
Mountain	1.08	0.50	0.28	0.67	0.95	0.48	0.30	0.70	1.04	0.49	0.30	0.70	0.63	0.61	0.63
Pacific	1.35	0.89	0.68	0.98	1.32	0.88	0.69	1.03	1.33	0.90	0.70	1.02	0.98	0.98	0.98
Total	14.31	6.26	4.15	9.48	14.29	6.13	4.31	9.16	14.29	6.34	4.30	9.15	8.54	8.44	8.50
Industrial Sector															
New England	0.36	0.21	0.15	0.24	0.34	0.20	0.16	0.22	0.30	0.21	0.16	0.22	0.24	0.23	0.22
Middle Atlantic	1.13	0.83	0.74	0.88	0.99	0.78	0.72	0.86	1.01	0.79	0.72	0.86	0.89	0.84	0.85
E. N. Central	3.82	2.85	2.53	2.93	3.32	2.50	2.36	2.98	3.52	2.60	2.35	2.97	3.03	2.79	2.86
W. N. Central	1.66	1.32	1.26	1.44	1.53	1.11	1.11	1.23	1.31	1.07	1.12	1.26	1.42	1.24	1.19
S. Atlantic	1.59	1.42	1.34	1.31	1.36	1.29	1.24	1.35	1.46	1.30	1.23	1.34	1.42	1.31	1.33
E. S. Central	1.40	1.21	1.11	1.14	1.16	1.05	0.99	1.12	1.22	1.05	0.97	1.11	1.21	1.08	1.09
W. S. Central	7.06	6.67	6.41	6.36	6.06	6.10	6.13	6.08	6.43	6.25	6.15	6.14	6.62	6.09	6.24
Mountain	0.96	0.76	0.69	0.85	0.88	0.70	0.65	0.77	0.83	0.69	0.66	0.78	0.82	0.75	0.74
Pacific	2.58	2.37	2.48	2.56	2.45	2.27	2.37	2.41	2.43	2.33	2.40	2.43	2.50	2.38	2.40
Total	20.56	17.65	16.71	17.71	18.10	16.00	15.73	17.00	18.49	16.29	15.76	17.11	18.15	16.70	16.90

- = no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.**Historical data:** Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 5c. U.S. Regional Natural Gas Prices (dollars per thousand cubic feet)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Wholesale/Spot															
U.S. Average Wellhead	7.62	9.86	8.81	6.06	4.35	3.43	3.34	3.69	4.70	4.75	4.68	5.12	8.08	3.71	4.82
Henry Hub Spot Price	8.92	11.73	9.29	6.60	4.71	3.81	3.75	4.27	5.53	5.35	5.23	5.85	9.13	4.13	5.49
Residential															
New England	16.19	17.98	21.63	17.46	17.28	15.43	16.80	14.34	14.27	14.32	17.42	15.48	17.27	16.13	14.80
Middle Atlantic	14.69	17.29	22.09	16.77	15.15	14.07	16.42	12.70	12.12	13.21	17.02	13.83	16.23	14.39	13.13
E. N. Central	11.39	14.94	19.51	12.43	10.96	10.98	13.41	9.48	9.33	10.66	14.38	10.77	12.68	10.66	10.27
W. N. Central	11.20	14.36	20.21	11.07	10.22	11.11	14.63	10.21	10.08	11.20	15.19	10.89	12.14	10.59	10.77
S. Atlantic	15.29	20.88	27.01	16.87	14.46	16.66	21.02	14.61	13.29	16.55	21.57	15.51	17.30	15.24	14.99
E. S. Central	13.41	17.51	23.07	15.09	13.43	13.93	17.05	13.37	12.06	13.67	17.74	14.50	14.98	13.70	13.28
W. S. Central	11.93	17.93	21.40	12.74	11.36	13.44	15.70	11.90	10.82	13.20	16.19	12.84	13.72	12.22	12.16
Mountain	10.45	12.37	15.59	10.80	10.58	10.20	12.33	8.80	9.24	9.45	12.40	9.40	11.26	10.08	9.57
Pacific	12.12	14.37	15.54	11.24	10.74	9.08	9.31	8.84	9.56	9.95	10.61	10.14	12.75	9.70	9.93
U.S. Average	12.44	15.58	19.25	13.32	12.20	11.85	13.56	10.68	10.59	11.63	14.35	11.77	13.67	11.81	11.38
Commercial															
New England	14.22	15.31	17.33	14.81	14.23	11.83	10.75	11.54	12.25	11.82	11.74	12.77	14.88	12.74	12.25
Middle Atlantic	12.97	14.40	14.71	13.07	12.23	9.97	8.48	9.69	10.27	9.95	9.68	11.07	13.42	10.49	10.30
E. N. Central	10.45	13.06	14.97	11.11	9.75	8.29	8.06	7.89	8.60	8.85	9.24	9.17	11.34	8.80	8.84
W. N. Central	10.59	12.25	13.72	9.60	9.45	7.98	7.69	7.56	8.47	8.58	8.81	8.84	10.82	8.53	8.62
S. Atlantic	13.00	14.61	15.80	13.29	12.17	10.53	9.98	10.56	10.78	10.56	10.90	11.52	13.70	10.96	10.93
E. S. Central	12.41	14.65	16.50	13.68	12.33	10.58	10.18	10.57	10.79	10.65	10.68	11.35	13.57	11.30	10.90
W. S. Central	10.61	13.11	13.50	10.58	9.64	7.67	7.71	8.02	8.11	8.19	8.79	9.29	11.53	8.52	8.53
Mountain	9.48	10.53	11.59	9.76	9.32	8.05	7.94	7.44	7.65	7.70	8.36	8.43	9.98	8.36	7.97
Pacific	11.23	12.45	13.15	10.58	10.27	7.94	7.24	7.83	8.78	8.14	8.26	9.04	11.63	8.61	8.62
U.S. Average	11.35	13.12	14.17	11.46	10.67	9.01	8.41	8.69	9.26	9.19	9.38	9.83	11.99	9.50	9.40
Industrial															
New England	13.06	14.65	15.55	12.93	13.68	9.86	8.19	9.71	10.96	10.01	9.35	11.16	13.70	10.95	10.52
Middle Atlantic	12.43	13.33	14.19	13.19	11.39	7.65	6.75	8.24	9.28	8.29	7.90	9.58	13.04	8.87	8.90
E. N. Central	9.85	11.74	12.41	9.91	9.44	7.08	6.41	6.66	7.70	7.55	7.45	8.00	10.57	7.79	7.72
W. N. Central	9.12	10.35	10.37	7.67	7.76	5.24	4.71	5.27	6.88	6.12	5.72	6.65	9.27	5.87	6.39
S. Atlantic	10.65	12.63	13.09	10.57	8.67	6.11	6.11	7.00	7.85	7.39	7.39	8.49	11.64	6.89	7.80
E. S. Central	9.46	11.60	11.94	9.44	7.99	5.88	5.58	6.47	7.40	6.78	6.74	7.67	10.53	6.51	7.18
W. S. Central	8.12	10.91	10.35	6.70	4.73	4.15	4.04	4.38	5.48	5.46	5.27	5.86	9.09	4.30	5.51
Mountain	9.33	10.03	10.08	8.40	8.31	6.89	6.20	6.40	7.12	6.74	6.59	7.25	9.38	7.01	6.95
Pacific	9.74	10.81	10.95	8.95	8.47	5.95	4.91	5.87	6.64	5.75	5.67	7.02	10.07	6.26	6.26
U.S. Average	8.91	11.10	10.76	7.71	6.55	4.84	4.51	5.14	6.34	5.90	5.65	6.54	9.61	5.24	6.12

- = no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130.Natural gas Henry Hub spot price from NGI's *Daily Gas Price Index* (<http://Intelligencepress.com>).

