

NEMS Buildings Sector Working Group Meeting

AEO2013 Preliminary Results



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**WORKING GROUP PRESENTATION
FOR DISCUSSION PURPOSES
DO NOT QUOTE OR CITE AS
RESULTS ARE
SUBJECT TO CHANGE**

Overview

- Recap of project list presented at last working group meeting
- AEO2013 and AEO2012 comparison
 - Sector growth
 - Energy prices
 - Heating and cooling degree days
- Residential sector results
- Commercial sector results
- Distributed generation

Recap from last working group meeting

- Buildings projects

- Revised long-term weather assumptions
- SEDS 2010 and AER 2011 calibration
- Annual updates (weather, historical generation and capacity for distributed generation, interconnection limitations, etc.)
- Photovoltaic cost path

- Residential projects

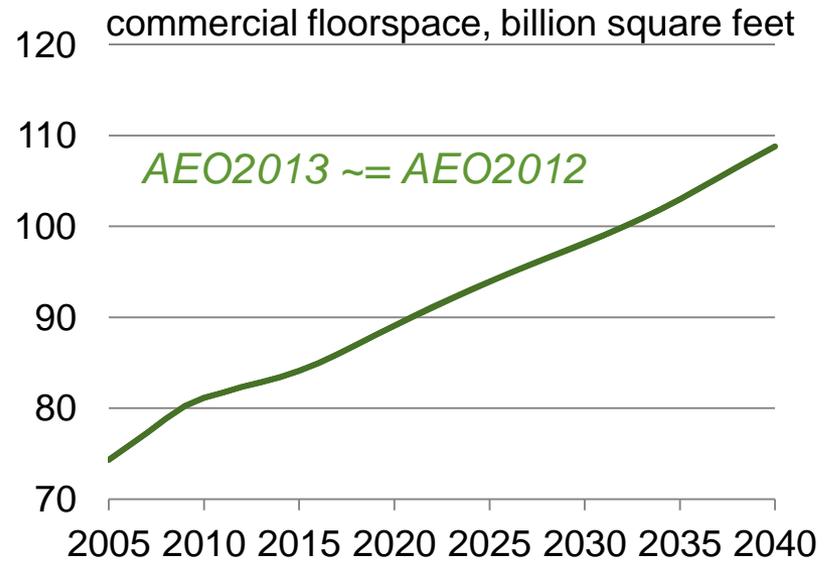
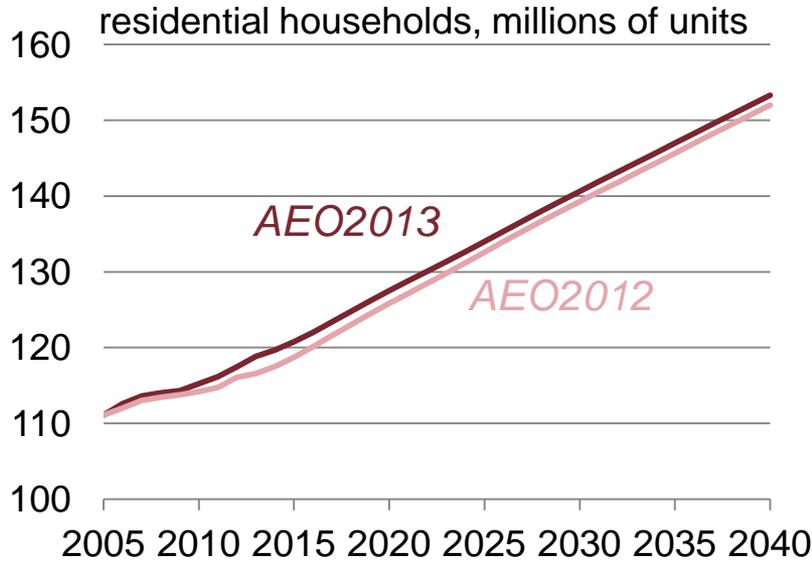
- Begin to incorporate RECS 2009 data
 - End-use consumption data still not available
- Input file restructuring
- Lighting submodule and technology update
- Equipment retirement methodology
- Housing decay rates

Recap, continued

- Commercial projects
 - Technology update for lighting, ventilation, and refrigeration equipment
 - Input file restructuring
 - Update hurdle rate distribution
 - Data center consumption

Main drivers

Little change in sector growth



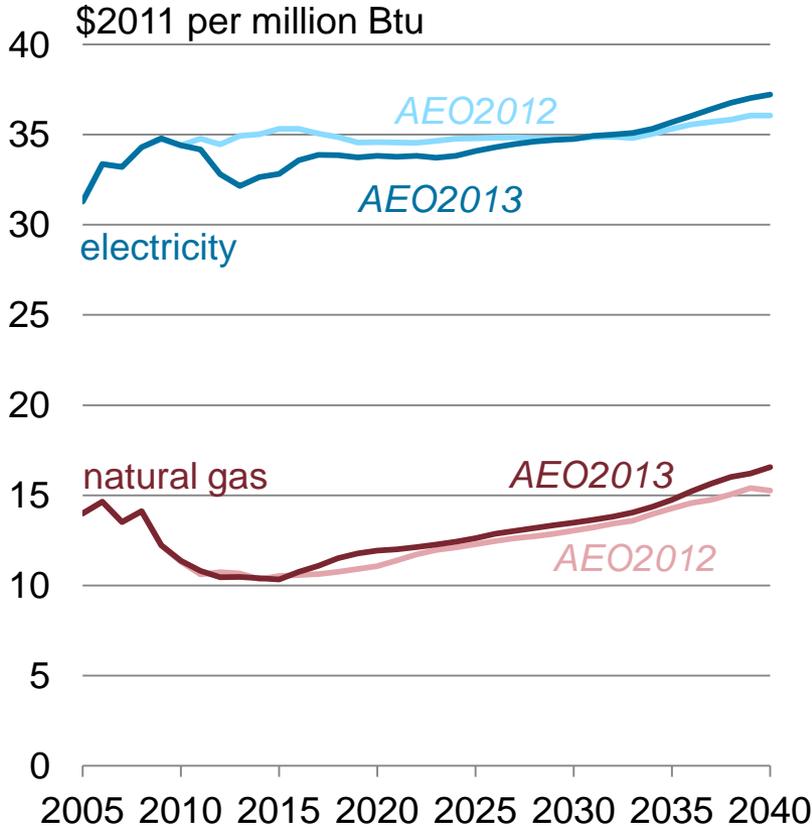
Real disposable personal income down 3% by 2040 relative to AEO2012

