Table 10.2b Renewable Energy Consumption: Industrial Sector

(Trillion Btu)

	Industrial Sector ^a									
					Biomass					
	Hydro- electric Power ^b	Geo- thermal ^c	Solar ^d	Wind ^e	Wood ^f	Waste ^g	Fuel Ethanol ^{h,i}	Losses and Co- products	Total	Total
1950 Total 1955 Total 1960 Total 1960 Total 1965 Total 1970 Total 1975 Total 1980 Total 1985 Total 1990 Total 1995 Total 2000 Total 2010 Total 2011 Total 2012 Total 2013 Total 2014 Total 2015 Total 2017 Total 2017 Total 2018 Total 2017 Total 2017 Total 2019 Total 2019 Total 2017 Total 2017 Total 2018 Total 2019 Total 2019 Total 2020 Total 2021 Total	17 11 12 11 11 11 11 10 18 14 11 6 6 8 8 12 4 5 4 4 5	NA NA NA NA NA NA 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA (s) (s) (s) 1 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 11 12 14	NA N	532 631 680 855 1,019 1,063 1,660 1,645 1,442 1,652 1,432 1,438 1,452 1,489 1,489 1,495 1,474 1,474 1,432 1,432 1,436 1,356 1,366	NA NA NA NA NA 230 192 195 145 148 168 165 159 190 190 174 168 165 165 160 161	NA NA NA NA NA NA 1 1 2 1 7 17 17 17 17 17 18 14 18 18 19 19	NA NA NA NA NA NA 42 49 86 99 227 756 711 714 766 791 821 821 855 835 735 789	532 681 680 855 1,019 1,063 1,600 1,918 1,684 1,834 2,320 2,375 2,349 2,407 2,466 2,474 2,487 2,475 2,471 2,416 2,270 2,336	549 642 692 866 1,030 1,074 1,611 1,928 1,696 1,955 1,900 1,849 2,331 2,387 2,427 2,478 2,489 2,503 2,489 2,435 2,489 2,435 2,292 2,357
Pebruary February March April May June July August September October November December Total	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	114 103 110 109 112 110 114 112 105 105 107 109 1,308	14 13 15 14 14 12 12 13 12 14 14 14	2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	71 62 70 64 69 69 70 68 60 70 70 66 808	201 180 196 188 196 193 198 194 178 190 190 192 191 2,297	202 182 198 190 199 195 200 196 180 192 193 193 2,320
Petron September Pocember Pocember Total	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	112 100 106 97 105 98 101 102 96 99 104 105 1,224	14 13 14 13 14 12 12 12 12 14 13 14	2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	69 62 68 65 69 69 71 69 67 70 70 74	197 176 190 177 189 181 186 185 177 185 188 195 2,225	199 178 192 179 191 183 188 187 179 187 190 196 2,249
2024 January	(s)	(s)	1	(s)	105	14	2	68	188	190

tire-derived fuels).

^h The fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) portion of motor fuels, such as E10, consumed by the industrial sector.

and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#renewable (Excel

and CSV files) for all available annual data beginning in 1949 and monthly data beginning in 1973.
Sources: See end of section.

a Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See Note 2, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.

^b Conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu by multiplying by the heat content of electricity in Table A6).

^c Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.

^d Solar photovoltaic (PV) electricity net generation in the industrial sector (converted to Btu by multiplying by the heat content of electricity in Table A6), both utility-scale and small-scale. See Table 10.5.

^e Wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu by multiplying by the heat content of electricity in Table A6).

[†] Wood and wood-derived fuels.

^g Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste.

g Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and

ⁱ There is a discontinuity in this time series between 2014 and 2015 due to a change in the method for allocating motor gasoline consumption to the end-use sectors. Beginning in 2015, the commercial and industrial sector shares of fuel ethanol consumption are larger than in 2014, while the transportation sector share

Is smaller.

J Losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel. Does not include natural gas, electricity, and other non-biomass energy used in the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel—these are included in the industrial sector consumption statistics for the appropriate energy source.

NA=Not available. —=No data reported. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Industrial sector data are estimates, except for hydroelectric power in 1949—1978 and 1989 forward, and wind. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.