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 6. U.S. Coal Supply, Consumption, and Inventories

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Supply (million short tons)															
Production	289.1	283.9	299.0	299.4	282.6	263.6	269.2	274.8	268.5	263.2	274.0	290.7	1171.5	1090.1	1096.3
Appalachia	97.8	99.1	95.4	98.6	93.4	91.3	88.2	87.3	90.8	91.1	88.7	92.4	390.8	360.2	363.0
Interior	35.5	35.0	37.9	38.7	35.8	33.3	33.1	33.9	33.0	32.5	34.8	35.8	147.1	136.0	136.1
Western	155.8	149.8	165.8	162.2	153.4	138.9	147.9	153.6	144.7	139.6	150.4	162.5	633.6	593.9	597.2
Primary Inventory Withdrawals	1.5	1.1	1.2	2.9	-1.6	-3.0	7.6	-0.3	-4.2	-3.0	7.6	-0.3	6.7	2.6	0.0
Imports	7.6	9.0	8.5	9.1	6.3	6.5	6.3	8.0	8.1	9.4	9.4	9.2	34.2	27.2	36.1
Exports	15.8	23.1	20.3	22.3	13.3	16.6	18.7	16.4	15.0	21.4	23.2	21.0	81.5	65.0	80.5
Metallurgical Coal	9.1	12.6	10.6	10.4	8.5	6.8	7.5	9.2	6.3	9.0	9.9	11.9	42.5	31.9	37.1
Steam Coal	6.7	10.5	9.8	12.0	4.9	9.8	11.2	7.2	8.7	12.5	13.3	9.1	39.0	33.0	43.5
Total Primary Supply	282.5	270.9	288.3	289.1	274.0	250.4	264.4	266.1	257.4	248.1	267.8	278.6	1130.8	1055.0	1051.9
Secondary Inventory Withdrawals	5.1	-7.4	7.6	-18.4	-12.0	-3.6	18.1	-6.1	3.5	-0.7	17.5	-17.2	-13.1	-3.7	3.0
Waste Coal (a)	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	13.7	15.0	15.0
Total Supply	290.8	266.7	299.5	274.5	265.7	250.5	286.3	263.8	264.6	251.1	289.0	265.1	1131.5	1066.3	1069.9
Consumption (million short tons)															
Coke Plants	5.5	5.6	5.8	5.2	3.4	3.3	3.0	3.0	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.4	22.1	12.7	13.6
Electric Power Sector (b)	263.3	247.9	279.2	251.2	236.5	234.0	273.6	249.7	249.7	236.4	274.7	249.7	1041.6	993.7	1010.5
Retail and Other Industry	15.2	14.6	14.3	14.0	10.3	9.8	9.7	11.0	11.5	11.1	11.1	12.1	58.0	40.9	45.8
Residential and Commercial	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.6	1.0	3.5	3.1	3.1
Other Industrial	14.1	13.9	13.6	13.0	9.4	9.2	9.1	10.1	10.5	10.5	10.5	11.1	54.5	37.8	42.6
Total Consumption	284.0	268.1	299.3	270.4	250.1	247.1	286.3	263.8	264.6	251.1	289.0	265.1	1121.7	1047.3	1069.9
Discrepancy (c)	6.8	-1.4	0.2	4.1	15.6	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.8	19.0	0.0
End-of-period Inventories (million short tons)															
Primary Inventories (d)	32.5	31.4	30.2	27.3	28.9	31.9	24.3	24.7	28.9	31.9	24.3	24.7	27.3	24.7	24.7
Secondary Inventories (e)	153.7	161.1	153.5	171.9	183.9	187.5	169.4	175.5	172.0	172.8	155.3	172.5	171.9	175.5	172.5
Electric Power Sector	147.0	153.9	145.8	163.1	175.2	178.5	159.9	165.9	162.6	163.1	145.3	162.4	163.1	165.9	162.4
Retail and General Industry	4.8	5.0	5.2	6.0	6.0	6.3	6.7	7.0	6.9	7.1	7.4	7.6	6.0	7.0	7.6
Coke Plants	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.0
Coal Market Indicators															
Coal Miner Productivity															
(Tons per hour)	6.27	6.27	6.27	6.17	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.90	5.90	5.90	5.90	6.24	6.00	5.90
Total Raw Steel Production															
(Million short tons per day)	0.302	0.303	0.298	0.200	0.146	0.154	0.158	0.164	0.137	0.134	0.151	0.135	0.276	0.156	0.139
Cost of Coal to Electric Utilities															
(Dollars per million Btu)	1.91	2.04	2.16	2.18	2.27	2.22	2.12	2.05	2.02	1.99	1.97	1.95	2.07	2.16	1.98

- = no data available

(a) Waste coal includes waste coal and coal slurry reprocessed into briquettes.

(b) Coal used for electricity generation and (a limited amount) of useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

(c) The discrepancy reflects an unaccounted-for shipper and receiver reporting difference, assumed to be zero in the forecast period.

(d) Primary stocks are held at the mines, generation plants, and distribution points.

(e) Secondary stocks are held by users. It includes an estimate of stocks held at utility plants sold to nonutility generators.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.**Historical data:** Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Quarterly Coal Report*, DOE/EIA-0121; and *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 7a. U.S. Electricity Industry Overview