Residential growth in both single-family and multifamily housing

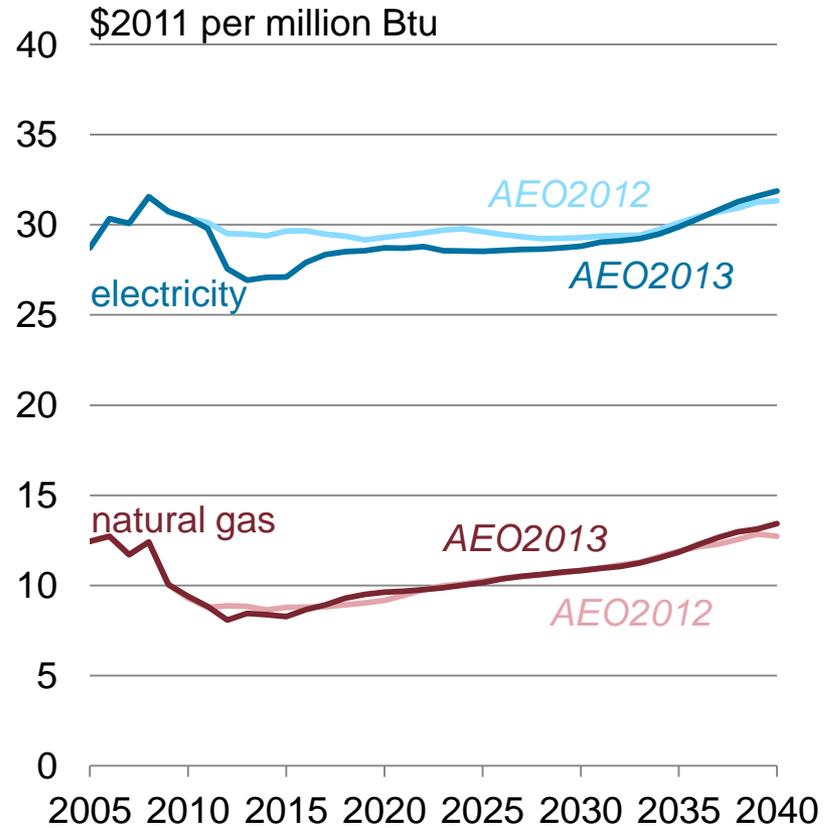
Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Electric prices slightly lower



Residential

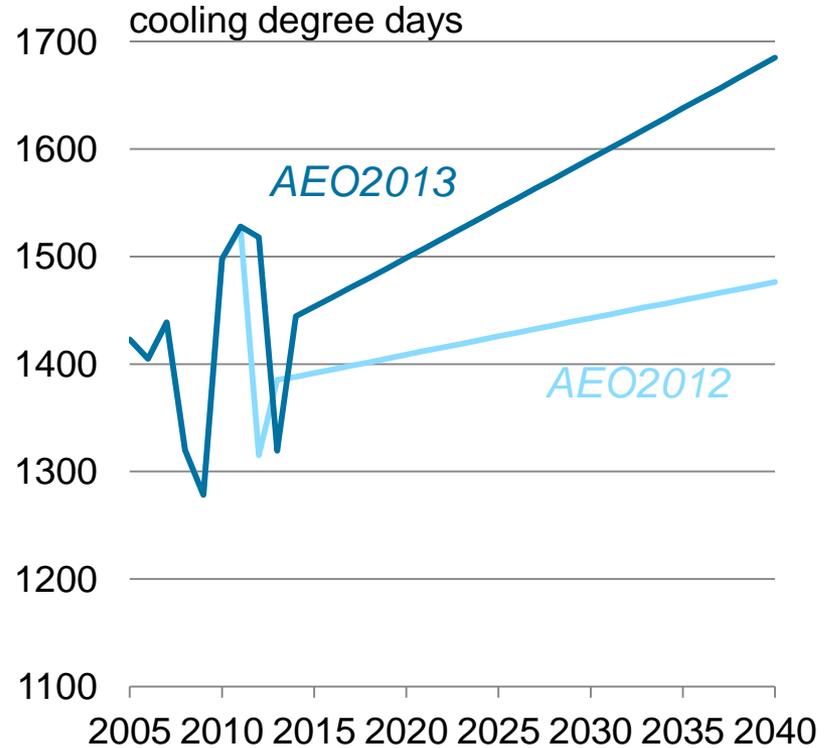
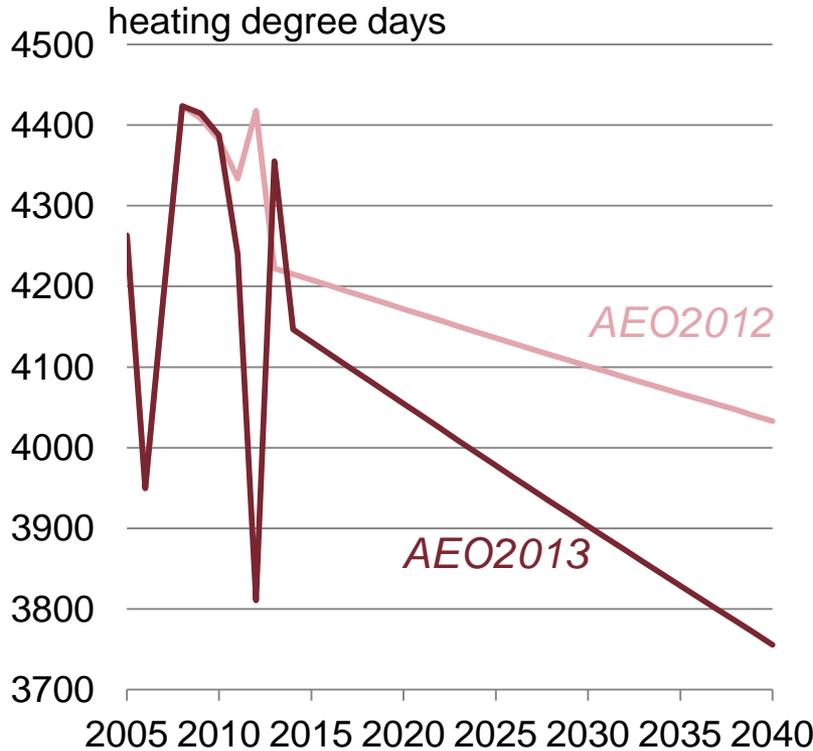


Commercial

Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Less heating, more cooling than *AEO2012*



