



Page Last Modified: May 2010

Table 4e. Gross Output¹ by Selected Industries, 1998, 2002, and 2006
(Billion 2000 Dollars ²)

NAICS	Subsector and Industry	MECS Survey Years		
		1998	2002	2006
311	Food Manufacturing	418	435	457
312	Beverage and Tobacco Product Manufacturing	134	116	125
313	Textile Mills	55	46	37
314	Textile Product Mills	31	30	29
315	Apparel Manufacturing	63	40	26
316	Leather and Allied Product Manufacturing	10	6	5
321	Wood Product Manufacturing	92	90	99
322	Paper Manufacturing	165	155	150
323	Printing and Related Support Activities	103	93	92
324	Petroleum and Coal Products Manufacturing	224	240	254
325	Chemical Manufacturing	428	441	488
326	Plastics and Rubber Products Manufacturing	166	168	173
327	Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	95	93	102
331	Primary Metal Manufacturing	165	144	153
332	Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	254	241	260
333	Machinery Manufacturing	274	237	281
334	Computer and Electronic Product Manufacturing	346	430	611
335	Electrical Equipment, Appliance, and Component Manufacturing	114	102	102
336	Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	623	630	664
337	Furniture and Related Product Manufacturing	71	73	75
339	Miscellaneous Manufacturing	109	124	138
	Manufacturing	3,937	3,932	4,321

Notes: 1. Gross output of an industry is the market value of the goods and services produced by an industry, including commodity taxes. The components of gross output include sales or receipts and other operating income, commodity taxes, plus inventory change. Gross output differs from value added, which measures the contribution of the industry's labor and capital to its gross output).

2. Deflated using BEA's chain-type price indices for gross output.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), "Gross Output and Price Indexes by Detailed Industry 1998-2007," December 2009.