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Electricity Supply (billion kilowatthours per day)															
Electricity Generation	11.10	11.00	12.25	10.56	10.63	10.71	12.31	10.50	10.87	10.85	12.48	10.63	11.23	11.04	11.21
Electric Power Sector (a)	10.70	10.61	11.85	10.19	10.26	10.35	11.93	10.14	10.49	10.48	12.09	10.26	10.84	10.67	10.83
Industrial Sector	0.38	0.37	0.38	0.34	0.35	0.34	0.36	0.34	0.36	0.34	0.37	0.35	0.37	0.35	0.35
Commercial Sector	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Net Imports	0.09	0.09	0.13	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.09	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.04	0.09	0.07	0.06
Total Supply	11.20	11.09	12.38	10.61	10.70	10.78	12.40	10.54	10.93	10.90	12.56	10.67	11.32	11.11	11.27
Losses and Unaccounted for (b) ...	0.63	0.88	0.74	0.71	0.46	0.90	0.81	0.72	0.61	0.89	0.81	0.72	0.74	0.72	0.76
Electricity Consumption (billion kilowatthours per day)															
Retail Sales	10.14	9.80	11.22	9.51	9.85	9.51	11.18	9.44	9.91	9.63	11.34	9.57	10.17	9.99	10.12
Residential Sector	3.94	3.35	4.34	3.44	3.97	3.35	4.49	3.45	3.98	3.44	4.60	3.54	3.77	3.82	3.89
Commercial Sector	3.52	3.65	4.09	3.52	3.50	3.61	4.09	3.54	3.52	3.68	4.17	3.61	3.70	3.69	3.75
Industrial Sector	2.66	2.77	2.77	2.53	2.35	2.53	2.58	2.43	2.39	2.50	2.55	2.40	2.68	2.47	2.46
Transportation Sector	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Direct Use (c)	0.43	0.41	0.43	0.38	0.39	0.38	0.41	0.38	0.40	0.38	0.41	0.39	0.41	0.39	0.39
Total Consumption	10.57	10.21	11.64	9.90	10.24	9.89	11.59	9.82	10.31	10.01	11.75	9.95	10.58	10.39	10.51
Prices															
Power Generation Fuel Costs (dollars per million Btu)															
Coal	1.91	2.04	2.16	2.18	2.27	2.22	2.12	2.05	2.02	1.99	1.97	1.95	2.07	2.16	1.98
Natural Gas	8.57	11.08	9.75	6.67	5.41	4.06	3.90	4.34	5.58	5.45	5.35	5.83	9.13	4.35	5.53
Residual Fuel Oil	12.90	15.44	17.75	10.28	7.34	8.80	10.08	10.14	10.19	10.22	10.17	10.46	14.40	8.60	10.26
Distillate Fuel Oil	18.86	23.38	23.99	14.88	11.52	11.17	12.87	13.33	13.40	13.65	13.81	14.08	20.27	12.23	13.74
End-Use Prices (cents per kilowatthour)															
Residential Sector	10.4	11.5	12.1	11.4	11.2	12.1	12.5	11.8	11.3	12.4	12.9	12.2	11.4	11.9	12.2
Commercial Sector	9.5	10.3	11.0	10.2	10.1	10.6	11.3	10.6	10.3	10.9	11.6	11.0	10.3	10.7	11.0
Industrial Sector	6.4	6.9	7.6	7.1	6.9	7.2	7.8	7.3	7.0	7.4	8.0	7.6	7.0	7.3	7.5

- = no data available

(a) Electric utilities and independent power producers.

(b) Includes transmission and distribution losses, data collection time-frame differences, and estimation error.

(c) Direct Use represents commercial and industrial facility use of onsite net electricity generation; and electrical sales or transfers to adjacent or colocated facilities for which revenue information is not available. See Table 7.6 of the EIA *Monthly Energy Review*.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 7b. U.S. Regional Electricity Retail Sales (Million Kilowatthours per Day)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Residential Sector															
New England	140	112	138	123	144	113	141	127	144	118	144	129	128	131	134
Middle Atlantic	385	318	407	336	399	318	417	336	394	325	427	344	362	367	373
E. N. Central	575	439	562	497	570	447	591	488	566	455	599	494	519	524	529
W. N. Central	316	237	308	263	315	242	325	257	305	248	335	265	281	285	288
S. Atlantic	954	861	1,110	857	998	836	1,136	851	984	865	1,168	875	946	955	973
E. S. Central	355	281	383	293	355	278	397	288	352	288	406	294	328	330	335
W. S. Central	502	500	680	445	496	497	715	466	508	514	740	483	532	544	562
Mountain	250	228	324	225	239	237	335	235	252	242	340	239	257	262	268
Pacific contiguous	446	362	416	385	442	367	418	389	455	366	428	399	402	404	412
AK and HI	16	13	13	14	15	14	14	15	16	14	14	15	14	14	15
Total	3,938	3,352	4,342	3,439	3,972	3,349	4,488	3,451	3,976	3,436	4,600	3,536	3,769	3,816	3,888
Commercial Sector															
New England	154	150	168	146	134	153	171	152	156	153	171	152	155	152	158
Middle Atlantic	447	434	493	431	449	433	492	429	451	440	501	437	451	451	457
E. N. Central	552	547	608	540	553	532	589	522	543	550	610	541	562	549	561
W. N. Central	262	260	290	261	263	259	294	258	257	263	298	261	268	269	270
S. Atlantic	782	840	931	785	786	811	921	785	768	825	938	799	835	826	833
E. S. Central	217	228	263	216	215	228	265	219	216	231	270	222	231	232	235
W. S. Central	407	460	519	417	417	469	545	447	423	479	557	456	451	470	479
Mountain	240	257	290	250	237	262	294	253	247	269	302	260	259	262	270
Pacific contiguous	443	456	508	458	432	446	500	456	442	453	508	463	466	459	467
AK and HI	17	17	17	17	17	17	18	18	18	17	18	18	17	17	18
Total	3,521	3,649	4,087	3,522	3,503	3,609	4,090	3,538	3,521	3,681	4,172	3,609	3,695	3,686	3,747
Industrial Sector															
New England	60	63	64	59	79	57	59	56	58	60	62	58	62	63	60
Middle Atlantic	196	202	202	188	178	199	205	193	185	189	195	184	197	194	188
E. N. Central	532	534	526	486	445	452	453	432	427	438	439	419	519	445	431
W. N. Central	231	235	245	230	203	227	238	226	217	227	238	226	235	224	227
S. Atlantic	409	434	426	383	347	389	394	368	362	382	386	360	413	375	372
E. S. Central	369	362	348	345	312	341	334	340	340	342	336	342	356	332	340
W. S. Central	415	455	441	386	366	416	423	390	386	408	414	382	424	399	398
Mountain	210	232	242	213	196	225	238	211	212	234	247	219	224	218	228
Pacific contiguous	225	242	258	230	212	207	221	198	194	204	219	195	239	209	203
AK and HI	14	14	14	14	13	14	14	13	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Total	2,661	2,773	2,767	2,533	2,352	2,527	2,580	2,428	2,394	2,497	2,550	2,400	2,683	2,472	2,461
Total All Sectors (a)															
New England	356	327	371	330	359	325	373	336	361	332	378	340	346	348	353
Middle Atlantic	1,039	965	1,113	966	1,037	960	1,126	969	1,040	965	1,134	975	1,021	1,023	1,029
E. N. Central	1,662	1,521	1,697	1,525	1,570	1,432	1,635	1,443	1,537	1,445	1,650	1,455	1,601	1,520	1,522
W. N. Central	808	733	844	754	782	729	857	741	780	738	871	752	785	777	785
S. Atlantic	2,148	2,139	2,471	2,029	2,135	2,039	2,454	2,007	2,117	2,076	2,495	2,038	2,197	2,159	2,182
E. S. Central	941	871	994	854	883	846	997	847	908	862	1,011	858	915	893	910
W. S. Central	1,324	1,416	1,640	1,248	1,279	1,383	1,683	1,303	1,318	1,402	1,712	1,321	1,407	1,413	1,439
Mountain	701	717	857	687	672	725	867	700	711	745	889	718	741	742	766
Pacific contiguous	1,117	1,062	1,184	1,076	1,087	1,023	1,142	1,046	1,094	1,025	1,156	1,060	1,110	1,074	1,084
AK and HI	47	45	45	46	45	44	46	46	47	45	46	47	46	45	46
Total	10,142	9,795	11,217	9,515	9,849	9,505	11,179	9,438	9,913	9,634	11,343	9,565	10,168	9,995	10,116