2005 – 2011 = history

2012 – 2013 = recent estimates of history + NOAA near-term forecast

2014 – beyond = EIA forecast using 30-year linear trend

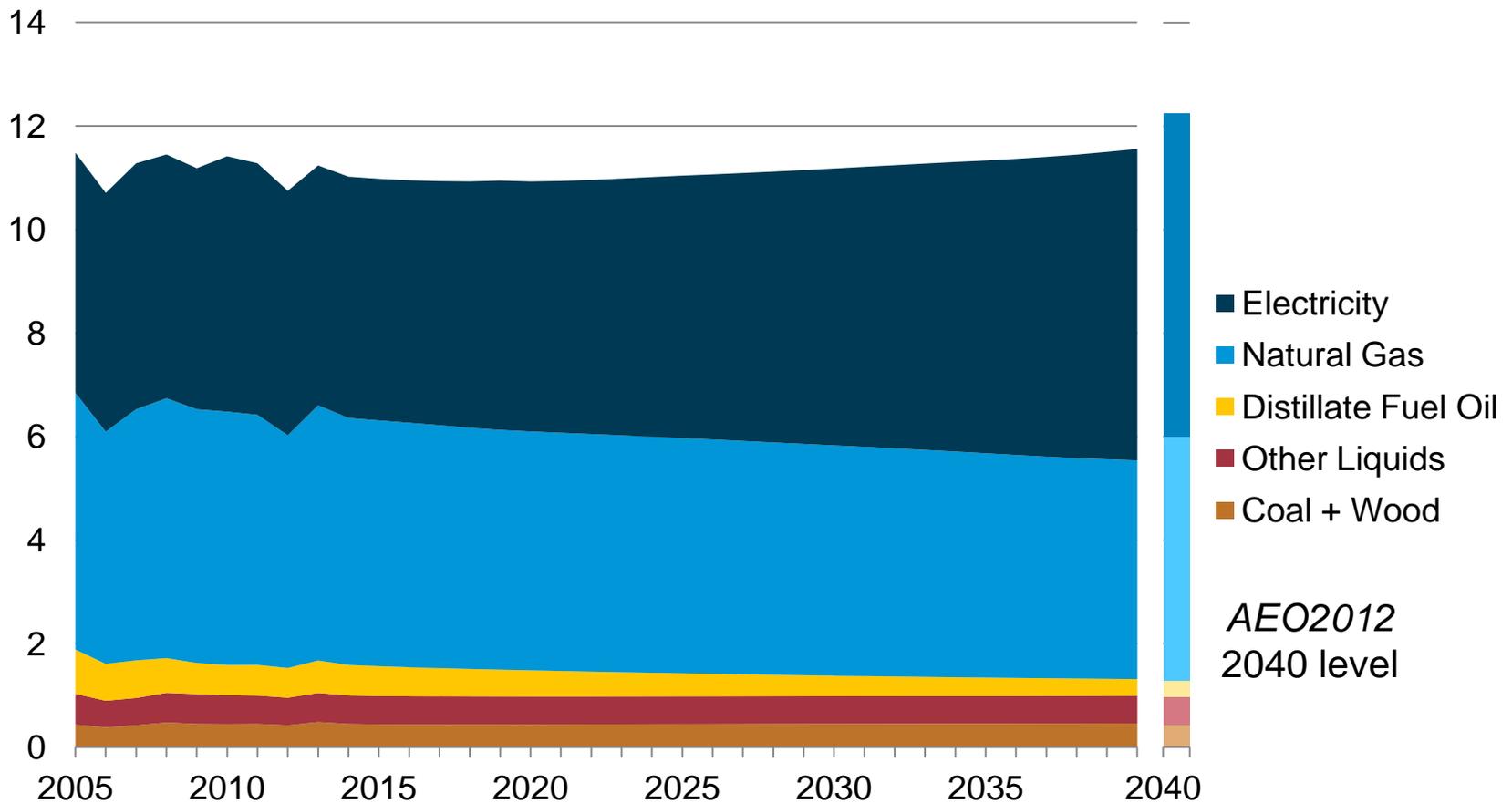
Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Residential results