- = no data available

(a) Total retail sales to all sectors includes residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sector sales.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Retail Sales represents total retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.**Historical data:** Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 7c. U.S. Regional Electricity Prices (Cents per Kilowatthour)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Residential Sector															
New England	16.7	17.4	18.0	18.2	17.8	18.1	18.3	18.2	17.8	18.2	18.6	18.6	17.6	18.1	18.3
Middle Atlantic	13.8	15.5	16.7	14.5	14.2	15.5	16.6	15.3	14.7	16.1	17.2	15.8	15.2	15.4	16.0
E. N. Central	9.5	10.8	11.0	10.7	10.4	11.5	11.5	10.8	10.4	11.7	11.8	11.2	10.5	11.0	11.3
W. N. Central	7.7	9.1	9.6	8.6	8.3	9.6	10.0	8.7	8.3	9.7	10.2	9.0	8.7	9.1	9.3
S. Atlantic	9.9	10.7	11.3	10.9	11.0	11.8	12.0	11.4	10.9	11.9	12.5	12.0	10.7	11.6	11.9
E. S. Central	8.2	9.3	9.7	9.9	9.5	10.2	10.2	9.8	9.4	10.4	10.5	10.3	9.3	9.9	10.2
W. S. Central	10.4	11.9	12.7	11.9	11.5	12.7	13.2	12.2	11.6	13.0	13.6	13.0	11.8	12.4	12.9
Mountain	8.9	10.2	10.5	9.6	9.4	10.3	10.6	9.7	9.4	10.6	10.9	10.1	9.8	10.1	10.3
Pacific	11.3	11.8	13.0	11.8	11.5	12.2	13.4	12.3	11.7	12.4	13.5	12.2	11.9	12.4	12.4
U.S. Average	10.3	11.5	12.1	11.4	11.2	12.1	12.5	11.8	11.3	12.4	12.9	12.2	11.4	11.9	12.2
Commercial Sector															
New England	14.6	15.5	16.1	15.6	16.2	15.4	16.3	15.8	16.0	16.2	16.9	16.3	15.5	15.9	16.4
Middle Atlantic	12.8	14.3	15.6	13.1	13.1	14.0	15.6	13.9	13.3	14.5	16.1	14.3	14.0	14.2	14.6
E. N. Central	8.4	8.9	9.1	9.0	8.9	9.3	9.5	9.2	9.0	9.5	9.7	9.4	8.9	9.2	9.4
W. N. Central	6.5	7.3	7.8	6.8	6.9	7.6	8.0	7.0	6.9	7.7	8.2	7.1	7.1	7.4	7.5
S. Atlantic	8.8	9.2	9.8	9.7	9.8	10.0	10.3	10.0	9.8	10.1	10.6	10.6	9.4	10.0	10.3
E. S. Central	8.2	8.8	9.3	9.6	9.4	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.5	9.9	10.1	10.2	9.0	9.6	9.9
W. S. Central	9.3	10.3	10.8	9.9	9.5	10.0	10.7	10.1	9.8	10.6	11.1	10.9	10.1	10.1	10.6
Mountain	7.7	8.6	8.9	8.1	7.9	8.7	9.0	8.6	8.2	9.0	9.3	8.8	8.3	8.6	8.8
Pacific	10.1	11.5	12.8	11.2	10.7	12.0	13.5	11.6	11.0	12.2	13.7	11.8	11.4	12.0	12.2
U.S. Average	9.5	10.3	11.0	10.2	10.1	10.6	11.3	10.6	10.3	10.9	11.6	11.0	10.3	10.7	11.0
Industrial Sector															
New England	12.8	13.2	13.7	13.4	12.2	12.9	13.7	13.7	13.1	13.0	13.9	14.0	13.3	13.0	13.5
Middle Atlantic	8.4	8.8	9.2	8.3	8.6	8.8	9.4	8.9	8.9	9.2	9.8	9.2	8.7	8.9	9.3
E. N. Central	6.0	6.3	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.7	7.0	6.7	6.7	6.9	7.2	6.9	6.4	6.7	6.9
W. N. Central	4.9	5.3	5.9	5.2	5.6	5.8	6.1	5.3	5.5	5.9	6.4	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.9
S. Atlantic	5.8	6.2	6.8	6.6	6.7	6.8	7.2	6.8	6.6	6.9	7.4	7.1	6.3	6.9	7.0
E. S. Central	5.0	5.5	6.2	6.2	5.9	6.3	6.7	6.0	5.6	6.4	7.0	6.6	5.7	6.2	6.4
W. S. Central	7.2	8.3	8.9	7.9	7.1	7.8	8.6	8.3	7.9	8.3	8.9	8.7	8.1	8.0	8.4
Mountain	5.6	6.1	6.7	5.7	5.5	6.2	6.8	6.1	5.8	6.2	6.8	6.2	6.0	6.2	6.3
Pacific	7.5	7.7	8.8	8.1	7.4	8.0	9.1	8.4	7.8	8.1	9.0	8.3	8.0	8.3	8.3
U.S. Average	6.4	6.9	7.6	7.1	6.9	7.2	7.8	7.3	7.0	7.4	8.0	7.6	7.0	7.3	7.5
All Sectors (a)															
New England	15.1	15.7	16.4	16.2	16.0	15.9	16.6	16.3	16.2	16.3	17.1	16.7	15.8	16.2	16.6
Middle Atlantic	12.3	13.5	14.9	12.7	12.8	13.4	14.9	13.3	13.0	13.9	15.4	13.9	13.4	13.6	14.1
E. N. Central	8.0	8.5	9.0	8.8	8.8	9.1	9.5	9.0	8.9	9.4	9.8	9.3	8.6	9.1	9.3
W. N. Central	6.5	7.3	7.9	6.9	7.1	7.7	8.2	7.1	7.1	7.8	8.5	7.3	7.2	7.6	7.7
S. Atlantic	8.7	9.2	10.0	9.6	9.9	10.1	10.6	10.0	9.8	10.3	11.0	10.6	9.4	10.2	10.4
E. S. Central	6.9	7.6	8.4	8.4	8.2	8.5	8.9	8.2	8.0	8.7	9.2	8.8	7.8	8.5	8.7
W. S. Central	9.1	10.2	11.1	10.0	9.6	10.3	11.2	10.3	10.0	10.8	11.7	11.0	10.2	10.4	10.9
Mountain	7.5	8.3	8.9	7.8	7.7	8.5	9.0	8.2	7.9	8.6	9.2	8.4	8.2	8.4	8.6
Pacific	10.0	10.7	12.0	10.7	10.4	11.3	12.6	11.3	10.7	11.4	12.7	11.3	10.9	11.4	11.6
U.S. Average	9.0	9.8	10.6	9.8	9.8	10.3	11.0	10.2	9.9	10.5	11.3	10.6	9.8	10.3	10.6