Residential consumption lower, shares fairly stable

consumption by fuel, quadrillion Btu

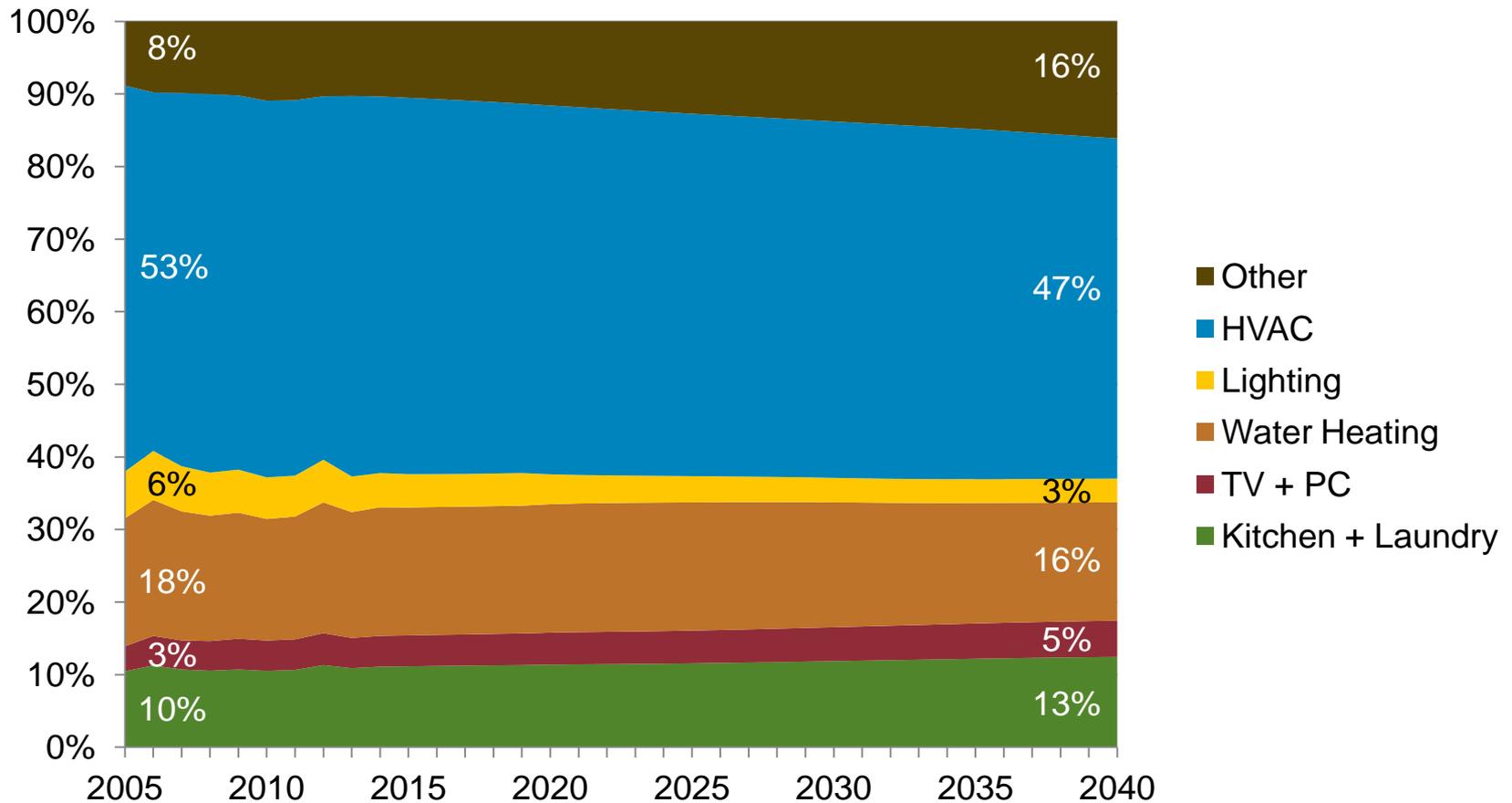


Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Residential consumption dominated by HVAC

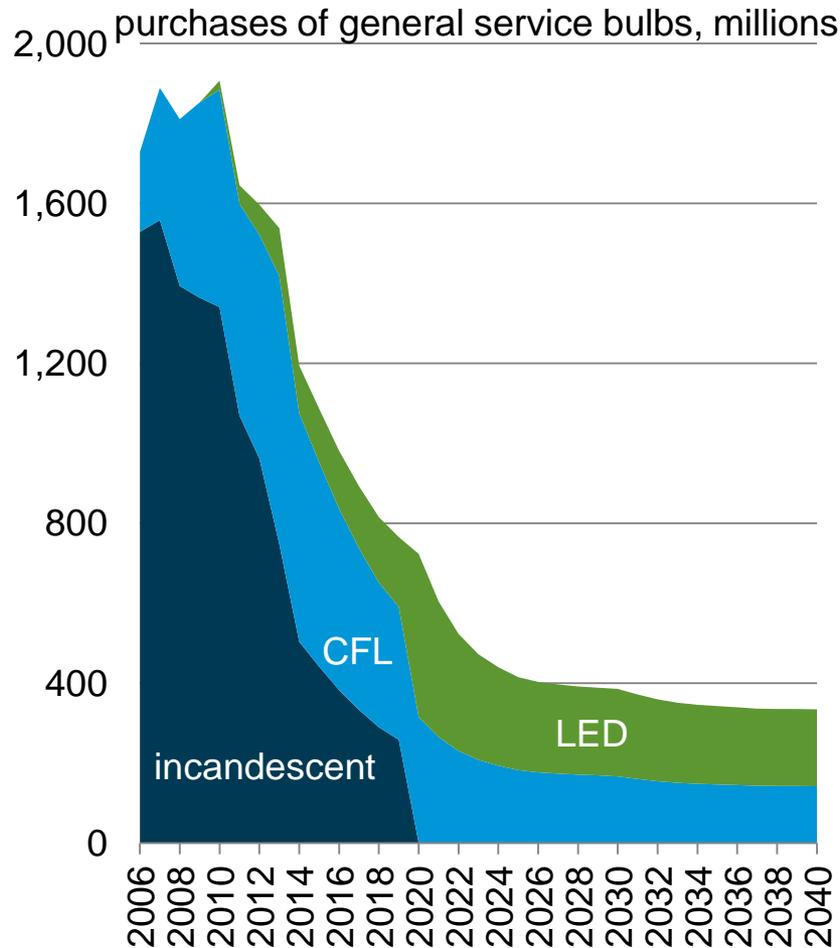
percent of delivered energy



Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Updated lighting characterization

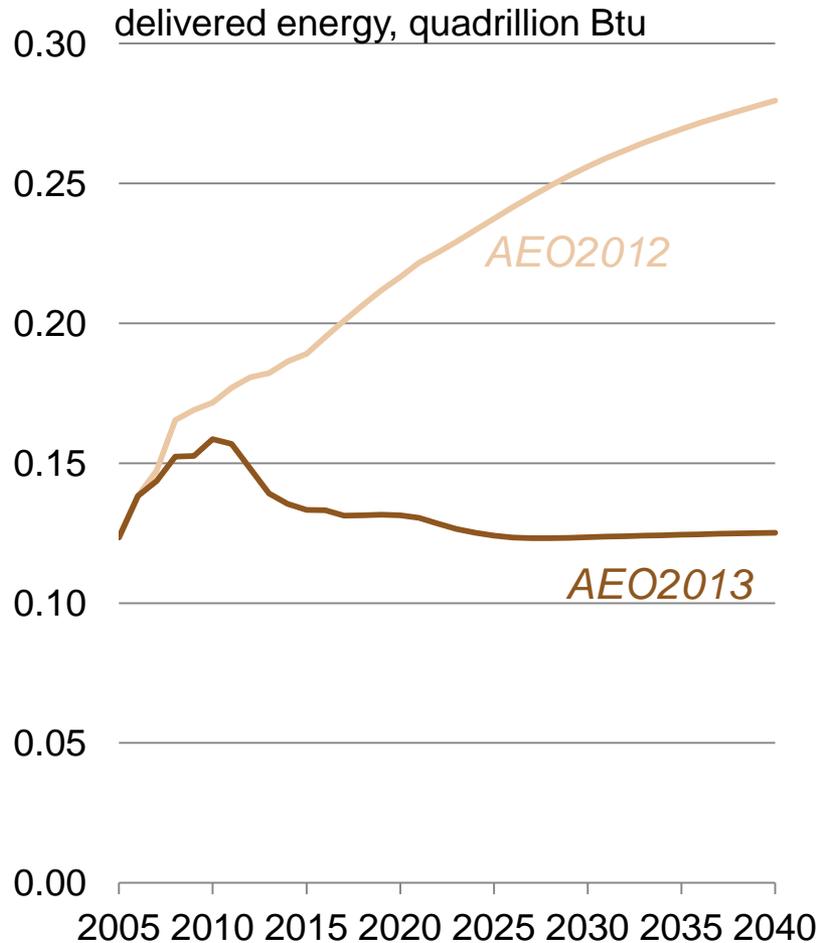


- New lighting technology menu based on Navigant Consulting report
 - No incandescent bulbs available after 2020 standard
 - EISA2007 Tier II standard
- DOE 2010 lighting market characterization

Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Updated personal computer shipments