- = no data available

(a) Volume-weighted average of retail prices to residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 7d. U.S. Electricity Generation by Fuel and Sector (Billion Kilowatthours per day)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Electric Power Sector (a)															
Coal	5.571	5.167	5.721	5.138	4.961	4.831	5.556	5.079	5.216	4.860	5.541	5.042	5.399	5.108	5.165
Natural Gas	1.902	2.079	2.791	1.951	1.920	2.142	3.032	1.931	1.785	2.117	3.110	2.026	2.182	2.258	2.263
Other Gases	0.010	0.010	0.009	0.007	0.007	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.010	0.009	0.009	0.010
Petroleum	0.113	0.120	0.122	0.107	0.126	0.096	0.095	0.096	0.113	0.102	0.122	0.109	0.116	0.103	0.111
Residual Fuel Oil	0.052	0.066	0.070	0.055	0.066	0.039	0.027	0.020	0.029	0.025	0.037	0.032	0.060	0.038	0.031
Distillate Fuel Oil	0.022	0.018	0.015	0.015	0.022	0.015	0.013	0.013	0.021	0.015	0.015	0.016	0.017	0.016	0.017
Petroleum Coke	0.036	0.034	0.035	0.035	0.034	0.041	0.053	0.061	0.061	0.060	0.068	0.060	0.035	0.047	0.062
Other Petroleum	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.002
Nuclear	2.204	2.115	2.326	2.164	2.251	2.167	2.318	2.150	2.259	2.185	2.324	2.156	2.203	2.222	2.231
Pumped Storage Hydroelectric	-0.019	-0.012	-0.021	-0.016	-0.012	-0.015	-0.018	-0.017	-0.015	-0.015	-0.017	-0.016	-0.017	-0.015	-0.016
Other Fuels (b)	0.018	0.020	0.019	0.018	0.018	0.020	0.021	0.019	0.018	0.019	0.020	0.019	0.019	0.020	0.019
Renewables:															
Conventional Hydroelectric	0.649	0.832	0.657	0.552	0.690	0.797	0.647	0.598	0.750	0.840	0.664	0.598	0.672	0.683	0.712
Geothermal	0.039	0.041	0.042	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.043	0.041	0.042	0.043
Solar	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.004	0.005	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003
Wind	0.138	0.166	0.105	0.160	0.180	0.186	0.140	0.149	0.228	0.241	0.182	0.186	0.142	0.163	0.209
Wood and Wood Waste	0.031	0.027	0.032	0.030	0.032	0.028	0.033	0.031	0.032	0.029	0.033	0.032	0.030	0.031	0.031
Other Renewables	0.039	0.043	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.044	0.047	0.046	0.048	0.050	0.052	0.051	0.041	0.044	0.050
Subtotal Electric Power Sector	10.696	10.611	11.848	10.193	10.255	10.348	11.927	10.135	10.486	10.485	12.091	10.257	10.838	10.670	10.833
Commercial Sector (c)															
Coal	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004
Natural Gas	0.012	0.010	0.012	0.011	0.011	0.010	0.012	0.011	0.011	0.010	0.012	0.012	0.011	0.011	0.011
Petroleum	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001
Other Fuels (b)	0.002														
Renewables (d)	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.005
Subtotal Commercial Sector	0.021	0.022	0.023	0.021	0.021	0.021	0.023	0.021	0.022	0.022	0.024	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.023
Industrial Sector (c)															
Coal	0.046	0.047	0.050	0.043	0.039	0.042	0.046	0.045	0.046	0.046	0.048	0.046	0.046	0.043	0.047
Natural Gas	0.213	0.201	0.207	0.191	0.199	0.184	0.198	0.187	0.195	0.178	0.197	0.188	0.203	0.192	0.190
Other Gases	0.025	0.024	0.025	0.017	0.019	0.022	0.024	0.017	0.019	0.022	0.024	0.018	0.023	0.021	0.021
Petroleum	0.009	0.007	0.008	0.008	0.010	0.008	0.009	0.010	0.011	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.008	0.009	0.009
Other Fuels (b)	0.007	0.008	0.008	0.006	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.006	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.006	0.007	0.007	0.007
Renewables:															
Conventional Hydroelectric	0.008	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.004	0.004
Wood and Wood Waste	0.077	0.076	0.079	0.073	0.072	0.070	0.075	0.073	0.073	0.069	0.076	0.074	0.076	0.073	0.073
Other Renewables (e)	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002
Subtotal Industrial Sector	0.385	0.372	0.383	0.343	0.354	0.341	0.364	0.344	0.359	0.339	0.367	0.346	0.371	0.351	0.353
Total All Sectors	11.103	11.004	12.253	10.557	10.630	10.710	12.315	10.501	10.867	10.845	12.482	10.626	11.230	11.042	11.208

- = no data available

(a) Electric utilities and independent power producers.

(b) "Other" includes non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tires and miscellaneous technologies.

(c) Commercial and industrial sectors include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants.

(d) "Renewables" in commercial sector includes wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy and wind.

(e) "Other Renewables" in industrial sector includes black liquor, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy and wind.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Values of 0.000 may indicate positive levels of generation that are less than 0.0005 billion kilowatthours per day.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 7e. U.S. Fuel Consumption for Electricity Generation by Sector

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Electric Power Sector (a)															
Coal (mmst/d)	2.88	2.71	3.02	2.72	2.62	2.56	2.96	2.70	2.76	2.59	2.97	2.70	2.84	2.71	2.76
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	14.67	16.67	22.37	15.20	14.79	17.07	24.28	14.97	13.67	16.72	24.72	15.62	17.24	17.80	17.71
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.20	0.21	0.22	0.19	0.22	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.21	0.19	0.23	0.21	0.21	0.19	0.21
Residual Fuel Oil (mmb/d)	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.09	0.11	0.07	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.10	0.06	0.05
Distillate Fuel Oil (mmb/d)	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Petroleum Coke (mmst/d)	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.12	0.07	0.09	0.12
Other Petroleum (mmb/d)	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
Commercial Sector (c)															
Coal (mmst/d)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	0.09	0.08	0.09	0.08	0.09	0.08	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Industrial Sector (c)															
Coal (mmst/d)	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	1.41	1.33	1.37	1.27	1.35	1.31	1.42	1.34	1.39	1.29	1.42	1.35	1.35	1.35	1.36
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Total All Sectors															
Coal (mmst/d)	2.90	2.73	3.04	2.73	2.63	2.58	2.98	2.72	2.78	2.61	2.99	2.72	2.85	2.73	2.78
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	16.18	18.08	23.83	16.55	16.23	18.46	25.79	16.41	15.15	18.08	26.24	17.06	18.67	19.24	19.16
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.22	0.22	0.23	0.20	0.24	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.23	0.21	0.24	0.22	0.22	0.20	0.22
End-of-period Fuel Inventories Held by Electric Power Sector															
Coal (mmst)	147.0	153.9	145.8	163.1	175.2	178.5	159.9	165.9	162.6	163.1	145.3	162.4	163.1	165.9	162.4
Residual Fuel Oil (mmb)	23.1	24.3	22.3	21.7	21.9	22.3	20.5	20.8	20.5	21.5	19.0	20.3	21.7	20.8	20.3
Distillate Fuel Oil (mmb)	18.4	18.4	18.3	18.9	18.8	18.7	18.6	19.1	18.3	18.2	18.2	18.7	18.9	19.1	18.7
Petroleum Coke (mmb)	3.3	3.7	3.6	4.0	4.0	3.5	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0

- = no data available

(a) Electric utilities and independent power producers.

(b) Petroleum category may include petroleum coke, which is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

(c) Commercial and industrial sectors include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Physical Units: mmst/d = million short tons per day; mmb/d = million barrels per day; bcf/d = billion cubic feet per day; mmb = million barrels.

Values of 0.00 may indicate positive levels of fuel consumption that are less than 0.005 units per day.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 8. U.S. Renewable Energy Supply and Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Supply															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.591	0.754	0.602	0.506	0.620	0.726	0.594	0.549	0.674	0.763	0.609	0.550	2.452	2.489	2.597
Geothermal	0.085	0.091	0.092	0.090	0.088	0.090	0.093	0.092	0.092	0.092	0.096	0.095	0.358	0.364	0.375
Solar	0.022	0.024	0.024	0.022	0.021	0.024	0.024	0.022	0.022	0.024	0.025	0.022	0.091	0.090	0.094
Wind	0.125	0.150	0.096	0.146	0.160	0.168	0.128	0.136	0.203	0.218	0.166	0.169	0.516	0.592	0.757
Wood	0.507	0.506	0.521	0.507	0.482	0.475	0.508	0.499	0.487	0.473	0.509	0.502	2.041	1.964	1.972
Ethanol (b)	0.171	0.187	0.206	0.214	0.203	0.207	0.216	0.223	0.223	0.231	0.235	0.236	0.778	0.849	0.926
Biodiesel (b)	0.018	0.022	0.025	0.022	0.013	0.022	0.024	0.024	0.028	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.087	0.083	0.109
Other Renewables	0.110	0.108	0.107	0.106	0.103	0.113	0.115	0.107	0.115	0.122	0.122	0.114	0.431	0.438	0.472
Total	1.628	1.841	1.673	1.612	1.695	1.824	1.702	1.653	1.845	1.950	1.790	1.716	6.754	6.873	7.301
Consumption															
Electric Power Sector															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.586	0.751	0.600	0.504	0.616	0.719	0.591	0.545	0.669	0.759	0.606	0.546	2.441	2.471	2.580
Geothermal	0.074	0.079	0.081	0.079	0.077	0.078	0.082	0.081	0.080	0.081	0.084	0.084	0.312	0.318	0.329
Solar	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.004	0.005	0.002	0.008	0.008	0.013
Wind	0.125	0.150	0.096	0.146	0.160	0.168	0.128	0.136	0.203	0.218	0.166	0.169	0.516	0.592	0.757
Wood	0.047	0.041	0.047	0.045	0.045	0.041	0.049	0.046	0.045	0.042	0.049	0.047	0.181	0.181	0.183
Other Renewables	0.061	0.061	0.060	0.059	0.056	0.063	0.069	0.068	0.068	0.072	0.076	0.074	0.242	0.255	0.290
Subtotal	0.894	1.085	0.888	0.834	0.959	1.074	0.920	0.878	1.068	1.174	0.986	0.922	3.700	3.831	4.151
Industrial Sector															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.007	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.005	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.019	0.017	0.016
Geothermal	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.005	0.005	0.005
Wood and Wood Waste	0.320	0.325	0.332	0.321	0.297	0.296	0.321	0.313	0.302	0.293	0.322	0.314	1.298	1.226	1.231
Other Renewables	0.040	0.039	0.039	0.039	0.038	0.041	0.038	0.031	0.039	0.040	0.036	0.031	0.157	0.147	0.147
Subtotal	0.371	0.374	0.380	0.368	0.345	0.346	0.367	0.353	0.352	0.343	0.367	0.354	1.492	1.410	1.416
Commercial Sector															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001
Geothermal	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.015	0.015	0.015
Wood and Wood Waste	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.020	0.017	0.016	0.019	0.018	0.017	0.017	0.020	0.072	0.072	0.072
Other Renewables	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.008	0.008	0.010	0.009	0.008	0.032	0.034	0.035
Subtotal	0.031	0.031	0.030	0.030	0.032	0.031	0.030	0.032	0.031	0.032	0.031	0.033	0.123	0.124	0.126
Residential Sector															
Geothermal	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.006	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.026	0.026	0.026
Biomass	0.122	0.122	0.123	0.123	0.120	0.122	0.122	0.121	0.121	0.121	0.121	0.121	0.490	0.484	0.485
Solar	0.021	0.021	0.021	0.021	0.020	0.021	0.021	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.083	0.082	0.082
Subtotal	0.149	0.149	0.151	0.151	0.146	0.149	0.149	0.148	0.148	0.148	0.148	0.148	0.599	0.592	0.593
Transportation Sector															
Ethanol (b)	0.172	0.198	0.214	0.225	0.200	0.213	0.221	0.229	0.227	0.240	0.247	0.246	0.809	0.862	0.960
Biodiesel (b)	0.008	0.005	0.014	0.014	0.001	0.022	0.024	0.024	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.041	0.070	0.108
Total Consumption	1.619	1.835	1.669	1.615	1.680	1.829	1.706	1.658	1.849	1.960	1.802	1.725	6.739	6.874	7.335

- = no data available

(a) Conventional hydroelectric power only. Hydroelectricity generated by pumped storage is not included in renewable energy.

(b) Fuel ethanol and biodiesel supply represents domestic production only. Fuel ethanol and biodiesel consumption in the transportation sector includes production, stock change, and imports less exports. Some biodiesel may be consumed in the residential s

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.**Historical data:** Latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226 and *Renewable Energy Annual*, DOE/EIA-0603; *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 9a. U.S. Macroeconomic Energy Indicators

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Macroeconomic															
Real Gross Domestic Product (billion chained 2000 dollars - SAAR)	11,646	11,727	11,712	11,522	11,341	11,265	11,263	11,273	11,297	11,371	11,449	11,562	11,652	11,286	11,420
Real Disposable Personal Income (billion chained 2000 Dollars - SAAR)	8,668	8,891	8,696	8,754	8,887	8,970	8,915	8,912	8,863	8,919	8,954	8,953	8,752	8,921	8,922
Real Fixed Investment (billion chained 2000 dollars-SAAR)	1,762	1,755	1,731	1,627	1,444	1,372	1,324	1,314	1,330	1,349	1,390	1,460	1,719	1,364	1,382
Business Inventory Change (billion chained 2000 dollars-SAAR)	13.75	-25.98	-25.63	-0.73	-12.11	-44.41	-35.61	-35.32	-24.71	-11.25	-0.52	5.39	-9.65	-31.86	-7.77
Housing Stock (millions)	123.1	123.2	123.3	123.4	123.5	123.5	123.5	123.5	123.5	123.5	123.6	123.7	123.4	123.5	123.7
Non-Farm Employment (millions)	137.9	137.5	137.0	135.7	133.7	132.0	131.2	130.8	130.7	130.8	130.9	131.3	137.0	131.9	130.9
Commercial Employment (millions)	91.8	91.6	91.3	90.6	89.5	88.7	88.5	88.7	88.8	89.1	89.6	90.1	91.3	88.8	89.4
Industrial Production Indices (Index, 2002=100)															
Total Industrial Production	112.0	110.7	108.1	104.5	98.8	96.5	96.9	96.8	96.6	96.9	97.8	98.8	108.8	97.3	97.5
Manufacturing	114.1	112.6	109.9	104.6	98.2	95.7	96.1	96.2	96.2	96.6	97.8	99.2	110.3	96.5	97.5
Food	111.7	111.6	110.5	110.7	108.6	108.8	109.1	109.5	110.0	110.4	111.1	111.9	111.2	109.0	110.9
Paper	94.8	94.9	93.2	85.7	80.0	78.1	77.7	77.7	77.9	78.2	78.7	79.4	92.1	78.4	78.6
Chemicals	113.3	111.8	107.1	103.2	100.4	99.6	99.6	99.9	100.2	100.7	101.6	102.6	108.8	99.9	101.3
Petroleum	111.3	112.0	106.8	109.9	107.1	106.9	106.7	106.4	106.1	106.2	106.6	106.9	110.0	106.8	106.5
Stone, Clay, Glass	104.2	102.3	101.1	95.1	84.8	80.5	78.8	78.6	78.7	79.7	81.4	83.3	100.7	80.7	80.8
Primary Metals	111.9	108.5	106.9	82.3	65.3	63.0	62.4	62.6	62.5	63.3	65.6	67.9	102.4	63.3	64.8
Resins and Synthetic Products	104.5	103.7	92.0	86.8	90.2	86.2	84.1	83.9	83.7	83.9	84.3	85.7	96.8	86.1	84.4
Agricultural Chemicals	109.4	109.3	106.3	90.0	81.1	82.6	84.3	85.4	87.0	88.0	89.5	91.3	103.7	83.4	89.0
Natural Gas-weighted (a)	109.2	108.0	103.2	95.7	90.0	88.5	88.1	88.2	88.4	88.9	89.9	91.1	104.0	88.7	89.5
Price Indexes															
Consumer Price Index (index, 1982-1984=1.00)	2.13	2.15	2.19	2.14	2.13	2.13	2.14	2.15	2.16	2.16	2.18	2.20	2.15	2.14	2.17
Producer Price Index: All Commodities (index, 1982=1.00)	1.85	1.94	2.00	1.79	1.71	1.67	1.67	1.68	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.73	1.90	1.68	1.71
Producer Price Index: Petroleum (index, 1982=1.00)	2.58	3.18	3.28	1.84	1.37	1.71	1.93	1.87	1.90	1.97	1.99	1.96	2.72	1.72	1.95
GDP Implicit Price Deflator (index, 2000=100)	121.6	122.0	123.1	123.3	124.2	124.0	124.0	124.5	125.1	125.2	125.5	126.2	122.5	124.2	125.5
Miscellaneous															
Vehicle Miles Traveled (b) (million miles/day)	7,640	8,324	8,147	7,866	7,596	8,367	8,214	7,872	7,649	8,409	8,264	7,919	7,994	8,014	8,062
Air Travel Capacity (Available ton-miles/day, thousands)	543	558	546	513	482	477	496	504	497	497	511	513	540	490	505
Aircraft Utilization (Revenue ton-miles/day, thousands)	323	346	338	298	277	296	309	308	296	309	321	316	326	297	311
Airline Ticket Price Index (index, 1982-1984=100)	263.5	288.1	305.6	270.7	252.7	256.2	271.2	271.9	275.8	278.4	285.9	282.2	282.0	263.0	280.6
Raw Steel Production (million short tons per day)	0.302	0.303	0.298	0.200	0.146	0.154	0.158	0.164	0.137	0.134	0.151	0.135	0.276	0.156	0.139