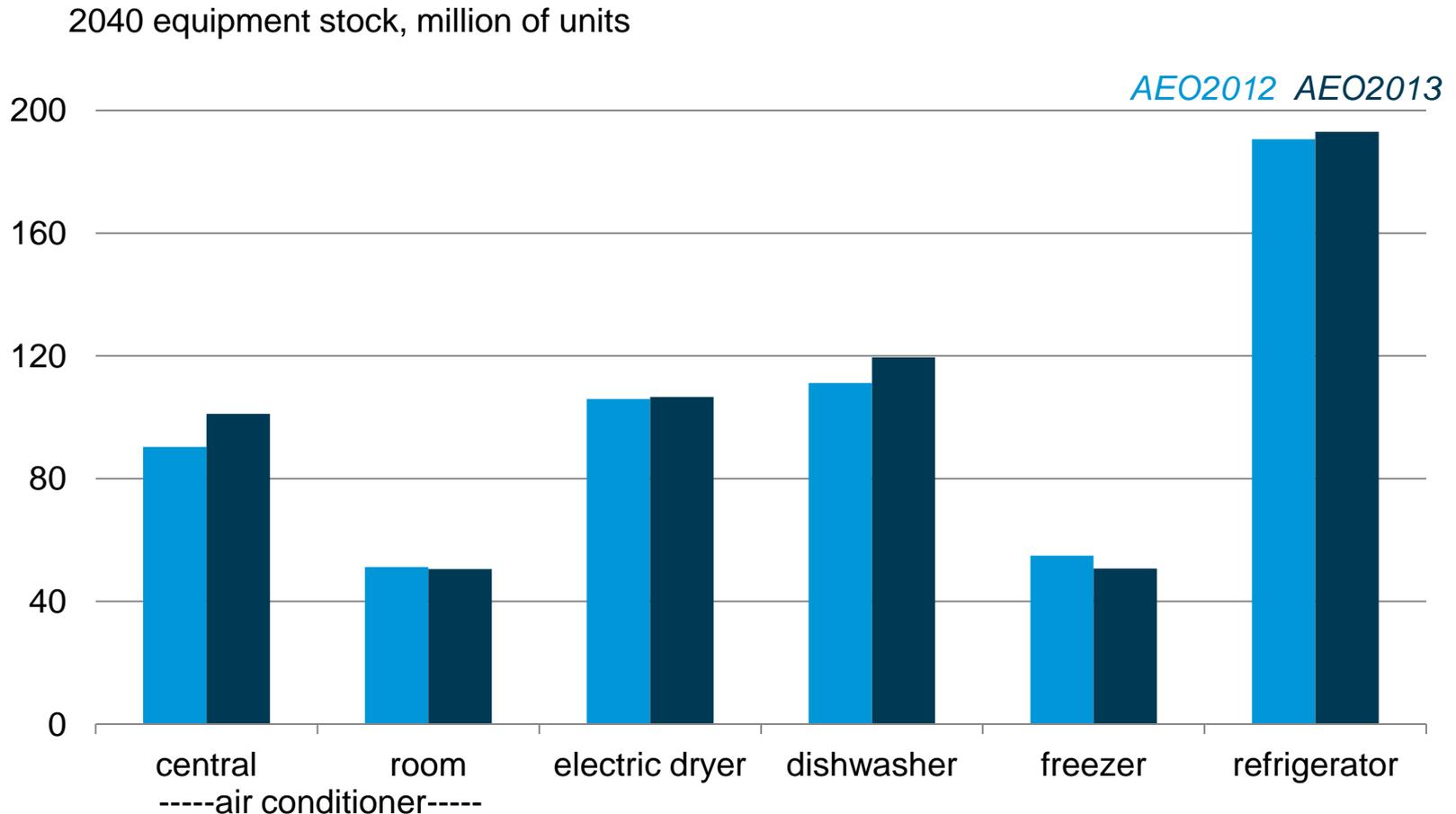


- Updated historical and projected desktop and laptop shipments based on publicly available International Data Group (IDG) information

Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Updated RECS appliance penetration in new construction



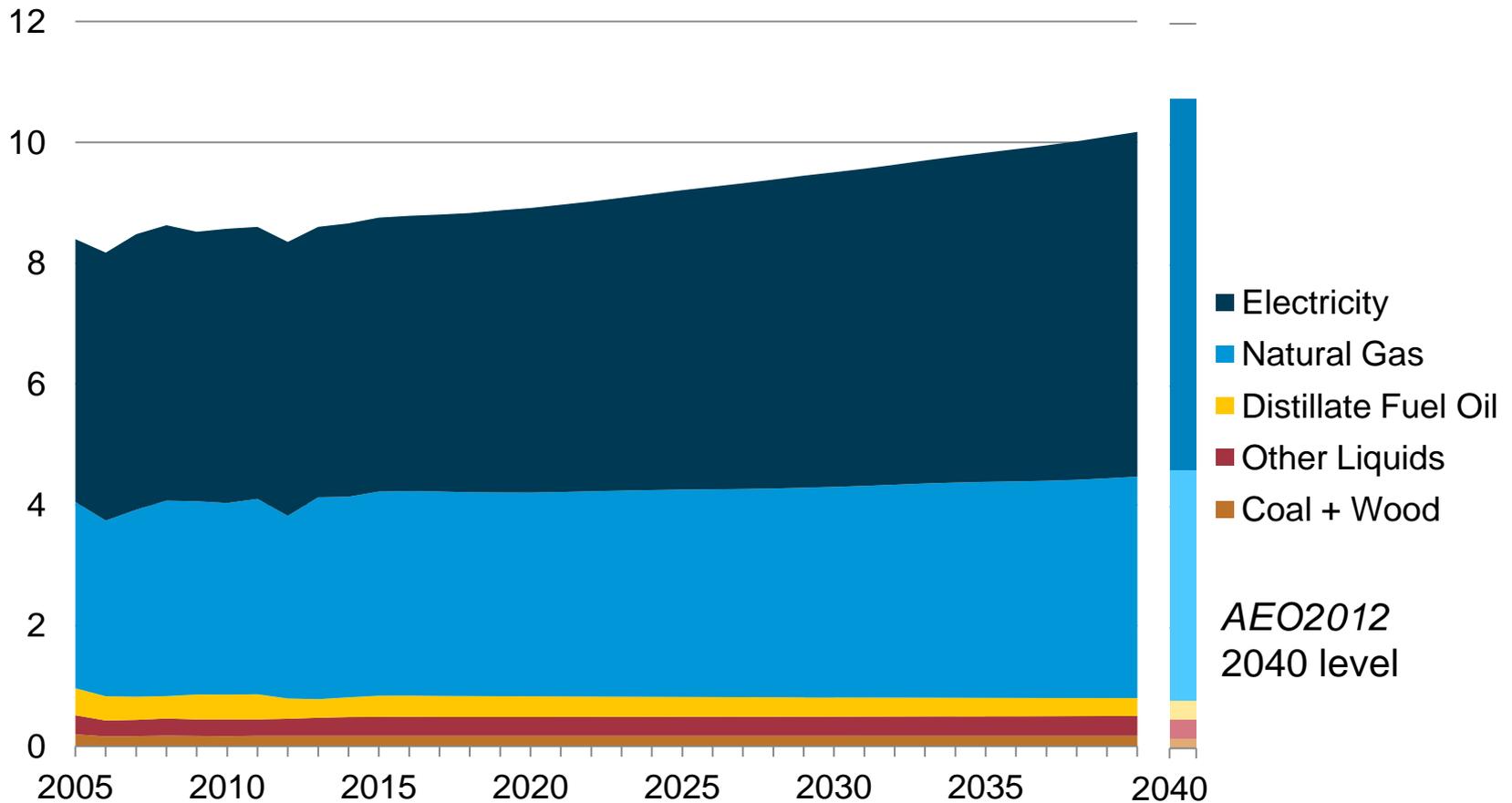
Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Commercial results