- = no data available

(a) Natural gas share weights of individual sector indices based on EIA Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey, 2002.

(b) Total highway travel includes gasoline and diesel fuel vehicles.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve System, Statistical release G17; Federal Highway Administration; and Federal Aviation Administration.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Macroeconomic projections are based on the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy and Regional Economic Information and simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 9b. U.S. Regional Macroeconomic Data

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Real Gross State Product (Billion \$2000)															
New England	643	648	647	637	627	623	623	623	624	628	632	637	644	624	630
Middle Atlantic	1,801	1,815	1,816	1,788	1,757	1,745	1,745	1,746	1,746	1,752	1,762	1,777	1,805	1,748	1,759
E. N. Central	1,638	1,645	1,641	1,614	1,588	1,576	1,573	1,571	1,571	1,578	1,582	1,596	1,634	1,577	1,582
W. N. Central	734	739	739	728	718	714	715	716	718	722	726	733	735	716	725
S. Atlantic	2,136	2,147	2,143	2,105	2,071	2,057	2,057	2,059	2,065	2,081	2,096	2,118	2,133	2,061	2,090
E. S. Central	549	553	551	542	534	531	530	531	531	535	538	543	549	531	537
W. S. Central	1,263	1,277	1,280	1,264	1,248	1,241	1,242	1,244	1,249	1,260	1,271	1,284	1,271	1,244	1,266
Mountain	763	769	770	755	744	738	738	739	740	745	750	758	764	740	748
Pacific	2,050	2,065	2,059	2,020	1,988	1,975	1,975	1,978	1,987	2,006	2,025	2,049	2,048	1,979	2,017
Industrial Output, Manufacturing (Index, Year 1997=100)															
New England	109.3	108.3	106.1	101.2	96.4	93.6	93.6	93.1	93.2	93.7	94.6	95.7	106.3	94.2	94.3
Middle Atlantic	107.3	106.1	103.9	98.6	92.8	90.5	90.8	90.6	90.3	90.5	91.6	92.8	104.0	91.2	91.3
E. N. Central	111.1	109.2	106.2	100.9	92.2	89.3	89.2	88.8	88.1	88.0	89.0	90.1	106.9	89.9	88.8
W. N. Central	124.1	122.9	120.3	115.5	107.7	105.4	106.9	107.5	107.5	108.2	109.6	111.2	120.7	106.9	109.1
S. Atlantic	109.8	107.8	104.8	99.2	93.2	90.6	90.7	90.5	90.4	90.7	91.8	93.1	105.4	91.2	91.5
E. S. Central	114.5	112.7	109.2	103.1	95.6	92.8	92.8	92.4	91.9	92.0	93.1	94.6	109.9	93.4	92.9
W. S. Central	123.1	122.0	119.5	114.7	109.2	106.9	107.5	107.7	107.7	108.2	109.5	111.1	119.8	107.8	109.1
Mountain	127.4	125.4	122.5	116.9	110.9	108.6	109.7	110.3	111.1	112.1	113.6	115.6	123.0	109.9	113.1
Pacific	117.4	116.1	113.5	107.7	102.4	100.1	100.8	101.2	101.9	103.1	104.4	106.1	113.7	101.1	103.9
Real Personal Income (Billion \$2000)															
New England	574	573	569	573	570	571	567	566	566	568	569	570	572	568	568
Middle Atlantic	1,548	1,546	1,535	1,548	1,538	1,540	1,528	1,529	1,531	1,538	1,542	1,543	1,544	1,534	1,539
E. N. Central	1,426	1,433	1,415	1,427	1,418	1,424	1,411	1,407	1,408	1,413	1,414	1,413	1,425	1,415	1,412
W. N. Central	632	635	630	634	632	634	630	629	630	634	635	636	633	631	634
S. Atlantic	1,839	1,851	1,826	1,842	1,844	1,851	1,837	1,834	1,839	1,851	1,858	1,862	1,839	1,842	1,853
E. S. Central	485	492	483	488	490	494	487	486	487	490	491	491	487	489	490
W. S. Central	1,077	1,093	1,078	1,095	1,098	1,102	1,095	1,095	1,098	1,107	1,113	1,117	1,086	1,098	1,109
Mountain	644	646	640	645	643	644	641	640	642	646	648	649	644	642	646
Pacific	1,692	1,702	1,689	1,701	1,696	1,700	1,684	1,681	1,683	1,694	1,702	1,708	1,696	1,690	1,697
Households (Thousands)															
New England	5,467	5,471	5,471	5,479	5,480	5,479	5,483	5,489	5,496	5,504	5,513	5,522	5,479	5,489	5,522
Middle Atlantic	15,153	15,168	15,171	15,192	15,193	15,187	15,194	15,206	15,222	15,245	15,269	15,295	15,192	15,206	15,295
E. N. Central	17,855	17,878	17,889	17,923	17,934	17,941	17,948	17,958	17,959	17,996	18,028	18,059	17,923	17,958	18,059
W. N. Central	7,982	7,995	8,003	8,021	8,030	8,036	8,050	8,063	8,080	8,099	8,117	8,136	8,021	8,063	8,136
S. Atlantic	22,186	22,240	22,282	22,354	22,401	22,442	22,502	22,564	22,636	22,715	22,795	22,877	22,354	22,564	22,877
E. S. Central	6,994	7,010	7,020	7,039	7,049	7,057	7,072	7,087	7,105	7,126	7,153	7,180	7,039	7,087	7,180
W. S. Central	12,447	12,488	12,520	12,566	12,597	12,622	12,660	12,699	12,741	12,787	12,832	12,877	12,566	12,699	12,877
Mountain	7,834	7,862	7,887	7,924	7,952	7,975	7,999	8,030	8,058	8,093	8,130	8,162	7,924	8,030	8,162
Pacific	16,965	17,013	17,049	17,105	17,140	17,169	17,210	17,256	17,306	17,363	17,421	17,480	17,105	17,256	17,480
Total Non-farm Employment (Millions)															
New England	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	7.0	6.8	6.7
Middle Atlantic	18.7	18.7	18.7	18.5	18.3	18.1	18.0	18.0	17.9	17.9	17.9	18.0	18.6	18.1	18.0
E. N. Central	21.5	21.4	21.3	21.0	20.6	20.3	20.2	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.0	20.0	21.3	20.3	20.1
W. N. Central	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.0	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.9	9.9	10.2	9.9	9.8
S. Atlantic	26.4	26.3	26.1	25.8	25.4	25.1	25.0	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9	25.0	26.2	25.1	24.9
E. S. Central	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.8	7.4	7.4
W. S. Central	15.3	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.2	15.0	15.0	14.9	14.9	15.0	15.0	15.1	15.4	15.0	15.0
Mountain	9.8	9.8	9.7	9.6	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.2	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.7	9.3	9.3
Pacific	20.8	20.7	20.6	20.4	20.0	19.7	19.6	19.5	19.5	19.6	19.6	19.7	20.6	19.7	19.6