Less electricity growth leads to lower commercial fuel consumption in *AEO2013*

consumption by fuel, quadrillion Btu

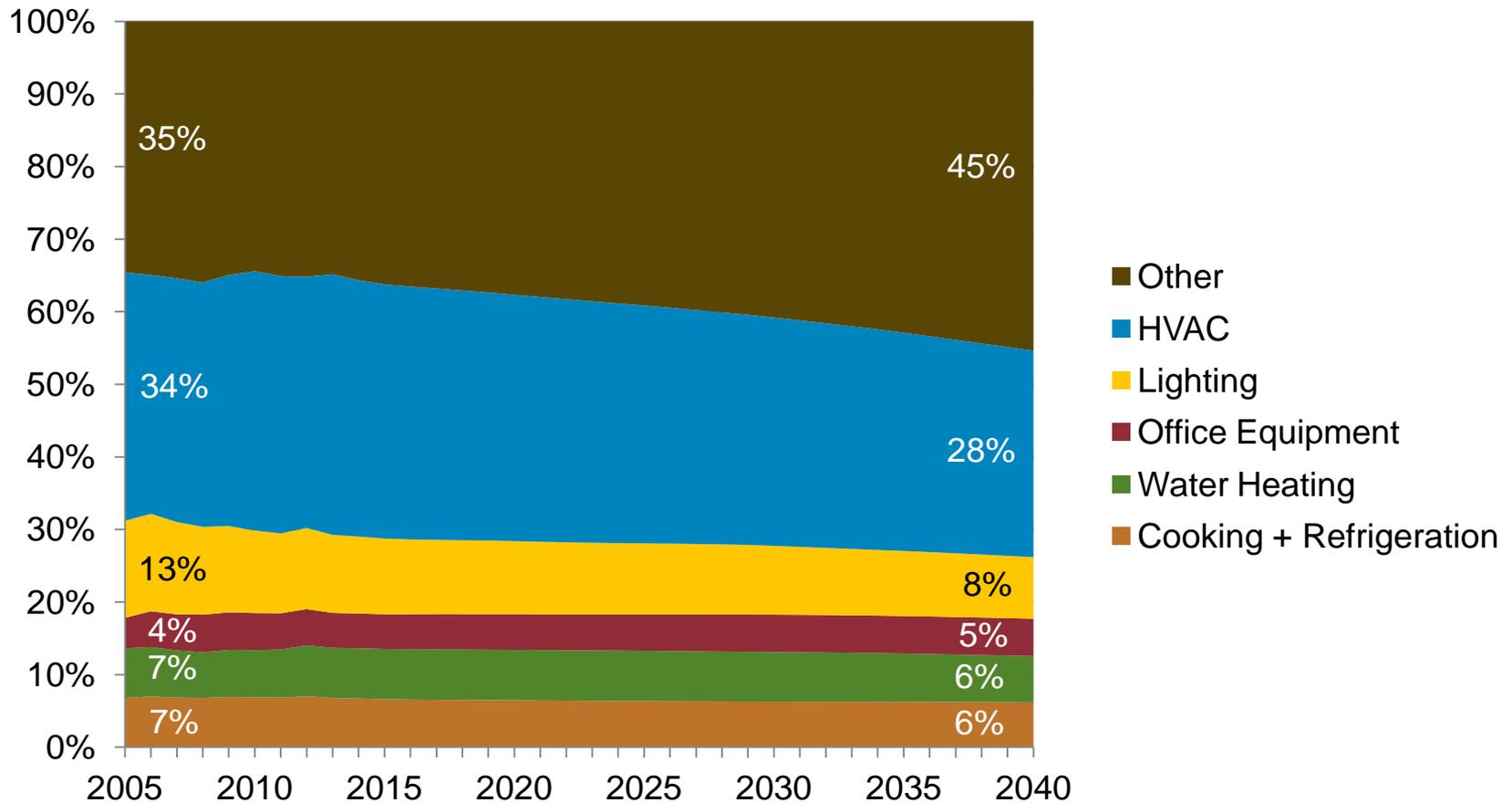


Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Commercial consumption growth dominated by 'other'

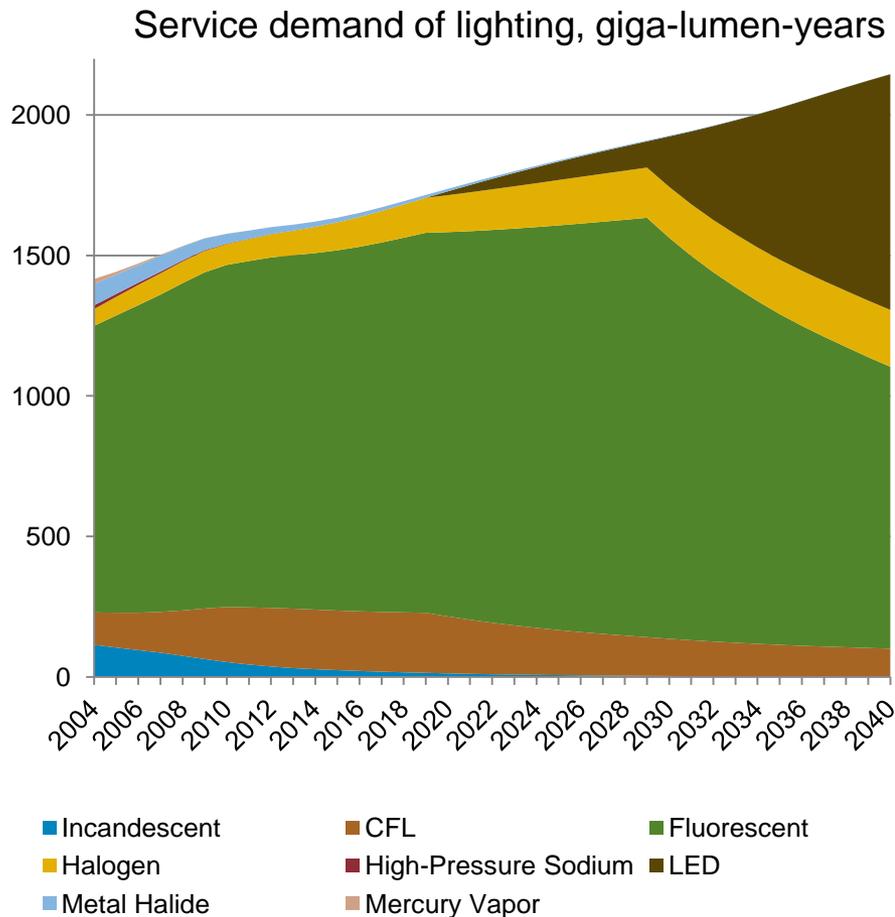
percent of delivered energy



Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

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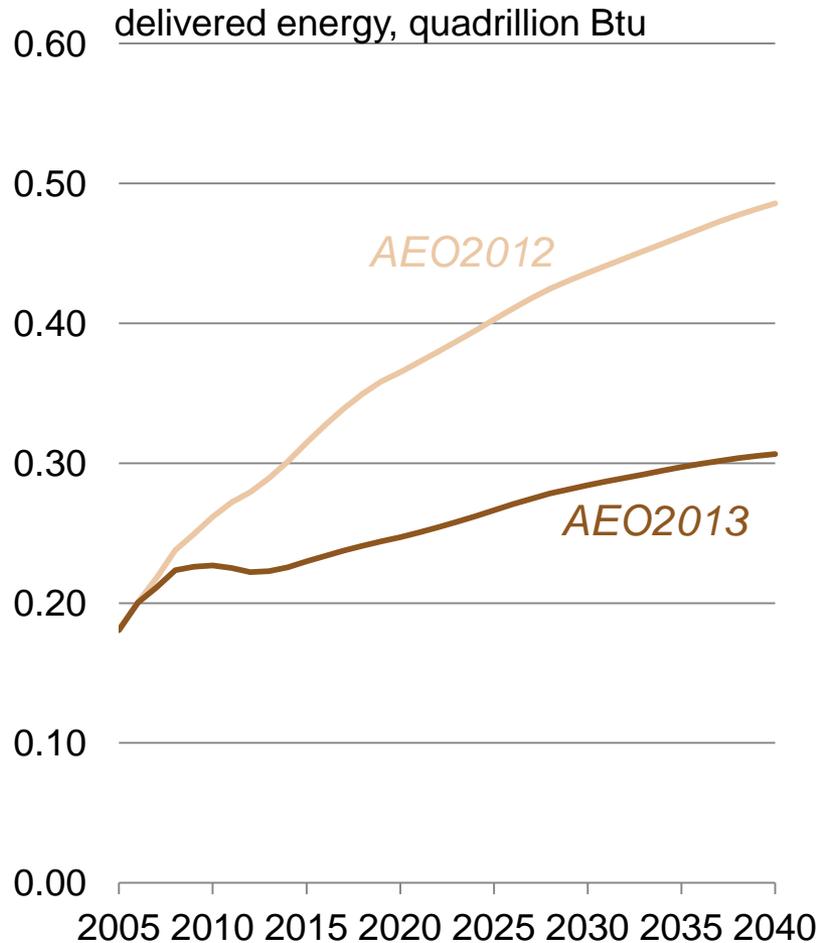


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Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Updated data center consumption



- Updated assumptions for data centers based on latest report by Jonathan Koomey
- Projected growth of data centers substantially lower than previous report due to recession

Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

Distributed generation

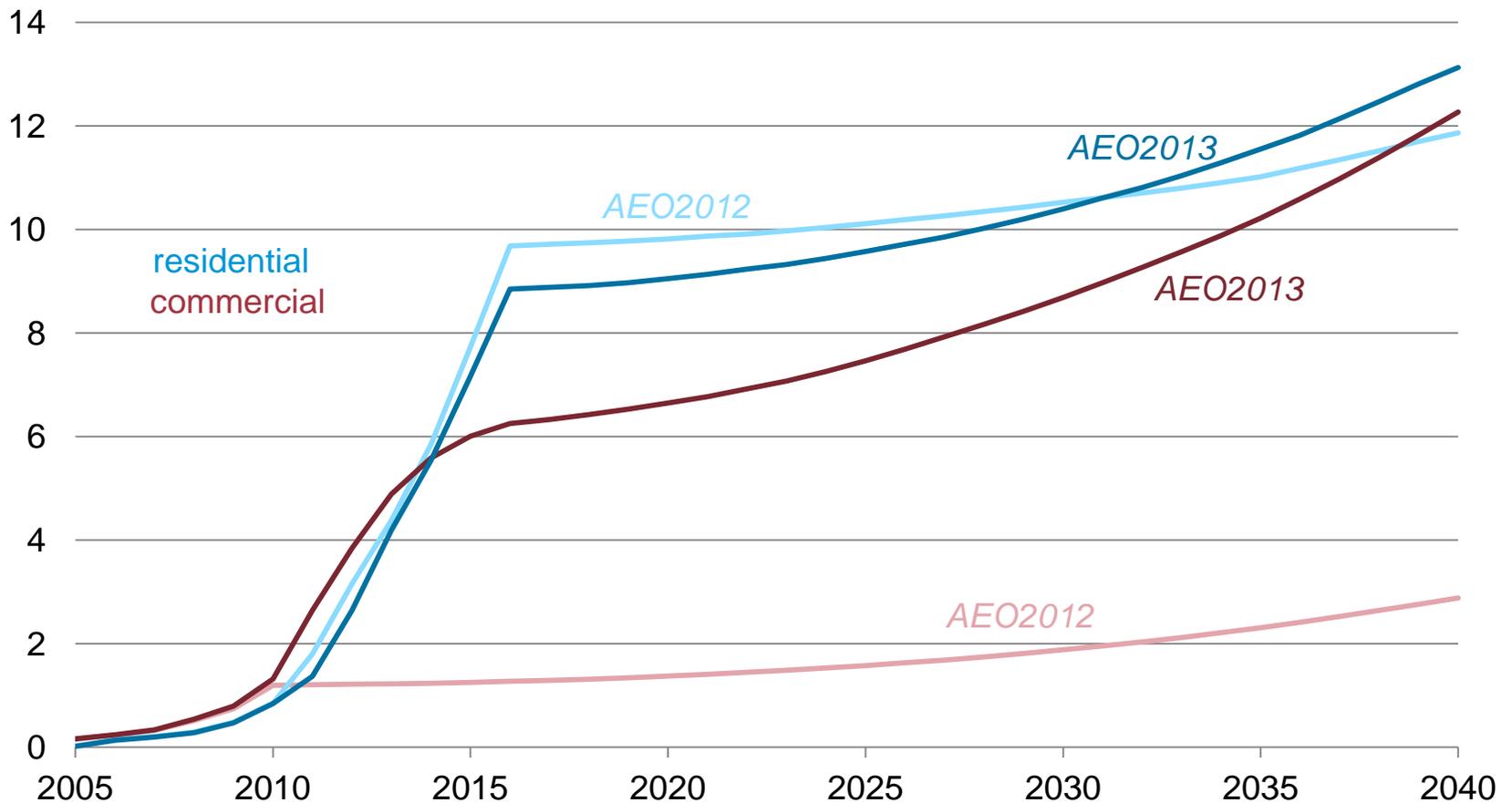
- Photovoltaic system cost path
 - Updated 2010 system costs based on Tracking the Sun IV (LBNL, 2011)
 - No change from AEO2012 for residential, 7% lower for commercial
 - Reduced future costs based on NREL bottoms-up potentials although did not directly incorporate 2020 costs
 - Residential, Commercial, and Utility-Scale Photovoltaic (PV) System Prices in the United States: Current Drivers and Cost-Reduction Opportunities (NREL, 2012)
 - 14% lower for residential in 2020, 18% lower for commercial in 2020