- = no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve System, Statistical release G17.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Macroeconomic projections are based on the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy.

Table 9c. U.S. Regional Weather Data

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - June 2009

	2008				2009				2010				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2008	2009	2010
Heating Degree-days															
New England	3,114	861	139	2,297	3,386	807	174	2,257	3,214	928	188	2,254	6,411	6,624	6,584
Middle Atlantic	2,814	674	78	2,084	3,030	664	122	2,056	2,952	750	125	2,046	5,650	5,872	5,874
E. N. Central	3,365	777	102	2,438	3,287	733	156	2,311	3,159	793	158	2,299	6,683	6,487	6,409
W. N. Central	3,540	852	146	2,605	3,341	747	183	2,489	3,233	728	183	2,496	7,144	6,760	6,640
South Atlantic	1,452	234	13	1,088	1,553	235	25	1,050	1,501	247	24	1,041	2,786	2,863	2,813
E. S. Central	1,914	283	11	1,443	1,806	288	33	1,370	1,854	296	32	1,361	3,650	3,497	3,543
W. S. Central	1,212	101	9	876	1,069	141	9	874	1,220	112	7	879	2,198	2,093	2,218
Mountain	2,409	765	149	1,800	2,159	649	173	1,942	2,295	724	175	1,942	5,122	4,923	5,135
Pacific	1,496	543	77	1,033	1,409	491	104	1,145	1,419	552	101	1,120	3,149	3,149	3,193
U.S. Average	2,251	528	70	1,647	2,235	499	97	1,628	2,208	539	99	1,620	4,496	4,459	4,466
Heating Degree-days, 30-year Normal (a)															
New England	3,219	930	190	2,272	3,219	930	190	2,272	3,219	930	190	2,272	6,611	6,611	6,611
Middle Atlantic	2,968	752	127	2,064	2,968	752	127	2,064	2,968	752	127	2,064	5,911	5,911	5,911
E. N. Central	3,227	798	156	2,316	3,227	798	156	2,316	3,227	798	156	2,316	6,497	6,497	6,497
W. N. Central	3,326	729	183	2,512	3,326	729	183	2,512	3,326	729	183	2,512	6,750	6,750	6,750
South Atlantic	1,523	247	25	1,058	1,523	247	25	1,058	1,523	247	25	1,058	2,853	2,853	2,853
E. S. Central	1,895	299	33	1,377	1,895	299	33	1,377	1,895	299	33	1,377	3,604	3,604	3,604
W. S. Central	1,270	112	9	896	1,270	112	9	896	1,270	112	9	896	2,287	2,287	2,287
Mountain	2,321	741	183	1,964	2,321	741	183	1,964	2,321	741	183	1,964	5,209	5,209	5,209
Pacific	1,419	556	108	1,145	1,419	556	108	1,145	1,419	556	108	1,145	3,228	3,228	3,228
U.S. Average	2,242	543	101	1,638	2,242	543	101	1,638	2,242	543	101	1,638	4,524	4,524	4,524
Cooling Degree-days															
New England	0	105	391	0	0	86	367	0	0	71	367	1	496	453	439
Middle Atlantic	0	204	540	0	0	162	524	5	0	142	523	5	744	691	670
E. N. Central	0	198	497	3	0	177	502	8	1	197	511	8	697	687	717
W. N. Central	0	229	612	3	0	258	649	12	3	263	659	15	844	919	940
South Atlantic	122	626	1,073	172	84	622	1,083	210	115	567	1,090	222	1,993	1,999	1,994
E. S. Central	17	501	1,000	41	6	501	999	62	31	462	1,009	65	1,559	1,568	1,568
W. S. Central	81	890	1,370	176	103	840	1,422	179	83	779	1,426	189	2,518	2,544	2,477
Mountain	17	423	969	72	11	434	849	65	15	383	853	77	1,482	1,359	1,328
Pacific	6	187	606	61	0	170	519	41	7	154	527	55	860	730	743
U.S. Average	35	385	789	69	27	370	775	77	35	343	781	83	1,277	1,249	1,242
Cooling Degree-days, 30-year Normal (a)															
New England	0	81	361	1	0	81	361	1	0	81	361	1	443	443	443
Middle Atlantic	0	151	508	7	0	151	508	7	0	151	508	7	666	666	666
E. N. Central	1	208	511	10	1	208	511	10	1	208	511	10	730	730	730
W. N. Central	3	270	661	14	3	270	661	14	3	270	661	14	948	948	948
South Atlantic	113	576	1,081	213	113	576	1,081	213	113	576	1,081	213	1,983	1,983	1,983
E. S. Central	29	469	1,002	66	29	469	1,002	66	29	469	1,002	66	1,566	1,566	1,566
W. S. Central	80	790	1,424	185	80	790	1,424	185	80	790	1,424	185	2,479	2,479	2,479
Mountain	17	383	839	68	17	383	839	68	17	383	839	68	1,307	1,307	1,307
Pacific	10	171	526	49	10	171	526	49	10	171	526	49	756	756	756
U.S. Average	34	353	775	80	34	353	775	80	34	353	775	80	1,242	1,242	1,242

- = no data available

(a) 30-year normal represents average over 1971 - 2000, reported by National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.**Historical data:** Latest data available from U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Association (NOAA).

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Based on forecasts by the NOAA Climate Prediction Center.