Distributed generation (continued)

- Other DG changes
 - Increased number of positive cumulative cash flow years for residential to 8 from 5.
 - Increased penetration into existing commercial construction to 1/10 penetration into new construction.
 - Increased program-based exogenous penetration for commercial between 2011 and 2016.
- Updated historical capacities
 - 2010 +6%; 2011 +33%
- Preliminary results
 - 2020 roughly 40% more PV than AEO2012; 60% more in 2035

More photovoltaic capacity in 2040, especially in commercial

generating capacity, GW



Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

PRELIMINARY RESULTS / NOT FOR CITATION

We welcome your thoughts and suggestions

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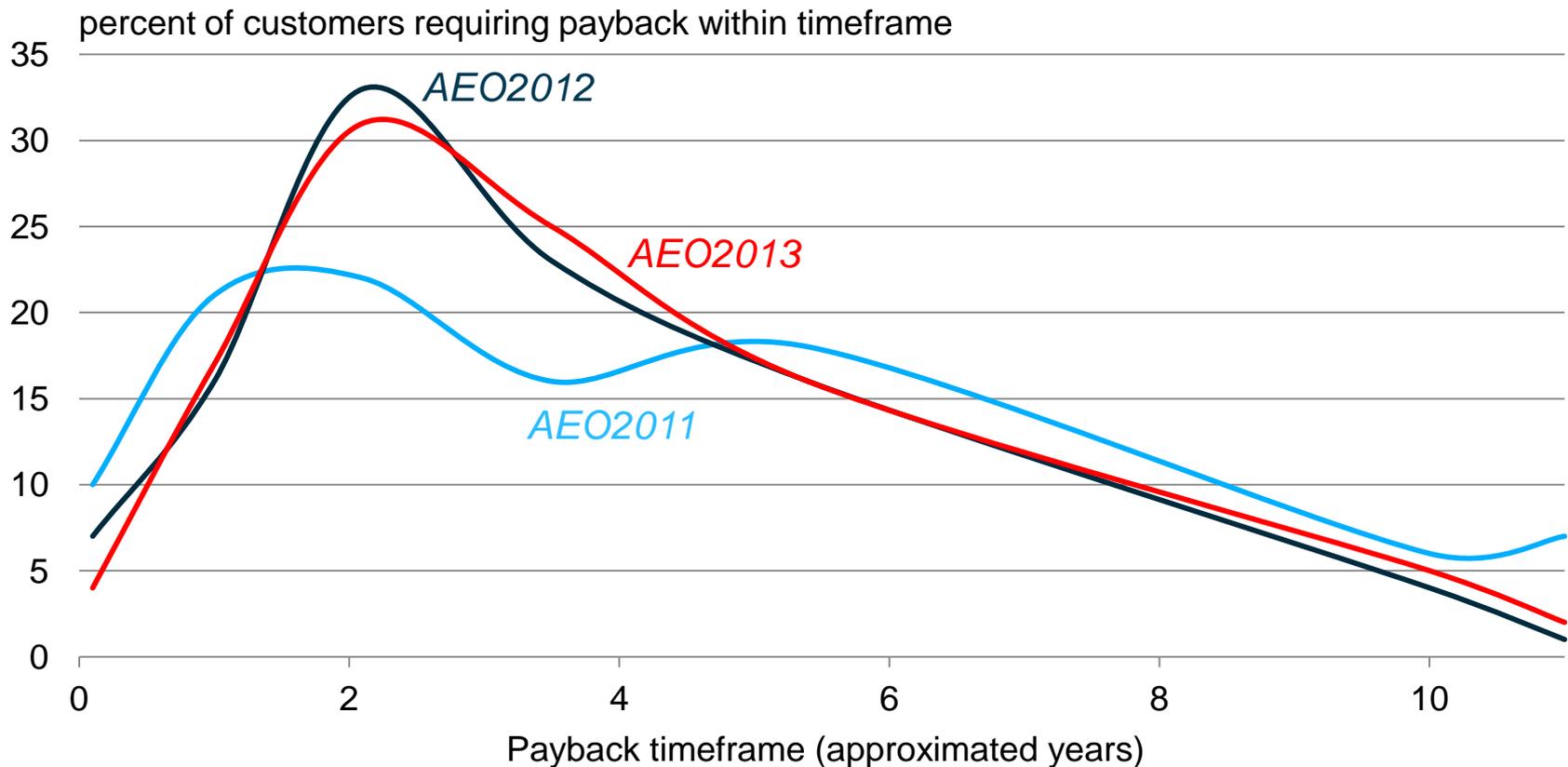
Supplemental slides

Update to hurdle rate inputs

- Notes on hurdle rates

- Calculated from implied rates of return (based on surveyed investment decisions) and set equal to the 10 year Treasury note rate plus a premium
- Premium distributions for the 7 major end-uses
- Premiums generally assumed constant over the projection, but can be changed by year
- Different assumptions for years affected by ARRA spending

Commercial – Distribution of required payback periods updated for AEO2013



Note: for new and replacement purchases only, non-ARRA years

Source: EIA, ref2013.d100112a; ref2012.d020112c

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